"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain; high north winds.

VOL. LII....NO. 16,622. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1903.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

MORE BALKAN MASSACRES

Total Destruction of Mussulman Village by Bulgarians.

Nearly Every One of the 165 Residents Murdered—A Christian Killed in Candia—Threatened Massacre in Constantinople.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's Constantinople correspondent says the Balkan trouble is the sole topic in official circles at the Porte.

Information from Monastir shows that the situation in that vilayet is most deplorable. Well-authenticated reports state that murder, pillage, incendiarism, acts of vengeance and atrocities of every kind are of daily occurrence and are committed alike by soldiers, Albanians, Turks, and Bulgarians.

The latest Bulgarian achievement was the total destruction of a small village of exclusively Mussulman population of 165 men, women, and children. All of these except a very few were massacred in cold blood. Unspeakable atrocities were committed upon many of the women victims.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's correspondent, telegraphing from Candia, says that one Christian was murdered and one mortally wounded by Mohammedans in the streets of Candia. These crimes were unprovoked and are attributed to fanaticism. Much excitement has been caused among the Christians, who have beaten and stoned many Mohammedans in town and country. The local forces have proved inadequate, and reinforcements of gendarmerie are expected. The Mohammedans are panic stricken and disheartened, and are not retaliating.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times correspondent at Uskub says that Hilmi Pasha, the new Inspector General of the Sultan's reform movement, in the course of a conversation has informed the correspondent that the Albanian question is settled. The Turkish Government has no further anxiety in that quarter. He expected, however, serious difficulty with Bulgarian bands, whose activity was only temporarily checked by the bad weather, but, he said, the Turks were quite ready to cope with them. Hilmi was diffident about the proposed reforms, which, he said, were progressing.

The correspondent says that Hilmi Pasha is locally thought capable and well meaning, but far too optimistic. The Albanians are said to have abandoned all vendettas and tribal quarrels in order to resist the reform programme.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's Berlin correspondent, alluding to the alarming rumors of the Balkan situation published in Germany, including the threatened massacre of Bulgarians in Constantinople, says they have no effect on the Berlin public, which is apathetic toward the Eastern question.

The correspondent adds that it would hardly be in the interest of the British policy, though it might give satisfaction in some quarters, if the British press and public attached greater importance to the disquieting news disseminated through German channels.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's Sofia correspondent says that the frontier troops are being reinforced by about 700 men of the Rilo Regiment. It is believed that the recent military precautions render the passage of the bands from Macedonia exceedingly difficult.

A considerable number of refugees returning from Macedonia are being sent to their respective villages under military escort.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's Vienna correspondent says that although Russia is said not to have demanded special satisfaction or indemnity for Consul Stcherbina's death at Mitrovitza, the Porte is alleged to have admitted the necessity of hanging the assassin. Penitence is the order of the day in Constantinople just now. The Tukish authorities were not invited to the requiem for Consul Stcherbina, which was celebrated at the Russian Embassy Chapel. They were none the less present, and the War Minister paid a visit of condolence to the Russian Ambassador. If Turkey seeks to mollify Russia by this cheap contrition, says the correspondent, she is likely to count without her host.

Events in Servia are attracting considerable attention in Vienna despite the official disclaimers. The resignation of the Servian Minister at St. Petersburg is not believed to be totally unconnected with recent developments at Belgrade, nor is Servia's attitude toward the Balkan crisis altogether reassuring. The principal Austrian organs have apparently received the hint not to engage in polemics with their Russian contemporaries. Their silence does not mean that the Russian outbursts have passed unnoticed. They are interpreted as a sign that the activity of the unofficial Panslavist intrigue is not decreasing.

SPEEDWAY UNDERMINED FOR 70 FEET, DIVER SAYS.

Discovery Made While Exploring the Harlem River for Adolph Openhym's Body.

While searching the bottom of the Harlem River for the body of Adolph Openhym, Diver Frederick Johnson made the discovery that the Speedway was undermined for a distance of sixty or seventy feet just above Washington Bridge. At this point the road is built out into the water, and the curving current has cut into the land as far as ten feet, making the roadway very insecure. The cribwork is washed away and the diver and the people whom he has told about the discovery think that unless prompt measures are taken a cave-in will occur soon.

Johnson made three diving trips during the day. He went down at 7 o'clock in the morning, again at noon, and the last time at 7 o'clock in the evening. He will resume his explorations to-day.

GREAT CRAB FEAST.

More Than 150,000 Crabs Will Be Prepared for Elks Near Baltimore in July.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—Plans are now complete for the great crab feast that will be one of the unique features of the entertainment of the 15,000 to 20,000 Elks at the National convention of their order in this city the coming Summer. The feast will be held at Love Point, on the Chesapeake Bay, July 23. The Chesapeake crab will be served stewed, deviled, steamed, fried, in sandwiches, in soup, and in salad. More than 150,000 crabs will be prepared.

The scene is to be picturesque in the extreme. The committee will engage 200 negro "mammies" with bandanas and aprons, to prepare the crabs, and they will be strung along the shore with tripods for the preparation of soup and other forms of cooked crab. Each "mammy" will be assisted by two little black pickaninnies, and the scene will be typical of the "Sunny South." The committee has ordered 100 tripods of a capacity of twenty gallons each for the preparation of soup, and this shows on what a gigantic scale the affair is being planned. A prize will be given to the cook making the best soup.

In the kitchen of the new Casino at the Point will be women preparing crab salad and cooking the crabs in other ways.

NEW CENSUS DIRECTOR.

S. N. D. North of Boston Accepts Appointment Tendered by the President.

BOSTON, April 14.—S. N. D. North of this city has decided to accept the Directorship of the United States Census Bureau, the position recently offered him by President Roosevelt. The matter was left to the Executive Committee of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, to which organization Mr. North felt that he owed prior allegiance, and they have released him from his obligations as Secretary.

SIX-MASTED SCHOONERS RACE.

Only Six Hours Apart at Boston After Sharp Coasting Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 14.—The six-masted schooners George W. Wells and Eleanor A. Percy, which have been rivals ever since their launching, carrying coal between Southern ports and Boston, yesterday completed another trial of speed.

They were ordered to get cargoes of coal for a dealer of this city, and left Boston about the same time. The skippers knew that the vessel which returned first with her cargo would enter the discharging berth and make the other wait several days.

The race down coast was close. The Percy was enabled to take on her coal and leave Norfolk on the return voyage four hours in advance of the Wells, but the Wells proved her superiority, arriving here six hours ahead of her rival.

While beaten in the speed test, Capt. Jewett of the Percy thought that by reporting to the shore office of the consignee first his vessel would be allowed in the dock first. He ordered the schooner's launch overboard and steamed up to the city and reported the schooner arrived.

As tide served yesterday morning, however, the Wells, in tow, passed in by Boston Light. It was about an hour later that the Percy, with four tugs helping her along, passed along. Those in authority on shore decided that a vessel is not "arrived" until she has actually passed into the harbor, so the Wells is discharging her coal while the Percy waits.

STARVING OUT NON-UNION MEN.

Restaurant Employes Prevent Food from Going to Gas Works.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Some of the cooks and waiters struck this afternoon at Kinsley's restaurant because rations were prepared for the garrisons of non-union gas workers who are quartered in the various plants of the People's Gas Company. A wagonload of food for the non-union men stood for hours in front of Kinsley's to-day surrounded by policemen and pickets of the Cooks' and Waiters' Unions.

"If the wagon moves, every cook and waiter in the place will quit work," declared Vice President Hagen of the Cooks' Union. He directed the picket line from a carriage, and the police could not make him "move on."

Twelve policemen were sent to the restaurant at 10 o'clock to escort a wagon load of cooked rations to the gas plant at Twenty-second Street and Centre Avenue. Cooks and waiters began removing their aprons and badges when the food was taken out. Patrons of the restaurant were seated at tables with no one to serve them. Finally the food was taken back and the cooks and waiters went on with their work.

NO OFFER TO PROF. TRIGGS.

Liebler & Co. Did Not Ask Him to Act as Advance Agent.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—It now appears that the offer of $700 a week made to Prof. O. L. Triggs to lecture for Liebler & Co.'s "Romeo and Juliet" Company was made by an employe of the firm, but without the firm's authority. After making the offer the agent became alarmed for fear Triggs would accept.

Prof. Triggs has sent a dignified refusal of the offer.

DR. LORENZ ARRIVES.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz, the Vienna surgeon, arrived in this city late yesterday afternoon on the steamship Lahn from Genoa. He is on his way to visit Lolita Armour, the daughter of J. Ogden Armour of Chicago, upon whom he performed one of his operations when he made his first visit to this country. He went to the Murray Hill Hotel.

"I am going directly to Chicago in the morning," he said, "to remove the plaster cast from the hip of my little patient there."

Dr. Lorenz would not say how long he proposed to stay in this country, but he indicated that it would be at least for four weeks. Nor would he tell what his plans were while staying in this country.

The Time to See Washington is in Spring time. The next Pennsylvania Railroad Tour leaves April 23. $14.50 covers all expenses. Consult Tourist Agent, No. 263 5th Ave., New York.—Adv.

INDEX TO DEPARTMENTS.

Commercial World.—Page 12.
Amusements.—Page 7.
Arrivals at Hotels and Out-of-Town Buyers.—Page 12.
Business Troubles.—Page 6.
Court Calendars.—Page 13.
Insurance Notes.—Page 2.
Legal Notes.—Page 10.
Losses by Fire.—Page 2.
Marine Intelligence and Foreign Mails.—Page 7.
New Corporations.—Page 12.
Real Estate.—Page 14.
Society.—Page 9.
[illegible] Service.—Page 14.
Weather Report.—Page 12.
Yesterday's Fires.—Page 2.

MISSOURI BOODLE SCANDAL

Senator Stone Before the Grand Jury About the Alum Bill.

Additional Witnesses Testify About $1,000 Bills Given State Senators for "Services Rendered" During the Legislative Session.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, April 14.—Ex-Gov. William J. Stone, newly elected Senator to succeed George G. Vest, was to-day before the local Grand Jury investigating boodling in the State Legislature for an hour and twenty-five minutes. When he issued from the Grand Jury room, looking very serious and somewhat fatigued, the Senator said:

"I don't think my evidence can be of any value to the Grand Jury in its investigation of boodle charges in connection with the Alum bill. I would be glad if my evidence before the Grand Jury could be made public. I would even bear the expense of making a transcript and copies for the press, but of course the Grand Jury would not stand for anything like that. Some day I will write the entire story of my connection with the alum legislation. I have been attacked repeatedly for working for the passage of an anti-alum baking powder law and I have been patient under repeated malignings, but I think I shall prepare a written statement of the entire matter before long and set myself right before the people."

Stone is accused of inventing a mythical health society, which he pretended to represent in the interest of a pure food law, aimed at the independent manufacturers of baking powder. He secured the passage of the law, and by personal labors with the Legislature prevented its repeal. He acted as attorney for the Baking Powder Trust, and his son Kimbrough acted as prosecutor of the independent concerns. Stone has never been accused of handling any boodle.

Senator Stone was subpoenaed on the street this morning by Sheriff Dickman himself, who saw the Senator walking along, and jumped off a street car to serve him. A dozen deputies had been looking for Stone in vain for two days, armed with subpoenaes from the St. Louis and Cole County Grand Juries, although Stone claimed he was in his office in this city yesterday for several hours.

Col. "Bill" Phelps, another much-wanted witness, has not been served with a subpoena yet. He is the attorney and legislative agent for the Missouri Pacific Railroad, and Senator Frank Farris, head of the alum combination in the Senate, swore before the Grand Jury in this city that Phelps gave him a $1,000 bill for services rendered. Phelps dodged a subpoena in this city and another in Carthage, his home. He is said to be on his way to Arizona, from where he will accompany a sick daughter to Asheville, N. C.

A dozen or more other witnesses testified before the local Grand Jury to-day, some of them concerning the seven one-thousand-dollar bills which Senator John P. Collins of St. Louis is said to have shown after his return from the last legislative session. Other witnesses testified as to the methods used to defeat race track legislation against the interests of the syndicate which controls local racing and other pieces of legislation of importance to the people at large or certain corporations or syndicates.

The Cole County Grand Jury is believed to have found one indictment already against a State Senator for accepting a bribe for voting against the alum repeal bill.

Attorney General Crow and Circuit Attorney Folk held a lengthy long-distance telephone conversation to-night, discussing among other things the steps to be taken to secure the recapture of D. J. Kelley in New York City and his extradition to Missouri. It is learned that Detective Tracey was unable to get any trace of Kelley in New York to-day and Kelley is said to have left the State, but the Missouri prosecuting officers are very confident that the much-wanted legislative agent of the Baking Powder Trust will be brought back to Missouri to answer the charge that he attempted to bribe Lieut. Gov. Lee to use his influence against the bill to repeal the alum law.

Lee will certainly be a witness before the Cole County Grand Jury to-morrow. He has already made a signed statement of great length, revealing many facts concerning alum legislation and implicating five Senators in boodle transactions. One or more of these Senators has turned State's evidence, it is said on the best of authority, and another report of almost equal authenticity is to the effect that at least a dozen alum Senators will be indicted before the week is out.

When the two Grand Juries have finished with the alum scandal they will take up the textbook deal, by which efforts to create a Textbook Commission to adopt books for five years were defeated by the Book Trust, which now holds the contracts with the State and will profit to the extent of a quarter of a million of dollars by the extension of their contracts till another Legislature convenes.

CANNOT CHECK AMERICANS.

Plan for Offensive Trade Coalition Among European Nations Shelved as Impracticable.

ROME, April 14.—After a lengthy discussion to-day the International Agricultural Congress postponed to the next congress further consideration of Count von Schwerin Loewitz's proposition for a European zollverein against American competition. The discussion on what is styled "Europe's declaration of war against America" aroused great interest.

The discussion opened with the presentation in the name of Julius Rubinek, a Hungarian Deputy, who was unable to attend, of a proposal to establish an accord between the European nations for the purpose of checking oversea competition, especially that of the United States, by applying higher duties to American products.

Count von Schwerin Loewitz presented and explained his proposition for a European zollverein, adding that he wished Europe to defend herself not only against the United States but against all other non-European countries. He also wished to find a practical means of securing an early commercial union of the European countries.

Signor Luzzatti, who has been three times Italian Minister of the Treasury, and who is considered the highest Italian authority on questions of commerce, expressed his astonishment that in the presence of the high tariffs just voted by Germany and Switzerland and the tariff now being prepared by Austro-Hungary, any dare suggest a European customs union to oppose American competition. Is there hope for a European agreement, he asked, before declaring war on the United States? It would be ridiculous to threaten war, he said, without an understanding among the allies. Even the renewal of the present European treaties was difficult. The existing tariffs were so enormous that they were threatening to put back Europe economically to the Middle Ages.

How was it possible under such conditions to fight the United States, of which he must speak with respect? Her greatness imposes prudence while her force commands. Italy, especially, cannot take the matter too lightly, as she not only sends goods to America, but men who are going to seek their liberty, work, and prosperity. The present threat was not serious, because a customs union was impossible among the European nations. If it was possible, America would defend herself, and how could Europe compensate herself for the damage that America could do?

He hoped that the commercial treaties would be renewed, for they, containing the most-favored-nation clause, alone might lead to a sort of European customs union.

Signor Luzzatti asked if the responsibility for the much-condemned trusts lay on America or on Europe. "I shall support those States," he exclaimed, "who have no representative here to demonstrate that their sins are not worse than ours. Let us abandon the idea of a European league against any one and advocate a conference of the representatives of the whole world, to take measures against the trusts and leagues which are perturbing the natural equilibrium of the markets."

M. Meline declared that it was impossible to establish the same duties throughout Europe, which had such different products and needs. "America is such an extraordinary country," he said, "that I am frightened when I think what she may become when she has reached the height of her development, but if some American products threaten us, others are absolutely indispensable to us. If her production increases, her population also increases, thereby increasing the home consumption. We must study a legitimate organization of defense, not a zollverein which would be war. It will be imprudent to adopt the proposition before the Congress, which is an unnecessary threat and an unripe measure."

Baron Riepenhausen, a member of the Reichstag, said that the greatest threat of the United States was for the European industries, but agriculture was also menaced. This situation must be faced, bearing in mind the proverb that "Attack is the best defense." The fact that Europe exported men to the American continent was no reason for sparing America. Germany had exported 15,000,000 men, who are now fighting Europe worse than the Americans themselves.

In conclusion he proposed that a committee of twelve—representing France, Italy, Austria, and Germany—be appointed to study the best way for Europe to fight American competition. M. Meline suggested that representatives of Belgium and Holland be added and moved the postponement of the matter until the next Congress, which motion was unanimously adopted.

Some Extra Comforts included in the equipment of the Pennsylvania Limited are the barber shop and bath room, and the services of a competent ladies' maid.—Adv.

PRESIDENT ON THE MOVE.

Has Broken Camp and Is Making for Fort Yellowstone—Will Not Kill Mountain Lions.

CINNABAR, Mont., April 14.—President Roosevelt broke camp yesterday and is slowly working his way to Major Pitcher's headquarters at Fort Yellowstone. He is expected to arrive at Yancey's to-night or to-morrow morning, and to reach the fort some time Thursday. He will remain there one day and then will start for Norris, where the geysers are. There is a good deal of snow between the fort and Norris, and the Engineer Corps is at work opening the road.

Word received from the President to-day is to the effect that he is in the best of health and thoroughly enjoying his outing. In addition to horseback riding he takes long walks over the mountain trails.

Notwithstanding report to the contrary, the President has not fired a shot at a mountain lion, and has no intention of doing so. It is estimated that there are 500 of these animals in the park, and they are killing large quantities of deer and elk. A determined effort is being made to exterminate them, and "Buffalo" Jones, the game warden of the park, with his scouts, is slaying them on every possible occasion.

Mr. Jones has offered to round up a lion or two for the President to shoot at, but the latter has declined the offer. The weather continues to be all that could be desired, and the members of the party who are living on the train at Cinnabar are having a good time fishing and riding through the country.

BLOCK ISLAND TO BE "DRY."

Local Option Liquor Law Repealed by the Legislature of Rhode Island.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, April 14.—The deadlock which has harassed the action of both branches of the Rhode Island Legislature for the past week over the Block Island local option law, was broken to-day, when the Senate Judiciary Committee reported favorably on the repeal of the bill, and the higher body promptly concurred and made the repeal effective. The House has passed the repeal. The original bill provided for the sale of liquor during the Summer months on Block Island, against the wishes of the people, who voted "no license" last November.

Senator Champlin reported another bill to-day, which provides for the sale of liquor on Block Island during the Summer, but it differs from his first one in that it shall be submitted to the people at next election.

PARKVIEW HOTEL TROUBLES.

A Score of Robberies, a Fire, and an Alleged Attempt at "Shake Down" by City Firemen.

An accusation of an attempted "shake-down" by firemen, is made by Arthur Johnson & Co., leather goods dealers in the Parkview Hotel, 55 West Forty-second Street, who lost goods worth $350 during a recent fire, as well as $12 in cash from their till.

Between twenty and thirty robberies in the hotel have been reported to the East Fifty-first Street Station police, and detectives have been on the case for weeks. Arrests were made last night and some of the leather goods recovered.

A fire took place in the hotel basement, which the leather goods firm occupies, five weeks ago. After the fire the firm reported to the police that about $350 worth of goods had disappeared. The $12 change which had been left in the money drawer also was missing. A. L. Taylor of the San Remo, a member of the leather goods firm, said last night that on that morning a fireman, whose company he did not know, called on Mr. Johnson of the firm and suggested that the firemen "around at the engine house thought they ought to be staked to about $10."

"Mr. Johnson and I laughed," said Mr. Taylor, "and Mr. Johnson told the man that if the firemen who had been at the fire the night before gave us back the $12 they took out of the till, he would not mind giving up the $10."

Recently Mrs. Stevens, an actress in the "Way Down East" company, living at the hotel, reported to the police that a trunk containing clothing, jewelry, and several manuscripts of plays, had been stolen. Acting on information they say they received from an elevator boy named Bennett Watterman, the police went to 767 Sixth Avenue and arrested Cornelius Ryan, a bellboy; Rupert D. Leader, an electrician, and James Small, a bellboy, all employed in the Parkview Hotel. They found in the rooms about $250 worth of footballs, bats, boxing gloves, and other athletic goods, which Mr. Taylor said were taken from his store during the fire.

DECISION IN A BANK SUIT.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The Appellate Court to-day affirmed the action of the Circuit Court in directing a verdict for the Metropolitan National Bank in a suit brought against it by the Continental National to recover the amount of a raised draft. The First National Bank of St. Paul delivered its draft on Feb. 7, 1894, to Frank H. Harper for $88, payable to his order and directed to the Continental National Bank.

Two days later, after having been changed to $3,300, the draft was presented to the Continental Bank for certification. After it had been certified Harper deposited it with the American Trust and Savings Bank, which deposited it with the Metropolitan. It was sent through the Clearing House, where it was paid by the Continental.

The ruling of the court states: "We are of the opinion that appellant by its conduct, as shown in this record, is estopped from a recovery."

ATTY. GEN. M'CARTER FINED.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—Attorney General Thomas N. McCarter of this city, who was arrested at Madison, N. J., Sunday for violating the speed regulations with his automobile, decided yesterday not to prosecute the appeal, and paid his fine, which, together with the costs, amounted to $27.60.

This is the first case under the new speed law of the State, and that the defendant should be the Attorney General of the State is the subject of general comment.

All the great trains of the Middle West connect with the New York Central lines. Superior dining service on all through trains.—Adv.

TEN HURT IN CRASH ON THE HARLEM ROAD

"Wild Cat" Express Runs Into Local Near Bronxville.

DANGER SIGNAL WAS SET.

It Held Accommodation, and Light That Should Have Warned Following Engineer Worked All Right Afterward.

The White Plains accommodation train, which left the Grand Central Station yesterday afternoon at 5:08 o'clock, was run into by "The Wild Cat," as the special train of the American Express Company is known, near the Bronxville Station of the Harlem Division of the New York Central. Ten persons were injured, some of them seriously, in the collision, which was a rear-end one.

The accommodation train had been halted this side of the station by an automatic signal, set at "danger." The express train, consisting of a Vanderbilt "hog" engine and one car, was supposed to be in the block behind, and the signal system should have held it at a point near West Mount Vernon. Whether the signal was not set or the engineer ran past it could not be learned last night at the scene of the disaster.

The engineer of the express, Kit Carson, did not see the tail lights of the local until too close upon it to avert the crash. He was running about thirty-five miles an hour a mile below the point of collision, but when the collision occurred he had his engine reversed and was still at his post, as was his fireman. They escaped injury.

The local train was crowded when it left the Grand Central, but deposited most of its load along the road before it reached West Mount Vernon. There were perhaps fifteen passengers in the rear car at the time of the collision, and they were mostly up in the forward portion.

When the engine crashed into the local it crushed the rear platform and broke that end of the car, but did not completely wreck it, as it was one of modern construction and better able to withstand the shock than the old style. Those in the car were hurled about by the shock and in that way received their injuries. It is said that a few seconds before the crash the alarm was given and that some leaped to their feet, though most of the passengers retained their seats, not realizing what was coming. Those who had risen are said to have been those more severely hurt.

No one in the forward cars of the local was injured, although they had a bad fright. They and the train crew at once went to the relief of those in the rear car of the train, and the injured were carried or assisted to the undamaged cars. Later all except Michael Connolly, the express messenger, and the unidentified man were sent to their homes. Those two were sent to New York on a southbound train.

Superintendent Bronson was on the scene a short time after the accident occurred and took charge. The engine and unharmed cars of the local train were sent on to White Plains and the wreckers set to work. Within three hours the track was clear and the engine and cars removed to the shops. The list of injured is as follows:

BEALE, FRANK, Tuckahoe, bruised.
CONNOLLY, MICHAEL, American Express messenger, spine hurt; removed to New York by the railroad officials.
DOBBIE, A. D., of Hartsdale, scalp cut and limbs cut and bruised.
ERRICKSON, Miss LOUISE, of Scarsdale, concussion of brain, sprain of right arm and left leg.
GUIRCK, STEPHEN, Tuckahoe, bruises and contusions.
LEAVY, JOHN, Tuckahoe, bruises and contusions.
McNAMARA, MICHAEL, of Tuckahoe, knee fractured and an arm sprained.
SULLIVAN, CHARLES, of Tuckahoe, shoulder dislocated.
UNIDENTIFIED MAN, concussion of the brain; taken to New York.
WHITE, JOHN, Tuckahoe, badly bruised.

The express car was unharmed, but the sudden stoppage hurled about the trunks and packages in it, and thus Connolly was hurt.

The engineer of the local train said last night that he could throw no light on the cause of the accident. He had been stopped by a danger signal, and was waiting for the signal to clear when there came the crash from behind. He asserts that the signal at which he stopped was working perfectly. Theoretically, the signal behind him also should have gone to danger.

Conductor Hutchinson of the local said that on his train stopping he sent his flagman back to hold any train that might overrun. The flagman reported afterward that the express had gone past him, but at the same time had apparently begun to apply the brakes in an effort to stop. The rails were wet and greasy, and the wheels did not seem to hold.

Engineer Carson was much excited, and did not reply to questions when they were put to him just after the accident. Later he was sent away, presumably to New York. An engineer from the wrecking crew took charge of the accident.

Superintendent Bronson said he had not attempted to make any investigation to learn how the accident occurred. He had been busy with more pressing work, but would probably take up the investigation in the morning in New York.

A crowd later watched the signals past which Carson is supposed to have run. They worked perfectly when passed by subsequent trains going north.

The wreck did not seriously delay traffic, as trains in both directions were shunted around the wreck.

NEW PACKING COMBINE.

The Swifts of Chicago Interested in New Jersey Venture.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—Two of the largest pork and provision concerns in the city were combined to-day under the name of the Bimbler, Van Wagenen and Schickhaus Company.

The concern, which filed its articles of incorporation, will have a capital of $200,000, of which amount $81,300 will be paid up. The new corporation will buy, sell, cut, and cure pork, manufacture lard, sausage, and general provisions, and its territory will extend throughout the State. The two concerns merged are Bimbler, Van Wagenen & Co. of 30 Plane Street and Edward Schickhaus & Son of 9 and 11 Commerce Street.

The incorporators are James E. Bathgate, Edward A. Van Wagenen, James E. Bathgate, Jr., and Henry Swift of Bimbler, Van Wagenen & Co., Edward Schickhaus and Harry A. Schickhaus of 9 and 11 Commerce Street, and Edward C. Swift of Boston, and Gustavus F. Swift, Louis F. Swift, Edward H. Swift, and Charles Swift of Chicago.

Launching of the Steamship Minnesota at New London, April 16. Through express train leaving New York at 6 A. M., due New London at 11 A. M., returning leaves 3:45 P. M., due New York 9 o'clock. Fare Round Trip [illegible].—Adv.

NINE KILLED BY TORNADO.

Fierce Windstorm Wrecks Farmhouses and Ruins Villages in Alabama.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., April 14.—A tornado swept over Monroe County yesterday, leaving a trail of death and ruin. It is reported that nine people were killed, and many more were seriously injured. Those unfortunate enough to be caught in the storm were blown about like straws.

The winds swept over a long strip of country, carrying away farmhouses and wrecking villages.

At Bucktown a negro Baptist Church was demolished. No. 2 mine of the Tennessee Iron and Coal Company Railroad was seriously damaged. At Campbelltown, Primitive Ridge, and Bucktown the damage will reach thousands of dollars.

A freak of the winds at Randolph Mills was to blow a bed from beneath a man and his wife, both of whom escaped without a scratch. At Evergreen a man named Harry Saulter was killed. The tornado was the most destructive in the history of Alabama, and the property damage cannot be estimated. There is much suffering in the stricken district.

BIG STORM IN MARYLAND.

Wind and Rain Sweep Chesapeake Bay District, Inflicting Heavy Damage.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—For twenty-four hours a furious northeasterly gale with heavy rains has been sweeping the Chesapeake Bay and the entire State this side of the mountains. In exposed sections buildings have been unroofed and much damage done to the early crops. On the bay both last night and to-night the regular steamers have had an unusually rough time of it.

The Potomac River and Conococheague Creek in the Western part of the State are out of their banks. The lowlands about Williamsport are flooded. People are moving out of their houses. Many acres of rich farmlands will be ruined. The Potomac at Williamsport is 14 feet above the normal and is expected to reach 20 feet to-night. The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is threatened, and all boats have been stopped on account of the high water. Several mills have been forced to close down.

WILL REPORT "GRAB" BILLS.

Assembly Committee on Rules Takes Action on the Two Grady Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—The two railroad bills introduced by Senator Grady, and which were denounced by Mayor Low and the city authorities of New York as a part of the alleged franchise "grab" conspiracy in the Legislature, are to be reported by the Assembly Committee on Rules to-morrow. Both have passed the Senate. One amends Chapter 238 of the Laws of 1892, and seeks to validate defective certificates of incorporation. The other is to suspend the limitation of the time for the commencement of the construction or the completion of railroads while in the hands of a receiver.

It is understood to-night that a final effort will be made to-morrow to have the Senate Committee on Railroads report out the Wilcox and Goodsell bills, the two measures pronounced by Assistant Corporation Counsel Whitman to be the most dangerous of all the "grabs."

ICE MERGER REPORTED.

The American Company Reaches an Agreement with the Hammond of Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 14.—It was reported in financial circles here to-day that an agreement was about effected between the American Ice Company and the Hammond Ice Company of Baltimore, which will eliminate competition. While the two companies will retain their identity, a holding company has been formed with a capitalization of $5,000,000 which will guarantee the interest on the preferred stock of the American Company and will take over the products of the Hammond Company for distribution.

It is understood that the capital of the holding company is a guarantee, and in case the dividend on the American Ice Company's preferred stock is not paid scrip is to be issued which will be redeemed at its face value by the holding company, to be held until the earnings of the company warrant its payment.

Thomas Sturgis, Fire Commissioner of New York, will be President of the holding company, and O. Hammond, President of the Hammond Ice Company, will be General Manager.

TRAIN MAKES RECORD RUN.

Colorado Midland Special Covers 210-Mile Run in 430 Minutes, Including Stops.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., April 14.—A record-breaking special train was run yesterday over the Colorado Midland from Leadville to Denver. On board were Vice President Thomas Keely and Cashier Fred G. Moffat of the First National Bank.

The entire distance of 210 miles from Leadville to Denver was made in seven hours and ten minutes, including all stops on the entire trip. At times a speed of forty-five miles an hour was made, which is considered record-breaking in the mountains.

The run was made so as to reach Denver in time for the opening of the bank yesterday morning. Keely and Moffat held the combination to the big treasure vault, that holds $25,000,000 on deposit.

SEXTON TO LEAD AGAIN.

Retired Irish Leader Asked to Return to Parliament at Head of His Party.

DUBLIN, April 14.—It is understood that the National Convention of the Irish Party, meeting here to-morrow, will conditionally accept the Irish Land bill and also adopt a resolution inviting Thomas Sexton to return to Parliament, which, it is rumored, he is now willing to do.

Sexton resigned his seat for North Kerry and retired from Parliament in 1896. He was High Sheriff of Dublin in 1887 and Lord Mayor of Dublin 1888 to 1889. He has more than once been asked to return to politics and become leader of the Irish Party. In December, 1900, the National Convention held at Dublin invited him to return to Parliament, but he did not do so.

MR. HOLM WANTS TO BE TAXED.

Danish Vice Consul Appeals to Perth Amboy Assessors.

Special to The New York Times.

PERTH AMBOY, April 14.—J. P. Holm, Danish Vice Consul for New Jersey, has made a vigorous protest to the Board of Assessors here because he has not been assessed or received opportunity to pay a tax during his seven years' residence in this city.

In an open letter he says that he has four children attending the public schools, and he feels that he should bear a share of the expense. He asks that he be assessed for the current year. The Assessors say that they have never heard of a complaint similar to that made by Mr. Holm.

Four million gallons in bond insure the uniform quality of Usher's Scotch.—Adv.

Piso's Cure is an effectual remedy for Colds on the Lungs. Sold by all druggists. 25c.—Adv.

GROVER CLEVELAND ON NEGRO PROBLEM

Dr. Abbott Declares Education Must Precede Suffrage.

Booker T. Washington Talks of the Work of Tuskegee Institute—Other Speakers Heard.

Every seat was filled and every inch of standing room crowded with the audience that gathered in the Madison Square Concert Hall last night to hear ex-President Grover Cleveland and the other speakers who discussed the industrial education of the Southern negro at a mass meeting organized by the Armstrong Association. Tuskegee Institute was the special subject of all the speeches, and its head, Booker T. Washington, closed the meeting with a long appeal for his race. He was preceded by Mr. Cleveland, Edgar Gardner Murphy of Alabama, the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, and President William H. Baldwin, Jr., of the Long Island Railroad.

Mayor Low introduced Mr. Cleveland, who acted as Chairman during the rest of the evening. The Mayor said:

"Whenever Mr. Cleveland speaks in this city he is sure of a sympathetic audience, and the subject upon which he is to talk to-night is one that ought to win sympathetic listeners anywhere. The Tuskegee Institute is the complete demonstration that the negro is worth helping. It exemplifies the ancient truth that the divinest help to any man is helping him to help himself."

MR. CLEVELAND'S SPEECH.

Mr. Cleveland, who had been greeted by several outbursts of applause when he ascended the platform with the Mayor, received another ovation as he unfolded his manuscript, adjusted his eyeglasses, and started to read his speech, as follows:

"I have come here to-night as a sincere friend of the negro; and I should be very sorry to suppose that my good and regular standing in such company needed support at this late day either from certificate or confession of faith. Inasmuch, however, as there may be some differences of thought and sentiment among those who profess to be friends of the negro, I desire to declare myself as belonging to the Booker Washington-Tuskegee section of the organization.

"I believe that the days of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' are past. I believe that neither the decree that made the slaves free nor the enactment that suddenly invested them with the rights of citizenship any more purged them of their racial and slavery-bred imperfections and deficiencies than it changed the color of their skin. I believe that among the nearly nine millions of negroes who have been intermixed with our citizenship there is still a grievous amount of ignorance, a sad amount of viciousness, and a tremendous amount of laziness and thriftlessness.

"I believe that these conditions inexorably present to the white people of the United States—to each in his environment and under the mandate of good citizenship—a problem which neither enlightened self-interest nor the higher motive of human sympathy will permit them to put aside.

"I believe our fellow-countrymen in the Southern and late slave-holding States, surrounded by about nine-tenths, or nearly 8,000,000, of this entire negro population, and who regard their material prosperity, their peace, and even the safety of their civilization interwoven with the negro problem, are entitled to our utmost consideration and sympathetic fellowship. I am thoroughly convinced that the efforts of Booker Washington and the methods of Tuskegee Institute point the way to a safe and beneficent solution of the vexatious negro problem at the South; and I know that the good people at the North, who have aided these efforts and methods, have illustrated the highest and best citizenship and the most Christian and enlightened philanthropy.

"I cannot, however, keep out of my mind to-night the thought that, with all we of the North may do, the realization of our hopes for the negro must, after all, mainly depend, except so far as it rests with the negroes themselves, upon the sentiment and conduct of the leading and responsible white men of the South, and upon the maintenance of a kindly and helpful feeling on their part toward those in their midst who so much need their aid and encouragement.

"I need waste no time in detailing the evidence that this aid and encouragement has thus far been generously forthcoming. Schools for the education of negro children and institutions for their industrial training are scattered all over the South and are liberally assisted by Southern public and private funds. So far as I am informed, the sentiment in favor of the largest extension and broadest influence of Tuskegee Institute and kindred agencies is universal; and I believe that without exception the negroes who fit themselves for useful occupations and service find willing and cheerful patronage and employment among their white neighbors. The man who is beyond doubt the best authority in the world on the prospects of the negro race, he who founded and is now at the head of Tuskegee Institute, and is the most notable representative of negro advancement, said at the Atlanta Exposition in 1895:

"'And in this connection it is well to bear in mind that whatever other sins the South may be called to bear, when it comes to business pure and simple, it is in the South that the negro is given a man's chance in the commercial world, and in nothing is this exposition more eloquent than in emphasizing this chance. Our greatest danger is that in the great leap from slavery to freedom we may overlook the fact that the masses of us are to live by the productions of our hands, and fail to keep in mind that we shall prosper in proportion as we learn to dignify and glorify common labor, and put brains and skill into the common occupations of life—shall prosper in proportion as we learn to draw the line between the superficial and the substantial—the ornamental gewgaws of life and the useful.'

"I do not know how it may be with other Northern friends of the negro, but I have faith in the honor and sincerity of the respectable white people of the South in their relations with the negro and his improvement and well-being. They do not believe in the social equality of the race, and they make no false pretense in regard to it. That this does not grow out of hatred of the negro is very plain. It seems to me that there is abundant sentiment and abundant behavior among the Southern whites toward the negro to make us doubt the justice of charging this denial of social equality to prejudice, as we usually understand the word. Perhaps it is born of something so much deeper and more imperious than prejudice as to amount to a racial instinct.

THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

"Whatever it is let us remember that it has condoned the negro's share in the humiliation and spoliation of the white men of the South during the saturnalia of reconstruction days, and has allowed a kindly feeling for the negro to survive the time when the South was deluged by the perilous flood of indiscriminate, unintelligent, and blighting negro suffrage. Whatever it is, let us try to be tolerant and considerate of the feelings and even the prejudice or racial instinct of our white fellow-countrymen of the South, who, in the solution of the negro problem, must, amid their own surroundings, bear the heat of the day and stagger under the weight of the white man's burden.

"There are, however, other considerations related to this feature of the negro question, which may be regarded as more in keeping with the objects and purposes of the occasion. As friends of the negro, fully believing in the possibility of his improvement and advancement, sincerely and confidently laboring to that end, it is folly for us to ignore the importance of the ungrudging co-operation on the part of the white people of the South in this work. Labor as we will, those who do the

of the weight must be those who stand next to it.

"This co-operation cannot be forced, nor can it be gained by gratuitously running counter to firmly fixed and tenaciously held Southern ideas, or even prejudices. We are not brought to the point of doing or overlooking evil that good may come when we proceed upon the theory that, before reaching the stage where we may be directly and practically confronted with the question of the negro's full enjoyment of civic advantages, or even of all his political advantages, there are immediately before us and around us questions demanding our immediate care, and that, in dealing effectively with these, we can confidently rely upon the encouragement and assistance of every thoughtful and patriotic citizen of the land—wherever he may live and whatever may be his ideas or predilections concerning the more remote phases of the negro problem.

"These questions that are so immediately pressing have to do with the practical education of the negro, and especially with fitting him to compete with his white neighbors in gaining a decent, respectable, and remunerative livelihood. Booker Washington, in speaking of the conditions and needs of his race, has wisely said:

"'It is at the bottom of life we must begin and not at the top. Nor should we permit our grievances to overshadow our opportunities.'

"In summing up the whole matter, there is one thing of which we can be absolutely and unreservedly certain. When we aid Tuskegee Institute and agencies like it striving for the mental and manual education of the negro in the South we are in every point of view rendering him the best possible service. Whatever may be his ultimate destiny, we are thus helping to fit him for filling his place and bearing its responsibilities. We are sowing well in the soil at 'the bottom of life' the seeds of the black man's development and usefulness. These seeds will not die, but will sprout and grow, and if it be within the wise purpose of God, the hardened surface of no untoward sentiment or prejudice can prevent the bursting forth of the blade and plant of the negro's appointed opportunity into the bright sunlight of a cloudless day."

The next speaker, Mr. Murphy, after being introduced as a Southern white man familiar with the true aspect of the negro problem, said in part:

"The South has not applauded Booker T. Washington with undiscriminating agreement, or with monotonous, thoughtless, profitless acclaim. The South has sometimes blamed him. But the South is too fair to him and to his race to allow these occasions of disagreement to distort the broad perspective in which she has viewed and appreciated that arduous public service through which for twenty years, in cheerful patience and unaffected modesty, he has labored for the upbuilding of his humble and untutored fellows. He has greatly done a great work in response to a great need."

"Friends of the North and of the South, has not the time come, in all sobriety and all justice, for civilization to lay a little less stress upon the catalogue of things prohibited to the negro and to open sympathetically and constructively, and a little more clearly at least a very short list of the things permitted to him? Having dwelt so long and so vigorously upon the things he cannot do and must not do, should we not once for all agree upon just a few things that he may do? Among these things will not civilization keep for him, clear and inviolate forever, the opportunity of honest labor, the possibility of bread?'"

DR. ABBOTT'S VIEW.

The Rev. Dr. Abbott began his speech by saying he represented the Northern view of the negro problem.

"It is a National problem," he said, "not a sectional one. The North and the South combined to bring the negro here, and because we in the North couldn't use him in our industrial development, we let him go to the South. Later the conscience of the North, reinforced by commercial interests it must be admitted, abolished slavery. By National action we made the solution of the negro problem a National question.

"It is clear that we of the North can't compel by force the elevation of the black man. With the sword you can sever manacles, but you cannot lift up a man by the same medium. We must not go into the South with advice in a holier-than-thou spirit nor acting as though we belonged to the wiser-than-thou class. Neither force nor Phariseeism ever converted a race.

"Suffrage must wait for education. Education is primary; political rights are secondary. We have tried the experiment of giving to the negro suffrage first and education afterward, and bitterly has the country suffered from our blunder. No man ever should receive the power to control other men until he is able to exercise such control."

President Baldwin, Treasurer of the endowment fund of Tuskegee Institute, and a member of the Educational Boards now working in the South, followed Dr. Abbott. He said that he had received telegraphic messages donating respectively $10,000 and $1,000 to the needed fund. The larger of the two gifts came from a woman in Ohio. Both the givers asked that their names be not made public.

The amount necessary to clear the Institute's books this year, explained Mr. Baldwin, was originally $86,000, and still $45,000 must be obtained. He appealed to the New York friends of the institute to raise that sum, saying checks should be sent to himself or some other Trustee.

BOOKER WASHINGTON SPEAKS.

Mr. Washington, who spoke after a negro quartet from Hampton (Va.) Institute had sung a typical old-time plantation melody, said in part:

"The Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute at Tuskegee, Ala., is the outgrowth of the efforts of Gen. S. C. Armstrong of the Hampton Institute, in Virginia. Gen. Armstrong realized that nine millions of human beings steeped in ignorance, minus experience, could be but half free.

"I am glad to say that we have another great American and Christian statesman in the person of ex-President Grover Cleveland, who is manifesting by his presence and words here this evening that he, too, is conscious of the fact that the lifting up of the negro is not alone Tuskegee's problem, not alone the negro's concern, not alone the South's duty, but is the problem of the Nation, because the whole people were responsible for the introduction and perpetuation of American slavery. In behalf of our struggling race I want to thank you, Mr. Cleveland, for your deep interest, and to say to you that because of your interest and faith in us we shall see to it that the Nation is not disappointed in our progress nor in our usefulness. [Applause.]

"In addition to the 1,418 students now enrolled at Tuskegee, we have sent out into the world over 6,000 men and women who have been more or less helped and who are devoting their lives as industrial workers and teachers. The students at Tuskegee receive training in twenty-eight industrial departments, each of which is an industry at which they can find immediate employment in the South.

"Largely by the labor of the students the institution has been built up to the point where it has property in lands and buildings to the amount of $450,000. The pressing and important needs of the Tuskegee Institute at the present time are in the directions of money with which to meet current expenses and the increasing of the endowment fund from $410,000 by at least $600,000.

"If you want proof of the need of such institutions as Tuskegee, it is in the bare statement of the fact that there are more ignorant black children, not a larger proportion, but a larger number of ignorant black children in the South to-day than in 1870.

"The real and vital problem before this country in reference to my race is not in the failure of the fundamental laws, but in our failure to prepare all the people to fulfill the duties of citizenship presupposed by the fundamental laws. The solution of this question is not in the abuse of the South by the North, not in the abuse of the North by the South, not in condemning the negro, nor in the negro cursing the white man, not in colonization, not in expatriation, not in amalgamation or extermination, but it is in honest, sympathetic co-operation between the races and between the North and the South.

"In this connection may I add that there have been few greater opportunities in the history of the world for great statesmen and philanthropists to do something that should redeem nearly a third of our country, and lift up the ignorant of both races than is presented by conditions now existing at the South?

"The negro, unlike the Indian, the original Mexican, or the Hawaiian, so far from dying out when in contact with a different or stronger race, has continued to increase in numbers and influence. We seem to be the only race that is able to look the white man in the face, to live by his side, and not only exist, but to multiply.

"So, then, I want to emphasize the truth that whether we are of Northern or Southern birth, whether we are with or without sympathy for the negro, whether we are black or white, we must face the hard, stubborn fact that whether in bondage or in freedom, whether in ignorance or intelligence, that in spite of all predictions and scientific conclusions to the contrary, the negro has continued year by year to increase in number until from twenty slaves the race has grown into 9,000,000 free men, and there are no signs based upon proper evidence that the same ratio of increase will not hold good in the future."

The audience included many prominent men and women. Among the boxholders were Andrew Carnegie, who, with Mrs. Carnegie and Mrs. Cleveland, seemed to be one of the most interested listeners. Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland are guests of the Carnegies during their stay in the city.

Other boxholders were Mayor Low, President Baldwin, George Foster Peabody, Mrs. C. P. Huntington, St. Clair McKelway, Mrs. A. S. James, John D. Crimmins, Isaac N. Seligman, Oswald G. Villard, Mrs. W. H. Schieffelin, William Jay Schieffelin, Willis L. Ogden, Jacob H. Schiff, D. D. Chaplin, A. S. Frissell, Alfred T. White, Douglas Robinson, Miss Putnam, Mrs. George McAneny, Mrs. J. C. Hoagland, Miss Parsons, Robert C. Ogden, Carl Schurz, Dr. Abbott, and Gen. H. W. Carpenter.

The men who sat on the stage with the speakers included President Butler of Columbia, John De Witt Warner, W. J. Schieffelin, the Rev. Drs. David H. Greer, W. S. Rainsford, and Donald Sage Mackay, Dean Van Amringe of Columbia University, Horace White, Richard Watson Gilder, Chancellor MacCracken of New York University, R. Fulton Cutting, and J. G. Phelps Stokes.

ROCK ISLAND-'FRISCO DEAL IS ABANDONED.

Question of Price Said to be the Trouble—Reported Sale of Santa Fe Holdings.

The much-talked-of Rock Island-'Frisco deal has at last been declared off. There have been frequent rumors that this deal, which had never been officially admitted, would not be consummated, but nothing definite was obtainable until yesterday, when a leading interest in the Rock Island system declared that the proposed purchase of the St. Louis and San Francisco by the Rock Island had been abandoned for the present. Negotiations, however, may be resumed later.

This same authority declares that the failure of the plan has nothing to do with the recent decision in the Northern Securities case. It was simply a question of price, and the parties concerned failed to come to terms. Gossip in Wall Street has it that those in control of the 'Frisco Road asked more cash than the other side saw fit to give.

Officials of the 'Frisco Road now in this city decline to discuss the matter at all.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The Moore-Leeds-Reid combination is said to have disposed of its holdings of Sante Fé and Northwestern Railroad stocks. The parties had been gradually selling out the latter since the Vanderbilt people refused to give them representation in the Northwestern Directory, but had been investing the proceeds in Santa Fé stock with a view of bringing about a strong community of interest between the Rock Island and Santa Fé. The recent decision in the Northern Securities merger is said to have caused them to alter their plans.

ARKANSAS RAILWAY BUILDING.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 14.—The Ozark and Cherokee Central Railroad Company has received permission from the Arkansas Railroad Commission to extend its line 400 miles and to increase the capital stock to $9,000,000 in order to provide funds for the work.

The Ozark and Cherokee Central was chartered nearly four years ago, and is now in operation from Fayetteville, Ark., to Okmulgee, I. T., a distance of 144 miles. It has acquired by purchase the Shawnee, Oklahoma and Missouri line from Muskogee to Okmulgee, in the Creek Nation.

The Directors on March 16 authorized the extension of the line in an easterly direction through Washington and Madison Counties to Jasper, Newton County, Ark.; westward from Okmulgee to Oklahoma City, and a branch line from Muskogee to Fort Smith.

The increase authorized in the capital stock is $2,000,000, and $512,000 has been subscribed already.

RAILWAY'S ANNUAL REPORT.

Statement of Earnings and Expenditures of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Company.

PITTSBURG, April 14.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company was held here to-day. The annual report for 1902 was submitted, covering the operations of about 1,500 miles of railway, and showing the following results for the year:

Gross earnings, $26,654,357.54; operating expenses, $19,980,452.22; net earnings, $6,673,905.32, and other income, $179,376.86, leaving $6,853,282.18, from which was deducted interest on bonds, rentals, &c., $3,831,298.54, leaving net income for the year $3,021,983.64, out of which there was set aside for revision of grades and alignment and other outlay not properly chargeable to capital account, $805,661.10; sinking funds, $424,020; 4 per cent. dividend on preferred stock, $907,926; 3 per cent. dividend on common stock, $743,296.50, leaving a balance transferred to credit of profit and loss for the year 1902 of $139,080.04.

The tonnage increased over 15 per cent. and the passenger traffic increased over 11 per cent.

The Board of Directors being classified, there were four members to be elected, and the persons so chosen were A. J. Cassatt, John P. Green, Charles E. Pugh, and N. P. Shortridge. The board will meet in Philadelphia next week for election of officers.

Gulf and Ship Island Dividend.

The Directors of the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad have declared a dividend of 1 per cent. on the capital stock, payable April 21 from the surplus earnings of the quarter ended March 31, 1903.

MRS. BREAZEALE'S SUICIDE.

Wife of Rutgers Professor Jumped from a Steamboat in the Sound—Had Suffered from Nervous Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, April 14.—A dispatch received here late this afternoon from Providence, R. I., telling of the suicide of a woman who was a passenger on the Joy Line steamer Tremont, which left New York Monday night for Providence, verified the suspicion that Mrs. Martha Hamilton Breazeale, who disappeared from here yesterday, had committed suicide.

Mrs. Breazeale was the wife of William E. Breazeale, Associate Professor of Mathematics in Rutgers College, and was a great sufferer from nervous trouble and melancholia. She left her home at 102 Hamilton Street yesterday morning. The first clue to her whereabouts came this morning in a letter from her directed to Prof. Breazeale postmarked New York Monday night, saying the unhappy author had struggled to overcome her despondency, but in vain. There was a touching farewell to the husband, closing with the information that by the time the letter was received the writer would be no more.

Prof. Breazeale started for New York as soon as he received the letter, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Prof. R. W. Prentiss. As she had relatives in Worcester, Mass., he thought that she might go there, and they made inquiries at the various steamship offices. At the Joy Line office Prof. Breazeale learned that a woman whose description corresponded with that of his wife had bought a ticket. More definite news awaited the professor when he arrived here this afternoon. A dispatch from Providence was then shown to him telling how a woman who had registered as Mrs. Brown of New York had jumped from the Tremont some time during the night. She was not missed until it was found early this morning that one of the rooms on the outside of the boat was locked. When it was opened the stewards found a black silk skirt, short black jacket, and black hat of velvet with four feathers, which corresponded to the clothing worn by Mrs. Breazeale. The woman had jumped into the water through the window.

Mrs. Breazeale, who was thirty-eight years old, was formerly Miss Martha Hamilton Dodge. She was a native of Massachusetts. She was educated in the Baltimore schools, and later was graduated from the Normal School at South Framingham, Mass. About ten years ago she was married to Prof. Breazeale. Besides her husband she leaves four children, ranging from eight to two years of age.

Matron Clarke Fined Fifteen Days' Pay.

Matron Ida Clarke of the Mercer Street Station was fined fifteen days' pay by Commissioner Greene yesterday. She was recently tried on charges of allowing Edward Walling, a lawyer, a brother of Sergt. Walling, to enter her room in the station house, and also with recommending a lawyer for a prisoner. Sergt. McCoy of the same station, who was tried on charges of not entering in the blotter the fact of a visitor being at the station house, was acquitted, it being found that there was no rule governing such cases.

MURDERED MAN'S BODY FOUND IN A BARREL

Woman's Perfumed Handkerchief and Scrap of Letter with It.

Victim Stabbed Eighteen Times and His Throat Cut—Efforts to Establish Identity Vain—Secret Society Crime, the Police Theory.

An atrocious murder was revealed early yesterday morning when the body of a man was found in a barrel in front of the building at 743 East Eleventh Street, near Avenue D. The man's throat had been cut from ear to ear—the head almost severed from the body—after eighteen knife wounds had been inflicted in the neck.

Who the man was, why he was killed, or when, or where, or by whom, and how or when or by whom the body was conveyed to the spot where it was discovered are questions the police cannot answer. All day and all last night one of the largest details of detectives ever assigned to a single case in this city, scoured New York and its environs, following a multitude of clues.

But those clues disappeared as they were pursued, and the authorities early this morning admitted that they were entirely in the dark, and that they were waiting for the identification of the body, until which time nothing more could be done.

The identifying of the body proved as difficult as the detection of the murderers. And this in spite of the fact that there were a score of things about the man's appearance and apparel that were distinguishing. He evidently was a foreigner—a Greek or an Armenian or an Italian, and about thirty-five years old. That he was in fairly prosperous circumstances was indicated by his cleanly person and his good garments.

That he had not done hard manual labor in a number of years was told by the condition of his hands, which were clean and soft, with the nails lately manicured.

The police believe he was a victim of some secret society, probably the Italian Mafia. Several features of the crime were similar to characteristic features of all Mafia crimes—the body might have been thrown into the river, but the Mafia members never secrete a body, leaving it as an example of their work, to convince that they do not fail to carry out their threats. Any motive other than that of revenge is not entertained.

Furthermore, the police feel certain that there was a woman in the case. A woman's handkerchief, highly perfumed, was found in his pocket and a small piece of paper, apparently a fragment of a letter. Most of the words on this were indecipherable, but two were very plain.

They were the Italian words for "Come quickly!" or "Come at once!" From this the police are led to believe that the letter was a decoy, that by it the man was lured to the place where he was murdered.

FINDING OF THE BODY.

A scrubwoman, Mrs. Frances Conners, found the body. She lives at 169 Avenue D. While on her way to work, about 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning, her attention was attracted by the barrel as she passed within a foot of it. She saw in it what appeared to be a garment, and to satisfy her curiosity stopped and looked at it. Then she took hold of it. The protruding object proved to be a man's foot. A moment later she saw the other limb, and in the shadow of the barrel the head and clothing of the man.

Her screams of terror attracted Joseph McCall, a special policeman, who is detailed to watch buildings on the opposite side of Eleventh Street. He had passed through the street at 4:30; Sergt. Bauer of the Union Market Station had passed by the spot at 5:15 o'clock; neither had seen the barrel, and both were certain that they would have done so had it been there then. Evidently it was left there between 5:15 and 5:30 o'clock.

Police Headquarters was notified at once. So were Inspector Schmittberger, Capt. Becker of the Union Market Station, the Coroner's and the District Attorney's offices. A score or more of detectives were on the spot within an hour. But they were too late to find any prints on the ground in the vicinity that would enable them to tell how many persons had carried the body, or how they had transported it, or whether they were men or women. The rain had obliterated every mark. It was the belief, however, that the barrel—an ordinary wooden barrel used for shipping sugar—had been taken thither on a wagon or a push cart.

The body was taken out and laid on the sidewalk. It had been doubled up when it was placed in the barrel, so that the head rested between the knees. Several of the heavy staves had been bulged, indicating that the body had been jammed into the receptacle with great force.

In the bottom of the barrel was a layer of sawdust and refuse that appeared to be the sweepings of a saloon or café. When it was sifted cigar and cigarette butts, a cigarette box front and label, and a portion of a red onion peel were exposed. It was at first believed that the murder had been committed in a saloon or restaurant or café where there was sawdust on the floor, and that this had been swept up and thrown in the barrel to remove telltale evidence, such as the blood stains.

Later investigation, however, indicated that the sawdust had been in the barrel before the crime was committed. None of it had been strewn over the man's clothes, and it had not been disturbed from the bottom of the barrel in transit.

In the man's pockets were found, besides the fragment of paper and the woman's handkerchief, a heavy silver watch and chain of foreign make, a small rubber date stamp, 1 cent in money, three other handkerchiefs—one white, one blue figured, and a bandana—and a small crucifix. The white handkerchief was very small and fancy, evidently a woman's. It was highly perfumed. On the left-hand side of the man's face were two old scars, evidently made many years ago.

There was nothing on the man's person by which his name or address could be learned. The detectives turned again to the barrel. Closer scrutiny showed the stencilled letters "W. T." on the bottom, and the stencilled figures "G. 228" on one of the staves on the side, and near the former inscription was written with a lead pencil, and quite indistinctly, the address "306 Third Avenue."

With these things as their first clues the detectives started on their search. At the address in Manhattan they did not find any one who had ever seen the man or the barrel. They were similarly unsuccessful when this number on Third Avenue, Brooklyn, was tried.

It was then reasoned, because of the sudden appearance of the barrel at the spot where it was found, that perhaps it had been brought across the river from Williamsburg or from Greenpoint. The boats do not run between those points at the foot of East Tenth Street between 1 and 5 A. M., but there was the possibility, as suggested by Inspector McClusky, that the barrel had been transported on the first boat at the latter hour, and then taken two blocks to the spot and deposited. Police Captains in Williamsburg, however, were told positively by the ferry employes that no barrel was taken across to New York early in the morning.

With descriptions of the barrel, detectives, hoping to identify it and determine its latest ownership, went to the Havemeyer, the Arbuckle, and the American sugar refineries, the two former in Williamsburg and the last in Brooklyn. Both the officials of these concerns were positive the barrel could not be from their factory.

EFFORTS AT IDENTIFICATION.

Meanwhile dozens of detectives and the police reserves of three stations were going through the Italian quarter, up town and down, asking Italians and other foreigners to go to the station house and try and identify the body. Thousands of these people looked at the man, but all declared they had never seen him before. The police also went down in the Syrian and Oriental quarter, in and near Washington Street, and then on in the Old Slip Precinct among the Slavs and Poles. Every foreign quarter of the city was vainly visited.

There were numerous clues. The man's linen, his collars and cuffs, bore the name "Mart" or "Marl." Every policeman in the city visited all of the laundries on his beat, but none found recorded in any place a mark of that character. The shoes bore the name of Burt & Co., whose address was given as "opposite the Produce Exchange," but the man was not remembered there.

The crucifix in the man's pocket was believed to be an emblem of a certain Italian order known as the Santissimo Crocefisso, (The Holy Cross,) and the detectives hunted up the President of the order, Ignazio Pagliaro, but he said he had never seen the dead man. The victim's clean, soft hands lead to the belief that he might have been a barber, and accordingly scores of barbers' shops in the city were visited, but he was not known in any of them. Many other clues were run down with similar unsuccess.

Coroner's Physician Dr. Albert T. Weston, who performed an autopsy on the body in the afternoon, said that he had found eighteen stab wounds in the neck besides two deep gashes that had severed the jugular vein, thereby causing death. It was his opinion that the minor wounds had been inflicted before death.

Evidently a dagger with a blade about seven-eighths of an inch in width had been used. There was no evidence of a struggle, which indicated either that the man was asleep when attacked or that he was held while being tortured.

In its many strange details, in its peculiar secrecy, and in the absence of known motive or reason, the case Capt. McClusky says is one of the most remarkable the police have had in many years.

HIGH WIND UPSET WOMEN AND A HORSE AND WAGON.

One Pedestrian Hurt at Flatiron Building and Another Blown Into a Cellar—Accident at Park.

Not since the Flatiron Building reared its lofty head at Twenty-third Street and Broadway has the wind played such high jinks as yesterday. Officially it was an east wind, but those who braved it at this particular spot in the city were willing to swear that it was east, west, north, and south, and all at the same moment. And in a lesser degree this was true of all the intersections of streets with avenues.

The police on duty at these points were kept busy all day long in rescuing women who had lost control of their movements, and, willy-nilly, were being blown out of their course. Collisions between pedestrians were frequent, blow-overs numerous, and hats and umbrellas soared skyward often.

Mrs. Bertha Lyons of 440 Lexington Avenue was blown down at Broadway and Twenty-second Street, receiving contusions of the face and body. Dr. Thomas of New York Hospital was called to attend her at the Bartholdi Hotel, after which she took a cab for her home.

Mrs. Margaret Terrell, fifty-eight years old, of Ninety-eighth Street and Second Avenue, was passing 335 East Ninetieth Street, when the gale blew her into a cellar. She was taken to the Presbyterian Hospital, but after a wound in her head was dressed she went home.

A sign fifty feet long, extending along the roofs of 201 to 209 East Seventy-eighth Street was blown down by the wind, smashing a row of showcases in front of the dry goods store in No. 205. Part of it also broke a big pane of glass in a Chinese laundry next door and fifteen lights in a tailor's window in another store.

A horse and shed wagon owned by the Newcombe Picture Frame Company of 50 East Thirteenth Street, and driven by Walter Murphy, were passing the Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street entrance of Central Park in the late afternoon, when a gust of wind turned the wagon and horse over. Murphy jumped and escaped injury. A lot of men and Murphy got the horse to his feet, and righted the wagon, and Murphy drove on.

Wind blew open the door of Mrs. Mary Keppnen's millinery store, at 1,318 Second Avenue, and then blew the lighted jet of a gas burner against a large Easter hat. The hat and all the rest of the hats and other finery in the window burned up, while Mrs. Keppnen screamed. Firemen extinguished the blaze.

The wind-driven tide rushed up the big sewer at Bellevue Hospital just at midnight and flooded the room in which were stored teas, coffees, and other perishable goods, doing damage amounting to $2,000 before the stock could be removed.

The high wind and the rain so weakened the new walls of a building in course of erection at the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street that portions of them fell last night, alarming the colored occupants in the adjoining five-story tenement. Those parts of the walls which remained standing were shored up by workmen from the Bureau of Buildings.

STEAMBOAT DRIVEN ON ROCKS.

Wind Causes the Sinking of the Oregon Near City Island—Damage Done to Piers.

The high easterly winds of yesterday drove the small freight steamboat Oregon of the Rockport Line on the rocks in the upper Sound between City Island and Hart's Island, and wrecked her. The Oregon sank within fifty feet of the mooring of the old cup defender Columbia. The crew of the steamboat escaped.

Last night all that could be seen of the vessel was the upper part of the smokestack sticking out of the water. Whether or not she was loaded, and if so with what, could not be learned.

Witnesses of the sinking say the Oregon drifted into the channel, being driven along by the high winds and the waves, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. She pounded up perilously near the Columbia, and then, veering off, jammed on the rocks and sank within fifty feet of the yacht.

All along the Westchester shore of the Sound piers were swept away, and at 11 o'clock last night the tide, although not due to reach its highest pont until 1 o'clock in the morning, already was up above the normal high-water mark.

As a result residents of City Island, Unionport, and other small suburbs on the Sound shores were very anxious. They remembered the high tides of last November, when the streets of City Island ran rivers and the only way almost of getting about was by rowboat.

At Lohbauer's Park, Unionport, parts of the long pier running out into the Sound were swept away. Mr. Lohbauer said that he had gathered in two small naphtha launches, two catboats, and about a dozen rowboats which had drifted in against the pier. They were wrecked beyond repair for the most part, he said. He believed they were the property of persons living on City Island.

RULING ON EXCISE LAW.

One Section Affecting Licenses Declared by Justice Hirschberg to be Unconstitutional.

Justice Hirschberg of the Appellate Division in the Second Department has handed down a decision in which he declares that a part of the excise law of the State is clearly unconstitutional.

The matter came before the court on an application by the State Commissioner of Excise to have eight certificates revoked because of violation of the statute. The section involved provides that where the Commissioner brings a proceeding to have a license revoked, the holder must furnish a verified answer, and if he does not do so, it must be presumed that he is guilty of the illegal act alleged, and that his certificate must be revoked. This Justice Hirschberg declares is entirely wrong, and a violation of the constitutional right of litigants. He says in part:

"There is no justification in law for the placing of a litigant in a position where his guilt must be assumed and a forfeiture of his property decreed unless he either perjures himself by his answer, if guilty, or in order to avoid that result, consents to plead by favor in such a form as will tend at least to indicate his own consciousness of the falsity of his defense."

CROSS AND THE REV. MR. PADDOCK

Accused Inspector Tells of His Relations with the Clergyman.

Inspector Adam A. Cross, who is on trial before Deputy Commissioner Ebstein at Headquarters, on charges of neglect of duty, declared on the stand yesterday that though he had frequently implored the Rev. R. L. Paddock to give him addresses of disorderly houses in the old Red Light District, after furnishing him two which were then closed up, refused, saying that he would not waste a postage stamp in giving information to the police. Inspector Cross said that his own personal intercourse with the clergyman had been most pleasant, even after the alleged insults which Capt. Herlihy is alleged to have heaped upon him at his station house.

"Why," said the Inspector, "he shook hands with me half a dozen times before he left—he's a great handshaker—but he didn't make any complaint against Herlihy that day."

Adjournment was taken until to-day.

Erie.
Superb through trains daily. To Buffalo, $8; Cleveland, $12; Cincinnati, $16; Chicago, $18. Block signals. The best dining and cafe car service.—Adv.

WRIGHT EXTRADITION FIGHT.

Samuel Untermyer, Back from London, Tells Why He Advised His Client to Make a Contest.

Samuel Untermyer, who is acting as counsel for Whitaker Wright in the pending extradition proceedings, arrived yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm on his return from London, where he was engaged as counsel for various European corporations in effecting a European consolidation of machinery works. When asked as to the steps now proposed to be taken on behalf of Mr. Wright, Mr. Untermyer said:

"I may say that the advice to Mr. Wright to resist extradition came from me, and that Mr. Wright yielded reluctantly. I offered the English authorities, however, to advise, at the earnest solicitation of Mr. Wright, that he take the next steamer home and go to trial there, on condition that the proceedings be dismissed and he be permitted to return voluntarily.

"I have great respect for the administration of the law in England under normal conditions. There is no country in which justice is so well administered. Here, however, we have an anomalous condition, as the result of which I regret to say that my observation has convinced me Mr. Wright would not secure a fair trial at this time. The question has shifted from the judicial to the political arena. The law officers of the Government, including the Attorney General, Solicitor General, Public Prosecutor, and Prime Minister, having solemnly and openly declared in Parliament that in their opinion there was no ground for criminal prosecution, a Judge has determined in a secret, ex-parte proceeding by private individuals, in which Mr. Wright had no opportunity for a hearing, that a prosecution might be instituted.

"Thereupon we find the public officials who had refused to prosecute because of their belief that no offense had been committed, vieing with the private prosecutors in their efforts to extradite the man whom they had declined to prosecute. If Mr. Wright can get a fair trial he has nothing to fear. They spent weeks in cross-examining him, and there is nothing they know now which they have not known for two years. It is admitted that he sacrificed his private fortune to save the company he is charged with defrauding, and that he never took a penny dishonestly from the company. The charge is of the most flimsy and technical character."

Mr. Untermyer admitted that he had arranged for American clients the repurchase of breweries that had been sold to English companies, but refused to furnished details. In answer to questions as to the truth of the cabled reports of a European consolidation of the pump industry, he stated that such a consolidation had been perfected and the new company organized under English law.

SALOON MAN SUMMONS POLICE.

Wants Capt. Cooney to Keep Away from His Place in Seeking a Poolroom.

On the strength of recent decisions given in Brooklyn by Justice Gaynor, Magistrate Connorton, in the Long Island City Police Court, yesterday issued summonses for Capt. Cooney of the Seventy-fifth Precinct and two of his Wardmen, Detectives Pendegast and Kenney. The summonses were issued on application of Joseph Lalley, who keeps a saloon at 20 Borden Avenue. Lally until recently conducted a hotel, but surrendered his hotel license and continued the place as a saloon.

On the same day the Cottage Club, said to be a social and athletic organization, opened headquarters on the second floor of Lalley's saloon. Capt. Cooney was informed that the club was conducting a poolroom and instructed Pendegast and Kenney, it is alleged, to watch the place.

Lalley denies that a poolroom is being conducted in his place, and says that the presence of the police in front of and about his building proved a source of injury to him.

The summons was served on Capt. Cooney and his men by Laily personally, but nevertheless the blockade on the alleged poolroom was maintained. Cooney wanted Laily to escort the police up stairs, but Laily refused to do so. The Captain ordered several persons out of the saloon and had a wordy engagement with James Cassidy, a brother of the President of Queens Borough.

Cassidy was one of those ordered out of the place. He refused to arise from the chair on which he was sitting. Capt. Cooney asked him who he was and the reply was:

"A gentleman."

"Your mug shows it," retorted the Captain.

Both men grew excited, and after the Captain had threatened to jab his umbrella down Cassidy's throat, he was invited to do so. He did not accept the invitation.

MONTCLAIR GOES REPUBLICAN.

Sweeping Victory in City Election for Councilmen.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., April 14.—The elections here to-day resulted in a sweeping Republican victory. The Republicans elected Councilmen and also members of the Board of Education.

In the First Ward George S. Brown was elected Councilman. In the Second John Scott and Charles E. Gorton were elected. There was a vacancy in that ward and Scott was elected to fill the unexpired term. The Third Ward elected H. V. Crawford. The returns from the Fourth Ward are not all in yet, but there is every indication that Dr. Henry Lehrmann, the Republican candidate, is elected.

NEW JERSEY TROLLEY MERGER.

President McCarter of the Fidelity Trust Company Talks of Financial Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—Regarding the New Jersey trolley merger, President McCarter of the Fidelity Trust Company said to-day that $8,000,000 of stock is to be issued in addition to the $10,000,000 that the Fidelity is to underwrite.

"This $8,000,000 offer," said Mr. McCarter, "is part of the $10,000,000 of new stock, and the holders of certificates might subscribe to the amount of one-sixth of their certificates for the new stock, and the gas companies, if they came in could subscribe for one share of the new stock for every six shares of their present stock.

"The certificates for the stock of the four trolley companies and the United Electric Company will represent $20,000,000, while the stock of the gas companies will be as follows: Essex and Hudson, $6,500,000; Hudson County, $10,500,000; Paterson and Passaic Gas and Electric Company, $5,000,000; South Jersey Gas, Electric and Traction Company, $6,000,000, making a total of $28,000,000 of gas stock, and a grand total of $48,000,000 in round numbers. One-sixth of the $48,000,000 represents the $8,000,000 of new stock.

"The Fidelity Company will see to it that the money is improving the different plants by the operating company is forthcoming, and that a better trolley service on all lines is given."

David Young, President of the Jersey City, Hoboken, and Paterson Street Railway Company and Vice President and General Manager of the North Jersey Street Railway Company, yesterday transferred all his stock to the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark under the merger consummated at Jersey City on Monday.

As regards his resignation of the positions he holds in the North Jersey, he said he would remain in charge until the contemplated change takes place. Shortly after May 1 he expects to engage in the banking business in Manhattan.

SOUTHERN ROADS ENJOINED.

Lumber Dealers Charge the Existence of an Illegal Combination.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 14.—Judge Emory Speer, in the United States District Court at Columbus, Ga., to-day granted an injunction upon petition of the Georgia Sawmill Association against a number of Southern railroads restraining them from putting into effect a proposed advance of 2 cents per hundred in the rate on lumber shipments to the West. The court orders that the defendant railroads appear at Macon April 24 to show cause why a permanent injunction should not be granted.

In their application for injunction the lumber dealers charged that the railroads forming the Southeastern Freight Association are working in illegal combination.

RAILROAD OFFICIALS SUFFER.

Great Northern Men Lost on the Northern Securities Slump.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 14.—Gloom pervaded the Great Northern Building to-day, for many of the officials were pinched in the slump of Northern Securities stock. Nearly all of them had stock, and some had protected their purchases with margins that were more than swallowed up in the decline. These officials were hit hard.

Those who had transferred Great Northern stock into Security stock did not appear particularly anxious, but those who had made purchases outright of Security stock were uneasy.

DEMOCRATS HONOR JEFFERSON.

Congressman Swanson Says the People Are Tired of Special Legislation for Special Interests.

The Harlem Democratic Club gave a banquet last evening in honor of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson. There were about 300 diners, and it was nearly midnight before the speakers had a chance to discourse on National, State, and city politics.

"We came to a dinner and did not agree to stay for breakfast," said a Bronx politician as he journeyed homeward.

Toastmaster John W. Keller introduced ex-Gov. Pattison of Pennsylvania, who made a speech arraigning the Republican Party for their centralization of power. Deputy Attorney General Bulger attacked the taxation plans of Gov. Odell, which meant that millions and millions of dollars' worth of certain kinds of property was left wholly untaxed and unfair burdens placed on other classes of property or citizens.

Congressman Swanson of Virginia, who spoke to the toast, "Thomas Jefferson, the Brilliant Son of the Old Dominion State," said, in part:

"Much of the large campaign funds with which the Republican Party for years has corrupted voters has been secured by promises or threats of special legislation. The country is sick of all this. A majority of the country would hail a return of the halcyon days of Jeffersonian Democracy, when legislative bodies confined themselves to public affairs, were concerned alone for the public good, did not consume most of their time in consideration of special legislation for special interests."

Deputy Attorney General Maurice B. Blumenthal spoke to the toast, "Democracy's Appeal to Young America."

BACK FROM PARIS ASYLUM.

Moses Fowler Chase Arrives on Kronprinz Wilhelm and Starts for Lafayette, Ind.

Moses Fowler Chase, the young man of Lafayette, Ind., whose fortune is estimated at $1,000,000, and who was recently found in a Paris sanitarium after a four years' search for him, arrived yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. He was registered under an assumed name, and was accompanied by Samuel P. Baird, an attorney of Lafayette. He was taken at once on board a train for Lafayette.

The young man returns to his home suffering from dementia, which renders his mind a blank, and with his property badly involved in legal complications. He was taken to Paris by his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Duhme of Cincinnati, in 1899, and placed in a sanitarium in the outskirts of Paris. In January of this year Addison C. Harris, counsel for Chase's father called upon United States Consul General Gowdy at Paris and requested him to assist him in tracing the young man. Through the efforts of a woman detective Chase was found in Dr. Gomar's Institute, 130 Rue de la Glaciere. He was examined by experts, pronounced of unsound mind, and placed in an institution recognized by the Paris authorities.

Proceedings were begun in the District Court of Indianapolis, and an order was served upon the Duhmes requiring them to make an accounting of the business and financial affairs of Chase during the time that they had control of him and of his business. Chase is to be taken into court as soon as he arrives in Indiana. His fortune is chiefly invested in land in Benton County, Ind.

After inheriting his wealth, it was alleged that young Chase was insane, and a contest was begun for the guardianship of his large estates.

MRS. HAY AGAIN A HOSTESS.

First of a Series of Dinners at Secretary Hay's Home.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay, who by reason of Mrs. Hay's mourning for her mother, did no entertaining last Winter, were this evening the hosts at the first of a series of dinner parties they propose giving throughout the Spring season.

Their guests were the Russian Ambassador and Countess Marguerite Cassini, the Mexican Ambassador and Mme. Aspiroz, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador and Baroness Hengelmuller, the Argentine Minister and Mme. Garcia Merou, the Bolivian Minister, the Belgian Minister and Baroness Moncheur, the Brazilian Minister and Mme. Assis d'Brasil, the Chilean Minister and Mme. Walker-Martinez, the Minister from Costa Rica and Mme. Calvo, the Cuban Minister and Mme. Quesada, the Japanese Minister and Mme. Takahira, the Haitian Minister and Mme. Leger, the Danish Minister, the Minster from Guatemala, Mme. Perez, Mrs. Herbert Pierce, Mrs. Payne Whitney, and Miss Hooper.

The Secretary and Mrs. Hay will give their second dinner next Wednesday evening.

RABBI GOTTHEIL SINKING.

His Children at His Bedside in Expectation of the End.

Rabbi Gustave Gottheil at an early hour this morning was sinking rapidly, and it was feared at his home, 631 Madison Avenue, that he would not survive the night.

Last night his children were called to his bedside, and it was said they would remain with him to the end. He has two sons, Dr. Richard J. H. Gottheil and Dr. William S. Gottheil, and two daughters, Mrs. E. M. Levy and Mrs. Joseph Rich.

Good Record Saved the Sergeant.

Sergt. Frederick L. Stahl of the East Twenty-second Street Station was fined thirty days' pay yesterday by Commissioner Greene and transferred to the Forty-ninth Precinct, Adams Street Station, Brooklyn, for having signed his Captain's name to the blotter. The Commissioner's decision was reached notwithstanding a recommendation by Second Deputy Commissioner Piper that Sergt. Stahl be dismissed. Stahl has the Rhinelander medal for saving twenty lives at a fire in Liberty Hall, and that influenced Gen. Greene.

Bills Signed by Gov. Murphy.

TRENTON, N. J., April 14.—Gov. Murphy to-day signed the Primary Election bill, the bill modifying railroad laws of the State, the bill prohibiting spitting in railroad cars, and the General Game Revision bill. The Governor vetoed the bills permitting the erection of bridges across the Delaware at Carpentersville and Martin's Creek.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Monday night until 12 o'clock Tuesday night.)

1 A. M.—Two Hundred and Fourth Street and King's Bridge Road; McCabe Brothers; damage, $800.

4 A. M.—Ninety-seventh Street and First Avenue; First Avenue Railroad stable; damage, $50.

5:40 A. M.—55 and 57 West Third Street; G. & M. Daril; damage, $2,000.

6 A. M.—614 East Ninth Street; Marcus Silverman; damage, $5.

6:30 A. M.—90 Walker Street; Lampert & Heller; damage, $200.

8:45 A. M.—31 Essex Street; Lena Klush; damage trifling.

10:10 A. M.—83 Mangin Street; Ruben Lilling; damage trifling.

1:05 P. M.—304 East Fifty-third Street; Conrad Keller; damage, $25.

2:30 P. M.—40 Baxter Street; Raphael Capiari; damage trifling.

6:15 P. M.—231 Henry Street; M. Kaplan; damage trifling.

6:25 P. M.—1,318 Second Avenue; Mary Kettners; damage, $75.

6:30 P. M.—21 West One Hundred and Sixth Street; Charles Whitman; damage trifling.

7:15 P. M.—76 Bleecker Street; L. Stockell; damage, $1,100.

7:35 P. M.—142 West Twenty-eighth Street; [illegible] Granduck; damage, $300.

Bring Along the Boy

too, when you get your Spring outfit.

Some things for him:

Double-Breasted Suit, sizes 7-16, of black Thibet, blue serge, Spring mixtures in cassimeres and cheviots, $3 to $8, or

Norfolk Suit, sizes 7-16, of fancy cassimeres or blue serge, plain or "knick" pants, $5 to $8, and

Special! Boys' Top-coats, stylish green covert, 3 to 12; value $4—$3.

All Boys' Furnishings, Hats, Shoes, &c., at correspondingly low prices.

Brill Brothers

Outfitters To Men And Boys — 279 Broadway. 47 Cortlandt St. 211 & 219 Sixth Ave. 125th St., cor. 3d Ave.

TRIGON

IT'S AN OXFORD

Fits the foot as easily and gently as a well made glove fits the hand. Made in a Wax Calf Oxford it has the "Ear Marks" of the Custom $10.00 Shoe. To be had at any of our stores,

$3.45

John Ward Co.

NEW YORK STORES:
75 Nassau St. 50 Cortlandt St.
307 Broadway. 1408 Broadway.

"No fit, no pay, is Tailor Loftus' way."

The fashion of the hour in men's clothes is what you get at this shop.

Suits, $15. Overcoats, $15. Trousers, $5.

Fabrics are the latest and equal—often excel—other tailors' $20 quality.

We make clothes at all reasonable prices.

The fit must be right or no pay—that's the Loftus way.

Catalogue and samples mailed upon request. We pay express charges everywhere.

W. C. LOFTUS & CO.
1191 Broadway Near 28th Street New York

The "Popular Shop."

A BASE OF SUPPLIES: offering THE MATERIAL REQUIRED to DECORATE THE COUNTRY HOUSE.

SPRING WALL PAPERS,
JAPANESE GRASS CLOTHS,
LIBERTY UPHOLSTERY STUFFS.

HIGH CLASS STYLES AT MODERATE COST.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

☞ Parcels $5.00 and over: Carriage free to all Parts of the States.

Joseph P. McHugh & Co.
42nd St. W. at 5th Ave., New York.

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

The Governing Committee of the Western Union (fire underwriters) has promulgated its new schedule of fire insurance rates on gas works in the several Western States within its jurisdiction.

Theis Brothers of Wilkesbarre have been appointed Pennsylvania State agents of the Milwaukee Fire Insurance Company.

A new fire insurance company is being organized in Louisville with a capital stock of $200,000 and a surplus of $50,000, or possibly $100,000. Edward J. Watkins, who is promoting the company and will probably be its Secretary, states that the company is planning to establish an agency system in many States and will observe prevailing tariff rates wherever it operates.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 14.—Fire this morning swept the east side of West End, the Summer resort on Lake Pontchartrain, destroying considerable property. The blaze started in the Capitol Hotel, which was destroyed along with a number of smaller business establishments and boathouses. The most serious losses were sustained by the members of the Southern Yacht Club. A large number of sloops, catboats, and yachts were burned before they could be moved. The loss is about $75,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 14.—John Schwabl's saloon and Summer garden at Pine Hill was destroyed by fire early to-day. Mr. Schwabl, his wife, three [illegible] and a servant barely escaped with their lives by climbing out of a second-story window in their night clothes. Loss, $25,000; insurance, $10,000.

MANUFACTURERS HEAR AN ATTACK ON UNIONS

Their President Calls the "Muscle Trust" a National Menace.

He Fears It is Driving Toward Socialism—Chicago the Danger Spot in the Country.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—Denunciation of the actions and policies of organized labor was a feature to-day at the first session of the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers. David M. Parry, President of the association, in his report declared that the labor unions are driving the country toward a Socialistic system that would cause widespread industrial disaster.

The delegates met at Tulane Hall for what promised to be the most important convention in the history of the organization. The largely increased representation from various manufacturing States of the North was said by the members to be largely due to the interest taken by the members in the labor question.

James W. Porch, Vice President for Louisiana, called the convention to order. Mayor Paul Capdevielle of New Orleans and Gov. W. W. Heard addressed the delegates in speeches of welcome, and President Parry responded. The President's report was then read.

In discussing the labor question the report said:

"It is impossible to hide our eyes to the fact that a large mass of the people, forgetful of the liberties and blessings they now enjoy, are with restless ardor striving to force the Nation to what must eventually mean industrial disaster, if not anarchy and despotism.

"Organized labor, an army presumably 2,000,000 strong, feeling its strength and exultant over many victories it had won, concluded last Winter that the time was ripe to make Congress engraft upon the statute books of the Nation its sprigs of Socialism, legalizing those denials of individual rights which it has heretofore sought to enjoin by force. It drew up and fathered the eight-hour and anti-injunction bills, the former of which could well have been entitled 'An act to repeal the bill of rights guaranteeing the freedom of the individual,' and the latter should have been termed 'A bill to legalize strikes and boycotts.'

"The introduction in Congress of such measures as these and the support they received there and from the press and public is to only be regarded as ominous manifestations of the deep-seated power of an organization which in late years has had such an insidious growth that we find it dominating to a dangerous degree the whole social, political, and governmental systems of the Nation.

"If organized labor had succeeded in getting its two bills enacted into law, more measures of a similar character would have followed close upon their heels, and we should have found Socialism stealing upon us at a rapid rate.

DEMANDS OF THE UNIONS.

"Once thoroughly alive to the true nature of this un-American institution of organized labor as at present conducted, the people, I firmly believe, will place their stamp of disapproval upon it and it will dwindle in power faster than it grew. Perhaps a new form of unionism will take its place—a benificent unionism—for the right of the workmen to organize within the spirit of the Federal Constitution is not to be disputed.

"The employers of this country have no quarrel with the men that work for them, considered as individuals. The welfare of those who toil in our factories calls for our most earnest consideration. But what we do protest against is the unwarranted usurpation of rights and the disastrous industrial policy which characterizes them in their present associated capacity.

"Organized labor knows but one law, and that is the law of physical force—the law of the Huns and Vandals, the law of the savage. All its purposes are accomplished either by actual force or by the threat of force. It does not place its reliance in reason and justice, but in strikes, boycotts, and coercion. It is in all essential features a mob power, knowing no master except its own will, and is continually condemning or defying the constituted authorities.

"It extends its tactics of coercion and intimidation over all classes, dictating to the press and to the politicians, and strangling independence of thought and American manhood.

"It denies to those outside its ranks the individual right to dispose of their labor as they see fit—a right that is one of the most sacred and fundamental of American liberty.

"It holds a bludgeon over the head of the employer, laying down the terms upon which he shall be permitted to do business. It says to him that he must deal direct with the union.

"It denies to the individual the right of being his own judge as to the length of time he shall work and as to how much he shall do within the time prescribed, and seeks to place men in all ways in each particular trade on the same dead level as respects his daily output and his daily wage.

"It drives unwillingly men into its ranks by its policy of intimidation. Thousands of its members are such to-day, not because they sympathize with its purposes, but because they fear the consequences of not yielding to its tyranny.

"While it seeks to compel men already employed in the trades to enlist under its banner, it at the same time seeks to prevent outsiders from entering the trades.

GREAT TRUST OF MUSCLE.

"Organized labor is an organization of manual labor, trained and untrained, of men who do as they are told and who depend upon the brains of others for guidance. That wide field of labor in which mental capacity is a greater or less requisite on the part of the workers is not represented by it, and cannot be for the obvious impossibility of organizing brains.

"The rule that organized labor seeks to establish is therefore the rule of the least intelligent portion of labor. A comprehension of this fact explains why its leaders are found to be agitators and demagogues, men who appeal to prejudice and envy, who attempt to stir up hatred of wealth and ability, and who in incendiary speeches attempt to stir up men to seize by physical force that which their merit cannot obtain for them.

"Composed as it is of the men of muscle rather than the men of intelligence, and commanded by leaders who are at heart disciples of revolution, it is not strange that organized labor stands for principles that are in direct conflict with the natural laws of economics. Its first great principle is that an arbitrary division of production would be better than the division regulated by natural law, provided, however, that it can dictate what this division shall be.

"Who can say that any man-made plan for the division of production will be less unjust than the natural law? The artificial division of consumable wealth means despotism, tyranny, and slavery. It means the death knell of progress. It means ruin to civilization.

"The natural division of consumable wealth so long recognized in this country means freedom, means justice, means progress. We owe everything to the freedom that has characterized our industrial system. Thrown upon his own resources, the individual has been spurred on to high effort, and the result has been progress in all directions.

"Organized labor, with characteristic obtuseness, assumes that productive capital has been seized in some piratical manner by those who possess it, and that therefore it is legitimate spoils for those who can seize it. It is apparently oblivious to the fact that progress is dependent upon the amount of productive capital in use, for it is capital that multiplies the productive capacity of men, and the more wealth produced the more there is for distribution.

"Organized labor is particularly denunciatory of trusts, but what greater trust is there than itself? It is the grand trust of the times. It is the mule trust, the trust of men who make their living by manual labor. It is not only a trust itself, it is a creator of other trusts—of capitalistic trusts, as distinguished from labor trusts. One of the leading causes for the formation of a number of the industrial combinations has been the necessity that has confronted employers to unite that the exactions of labor might be more effectively dealt with.

"Organized labor is not only seeking to govern with its tentacles all the manual workers of the cities and factories, but it is also sending out its agitators in the farm districts. Unions of the latter are reported as rapidly growing in Illinois and Indiana. It is also stated that they are preparing to exact double the wages heretofore paid for this class of labor.

"Organized labor and the Socialist Party differ in one essential respect. The former seeks to bring about Socialism by forcible methods and the latter seeks the same end through the ballot box. Its attempts to compel the shortening of the hours of labor without regard to the effect on industrial welfare, its dictation of uniform wage scales, which place the indolent and inept on the same footing with energy and capability, and the absolute power it arrogates to itself over the individual on the theory that the individual has no rights which the many need respect, are all cardinal principles of Socialism. Socialism is a denial of individual and property rights, and so also is trade unionism when reduced to its last analysis.

CHICAGO UNIONS' STRONGHOLD.

"Chicago, second city of the United States, is the stronghold of unionism in this country. It is in that city that the tyranny of organized labor has reached its greatest oppression. It is there that political chicanery and organized labor have joined hands for the mulcting of the business interests of the city.

"From the restless elements of Chicago emanates that great stream of Socialistic virus which, if allowed to flow unrestricted, will poison the entire Nation. Chicago cries for redemption. Trade unionism has reached a point where it has become a menace to all decent and law-abiding citizens. Shocking industrial crimes are committed in that city in the name of organized labor, but such is the paralyzed hand of the law that it is next to impossible to bring about a conviction of the misguided men who seek to better their own condition by destroying the property and lives of others.

"This condition prevails, and it is needless for Chicago to deny it. The records of her own courts, of her own daily papers, show it. The suppressed yet indignant protests of her citizens have been and are passed by unheeded. The voice of public conscience is hushed from terrorization."

Mr. Parry then recited the murders of five men which took place in Chicago "in the name of organized labor," the victims all being non-union men. He described the inability of the courts of justice to convict any of the murderers because of the fear felt by jurors that they "in turn might be assassinated." He concluded the Chicago paragraph with the prophecy that Chicago "will be in the hands of martial law in a very few months, unless there is an awakening of the civic pride which shall put an end to the lawlessness now throttling the city."

The American Federation of Labor was denounced as an organization which "breeds boycotters, picketers, and Socialists" and the source whence proceed such noxious emanations as the eight-hour and anti-conspiracy bills. The speaker denounced conciliation as a myth and arbitration as a failure, holding that there can be no conciliation or arbitration when a gun is pointed at the head of employers and they are forced to arbitrate whether they will or not.

As a cure for the many "evils confronting employers" Mr. Parry recommended organization among manufacturers and employers which shall embrace the last employer in the United States, the various minor organizations to be combined in a grand National federation.

The rest of the report dealt mostly with the new Department of Commerce and the question of reciprocity. Mr. Parry recommends the maximum and minimum tariff as a solution of the reciprocity question.

Marshall Cushing, National Secretary, read his annual report, showing an increase in membership of 100 per cent. during the last year and a satisfactory financial condition. The Chairman announced his standing committees. The afternoon session was devoted to discussion of annual reports and the offering of resolutions. Among the resolutions introduced were the following:

Indorsing the organization of non-union workmen and pledging the association to their support.

Pledging the support and assistance of members to any member under union boycott.

Condemning the convict labor system.

Providing a committee of five to make an effort to settle the present tariff differences between the United States and Russia.

Providing for an Association Bureau of Labor to investigate and attempt to adjust the labor troubles of members, and to endeavor to organize and promote a non-union workmen's association to be known as "The Workingman's Liberty Union."

Urging tariff revision on general lines.

Favoring measures to increase the elasticity of the currency.

The delegates are being entertained by New Orleans in hospitable fashion.

STRIKERS' PICKETS OUTWITTED

Ironworkers from Cleveland, Ohio, Arrive at Navy Yard on Steamboat on Which They Will Live.

In the fierce war that is being waged at the Brooklyn Navy Yard between the Brown Hoisting Company of Cleveland, Ohio, and the delegates of the Housesmiths and Bridge Builders' Union, the company has performed a neat flank movement, and there is gnashing of teeth and tearing of hair among the union men.

The delegates, who have hung about the gates of the yard for the past week, had succeeded in getting nearly the entire force of non-union men employed by the Brown Company in the building of the big cantilever crane, to be used in the construction of the battleship Connecticut, to abandon the work, when Vice President Alexander Brown came on from Cleveland and looked things over. He found that it was useless to continue hiring local non-union men, as these had to leave the yard to go to their homes and feared to return.

Mr. Brown sent to Cleveland for men from the company's works, and then he chartered the Hudson River night boat William C. Redfield. Twenty-three men arrived in this city from Cleveland on Monday evening, and yesterday morning they were taken to the yard on the Redfield. The boat was tied up at the yard, and the men were informed that it would be their home while they were at work on the crane. All of the men were pleased with the idea, as it did away with the necessity of their leaving the yard at any time. The best staterooms on the boat have been turned over to the workmen, and their three meals a day on board will be made up of the best the boat's larder affords, all at the company's expense. Mr. Brown yesterday told them that he would put a billiard table on the boat for their amusement if they wanted it.

The Brown people declare that they will spare no expense to beat the union in the fight and complete the work on the big crane, interference with which, it is said, will seriously delay the construction of the Connecticut.

COURT FINES BOY PICKETS.

They Were Accused of Interfering with Boy Who Would Not Strike.

Two boy pickets named Charles Reymandes of 243 West Twenty-ninth Street and John Wagner of 501 West Fifty-fourth Street, who were charged with interfering with the workers of the Metropolitan Switch Board Company, 27 West Twenty-ninth Street, were arraigned before Magistrate Cornell in the West Side Court yesterday. The charge against them was disorderly conduct, and the complainant was a boy named Samuel Lustig of 1,086 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, who is employed by the company but did not join in the strike.

The strike took place on Monday because one of the foremen had been discharged. Lustig charged that the boys, when he was outside of the factory, had beaten him because he would not join the ranks of the strikers.

Magistrate Cornell gave the two boys a severe lecture and fined them $10 each.

ICED WATER FOR TENEMENTS.

Woman's Municipal League Appeals for the Establishment of Fountains.

Approaching hot weather has caused the Woman's Municipal League to plan an extension of its work of supplying cold drinking water to the dwellers of the tenements, and with that object it has sent out an appeal to the public for funds and to landlords and lessees in suitable localities for sites for the fountains which the league proposes to erect.

Eight of these fountains were in operation all last Summer in the poorer districts. That they were appreciated was shown by the fact that on hot days they were the centres of crowds of women and children, with pails and pitchers, patiently awaiting their chance to bear a portion of the chilled water to their stifling homes, while many a thirsty laborer took the water and carried home the money that otherwise would have gone to saloon keepers. There was $1,500 then raised for the work, and experience showed that each fountain cost about $175 to establish and $75 for its maintenance during the season.

Contributions, however small, may be sent to the Treasurer, Mrs. Thomas M. Dillingham, 8 West Forty-ninth Street. Applicants for fountains are informed that they will only be placed upon permanent buildings where there are competent persons to take charge of them.

ELEVATED ROAD MEN FAIL TO GET DEMANDS.

An Appeal to be Made to Interborough Directors—What Manager Bryan Says.

Negotiations between the Executive Committee of the Elevated Railroad employes and General Manager Bryan of the system, with a view to averting the threatened strike, finally failed yesterday morning, after a half hour's conference at the offices of the road at 10 Dey Street, and late last night members of the committee declared that residents of Manhattan and the Bronx will do their traveling on the sidewalk level for some time to come, if a final appeal, which is to be made to-day to the full Board of Directors of the Interborough system, is productive of no better result.

The conference began at 10 o'clock. The men presented their grievances and their demand for a nine-hour day. They showed by the company's own records that many men, especially on the Ninth Avenue line, were forced to work seventeen hours a day, and that this time was so split up that in many cases they were kept from getting home at all.

The refusal to grant the nine-hour day was emphatic. The committee then withdrew to the home of one of their members, where they deliberated in secret for five hours. They said afterward that there would be but one intervening formality between the refusal of the directors to entertain their demands and the immediate declaration of the strike, and that would be the general meeting of the men which would be called to ratify the action of their Executive Committee.

Mr. Bryan's conference yesterday afternoon with President Belmont of the Interborough Company, at which the Manhattan Railroad troubles, among other matters, were discussed. Mr. Belmont afterward excused himself from talking on the subject.

Mr. Bryan said that the Interborough Company had given two advances to the men and it was difficult to say what they wanted. Regarding the demand for the nine-hour work day, he said:

"There is not a single railroad in the country on which there is a nine-hour work day. The men in New York, New Haven and Hartford men were working twelve hours a day and demanded a ten-hour work day. They compromised on an 11-hour work day. It is questionable if an absolute nine-hour work day is practicable under the present conditions, or that it would ever be practicable on the elevated roads.

Regarding the message sent by him to the Executive Committee of the men he said that the committee wanted him to select a day on which he could see its members again. He sent word to the Executive Committee, which was then in session, stating when he could meet them, which would be some day this week.

"I don't believe, however, they took any vote as to the strike," he continued. "In fact, I am pretty certain of it."

"Is there any danger of a strike?" he was asked.

"I don't know what they will do. As I told the employes' committee at the conference, we have not reached divorce proceedings yet. But, of course, I am not talking for the men."

THE CARPENTERS' STRIKE.

The Interior Decorators and Cabinet Makers' Association, which is composed of employing decorators and cabinet makers, has decided to employ union men who join the Amalgamated Carpenters' Society, on the ground that the Brotherhood of Carpenters by extending their strikes to the shops of the association violated a contract.

The Brotherhood of Carpenters has invited Representative Sullivan of the General Executive Board of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Hugh Duffy, General Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, to this city to consult with it regarding the carrying on the fight. They are expected to-day.

The Orient Building, at the southeast corner of Pearl and Wall Streets, is cut off from telephone service on account of a general building strike directed against the New York Telephone Company. The Electrical Works' Union charges that the company, which is doing electric wiring, employs non-union men. The building is one of the contracts of the George A. Fuller Company. The Fuller Company was willing to permit the stringing of the wires, but the interference of the unions made it impossible, as the strike made the carpenter work which was necessary an impossibility.

IRONWORKERS' STRIKE OFF.

The strike of the structural ironworkers in New York and other cities throughout the country against the American Bridge Company, it was stated on good authority yesterday, has been declared off by President Frank Buchanan of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers. This action, it was said, was taken pending negotiations for a settlement of the entire trouble.

At the office of the company a representative of the company stated late yesterday afternoon that no committee of the ironworkers had called. He believed, however, that the entire trouble would soon be over.

President Buchanan ordered the strike originally in New York as well as in Pittsburg, Philadelphia, and other cities, and had, therefore, the power to call it off. He was said to be in New Haven yesterday, but is expected to be here to-day. Mr. Buchanan last week was sent on the local committee of the ironworkers appointed to confer with the employers regarding a settlement of the local strikes of the ironworkers against the company.

WOMAN DRUGGED AND ROBBED.

Mrs. Graham Received in Bellevue with Diamonds, Valued at $800, and Money Missing.

Rendered unconscious by the administration of some drug and driven through the city in a cab, Mrs. Clarence V. Graham of 87 West One Hundred and Third Street awoke at 11 o'clock yesterday morning to find herself in Bellevue Hospital. Diamonds valued at $800 and $55 had been stolen from her, according to the story of her husband, who is a member of the firm of Graham & Hammond, dealers in scales at 314 West Forty-second Street.

Mrs. Graham's story as related by him is that she started from her home at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon to do some shopping. She spent an hour in a store, when she became faint from the heat, and going to the street, asked a passer by to direct her to a restaurant. She went to the Greeley Square restaurant, adjoining the Manhattan Theatre, where, after she had had a cup of bouillon, an attendant insisted upon her drinking a glass of whisky, which she did, with the result that she felt better, and ordered a cab to take her to another dry goods store. At 6 o'clock she ordered the cabman to drive her to Mr. Graham's place of business.

Then she says she suddenly lost consciousness, and remembered nothing more till yesterday morning, when she was roused by the efforts of the cabman to eject her from the cab. She protested that she was ill and he desisted. She then sank into coma once more.

She was taken to Bellevue at about 8 o'clock by a cabman, who drove hurriedly away as soon as he had given her in charge. She was placed in the alcoholic ward, although she was not suffering from alcoholism. Dr. Frederickson, in charge of that ward, diagnosed her case as the effects of hydrate of chloral or some drug of similar properties such as might be used as "knock-out drops." In the afternoon she was removed to her home. The attendants at the restaurant did not recall Mrs. Graham's visit when asked about the case.

COLUMBIA'S GERMAN COUNT.

It was learned yesterday at Columbia that the university has been entertaining nobility unawares in the person of a German Count. His title in Germany is the Graf Rudolf Maximilian von Freiburg, but in this country he conceals his identity under the name of Otto Diedrich Rohlfs. He spent three years in the German universities, but having heard of Columbia from an American friend, he decided to finish his education here.

It is understood that he has large holdings in German salt mines, and as he is at present studying in the School of Mines of Columbia, it is thought that he is preparing himself for active participation in the running of his property.

The Count, who is not more than twenty years old, has curly blond hair which he wears very long. He stands 6 feet 3 inches in his stockings and has a distinguished military carriage. He speaks English fluently, but with a very pronounced accent. His favorite pastime is fencing, and his skill with the foils and broadsword is said to have won for him in Germany a reputation as a duellist. The Count appears to take great interest not only in his studies, but in all student affairs, and has made many friends among the undergraduates.

NEW POSTAL INQUIRY.

The Government Has Contracted to Repair at Its Own Expense Cancellation Machines It Rents.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A new subject was added to-day to the list under investigation by Assistant Postmaster General Bristow. It relates to the repairing of cancellation machines, and was brought to the attention of the department first by the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and then by the Controller of the Treasury. Mr. Bristow was instructed to look into it.

Cancellation machines are rented by the Government for the different Post Offices at a rental varying from $250 to $400 a year. It is necessary to have men travel about the country, visiting the different Post Offices, to inspect the machines and keep them in repair. This work is not done by the firms which rent the machines to the Government, but is done at Government expense, by the Post Office Department itself, according to the statement made by the Controller of the Treasury.

No appropriation has been made for such employes, and the men who do this work are put on the pay rolls as "bookkeepers," and draw pay as such. It is suspected that they are employes of the firms making the cancellation machines, in which case the Government would not only pay the rent of the machines, but would also be paying the firms, through their employes, for keeping their own machines in repair.

It has not yet been ascertained whether the contract with the cancellation machine people makes provision for this method of doing business. It does not appear the investigation will address itself to the question why such a contract was made. In any event, it is illegal to employ men as bookkeepers who actually do the work of machinists, and the Controller will probably order the holding up of their pay.

The case is somewhat complicated by the fact that the cancellation machines are rented from different companies.

REPAIRS TO THE MAINE.

Rear Admiral Bowles Says There Is No Structural Weakness—Smokeless Powder Partly at Fault.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Rear Admiral Bowles, Chief of the Bureau of Construction, at the request of the Secretary of the Navy, prepared the following statement of the nature of the repairs to be made to the battleship Maine:

"The officers who have examined the turrets of the Maine have found that the damage done consists largely in the loosening up and breaking of fastenings and rivets in the circular structure underneath the rollers and paths on which the turret is supported, and in no respect due to general structural weakness of the ship. The supports under the roller paths are of the usual construction, being built up of plates and angles.

"Since the date of the design of the Maine, however, the use of smokeless powder with higher pressure guns has been adopted, and the recoils allowed have been shortened; both of these improvements, while desirable in themselves, have greatly increased the strains on the supporting structure, which in actual test of firing has proved inadequate.

"Were it not for the great weight on the revolving part of the turret, amounting to over 400 tons, the fitting of the additional stiffening in the supports which has been decided to be necessary would not be a very elaborate work, but owing to the great superincumbent weight which must be supported and the inaccessibility of the parts, it is anticipated that the repairs will take some little time.

"The deformations of the decks in the vicinity of certain six-inch guns, due to the same general cause, are much less important and can easily be remedied. The Chief Constructor considers that no blame can be attached to the contractors for the Maine, as there was no evidence whatever of defective workmanship."

ASKS GERMANY TO EXPLAIN.

State Department Wants the Facts Connected with Deportation of Caroline Island Missionaries.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The State Department has asked the German Government for a statement of the facts connected with the deportation from the Island of Ruk to the Island of Ponape, another of the Caroline group, of a number of native students of the American missionary establishment there. The matter was brought to the attention of the State Department formally by the Rev. Dr. Judson Smith, Secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions, in a note reciting that these students had been harshly treated, according to the accounts reaching him, and asking that the State Department look after the welfare of the American missionaries in that quarter and see that their work was not needlessly interrupted. Dr. Smith knows nothing himself of the facts, but is simply acting upon statements that come to him from the missionaries on the island.

BOSTON, April 14.—The American Board of Foreign Missions has made public reports received from the Rev. M. L. Stimson and Miss Jennie D. Baldwin concerning the arrest recently, announced of native missionaries by the Captain of a German warship in the Caroline Islands.

These reports announce that those in custody number four, and that they were taken by the Captain of the German warship Cormoran. They were accused by a German trader of impropriety toward the German Government.

Mr. Stimson said that he went on board the Cormoran to look into the matter and he was received "without courtesy," being ordered to "move" and "stand" and "sit down" and "leave ship." He was not permitted to speak in defense of the accused. At a trial held on board the warship twenty heathen men, servants of the trader and adherents of his, testified against them, and it was decided to take the prisoners to Ponape.

Mr. Stimson, in his report, says: "We believe there is an espionage of our letters, and of your letters to us."

A letter from Miss Jennie D. Baldwin, who is associated with Mr. Stimson, to the board confirms the account of the arrest, and adds: "So far as we hear the boys are guiltless. The people testify that they preached simply from the book."

One case is a very sad one, as the young wife of one of the four became a mother in less than two weeks after her husband was taken prisoner.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED TOURS TO

LOS ANGELES AND THE PACIFIC COAST

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The Pennsylvania Railroad is the only railroad that will run tours to this Convention under its own auspices.

ASSEMBLY TOUR

MAY 18 TO JUNE 5, 1903.

Special Train of Pullman Dining and Drawing Room Sleeping Cars going via Denver, Salt Lake City, and San Francisco; returning via Albuquerque and Chicago.

RATE

$134.50 from New York

Returning independently on regular trains, $109.50 and $120.50 from New York, according to route selected.

YELLOWSTONE PARK TOUR

MAY 12 TO JUNE 23, 1903.

Special Train of Pullman Dining, Drawing Room Sleeping, and Observation Cars, going via Denver and Salt Lake City and returning via San Francisco, Portland, and Yellowstone Park.

RATE

$253.00 from New York

HOME MISSION TOUR

MAY 13 TO JUNE 11, 1903.

Special Train of Pullman Dining and Drawing-Room Sleeping Cars going via Chicago and the Grand Canyon of Arizona, returning via San Francisco, Salt Lake City, and Denver.

RATE

$159.00 from New York

Returning independently on regular trains, $121.00 and $132.00 from New York, according to route selected.

Proportionate rates from other points on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Tourist Agent, Chaperon, Official Stenographer and Special Baggage Master accompany each tour.

Rates quoted cover transportation, Pullman accommodations, and meals in dining car on special trains going and returning. Returning independently tickets cover transportation only.

Detailed itinerary will be sent on application to Tourist Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue, New York, or GEO. W. BOYD, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

FRUIT ACIDS

The value of fruit acids as part of the diet in health and as an aid to recovery in sickness is well known. In Welch's Grape Juice is offered the pure, unfermented juice of choicest Concord Grapes. The fruit acids and food properties of the grape are unchanged.

Welch's is the grape juice prescribed by Physicians because of its absolute purity.

No trouble to get the best if you ask for Welch's. The Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

A Sale of Trousers

JUST the kind you need After the storm. We know their value and wish you did.

It's a "chance" sale, that will do quick work. Trousers that fit and stay fit.

450 pairs at $2.95

600 pairs at $3.95

850 pairs at $5.00

A. RAYMOND & CO

Nassau, cor. Fulton St., N.Y. Est. 1857

Simpson Crawford Co.

Sixth Ave. 19th to 20th Sts.

TO-DAY. THE FAMOUS KALTENBORN ORCHESTRA. Fourth Floor. Piano Warerooms. AT 2:30 P. M.

Another Remarkable Sale of

Complete Bedding Outfits.

Fourth Floor.

We emphasize another remarkable sale—as the response to the one held two weeks ago was actually greater than the demand.

Now we're again ready with equally good offerings, with just as emphatic economies.

The Bedsteads are all of new designs. The Outfits are just such we'd be inclined to give you were we privileged to select for you.

OUTFIT NO. 1—White Enamelled Bedstead, 1⅜ inch posts, heavy brass top rail, vases and spindles, all sizes; value $11.00; iron spring made from heavy pipe tubing, woven steel wire, with a cable support at each end; value $4.00; fibre soft top mattress covered with A. C. A. ticking; value $5.00. Outfit complete..... $12.50

OUTFIT NO. 2—Metal Bedstead, Empire style, 1¼ inch continuous posts, white enamel, with heavy gold chills, 4 ft. 6 in. and 4 ft. sizes only; value $12.50; iron springs, double woven steel wire with highly tempered helical spring on each end; value $6.00; one 40-lb. hair mattress made from black mixed hair, covered with fancy ticking; value $10.00. Outfit complete..... $22.50

OUTFIT NO. 3—Consists of Brass Bedstead, 1⅜ inch posts, massive mounts and vases, bow foot, all sizes; value $31.00; upholstered spring, covered with best ticking, with cleats for brass beds; value $10.00; one black hair mattress, full 40 lbs., covered with best quality ticking; value $12.00. Outfit complete..... $37.50

OUTFIT NO. 4—Consists of Brass Bedstead, 2 inch posts, extra high head board, ⅝ inch top rod, ¾ inch filling, massive mounts and vases, all sizes; value $35.00; upholstered rabbet edge, spring hair top, covered with best quality ticking; value $13.50; full 40 lb. hair mattress, made from best long drawing, covered with best quality tickings; value $30.00. Outfit complete..... $58.50

Other Big Furniture Values in the Sale.

Fifth Floor.

White Enamel Dressers, two large and two small drawers, shaped bevel mirrors; your choice of two styles; $17.25 value..... $12.50

White Enamel Dressers, shaped top drawers, or swell front, extra large size bevel mirror; your choice of three styles; $23.00 value. $15.00

White Enamel Chiffoniers, five drawers, without mirror; your choice of two styles; $11.00 value..... $7.50

Our special Chiffonier, 30 inches wide, full swell front, dust proof drawers, French bevel mirror, either shaped or oval, highly polished, in Golden Oak, Bird's-eye Maple, Curly Birch and Mahogany; $33.00 value..... $24.00

White Enamel Chiffoniers, 5 drawers, with French bevel mirror; your choice of two styles; $14.25 value..... $8.50

White Enamel Chiffoniers, 6 drawers, two top drawers, shaped fronts, French bevel mirror, shaped or oval; your choice of two styles; $21.00 value..... $12.50

White Enamel Wash Stands, your choice of one style; $6.50 value..... $4.50

White Enamel Wash Stands, your choice of three styles; $9.00 value..... $6.00

Genuine Golden Oak Dressers, highly polished, cast brass handles, bevel plate mirror, 2 small and 2 large drawers; your choice of three styles; $12.50 value..... $8.50

Golden Oak Dressers, 2 top drawers, swell fronts, shaped French bevel mirror; your choice of three styles; $20.00 value..... $12.50

Our special Dresser—45 inches wide, full swell front, dust proof drawers, French bevel mirror, either shaped or oval, highly polished, in Golden Oak, Bird's-eye Maple, Curly Birch and Mahogany; $35.00 value, for..... $24.50

Chiffonier of Genuine Golden Oak, 3 large and 2 small drawers and hat box, well finished; $9.00 value..... $5.00

Golden Oak Chiffonier, 5 large drawers, with oval bevel mirror, 2 styles to choose from; $12.50 value..... $7.50

Mattings. Third Floor.

New fresh Mattings, our own importations of exclusive designs and colorings. In medium and high grade, Japan and China.

Thousands of rolls, embracing over 600 patterns.

JAPANESE MATTING.

Cotton Warp Matting, diamond and block effects..... $7.25

Extra heavy Cotton Warp, large and small figures..... $9.25

Inlaid figures and carpet patterns, $10.25

Linen Warp, closely woven, geometrical designs..... $11.25

Reversible, plain and fancy or Scotch Plaid effects..... $12.00

Linen Warp, selected designs and colorings..... $13.50

Extra quality carpet and floral patterns..... $15.50

High grade Linen Warp, large floral designs..... $17.50

Inlaid Matting, made from selected rice straw, linen warp, figures woven through and through, making it perfectly reversible and very durable. Positively the finest Japanese matting imported.

Half rolls of the above at same rate; $25.00 value..... $13.50

CHINA MATTING.

Extra heavy jointless China Matting, in small blocks and fine effects..... $4.75

Selected Seamless Mattings, in reds, greens and blues..... $5.50

Extra quality, closely woven, jointless..... $7.00

Reversible, very heavy, in all colors, $8.50

Fine closely woven Matting, in all colors..... $9.50

Selected designs and extra quality, $10.50

116 Warp Matting, will wear for years, in checks and pin effects, $11.50

High grade China Matting, made from selected straw, plain white and figured, positively the best China Matting made, $12.50

Half rolls of any of the above at same rate.

Hotel Keepers and Cottagers are invited to inspect our large and varied stock of Rugs for Summer homes.

Rugs. Third Floor.

India Dhurries and Japanese Rugs.

Domestic Rugs at unusually low prices.

Royal Wilton Rugs, from the looms of a famous mill. A large assortment to choose from.

Oriental and domestic designs.

One of the most durable and handsome domestic Rugs made.

9x12 feet, $35.00 value..... $28.50

8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., $30.00 value..... $24.50

6x9 feet, $20.00 value..... $17.50

Bigelow Axminster Rugs in new spring patterns.

9x12 feet..... $22.50

8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in..... $20.00

6x9 feet..... $14.75

High grade Smyrna Rugs, all wool guaranteed quality, Turkish and Persian patterns.

9x12 feet..... $22.50

7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in..... $16.50

6x9 feet..... $10.50

4x7 feet..... $6.40

3x6 feet..... $3.25

2 ft. 6 in. x 5 feet..... $2.25

18x36 inches..... 85

Linens. First Floor.

A splendid collection—and all very popular in price. Moving and house-cleaning time, too, when you most need them.

ALL-LINEN TABLE DAMASK.

50 pieces bleached satin damask, 64 inches wide, heavy make, newest patterns; regularly 60c. yard..... 50

75 pieces bleached satin Damask, 67 inches wide, in clover, fleur de lis, pansy, scroll and spot patterns; value 85c. yard..... 70

76 pieces bleached double Damask, 72 inches wide, handsome patterns; yard..... 90

PATTERN TABLE CLOTHS, of Scotch manufacture, and Napkins to match.

2 yards long; value $2.25..... $1.70

2½ yards long; value $2.95..... $2.20

3 yards long; value $3.50..... $2.70

NAPKINS TO MATCH.

Breakfast size; value $2.50 dozen, $1.90

Dinner size; value $3.25 dozen, $2.70

NAPKINS AND DOYLIES.

300 dozen All-Linen Napkins, 21x21 inches, dozen..... $1.50

250 dozen Dinner Napkins, 23x23 inches, dozen..... $1.75

200 dozen Dinner Napkins, heavy make, dozen..... $2.00

Hemstitched Napkins, satin damask, dozen..... $2.75

FANCY LINENS.

Hemstitched or scalloped edges Doylies and Centre pieces—

6 inch 9 inch 12 inch

10c & 25c 16c & 35c 25c & 50c

Linen Centre Pieces, 18 inches square, with scalloped edge or fancy hand drawn openwork, each 50, 70 and..... 85

Bureau Scarfs, hemstitched, with fancy openwork, 16x54 inches; value 75c., each..... 50

Tray and Carving Cloths, in damask or plain linen; some with openwork, 18x27 inches, each..... 22

TOILET AND BATH TOWELS.

Hemmed Huck Towels, 18x35 inches; white or with colored borders; value $1.75 dozen..... $1.35

Hemmed Huck Towels, heavy make, pure linen; dozen..... $1.50

Hemstitched and Hemmed Huck Towels, 20x39 inches; dozen..... $2.25

Hemstitched Huck Towels, 22x44 inches; pure linen, plain white, with damask border; dozen..... $2.75

Heavy Absorbent Turkish Bath Towels, full bleach and large size; each..... 22

WHITE BED SPREADS.

White Crochet Bed Spreads, full size, ready hemmed; each..... 90

White Crochet Spreads, full size, hemmed or with fringe; each..... $1.18

White Satin Spreads, double bed size, newest designs; value $3.00 each, $2.25

HEMSTITCHED LINEN SHEETS.

Hemstitched Linen Sheets, soft finish, 2x2½ yards; value $2.75, each $1.95

Hemstitched Linen Sheets, 2½x2½ yards; value $3.00 each, at..... $2.25

HEMSTITCHED LINEN PILLOW CASES.

22½x36 inches; each..... 45 and 60

COTTON SHEETS.

500 dozen Hemmed Cotton Sheets, 1½x2½ yards, for single beds, each, 38

300 dozen Hemmed Cotton Sheets, 2x2½ yards, for three-quarter beds; each..... 43

300 dozen Hemmed Cotton Sheets, 2½x2½ yards, for double beds; each, 53

4,000 dozen Hemmed Cotton Pillow Cases, good quality, 22½x36 inches; each..... 9

The Wanamaker Store

Wanamaker Clothing for Men

THERE are two reasons for the remarkable success of the WANAMAKER CLOTHING STORE in New York. The primary reason is, of course, the fact that the WANAMAKER STORE, in Philadelphia, was a clothing business many years before it was a general store. We started in to sell better clothing for men away back in 1861, and the WANAMAKER name has been a synonym of progress in the betterment of men's clothing every year, and every season since it started forty-two years ago.

And again, the WANAMAKER CLOTHING STORE is a stronger and better clothing store because of the allied lines which have reduced expenses of management, and aided us in selling the finest clothing that can be produced ready-made for men, at lower prices than can be found elsewhere. Today WANAMAKER ready-made clothing stands at the top, for the character of clothes that a man can buy, in quality for price paid.

Every fabric used in the WANAMAKER clothing is absolutely pure wool. Some very good-looking clothing is sold in a great many very good clothing stores which is part cotton. It makes a very handsome appearance at its price, and tempts many men into buying it. The WANAMAKER STORE never risks creating the dissatisfaction which is sure to follow such a purchase. Not only are our fabrics absolutely pure wool, but there is thorough workmanship in the producing of every garment; and in all but the lower priced lines, there is the same kind of hand-work on collars and buttonholes as if the suit were made to order. Every suit of clothes we sell is sewed with pure silk thread. Knowing as we do the thorough goodness inside and out of the clothing we sell, we guarantee every garment absolutely, and if any piece should fail to give satisfaction for any reason, we are more anxious to right the wrong than you could be to have it righted.

Here are a few suggestions of our principal lines of Sack Suits for men:

At $15—Of all-wool fancy cheviots and neat worsteds. We show the largest assortment and the best styles in the city.

At $18 and $20—The assortment is very complete, comprising the very newest fabrics, and in many cases styles that are not found in other clothing stores.

At $25 and $30—Many of the styles in this range will be found in the swell custom shops at double our price. Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Hats for Men and Boys

THE advent of the WANAMAKER HAT STORE into New York merchandising has caused a considerable revision of ideas as to the selling of hats in this city.

New records for business done in one day are constantly being made—figures that until now would have been believed impossible to reach.

And this Hat Store is remarkable in some other ways:

It presents the broadest stock of Men's and Boys' Derbies, Soft Hats, and Caps to be found in the city, in variety of blocks, and range of prices.

It is the only hat store in New York that carries both derbies and soft hats of the famous John B. Stetson make—including the "Lynn," a soft hat designed by us and made by Stetson.

It is splendidly easy of access for the man in a hurry—on the south-east corner of Broadway and Ninth Street.

And when he gets into the store, it's the hardest thing in the world for him to avoid finding precisely the hat he's looking for, among this collection:

Stetson Derbies and Soft Hats, in the "Featherweight" and "Self-conforming" qualities, the lightest-weight hats made; for comfort equal to a soft hat. In black and various shades of the new browns. $3.50 and $5.

Stetson Soft Hats, in all the new flanges for Spring, in black, pearl and two shades of nutria. $3.50 to $7.

Our $3 Derbies and Soft Hats form a superbly complete assortment; and are unequaled in quality and style. In all the latest blocks, flanges and shades. This line includes the "Imperial" $3 hats in splendid assortment.

Our new "Lynn" Hat, the latest of the styles in young men's Soft Hats for Spring. In black, pearl and nutria. Made especially for us by John B. Stetson. $3.50.

The "Wanamaker" Special" Derbies and Soft Hats at $2, offer a variety of stylish blocks, copied after the best models, and are unmatchable at the price.

Boys' and Young Men's Derbies and Soft Hats in complete assortment, at $1.50, $2 and $3.

Men's and Boys' Golf Caps, in new materials, 50c and $1.

Men's Hat Store in Annex, 770 Broadway.

Framed Pictures at $4
Worth $7.50

WE have just received a collection of about one hundred handsomely framed free-hand pastels, which we are able to sell at about half price. There is quite a wide variety of well-selected landscape and marine subjects, mounted on heavy white mats, with fine gilt frames 20x30 in., with burnished gold ornaments.

While these pictures will make handsome additions to the decoration of the city home, they are particularly attractive just now by reason of the many Summer homes which are to be furnished. They are practically the same as pictures we have in regular stock at $7.50; these at $4 each. Picture Store, Fifth floor.

Women's Shoes
For April Weather

A PAIR of good heavy shoes on a day like yesterday, is worth a good many subsequent doctors' bills. And every woman needs a pair of such stout walking shoes for rainy days now; and for tramping or climbing later on in the Summer.

We just want to mention two sorts of shoes that we'd like to have you ask for, when you come shoe-buying next time. They are the very kinds we've been talking about, and you will find them serviceable, sensible, comfortable, good-looking—and fairly priced:

STYLE 445—THREE DOLLARS

Women's Kidskin Lace Boots, with heavy single soles of oak leather, medium extension. The best value in quality and service that we know. One of our Wanamaker-Reliable models.

STYLE 279—FIVE DOLLARS

Women's French wax-finished Calfskin Lace Boots, made on a particularly comfortable and strikingly stylish new model last; soles are stitched to extend slightly all round; heels substantial, but not clumsy.

Main floor Shoe Store.

Raincoats For Women

YESTERDAY tested the waterproofness of your costume from top to toe. Also your strength of wrist, to keep an umbrella from soaring away to the clouds.

The woman with a raincoat was to be envied by her sisters. Perhaps *you* did some of the envying—wouldn't you like to be among the envied next time?

You won't have much difficulty in selecting the proper raincoat from this stock. First, there are the smooth-finished waterproof English cloths, made into American raincoats in the best possible manner. These are $18 to $28.

Then there are the strictly American garments, of various sorts of cravenetted cloths, in Oxford gray, tan, and olive, in a great many charming styles. $15 to $34.

The Paris rainproof and showerproof coats of silk-and-rubber, or silk alone, suggest almost anything else but their real purpose—they're so light and dainty, and generally bewitching. But they're practical, just the same. $20 to $37.50.

The collection was never better than it is today.

Second floor, Broadway.

Boys' Clothing

IF your boy is not already provided with his clothing for the warmer weather you are interested, of course. There is no specialty store anywhere that gives more expert thought in the matter of supplying attractive clothing for boys.

We show today practically every good idea that has been brought out this season, beginning with the inexpensive washable suits and going up through the imported fabrics, showing beautiful styles in chambray, linen, pique and galatea, in Russian and sailor blouse styles. Prices range from 95c to $6.50.

Today we also have a special offering in Russian Blouse Suits, of striped and plain chambray; some with sailor collars, others made in the regular military style with two belts; sizes for 2½ to 6 years. Regularly sold at $3.50; today at $1.75 a suit. Second floor, Ninth street.

The Sale of Gold Jewelry

THE variety is as broad as ever today, partly because public interest was dampened yesterday. The pieces are in the most artistic designs of the season, made up in ten-karat gold, copied after some of the best ideas in the very finest jewelry. While the usual prices of ten-karat jewelry are naturally quite low, this present offering is still an additional one-third lower than the ordinary prices, by reason of our securing a manufacturer's surplus stock.

There is a very wide variety to choose from in practically all sorts of jewelry required for Summer wear.

Here are suggestions:

Brooches, in plain, Roman and rose gold finish; also set with fancy stones, 85c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.65, $1.75, $1.85, $2, $2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $3.75.

Scarf Pins, plain and set with stones, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1, $1.25 and $1.85.

Hat Pins, in Roman and rose gold finish, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $2.

Link Buttons, polished, Roman and rose gold finish, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.

Cuff Pins, 75c, 90c and $1.25 pair.

Fobs, in polished, Roman and rose gold finish; some with charms, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.25, $3.50, $4, $4.25, $4.50 and $5.

Shirt Studs, $1.35, $1.50 and $2, for set of 3.

Women's single-stone Diamond Rings, $3, $4.50, $5, $5.25, $6, $7.

Women's Fancy Stone Rings, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $3.75.

Men's and Women's Signet Rings, $2.25, $2.50, $3.25, $3.75, $4, $4.25, $4.75, $5 and $7.50.

Men's Stone Rings, $3, $3.50, $4.50, $4.75 and $5.75.

Jewelry Store, Broadway and 10th.

The Angelus Piano Player
A Misnomer

THE greatest wrong which the public may have done to the *Angelus* since it was made, or the sharpest criticism which any enemy might have made, is scarcely a greater injustice to this marvelous instrument than the limitation placed upon its character by the makers in calling it a piano player.

The Angelus does not play the piano. It has no force or power in its make-up. It is not an attachment, as it is never fastened to a piano. People writing to us have asked how long the *Angelus* will run after it is wound up! Showing that the term piano player has caused misunderstanding and misapprehension among the general public. If the real qualities of the Angelus were understood by the general public, the available supply that the factory could turn out in the next year would probably be exhausted in a month.

The *Angelus* is simply *the means* for playing the piano. The *Angelus* reads the notes and strikes the keys. It takes the place of years of drudgery in studying music and training the fingers. We all admire the agility and skill of great piano players, the nimbleness and strength of fingers, the quickness of the eyes and hands. But these things are not what the real musician wishes to be admired for. The *result* is everything—the musician's interpretation of the music of the ages. It is the harmony of sound that comes in response to the heart and brain of the performer.

The *Angelus* does the *work* of producing music. The eyes are no longer taxed, the arms and fingers are no longer required to perform a labor of Hercules in producing the music. With the *Angelus* the performer has leisure to dream the music as it comes from the piano. His every thought and pulsation is responded to by the Angelus. The most delicate and dainty touching of the keys responds with absolute fidelity to the desire of the performer. And while it is true that the veriest tyro can play most beautifully by aid of the *Angelus*, the musical artist can add infinitely to the interpretation and expression when using it.

The *Angelus* music gives ample guides for interpreting the music, according to the instructions of the composer; but it is by no means the thought of the Angelus makers to provide an instrument to produce music in a slavish way, over some given interpretation. Paderewski could not satisfy you if he endeavored to interpret the little melody to which your mother rocked the cradle. The Angelus gives you the power to give just these little touches of expression, the time, tone and phrasing just as you wish to produce it.

There are many kinds of piano players on the market which seem to be similar in appearance to the Angelus. Any of them will play a march or two-step. Any of them will play fast or slow, loud or soft; but this alone is not real music. Real music consists of delicate and dainty shading which comes from the human heart, and the Angelus is positively the only instrument through whose aid you can play all kinds of music, and give the composition the exact shading of expression which you yourself most like.

You know how expressionless conversation would be if it were not possible to emphasize the words which you particularly wish to impress upon your listener. It would be equally monotonous to play music, no matter how perfectly, if you were not able to dwell on notes here, accent or soften other notes there; and, when so desired, bring out the melody clear and strong, and the accompaniment soft, or vice versa. Otherwise music would be entirely devoid of human feeling; and yet there is not a piano player on the market that can give this expression to the melody, that has within it the possibility of emphasizing certain notes, lifting the harmony above the rattle of the accompaniment, except the *Angelus*, which is so much more than a mere piano player.

With the *Angelus* YOU are the performer. Instead of ten fingers you have *sixty-five*, each one controlled absolutely by your own brain, marvelously responsive to your own shades of feeling, just as responsive as your own nerves to your touch, by aid of the marvelous devices placed at the ends of your finger tips.

These things are hard to believe. We do not expect any one to believe them without seeing. The writer was just as skeptical on every point until each of these separate points was shown and proven by the player. Such marvelous tone shading, such delicate fingering, such positive accentuation of tone, are things beyond belief by any argument but the actual seeing and hearing of one's own individual senses.

We simply desire that you will give us an opportunity to demonstrate these things to you, and show you just what marvelous powers the *Angelus* possesses. And when you have seen what can be done with the aid of the *Angelus*, we are perfectly satisfied to have you hear any other piano-playing device that exists. When the powers of the *Angelus* are fully realized no other instrument will satisfy. Piano Store, Fifth floor.

Plain and Fancy Mohairs

One of the Season's Most Popular Fabrics

MOHAIRS have been known as a refined and serviceable fabric as far back as any woman can remember; but their popularity has grown vastly with the attractiveness that has been added during recent years, particularly this present season, by the new ideas in the way of patterns.

The Mohair is light and cool, it tailors handsomely, has a glossy finish, and is shown in the neatest and smartest effects that could be desired. This season they are used broadly for shirt-waists, street gowns, long wraps and traveling costumes. Naturally, our stock is exceptionally broad to satisfy fully the unusual demand.

Here are suggestions of sorts and prices:

At $1.50 a yard—Melange Sicilians.

At $1 a yard—Fancy Pin-dotted Mohair, in combination of navy blue-and-white.

At 75c a yard—Nub Yarn Striped Mohair, in combinations of navy blue-and-white.

At 65c a yard—Pin-dot Jacquard Figured Mohairs, in combinations of navy blue-and-white and black-and-white.

At 65c a yard—Self-colored Corded Mohairs, in different width cords, in navy blue.

At 65c a yard—Self-colored Striped Mohairs, in several width stripes, in navy blue.

At 50c a yard—Pin-dot Melange Mohair, with pin-dots on gray mixtures.

At 50c a yard—Pin-Striped Mohairs; navy blue-and-white and black-and-white.

At 50c a yard—Metal Printed Mohairs; designs in dots, small figures and stripes, in white metal on navy blue-and-black.

At 45c a yard—Pin-striped Melange Mohair.

At 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard—Plain Self-colored Mohairs.

At 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard—Plain Self-colored Sicilians.

At 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard—Cream Mohairs.

At 45c, to $1.25 a yard—Cream Sicilians.

At 65c a yard—Polka-dot Mohairs in colors on cream.

At $1 a yard—Striped Mohairs in colors on cream.

At $1 a yard—Self-colored Cream Mohairs, in figures and stripes.

At 50c to $1.50 a yard—Plain Black Mohairs.

At 50c to $2 a yard—Plain Black Sicilian.

At 50c, 65c and 75c a yard—Black Figured and Figured Striped Mohair.

At $1.50 to $2.50 a yard—Black Cravenette Sicilians.

At $1 a yard—Black Corded Mohairs.

At $1 a yard—Black Fancy Striped Mohair. Fourth avenue.

$5, $6 and $8 Hats for Women

ONE of the most attractive Millinery Shops in New York City is this new Basement Salon just recently opened. The interest is continuous because new supplies of hats are received every morning. Interest is positively enthusiastic, because of the unusually refined character of the hats selling in this Salon at $5, $6 and $8.

Every hat is individually made up by an expert milliner, and no two hats are made exactly alike. All of the materials used in the making are high-grade—even the lining is of silk. All are hats that will appeal to the most refined taste. In fact, inexpensive hats at WANAMAKER'S have been so much appreciated by women who never thought of buying low-priced hats, that we are now selling three or four of these inexpensive hats to women who prefer the variety, rather than putting all the money into a single hat.

The new Basement Salon has all the appointments of a quiet millinery store where there is no confusion—ample space and comfortable chairs for trying on the hats being in the same pleasant way as if prices were double. Hats of every shape for wear with street costumes, shirt-waist suits, as well as most artistic dress hats at $5, $6 and $8.

Upholstery News

ECONOMIES in housefurnishings are always grateful; particularly when you're fitting up a country house. Then savings on portieres, curtains, couch covers and similar home brighteners are doubly acceptable.

And then there's your all-the-year-round house to be looked after—furniture to be re-upholstered, slip covers to be provided, and all the rest of it.

Hence there's timeliness and economy combined in these offerings.

PORTIERES

New Mercerized Tapestries, in armure styles:

At $4.75 a pair, from $6.75—Fringed top and bottom in solid colors, figured.

At $6.25 a pair, from $7.50—With fine stripes running across curtains, in two-toned effect; fringed top and bottom.

At $5 a pair, from $6.50—With pretty narrow tapestry borders of Turkish design, appliqued on solid colors; plain edges.

COUCH COVERS

Of reversible tapestry, in Turkish designs and colors; good durable covers selected from our present stock; 60x108 in.; at $5 each, instead of $7.25.

LOUNGING PILLOWS

Coverings are selections from our stock of fine damasks and tapestries, neatly made with button corners. Ordinarily sold for $2.25 and $3 each; now $2.

FURNITURE COVERINGS

Especially good offerings of cotton tapestries and silk damasks;

Cotton Tapestries—Now 65c, 85c, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 a yard; were 85c, $1.35, $1.75, $2 and $2.25.

Silk Damasks—Now $1.50, $1.85, $2.25, $2.75, $3.75 and $5.75 a yard; were $2, $2.85, $2.75, $3.75, $5.50 and $4.75.

Third floor.

Lea Corsets

THESE new corsets are rapidly becoming prime favorites by reason of their extreme grace of design, their correct lines, and up-to-dateness in general. The various attractive new models are calculated to meet the requirements of every imaginable figure. A particularly charming new corset is the model in silk brocade at $6.50, described below:

At $2.50—Of coutil; low bust, dip over hips, very flat over abdomen; garters attached; trimmed with lace and ribbon.

At $1.75—Of coutil; low bust, dip over hips, lace-trimmed.

At $4—Of coutil; low bust, bias sides, long hips and abdomen; lace-trimmed; for stout figures.

At $6.50—Of silk-figured batiste; long dip hips, low bust, lace-trimmed; garters attached.

At $6.50—Of silk brocade; low bust, short hips, garters attached; trimmed with dainty lace and ribbon; in blue and white.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Shirt-Waist Suits for Girls

THE tendency in the shirt-waist suits for the coming season is to lose their simplicity and become more elaborate, and consequently much more attractive than ever before.

This holds true as well of the suits for girls of 14 and 16 years as of those for grown-ups. Our collection of Girls' Shirt-waist Suits in new styles is splendidly varied—prices ranging from $5.50 to $29—the latter price for a charming suit of damask linen—the newest fabric to be used for this purpose—with a handsome lace collar.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

LESS MONEY GRANTED FOR M'CULLAGH'S MEN

Senate Cuts $25,000 from the Elections Bureau Allowance.

Insurgent Republicans Score the Superintendent for His Connection with Doblin—Emergency Message on Appropriations.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—Aided by the three Republican insurgents, Messrs. Elsberg, Brackett, and Elon R. Brown, the Democratic Senators to-day cut $25,000 off the annual allowance for the metropolitan Bureau of Elections. The debate over this item was bitter, Superintendent John McCullagh coming in for sharp criticism and Senators Elsberg and Malby exchanging caustic personalities.

Senator Grady, the Democratic leader, endeavored to have the allowance cut by $50,000, but the Republican bolters would not go that far. The amendment to the supply bill which took away the $25,000 was adopted by a vote of 25 to 24.

The supply bill was then passed. No sooner had the amendment been adopted than an emergency message from the Governor was handed down by Lieut.-Gov. Higgins, which certified to the need of the immediate passage of the bill in question "as amended." This caused Senator Grady to ask if emergency messages were "kept on tap," if the majority Senators were stalking about the chamber with such messages in their pockets, and if the majority was merely machines to register the Governor's will. He declared that the action of Senator Elsberg in offering the amendment and the disposition thereof must have been discounted by the Executive, because the message had been in the Senate chamber some time before the vote.

When the Supply bill was taken up to-day it provided an appropriation of $122,800 for the Elections Bureau, of which amount $100,000 was set aside for Deputy State Superintendents. Senator Grady offered an amendment that the sum appropriated for deputies be reduced from $100,000 to $50,000. Senator Elsberg offered an amendment making this appropriation $75,000. This was afterward accepted by Mr. Grady.

Senator Grady declared that the Elections Bureau was indefensible, and that if there had ever been any good reason for its existence the occasion had passed away.

Senator Malby held that corruption is still rife in New York, and there is necessity for the department.

Senator Elsberg said that he believed that the department should be continued for some time longer, but not for the sole reason "of providing places for party workers and graft for other persons." He referred to the fact that Philip Doblin, the self-confessed perjurer in a bribery case that had caused a sensation in Washington and New York, had been connected with the McCullagh department.

Senator Brackett took a fling at Doblin and called him "a despicable thing, at whom no one would look, much less speak." He deplored the fact that such men should be employed in a department created to protect the purity of the ballot box. He favored cutting the appropriation in two.

Senator Raines vigorously defended the bureau. He told of "the frauds that had been committed under the auspices of a great political organization," and declared it was not surprising that the Democrats should "assail this department and seek to cripple it after they viewed the great damage done to them."

Senator Elsberg replied that there is as little corruption in New York as in the country districts. He resented any imputation that things were worse in the metropolis than elsewhere, and said that the people of New York did not appreciate having such legislation "jammed down their throats."

Senator Raines called attention to the recent election in Yonkers, and said that as a result of the McCullagh investigations corruption was prevented, and a Republican was elected Mayor.

"If it is claimed," retorted Senator McClelland, with some heat, "that the students at the Catholic theological seminary were concerned in any frauds on election day it is a lie. They had a right to vote, and the only question was whether they had a right to exercise their privilege in the Seventh Ward of Yonkers or at their respective homes."

Senator Raines disclaimed any such charge.

Senator E. R. Brown then took a fling at McCullagh. He pointed out that in other years the Finance Committee had no more frequent visitor in connection with the appropriation for the department than Superintendent McCullagh.

"This year he has been conspicuous by his absence," said the Senator. "Possibly he thought the appropriation for his department might be sneaked through. The Superintendent has irretrievably lost his fitness for his position, especially since he and one other in his department have been going to Washington on corrupt business."

Senator Raines, with some heat, interrupted to say that Senator Brown would apologize for what he was saying if he knew how unjust it was.

"Very well," replied Senator Brown. "Even so, I believe that a new man with $75,000 could do more. I propose to place my vote in condemnation of the proceedings of recent date in that department."

Senator Malby, who was in charge of the bill, finally made an attack on Senator Elsberg for his attitude. He insinuated that the Senator was moved by pique at the alleged "hold-up" of the Coroners' bill and other legislation.

"This is not an honorable way to achieve one's ends," said he, turning to Senator Elsberg. "Moreover, the Senator's position with reference to the party organization is not such as to justify him in setting his opinion up in priority to that of all others in his party."

Senator Elsberg's face was flushed with anger as he began his reply.

"It is not within the power of the Senator from the Thirty-second to point out the paths of decency for my feet," he retorted. "His point of view and mine are too diametrically different.

"I throw back at him the charges of bad faith which he has made against me. I know of no peculiar divinity which hedges about a report from the Finance Committee that may not be amended by this Senate. My constituents did not send me here on that theory. And if it comes to an interchange of compliments with the Senator from the Thirty-second on other legislation, I believe I would escape at least as free from smirch as he."

Senator Armstrong complained that the amendment was pushed in a way discourteous to the Finance Committee. Senator Brackett insisted that no discourtesy was involved—"but the time has come to show what one thinks of the department which can produce the McCullagh-Doblin sort of combination."

When the roll was called and the seventy-five-thousand-dollar amendment adopted, the President handed down the emergency message from the Governor calling for the passage of the bill as amended. Senator Grady attacked the procedure, but was ruled out, and the appropriation bill as amended was passed unanimously.

AN INSIDE VIEW OF POLITICS.

Assemblyman Clark Intends to Tell Some of the Things He Has Learned.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—Assemblyman George H. Clark, of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District of New York, a wealthy legislator, who has attracted much attention recently by statements he has made about bribery in connection with legislation, is writing a book on his experience in the Legislature. He intends to have this book published immediately after the adjournment of the Legislature. He has it almost completed.

"In my book," said Mr. Clark to-day, "I endeavor to set forth the lessons in practical politics which I have learned through my experience in politics in the Twenty-ninth District and my observations in Albany of the manner in which legislation is both accomplished and thwarted. It is intended primarily as instruction for the friends of the City Club and other organizations as to the practical methods of achieving desirable political results.

"I have kept my eyes open since I have been a member of the Legislature, and believe I will be able to give the reformers of New York City some valuable hints as to the line of conduct they must pursue if they are to be successful in their efforts to raise the standard of the public service.

"I am convinced that any effort to improve the character of legislators must be begun in the election district caucus. Legislation whether at Albany or in the city will inevitably be accompanied by more or less scandal unless the better class of citizens can be brought to a realization of the necessity of participation in practical politics in their districts.

"I believe that if the so-called better class of citizens expended one-half of the energy toward directing primaries and party conventions that they now devote to assailing corruption after they have permitted unworthy men to get a foothold in public life they would accomplish infinitely more for the public welfare.

"In my book I will devote a chapter to the responsibility which the great merchants of New York City have for scandals in municipal and State Government. Instead of encouraging their employes to take an active interest in politics so far as seeing to it that men who would represent the best interests of the city and State are put up for office by the great political parties, most of them discourage any participation by their employes in politics. At least they do not afford them the time in which to discharge their duty as citizens at primaries and district caucuses."

Bill for a State Tax Inquiry.

ALBANY, April 14.—Assemblyman Wainwright introduced a bill to-day providing that the Governor shall appoint a commission of five members to make a thorough study of the question of taxation as exhibited in the laws of the State of New York and of other jurisdictions, with especial reference to the mortgage tax question.

BILLS PASSED AT ALBANY.

ALBANY, April 14.—These bills were passed by the Senate to-day:

Senator BRACKETT'S—Regulating the trade of polishing and buffing, and providing that women and minors shall not be employed at it.

Assemblyman CHAMBERS'S—For the vestibuling of street railway cars in Albany and Rensselaer Counties.

Senator GATES'S—To obtain information concerning cultivation of shell fish.

Senator McEWAN'S—Providing that a duplicate report of Superintendents and Stewards of State Hospitals and other institutions shall be filed with the fiscal Supervisor of State Charities.

Senator [illegible]—[illegible] jurisdiction for the State Court of Claims. The State of New York [illegible] upon claims of citizens, except for overflows of the canal.

Senator BARNES'S—Incorporating the Troy and Colonie Bridge Company to construct and maintain a bridge over the Hudson River from Hutton Street in Troy to Green Island.

Senator BRACKETT'S—Amending the civil code so that notice may be served by publication on lawyers against whom actions are taken to disbar.

Assemblyman EVANS'S—Permitting Justices of the Appellate Division to sit in insurance cases, although they may hold insurance policies in the companies affected.

Senator W. L. BROWN'S—Reappropriating money collected from racing associations for county fairs and the promotion of agriculture.

Assemblyman GRATTAN'S—Creating a public improvement commission in Watervliet.

Assemblyman WEMPLE'S—Charter amendments relative to the Police Department and an act consolidating the several acts relative to Schenectady.

Assemblyman BOSTWICK'S—Providing that a corporation may reduce or increase its capital stock by unanimous consent of the stockholders in writing, but in case of a banking corporation information must be filed with the Superintendent of Banks.

Assemblyman REMSEN'S—Amending the navigation law providing for the licensing of operators of naphtha launches and relative to operation of vessels operated by steam, naphtha, or electricity.

These bills were passed by the Assembly:

Assemblyman NEVILLE'S—Designating the exact premises to be acquired by the United States from New York State for the establishment of a fog station on Ward's Island.

Assemblyman BYRNE'S—Making the pay of chaplains of the New York Fire Department $1,000 per annum.

Assemblyman MORGAN'S—Changing the grade of the New York, Brooklyn, and Manhattan Beach Railway between Bay Ridge and Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs.

Assemblyman WOOD'S—Authorizing the Mayor of New York to appoint forty Marshals during 1903.

Assemblyman McMANUS'S—Providing that in making promotions of officers and members of the New York Police and Fire Departments individual acts of personal bravery shall be treated as an element of meritorious service in the rating of the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

Assemblyman ROGERS'S—Requiring the miscellaneous court reporters to report opinions concurred in by a majority of the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court, also requiring Judges and Surrogates to furnish copies of opinions to such reporters without charge.

Assemblyman CONKLING'S—Continuing easements that individuals or corporations have acquired by private grant in New York City to lay underground pipes for the distribution of water, gas, steam, electricity, or pneumatic service, even after the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, and their decision is made that property on which such easements have been acquired is needed for municipal parks.

Assemblyman SULLIVAN'S—Enabling the New York Fire Commissioner to rehear the charges against Thomas F. Murphy.

Assemblyman LITTHAUER'S—Changing the lease made by the City of New York to the German Hospital and Dispensary.

Assemblyman DOWLING'S—Permitting hotel and boarding house keepers to pay installments on certain chattels left with them by guests, and on final payment to hold such chattels as a lien for unpaid board.

Assemblyman FINCH'S—Closing grocery stores on Sunday.

Assemblyman SIMPSON'S—Providing that all poisonous domestic remedies shall be sold in the original packages bearing thereon the label of a licensed pharmacist.

Senator MARTIN'S—Authorizing the hearing of the claim of Michael O'Keefe against the State.

Senator McCLELLAND'S—Prohibiting the mutilation of the United States flag.

Senator DAVIS'S—Extending the corporate existence of the Union Fire Insurance Company.

Senator STEVENS'S—Appropriating $62,550 for the promotion of agriculture.

Senator McEWAN'S—Providing that the fiscal Supervisor of Charities shall each year recommend various changes in the salaries of State employes coming under his jurisdiction.

BILLS SIGNED BY GOV. ODELL.

ALBANY, April 14.—Gov. Odell has signed these bills:

Assemblyman A. P. SMITH'S—Legalizing the establishment of Union Free District No. 10 of Savannah, Wayne County.

Assemblyman MORGAN'S—Providing for an extra Justice of Special Sessions for the Second Division, New York City, who shall conduct a children's court for the Borough of Brooklyn.

Assemblyman WEBER'S—Amending the act relative to practice in the Municipal Court, New York City, by increasing the fees for jury trials.

Assemblyman PATCHIN'S—Authorizing a bond issue by Hornellsville for highway improvements.

Assemblyman WHITNEY'S—Prohibiting the taking of perch from Saratoga and Lonely Lakes, Saratoga County, from March 15 to May 1.

Assemblyman TRAUB'S—Increasing the fees of jurors in the Syracuse Municipal Court; authorizing East Syracuse to expend $55,000 for sewer improvements.

Assemblyman WAINWRIGHT'S—Amending the charter of Mount Vernon relative to the salary of city officers.

Senator HILL'S—Authorizing the Common Council of Buffalo to issue bonds to raise money to pay warrants issued in payment of local improvements.

Assemblyman MORGAN'S—Authorizing the Interurban Gas Company to lay pipes under the waters of Cayuga Lake.

Assemblyman COUTANT'S—Amending the charter of Kingston relative to local improvements.

Assemblyman DOUGHTY'S—Relative to the improvement of tidewater creeks in Oyster Bay.

Assemblyman DOUGHTY'S—Providing that the expense of publication of the notice of the sale of lands for the non-payment of taxes shall be chargeable to the property.

Senator HILL'S—Amending the charter of Buffalo relative to the issue of bonds to meet increased expenditures in city departments.

Assemblyman DWYER'S—Extending to all veterans of the United States military and naval service exemption from highway assessments.

Senator E. R. BROWN'S—Providing for four stenographers in the Supreme Court, Seventh Judicial District.

Senator McEWAN'S—Providing that 2 per cent. of the city's share of the excise moneys collected in Albany shall be paid to the police pension fund.

Senator LEFEVRE'S—Authorizing residents of a certain portion of a school district to vote on the question of providing a conveyance to take their children to school.

Senator ELSBERG'S—Amending the charter of the German Hospital of New York City by increasing the number of Directors and authorizing it to maintain a dispensary.

Senator ELSBERG'S—Amending the act granting the teachers' retirement fund in New York City by including members of the supervising force among those entitled to its benefits.

Senate Committee on Judiciary's—Amending the general corporation law by providing that any domestic corporation maintaining a charitable, philanthropic, or educational institution in this State may have branch institutions in other States.

Assemblyman COOK'S—Authorizing the Moses Taylor Hospital corporation to establish a hospital at West Seneca, Erie County.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE

Senator Grady Attacks the Fire Alarm Extension Bill.

Fireman's Two-Platoon Measure Rushed Through the Senate—Child and Woman Labor Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—"If the shadow of William Tweed can look down upon this mundane sphere he must be filled with regret that during the days of his power he did not have a Corporation Counsel and a Fire Commissioner who had the nerve to put forward such a bold 'grab' as this."

This was Senator Grady's comment in the Senate to-day upon the Marshall bill to amend the Greater New York charter relative to the extension of the fire alarm telegraph service of the city.

"If I had the opportunities for 'graft' which are afforded by this bill," he said further, "no man of less standing in the financial world than Mr. Morgan would ever receive a nod from me."

The provision in the bill to which Senator Grady objected was that which provided that the city could purchase fire alarm apparatus at "reasonable charges." He said that the bill was designed to enable a company which deals in fire alarm apparatus, and whose business has been unprofitable, to unload its "old junk" upon the city.

An amendment he offered was defeated by the strict party vote of 26 to 24.

"We might as well have some plain talk on this proposition," said Senator Grady afterward. "When the Senate can divide upon party lines upon a purely business measure affecting the City of New York it is plain that there must be a business agent upon the ground. I would like to get in connection with him, for he is evidently a man who knows how to do business. This is commercialism in politics with a vengeance."

Senator Marshall replied to Senator Grady with indignation. He said that the apparent reason of Senator Grady's denunciation of the bill was that he had not connected with "the business agent" whom he supposed to be on the field.

"I received the bill," said Senator Marshall, "from Mayor Low. It is a bill desired by the city authorities, and does not do anything which it is not proper should be done. It simply provides that the Fire Commissioner shall have the authority to extend the fire alarm system of New York, and it is perfectly proper that he should have such authority."

Senator Elsberg said that the debate on the bill had been on a lower plane than any debate he had ever heard in the Senate.

An error was discovered in the bill, and it was sent back for reprinting.

The Senate passed the Weber Firemen's Two-Platoon bill by a vote of 33 to 10. It was taken up when Senator Elsberg had temporarily left the chamber. Hearing that a vote was being taken he hastened back just as the result was announced and demanded that his name be called. He denounced the bill as a violation of the home-rule principle, stating that it was opposed by the city authorities.

"The tactics pursued to get this measure through," said Senator Elsberg, "have been most reprehensible. When the bill was reported by the Senate Cities Committee, the action was taken after I had left the committee room upon a distinct understanding that nothing was to be done about the matter that day. I had a similar experience with the Assembly Cities Committee. And now the measure was brought up here and voted upon during my temporary absence from the chamber."

He said he had no doubt that Mayor Low would make short work of the measure.

When Senator Hill's bill amending the labor law relative to the employment of women and children in mercantile and other establishments came up for final passage in the Senate, a brief but lively debate was precipitated by Senator Brackett, who offered an amendment permitting ten hours' work a day as against nine under the bill. After several protests had been made, Senator Elsberg requested the Saratoga Senator to withdraw his amendment, and the latter complying, the bill was passed.

Senator E. R. Brown's so-called "Spring Shooting" bill, which has caused so much debate in both houses of the Legislature during the last few weeks, was passed by the Assembly to-day under an emergency message from Gov. Odell, with an amendment. The Senate accepted the amendment and the bill now goes to the Governor. It prohibits the shooting of wild fowl with the exception of brant from Jan. 1 to Sept. 5 of each year. Brant may be shot after May 1.

Assemblyman Finch's bill providing that grocery stores shall be generally closed on Sunday, but permitting delicatessen stores to remain open from 3 to 8 o'clock Sunday night, caused a brief debate in the Assembly to-day. It was then passed by a vote of 99 to 18.

BRACKETT TAUNTS SENATORS.

Declares There Are "Ropes" on Them When Another Fire Insurance Attack Fails.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—Senator Brackett to-day offered two resolution aimed at the fire insurance combination. His first provided that the Attorney General should inquire into the alleged fixing of rates by the combination of fire companies. A second called upon the Insurance Commissioner to supply the Senate with information about the companies.

When the first resolution was read Senator Grady moved that it be referred to the Committee on Insurance. Senator Brackett objected. "I know a good deal about the ropes that are thrown around legislators," he said, "but as conditions have reached that point that fifty Senators, in the guise of men, are afraid to call upon the Attorney General for information as to the outrageous alleged doings of an illegal combination, we have indeed reached a pretty state of things. I should think that there wouldn't be a man in the Senate who wouldn't be ashamed to acknowledge that he was so tied."

Senator Grady's motion prevailed by a vote of 28 to 11, and Senator Brackett's second resolution was disposed of in the same way. The general impression is that the resolutions will be allowed to slumber in the committee.

TENEMENT BILL IS SIGNED.

It Modifies the Law Applying to the Outlying Boroughs.

ALBANY, April 14.—Gov. Odell to-day signed the C. H. Marshall Tenement House bill. This measure was the result of a compromise between those who sought a modification of the present law and the Tenement House Commissioner, and applies to cities of the first class. The amendments are designed to apply chiefly to Brooklyn and the outlying boroughs of New York City. The new law will permit a semi-fireproof construction in four-story tenements having not more than two families to a floor, with apartments running through from front to rear, and with courts of such a size that the buildings may be erected on a twenty-five-foot lot. This, it is believed, will reduce the cost of such a building by about $1,000, thus reducing rentals.

In buildings of three stories, covering not more than 65 per cent. of the lot area a slightly smaller interior court is allowed. Outside of the fire limits the law will permit the erection of wooden tenements of three stories to contain not more than one family to a floor.

Circulation.

The circulation of THE NEW YORK TIMES, exceeding one hundred thousand copies per day, has the largest buying constituency of the country behind it.

There are no returned unsold papers from newsdealers in the metropolitan district—no sample copies distributed—no premium subscriptions, whereby the newspaper is given away as an incident to the sale of a book, or picture or dishes. There are no clubbing schemes.

The subscribers buy it for its merit—they buy it to read it. Such purchasers are profitable to the advertisers who reach them.

THE NEW YORK TIMES goes into more first-class homes and reaches more of the thousands who demand the best wares than any other New York newspaper, morning or evening.—Adv.

FOR the hard and incessant wear which falls on the floor surfaces of kitchens, bathrooms, lower halls and offices

Nairn Linoleum

is the ideal floor covering. We offer many attractive patterns in plain, printed and inlaid colors, together with the best Printed Oilcloths in all widths up to eighteen feet

W. & J. SLOANE
BROADWAY & 19TH STREET

FIGHT FOR A CITY PLANT

Effort to Force Action at Albany on Lighting Bill.

Mr. Johnson Talks with the Governor and Mr. Odell Afterward Explains Some Remarks.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—Senator Elsberg will endeavor to have the Cities Committee report out to-morrow the Municipal Electric Lighting bill introduced by him at the request of Commissioner Monroe of New York City. In the event that the committee fails to act favorably upon the bill, Senator Elsberg will move to have it discharged from further consideration of the measure.

Joseph Johnson, Jr., of the Order of Acorns of New York City, who has charge of the preparation of the petition to the Legislature asking for the passage of Commissioner Monroe's bill, came to Albany to-day with the petition, and arranged with Senator Elsberg to present it to the Senate to-morrow. It contains 100,000 names.

All of the members of the New York delegation are using their persuasive power upon the Assembly Committee on Rules in favor of a report on this bill, but so far they have been unable to secure any promise of favorable action. Two members of the committee who were interviewed on the subject to-day said they thought that the sentiment of the committee was antagonistic to the measure, and they doubted very much whether it would be reported.

Mr. Johnson to-day called upon the Governor to solicit his influence in behalf of the bill. He had an interesting talk with the Executive on the subject. He informed Gov. Odell that a mass meeting held by the Acorns had urged the Governor to use his good offices to have the bill passed.

Mr. Johnson quotes the Governor as replying thus:

"You people down in New York are inconsistent. If a bill that you don't like passes I am charged with having jammed it through, and if a bill fails to pass I am accused of having used my influence against it. I have come to the conclusion that the best thing I can do is to rest on my dignity as Governor and wait until measures are properly before me.

"The newspapers down there are talking of the corruption of this Legislature. I have been connected with legislation for many years, and I have never known of a Legislature in which there was less corruption.

"You charge these legislators with corruption and then you come up here and ask them to pass your bills. I am not opposing any bill that Mayor Low wants, but it seems to me that if you have not got legislators efficient enough to give the city what it wants, you ought to refuse to send them here."

Mr. Johnson said he asked Gov. Odell if he did not think that New York City should be allowed if it wished to try the experiment of furnishing its own electric light, and the Governor replied: "Yes, I guess you are right there."

"Then," said Mr. Johnson, "you think that the Consolidated Company has no right to take a position on the matter one way or another?"

He quoted Governor Odell as saying "No," and giving him permission to tell the members of the Legislature what had passed.

Gov. Odell to-night, in response to a query as to the authenticity of the interview given out by Mr. Johnson, said:

"Mr. Johnson has said a great many things that I did not say, although some of the other things on which he has quoted me I did say.

"As a matter of fact, what I intended to convey in my remarks to him (remarks which I assumed were being made to him personally) was that organizations like his come to Albany and demand that the Governor take a hand in forcing legislation, and believe that the Governor should hurry up stairs, or send for all the members and threaten them as to what he would do if they failed to obey him.

"On the other hand, if word is sent from Albany that the Governor is interested in some pending legislation which some other people or organizations may want, they at once cry out loud that the Executive is exceeding his prerogatives and unjustly interfering with the functions of the Legislature. You will remember that the cry went forth that at my orders the Senate and Assembly were locked up and compelled to vote on the Excise bill and many were the criticisms. But when the Canal bill was passed and the majority leaders used exactly the same tactics there was no word of criticism."

DEMOCRATS TO OPPOSE BAKER.

Railroad Commissionership May Be Used to Compel Favorable Action on the Coroners' Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—A conference of Democratic Senators was held to-night after the adjournment of the Senate to decide what action the minority would take on the nomination of Frank M. Baker for Railroad Commissioner. The result of the conference was the decision to oppose confirmation.

The nomination of Mr. Baker was sent to the Senate last week, and was held up by Senator Elsberg. It was believed he desired to compel action upon his Coroners' bill in the Assembly. The Assembly Rules Committee to-night decided to report out the Coroners' bill, and now that the Democrats have aligned themselves, it is believed that Mr. Baker's confirmation will be made dependent upon the passage of the measure by the Assembly.

WATER STORAGE BILL OUT.

Senator Grady Has an Amendment Made to the Measure and Finds It Mysteriously Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—The much-discussed Water Storage bill was reported to the Senate to-day by its introducer, Senator Lewis, with two amendments. One was to correct a mistake in printing. The other embodied two propositions. One was a suggestion of William C. Whitney and other wealthy park owners in the Adirondacks, intended to prevent the construction of any dam upon lands which now constitute a private park. The other was by Senator Grady changing the wording in the last section in a manner which seemed to give great concern to the pulp wood and paper manufacturers.

As amended by Senator Grady the section now provides that "the provisions of this act, or the proceedings had, or the work done in accordance therewith shall not be construed as annulling or affecting any power of eminent domain, right, privilege, or franchise, heretofore created or conferred by law or acquired thereunder."

This amendment was drawn by Attorney General Cunneen after Mr. Grady had consulted with him on the subject. It was adopted by the Finance Committee. Subsequently Senator Grady found that the wording of the amendment had been changed. He was informed that the change had been made at the suggestion of Frank Bell, attorney for the International Paper Company, and also, it is understood, the attorney for Mr. Whitney. Senator Allds declared, however, that Mr. Bell merely handed to the committee the private park amendment desired by Mr. Whitney. Senator Brown, he said, was responsible for the change in the wording of the amendment.

A number of pulp wood and paper manufacturers were here to-day lobbying in favor of the Lewis bill and against the Stevens bill, which was prepared by the New York Board of Trade and Transportation.

Senator Grady refused to give an explanation of just what he hoped to accomplish by the amendment which he offered to the Lewis bill. An effect which the amendment may have, it was said, was to prevent logging on streams in the Adirondacks which have been made public highways.

CALLED UNWISE AND DANGEROUS.

Adirondacks Protection Association Against Water Storage Board Bill.

At the annual meeting of the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks, held yesterday in the assembly room of the Board of Trade and Transportation, ten Trustees were elected for three years, as follows: Henry Phipps, James MacNaughton, Col. Abraham G. Mills, J. Pierpont Morgan, the Right Rev. H. C. Potter, Robert C. Pruyn, Whitelaw Reid, William G. Rockefeller, Titus Sheard, and W. A. Rogers. Twenty Trustees hold over.

A resolution was passed condemning the pending measure known as the Water Storage Commission bill, introduced by Senator Lewis, as unnecessary, unwise, and dangerous legislation, threatening the Adirondack Park, and expressing the view that any measure which proposes the construction of dams for the prevention of floods should, by its terms, except the property within the lines of the Adirondack Park from its provisions.

The Secretary of the association reported that the Trustees had prepared and secured the introduction of a bill to continue the acquisition of land in the Adirondack and Catskill Parks.

FIVE IN PERIL FROM FIRE.

Four children, with their nurse, narrowly escaped death in a fire which destroyed "The Oaks," an old residence occupied by the family of James Clark on the estate of John H. Taylor at Bay Side, Queens, Monday night.

The blaze had gained great headway when it was discovered by Jean Girard, a steward at the Oakland Golf Club. Shouting to a waiter to telephone for the village Fire Department, he ran to the fiercely burning house. Breaking the door with a club, he dashed upstairs to find the occupants, all in one room, sound asleep. He awakened the girl, Mary Morrow, a servant in the Golf Club, who had been left in charge. Together they caught up the little ones and ran through smoke and fire to the outer air.

The house was built in 1812 and was valued at $4,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

NOTHING

in the world can relieve you of constipation and all disorders of the Stomach and Liver like *HUNYADI JANOS.* One-half glass taken on arising will give such satisfying results that you will take no other remedy and be convinced that it will cure all forms of *Constipation.* Be sure and *Get*

Hunyadi Janos.

If you simply ask for Hunyadi water you may be imposed upon. Don't be persuaded to buy substitutes. They are *worthless* and often *harmful.*

H. O'Neill & Co.

Japanese Cotton Rugs
At One-third Off Regular Prices.
(Third Floor.)

The very best quality manufactured of these popular Rugs and they come in the favorite blue and white, green and white, and red and white combinations—in carpet sizes only:

$6.00 for $9.50 Rugs, size 6x9 | $9.00 for $13.75 Rugs, size 9x9
$9.00 for $13.98 Rugs, size 7½x10½ | $12.00 for $18.50 Rugs, size 9x12

Kashmir Rugs.
The very best REVERSIBLE Summer Rug.

Size 6x9 .... $6.00 — Size 9x9 .... $9.00
Size 7½x10½ .... $8.75 — Size 9x10½ $10.50
Size 9x12 .... $12.00

CHINA AND JAPAN MATTINGS—Inlay checks and Jacquard designs, also plain white, at very special prices for fine grades, viz.: $5.98, $6.98 and $8.98 per roll of 40 yards.

Hemmed and Hemstitched Sheets and Pillow Cases
Below Actual Cost of the Material by the Yard.
(First Floor—Rear.)

To-morrow we place on Special Sale in our New Muslin Department, 6,500 dozen superior quality Hemmed and Hemstitched Sheets and Pillow Cases at prices seldom quoted for similar grades. Every sheet is torn (not cut) and made up in the best possible manner.

As Specimen Values—For Three Days Sale—Our No. 20 Hemmed Sheets, as follows:

36c. each for size 54x90 | 55c. each for size 81x93½
39c. each for size 54x93½ | 58c. each for size 81x99
42c. each for size 63x90 | 62c. each for size 81x108
45c. each for size 63x93½ | 58c. each for size 90x90
47c. each for size 72x90 | 62c. each for size 90x93½
50c. each for size 72x93½ | 64c. each for size 90x99
52c. each for size 81x90 | 67c. each for size 90x108
69c. each for size 90x113

HEMMED PILLOW CASES—All full regular sizes. Special lots at 6c., 7½c., 10c., 12½c. and 15c. each.

IMPERIAL CAMBRIC—A Soft finished white 36-inch Cambric; good 10c. value at 7½c. per yard.

WHITE MUSLIN—Extra Quality, yard wide. Good 8c. and 10c. values at 6c. and 7½c. per yard.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

New Publications. | New Publications.

HARPERS

The Triumph of Life

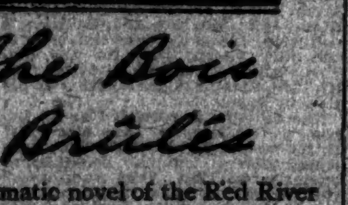
A story of modern American life, its scenes laid in New York and Bristol. A young writer whose first book fails for a time turns to "commercial" literature. Two women—one good and one bad—are the opposing influences.

Ornamented Cloth. Post 8vo. $1.50

By William Farquhar Payson, Author of "JOHN VYTAL."

HARPER & BROTHERS, FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK.

New Publications.



The Bois Brûlés

a dramatic novel of the Red River Settlement—the only completed work of

MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD

since the publication of "Lazarre," begins in the May number of

The Delineator

This story was first outlined by Mrs. Catherwood four years ago, but was entirely revised for publication in this Magazine only a few weeks before her untimely death.

The characterization is as fine as anything ever done by the author, and no lover of strength and beauty in literature should miss this notable work.

THE DELINEATOR is for sale by all Butterick Agents and News Dealers at 15 cents a copy, or of the Publishers at $1.00 per year.

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., 17 W. 13th St., N.Y.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE.
Dainty and Comfortable Reed and Rattan Pieces. Factory Prices.
43 West 23d St.

James McCreery & Co.

Rug Department.
4th Floor.

Japanese hand made Cotton Rugs, pink and white, blue and white, red and white or green and white. Sizes 9x12 feet.
$20.00.
Usual Price $27.00.

Reversible Rugs,—Turkish and Indian designs and colors. Size 9x12 feet.
$10.50.

500 Rolls, extra heavy, seamless China Matting.
$8.00.
Per roll of 40 yards.
Value $12.00.

Seamless China Matting.
$3.50.
Per roll of 20 yards.
Value $6.00.

Japanese Cotton Warp Matting—carpet patterns.
$8.50.
Per roll of 40 yards.
Usual Price $12.50.

Twenty-third Street.

Yachts, Vessels, &c.

J. H. PERRINE, BOAT BUILDER AND SAIL MAKER, BARNEGAT BAY SNEAK BOX. BUILDER OF THE CELEBRATED BARNEGAT BAY SNEAK BOX. SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO HIGH-GRADE YACHT SAILS. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

New modern launch, hull 28½ ft., [illegible]; complete, with engine, $370; new 25-ft. cat, [illegible]. Boathouse, 148d St., Harlem River, Bronx.

TURF YEAR OPENS TO-DAY

New York Racing Season Will Be Inaugurated at Aqueduct.

Popular Interest in Renewal of the Sport Gives Promises of a Huge Attendance.

The advent of a new racing year will be celebrated at the Queens County Jockey Club track, Aqueduct, L. I., by metropolitan patrons of the turf this afternoon, when the first racing programme of 1903 in New York will be run off after a lapse in the sport that has extended over a trifle more than six months. To the Aqueduct track the honor of opening the racing season in New York has belonged for eight years, and the initiatory happenings there have come to have a place of their own in the events of the turf world chiefly because of the eagerness with which the public welcomes racing of any kind after the long Winter. Aside from the annual renewal in popularity of turf sport, there has been steady improvement in the character of the sport at the Queens County course, and more and better stables have dropped into the custom of opening the season there, until Aqueduct, while hardly a representative metropolitan course, has grown far away from the place it once held as a simple curtain-raiser for the better things that followed and a place designed chiefly for the cheaper class of horses. The great stables of the East will be well represented at the first meeting of the season this Spring.

The programme offered for the opening is an attractive one, fairly typical of Aqueduct racing, and promises to bring out about all the best horses that raced at Washington, together with the early strings from the New York stables that waited to open the season at home. In spite of yesterday's rain, there is still a possibility of a fair track, as the Aqueduct course dries out rapidly, and unless the bad weather continues to-day the feature event of the opening, the Carter Handicap, over the seven-furlong course out of the chute, will bring to the post one of the best fields that ever ran for that fixture since it was instituted in 1896. The prospective field announced by the track officials numbers nineteen horses, of whom four were rated among the star performers at the California Winter meetings, and a number of others were winners at New Orleans and the Bennings track at Washington. Of the nineteen named to start, only one, W. C. Daly's colt Himself, has earned a penalty, however, the weights on the others being as originally fixed by the handicapper. That there will be some scratching is reasonably certain, but whatever the condition of the course when the race, the fourth on the programme, is run this afternoon, the field will not number less than a dozen horses. In the estimates of the chances of the horses by horsemen, the most fancied last night were the fast California sprinter Yellow Tail, Himself, and Old England, all of which have raced recently and the horse Royal, who is to make his first appearance this year in the race. The entries for the Carter Handicap are as follows:

The Carter Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, seven furlongs.

Name.	Age.	Weight.
Old England	5	125
Royal	5	115
Syrilla	4	114
Demurrer	3	109
Himself	3	108
Ethlos	4	108
Sea Mist	4	108
Slave	4	108
Yellow Tail	4	102
Betanket	4	102
Lord Badge	4	100
Remorse	4	99
Abumadia	4	99
Capteyner	4	94
Numerai	4	91
Doctor Saylor	4	90
Saturday	4	86
Solon	4	86
Illyria	4	85

Entries for Aqueduct Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; five furlongs. Idle, 117 pounds; Camville, 116; Armesth and Arden, 115 each; Cruachan, 112; Tom Cagan and Candling, 107 each; Mystiny, 105; Little Jack Horner and Ethlos, 102 each; Demurrer, Colonel Sam, 100 each; Right and True, 99; Mandora, 96; Louise Bleton, 93, and Bruff, 89.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds, special weights, with allowances; four and a half furlongs. Prut, 115 pounds; Knobhampton, 109; Atwood, Seymour, Kings Oaks, and Bath Beach, 104 each, and Valour and Wizard, 101 each.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; seven furlongs. Carlitto, 116; J. H. Sloane, 113; Fried Krupp, 112; Arak and Imperious, 110 each; The Talisman and Griffith, 110 each; Section, 108; I Know, 105; Rostand, 104, and Fust, 102.

FOURTH RACE.—The Carter Handicap.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; five and a half furlongs. Agnes Dean, 101 pounds; Bombino, 98; St. Rocha, 96, and Australian, McGonigle, and Miss McKenna, 93 each.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds, special weights, with allowances; one and a half miles. Tenny, Mimitam, Meckay Dwyer, and W. H. Cosden, 112 pounds each; Orloff, 108; Navasota and Rosetint, 107 each; Durazzo, 105; Futurita, 103; Mount Kisco, Northbrook, Lord Turco, and Glenworth, 100 each, and Twin Rose and Flying Gypsey, 97 each.

Racing at Bennings Ends.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—It was a dreary conclusion on which the bugler sounded "taps" at the Bennings Spring meeting to-day. Rain had fallen incessantly during the day. The track was fetlock deep in slimy mud, but despite the bad conditions the crowd in attendance was fairly large. The special attraction was the second Bennings Spring handicap at seven furlongs. In a field of seven starters Mrs. Frank Foster was made a pronounced favorite on her past performances, but she did not show in the running. The race was won by Merriment, a second choice. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—Maiden hurdle; mile and a quarter; six hurdles. Moderator, 157 pounds. (Dunkirk.) 9 to 1, Kyle Lady Radnor, 152. (Donahue.) 12 to 1, and 3 to 1, second; Maxie, 146. (Bowser.) 20 to 1, third. Time—2:01 2-5. Historian and Whisked J. also ran.

SECOND RACE.—The Bennings Spring Handicap; seven furlongs. Merriment, 108 pounds. (Martin.) 4 to 1, won; April Shower, 112. (Minder.) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Honolulu, 104. (T. Walsh.) 10 to 1, third. Time—1:30 4-5. Daly, Circus, Mrs. Frank Foster, and Tugal Boy also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Maidens; four and a half furlongs. Elesia, 90 pounds. (Wilkerson.) 8 to 5, won; Transmigration, 99. (Redfern.) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Reverberate, 96. (Hauck.) 4 to 1, third. Time—:56 2-5. Ricky T. and Echinate also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Selling; seven furlongs. Nuptial, 99 pounds. (Chappel.) 7 to 1, won; Little Boy, 105. (T. Burns.) 3 to 1 and 3 to 5, second; Lucky Day, 94. (H. Callahan.) 10 to 1, third. Time—:34 4-5. Knight of the Garter, Irreverent, Mystic Belle, and Wheeler B. also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For maidens; seven furlongs. Pearl Diver, 97 pounds. (Redfern.) 3 to 5, won; Wallpole, 94. (Henderson.) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1, second; Mischiemus, 101. (T. Burns.) 4 to 1, third. Time—1:34 2-5. Allen Ferris and Catch Me also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; mile and forty yards. N. L. Coleman, 108 pounds. (Minder.) 9 to 1, won; Black Dick, 110. (Hauck.) 7 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Beecher, 109. (Redfern.) 9 to 5, third. Time—1:50 2-5. Love Advocate and Springbrook also ran.

Jockey Club Stewards Meet.

A meeting of the Stewards of the Jockey Club was held yesterday afternoon at the office of the club.

There were present Messrs. Belmont, Bradford, Sturgis, Hitchcock, Miller, and Knapp.

W. S. Vosburgh was appointed official Steward to represent the Jockey Club at the Queens County Jockey Club and the Metropolitan Jockey Club Spring meetings. The following list of officials appointed by the Metropolitan Jockey Club for next Saturday was approved: Handicapper—W. Vosburgh; Starter—C. J. Fitzgerald; Judges—Clarence McDowell and C. H. Pettingill; Clerk of the Scales—Algernon Daingerfield; Paddock and Patrol Judge—W. H. Hall Timmins; Placing—H. Barretto; Starter's Judge—H. Thoman.

The action of the Stewards of the Washington Jockey Club meeting in the case of Harry Barret was approved, and all associations acting under the jurisdiction of the Jockey Club are recommended to deny admittance to W. H. Barret to enter the inclosure.

The report of the Stewards of the Washington Jockey Club the suspension of Jockey Miles was continued indefinitely. The license granted to Trainer G. R. Van Name was withdrawn. The applications of Trainers P. T. Brady and G. C. Gray and Jockey Thomas Sinnott for reinstatement were granted. The application of Joseph Lewis for permission to register and name the b. g. Jim A. Long, foal of 1899, upon payment of $100 fine was granted. The application of Early T. Wright for a trainer's license was refused.

The following applications for jockeys' licenses were granted: William Beauchamp, L. French, James Gormly, Clem Jenkins, Frank C. Nevins, H. J. O'Laughlin, William Sims, Matthew Tancey, C. Daly, James Foley, G. C. Fuller, William Hodges, Charles O'Connell, and Thomas Sinnott.

A Long Shot Won at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Iris, a 50-to-1 chance, was the surprise of the racing at Oakland to-day. E. M. Brattain, favorite for the six-furlong race, was beaten by Fort Wayne and Mexicanna. Glendenning, the second choice, stumbled when the field entered the stretch and threw Buxton, who escaped uninjured. Weather fine; track good.

LEAGUE BASEBALL SEASON WILL OPEN TO-DAY.

Games Scheduled at Philadelphia and St. Louis in National League Championship Series.

Four of the National League baseball clubs will play the inaugural games of the championship series this afternoon, and the other four will enter the struggle for the coveted pennant to-morrow. The outlook for a successful season this year is promising, and the great changes which have been wrought in the baseball world, since the close of the pennant race last year, have placed the game on a sounder and better basis.

At Philadelphia to-day the opening contest will be between the home club and the representatives of the Boston Baseball Club, while the Chicago and St. Louis teams will begin their fight for championship honors at St. Louis. To-morrow the local season will begin at the Polo Grounds with the Brooklyn and New York players opposing each other, and last year's champions from Pittsburg will be seen at Cincinnati. President Pulliam announced yesterday that he had assigned his umpires for the initial contests as follows: Moran and O'Day at Philadelphia, Johnstone at St. Louis; New York, O'Day, and Cincinnati, Emslie.

With two exceptions, all the players in the National and American Leagues have settled all the financial claims with the clubs in both organizations. President Pulliam said yesterday that he had received the amount with which Taylor owed to the Cleveland Americans, and also the sum which McManus of the Brooklyn team had drawn from the Chicago club. The exceptions are Edward Delehanty and George Davis. According to the statement given out by the National League executive yesterday, Delehanty has made arrangements to pay back all the money he owes to the New York National League Club before the American League season opens next week, and that he will fulfill his contract with the Washington Club.

George Davis has made no statement as to what he intends to do, although President Pulliam very emphatically stated some time ago that Davis could not play with any National League club. Davis says his affairs are absolutely in charge of his legal advisor, Lawyer John M. Ward, and that action he will take depends entirely on his attorney's instructions.

The exhibition baseball games which were to have been played at the Polo Grounds and Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesterday, had to be abandoned on account of the heavy rainstorm. To-day, if the weather permits, the New York team will play their last ante-season game at the Polo Grounds. Their opponents will be a very strong nine representing the Equitable Life Assurance Company, and a good contest is looked for. Manion's Brooklyn team will also play this afternoon, as they are scheduled for a game with the Jersey City Eastern League nine at West Side Park, Jersey City.

RACE TRACK BETTOR LOSES.

Verdict Against Agent of Peter De Lacy, Who Sued a Bookmaker to Recover Wager.

The first decision in the race track betting suits, said to have been brought in the interest of Peter De Lacy and poolroom keepers of New York, was rendered yesterday before Justice Murray in the Tenth District Municipal Court, when the action begun by Raymond P. Moulton against William J. Terpie and the Westchester Racing Association was dismissed by a jury. The plaintiff, who was represented by Benjamin Steinhart of Howe & Hummel, in his testimony said he was acting for De Lacy.

The case against the Westchester Association was dismissed about two weeks ago on the decision of the court that Moulton had not showed that the organization had any interest in the betting transaction with Terpie.

De Lacy, who was examined yesterday, said that he at present is engaged in the real estate business, though he admitted that he had been interested in poolrooms. Asked about his knowledge of poolrooms now in operation, he at first declined to answer, and when instructed to do so, said he had forgotten the addresses. To other questions he stated that he had occupied the premises at 32 Park Row. It was at that place that Moulton testified he met De Lacy by appointment and was furnished with the money that he bet with bookmakers for the purpose of obtaining grounds for actions to recover gaming losses. De Lacy denied that he had employed Moulton in the capacity mentioned.

Justice Murray instructed the jury if it believed from the evidence that Moulton had bet his own money and sued in good faith they should return a verdict in his favor, but if, on the contrary, they believed that Moulton and De Lacy were in collusion, the cause was not bona fide and the jury should find for the defendant. The verdict fixed $600 costs on the plaintiff. Mr. Steinhart gave notice of his intention to appeal.

The decision is regarded as an important one, as the Moulton case was only one of thirty-two brought by Mr. Steinhart in the same interest against bookmakers doing business on New York race tracks, and the several racing associations where racing was conducted last year were named as co-defendants. Mr. Steinhart said that he would carry each of the thirty-one suits remaining to trial, in addition to his appeal from the verdict yesterday.

SETON HALL ATHLETIC FIELD.

The Executive Committee of the Seton Hall College Alumni Association at a meeting at the Hotel Victoria last night decided upon the raising of an endowment fund of $60,000 to establish a memorial to the late Very Rev. Joseph J. Sinnott, once President of Seton Hall. The memorial is to take the form of an athletic field, to be called Sinnott Field, and to include a baseball field, a football gridiron, and an athletic track, the whole to be surrounded by an amphitheatre of bleachers and a grandstand accommodating 4,000 people. Work is to begin in June. Subscriptions were opened only last night, and before the meeting closed $6,000 had already been subscribed.

The Executive Committee of the Alumni elected Vincent Nellany, Chairman, with John J. Caulfiet as Secretary. An Advisory Athletic Committee was appointed, consisting of the Rev. James A. Reynolds, Thomas E. Crimmins, and James Smith, 3d, and Eugene Kinkead was made graduate manager of athletics.

WOMEN GOLFERS MEET.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association was held yesterday at the home of Miss Ruth Underhill, 6 East Ninth Street, to discuss plans for the coming local championship tournament, and the series of interclub team matches. The individual championship will probably be played at the Richmond County Country Club, but no definite decision was made, and the dates for the tournament will not be determined until later in the week. Miss Underhill said that more time was needed by average the club team match schedule satisfactorily, and the list will be made up in another day or two.

Representatives from nearly a dozen preparatory schools will meet to-day on the links of the Westbrook Golf Club for their annual interscholastic championship tournament. There will be an eighteen-hole qualifying medal-play round this morning, and the sixteen low-score players will finish the first match-play round in the afternoon.

SHAMROCK III. SAILS FAST

Stands Up Well in Wind and Takes Heavy Seas Easily.

Gains 2 Minutes on Shamrock I. in 16-Mile Run, and 6 Minutes on Beat Back.

WEYMOUTH, England, April 14.—A race of sixteen miles to leeward, from off Weymouth, and a beat back, was laid out for the Shamrocks to-day. When the boats got outside the shelter of the breakwater, however, the wind came in hard gusts and the yachts seemed to have all they could stagger under, and required an occasional luff up to ease them. The strain found a weak spot in the Shamrock III.'s peak halyard gear, and a man was sent aloft. On his report the yacht fetched into sheltered water and anchored. All her sail was then dropped on deck. The Shamrock I. also anchored and dropped her headsails.

The wind subsequently softened and the boats were sent off on a trial spin to leeward and return. There was no formal start, both boats getting away shortly after 1 o'clock, the Shamrock I. leading by a length. The new boat in a few minutes closed the gap and ran clear ahead. Club-topsails were added as the yachts went down the wind and the challenger spun out a constantly increasing lead. At the first turn the timings were:

	H.M.S.
Shamrock III.	2:24:06
Shamrock I.	2:26:23

As the Shamrocks went about for the beat home they met a bigger sea than the challenger had ever previously faced. She took it smoothly and well, however, and a couple of short tacks sufficed to convince those on board of her that she could easily outsail the Shamrock I. under these conditions.

The Shamrock III. then bore away and ran back for a fresh start. She came about close on the weather beam of the Shamrock I., and they started together on the windward beat. Neither wind nor sea seemed to trouble the challenger. She sailed fast and high in the wind, making about a quarter of a mile dead to windward in twenty minutes sailing.

Having demonstrated the challenger's superiority in both pointing and sailing, Capt. Wringe, for some unknown reason, followed the same tactics as were pursued during the latter half of the leeward run, and refrained from pushing his victory home. The challenger was sailed off and on the wind in the most barefaced fashion, heating away at times till the Shamrock was almost abeam and luffing at others till her headsails quivered. She probably lost a couple of minutes in this way, and even then the challenger scored handsomely, beating the Shamrock I. over six minutes in an hour's windward work.

The finishing times were:

	H.M.S.
Shamrock III.	3:33:39
Shamrock I.	3:39:42

Riggers at Work on the Reliance.

BRISTOL, R. I., April 14.—With the mainmast and most of the rigging in place and the bowsprit attached, the bow of the Reliance has settled, and she floats now with the bow lower than the after part. Even when the main boom is on board, and the boat attains her designed balance, it is thought that she will still be distinguishable at a distance from the other ninety-footers by a dip forward. It seems that she has a lower freeboard than the Constitution by at least six inches.

The riggers are at work rigging up a double bobstay which is somewhat of an innovation in cup defenders. An extra set of spars, including the gaff, boom, and mast, exact duplicates of the ones now aboard, are being made for the yacht.

SUMMER COACH IN JERSEY.

Olden Times May Run from Highlands to Long Branch—Will Start in July.

Lovers of road coaching are discussing a plan of running a public coach this Summer from Atlantic Highlands to Elberon. Many prominent horsemen spend their vacation months along the Jersey coast, and in past years there has been some coaching from Seabright and other neighboring resorts. The proposed plan for a public daily coach in that locality will be the most ambitious effort in that direction, and although definite arrangements have not yet been made, the horsemen who are primarily interested in the scheme are sufficiently enthusiastic to make it a success. The coach that will be used will be the Olden Times, which was recently purchased by Aurel Batonyi, on behalf of several amateur horsemen, from Ira A. Kip, Jr., and Dr. Leslie P. Ward of Orange. The latter have owned the coach since 1901, and they used it for a number of runs from the Morris County Country Club. If this new Jersey coast run is carried out, the Olden Times will start early in July, making the run to Long Branch and Elberon late in the afternoon, leaving Atlantic Highlands after the arrival of one of the fast boats from New York.

It is also proposed to run the coach Good Times later in the season, either from Atlantic Highlands or Seabright to Long Branch during the week of the Summer horse show in the latter place. The owners of the coach intend to do a large amount of road driving this season. In the three weeks run from the Waldorf-Astoria to the Morris Park races, the coach will make daily runs at four horse shows during the week that each show is in progress. Besides the Long Branch show, the Good Times will take an active part in the Atlantic City, Syracuse, and Bay Shore horse shows. The plans for the Bay Shore runs are not yet fully determined. At Atlantic City the coach will run from one of the leading hotels to the Inlet, where the show is held, and at Syracuse, the run will be from the city to the horse show grounds, which are a few miles outside of the town.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt will return from his brother's wedding in Newport in time to drive the road coach Pioneer to-day in its daily run from the Highland House to the Ardsley Club. This will be his first appearance this year on the box. He drove the coach on most of its runs last season.

Notwithstanding the severe rain and uncomfortable weather conditions yesterday the Pioneer, driven by Reginald Rivers, left the Holland House promptly at 10:30 o'clock A. M. All of the passengers who had engaged seats were on hand, several being ladies, and they tried to appear as comfortable as possible wrapped up in thick rubber coats and waterproof blankets. Among the party were Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Commons, Mr. and Mrs. Ames, Cecil Jackson, and E. Ffarrius.

The coach for to-day's run has been taken by G. G. Haven, Jr., who will have a large party.

SHUFFLEBOARD CHAMPIONSHIP

By defeating John Wilcox of Paterson and Robert McNeill of Philadelphia in the final games of the National shuffleboard tournament last night, John Nicolls of Jersey City, a seventeen-year-old lad, won the title of shuffleboard champion of America. The games were played at Nicolls's Hall, Jersey City, and the winner, who is a son of the proprietor of the place, demonstrated to the assembled experts that he is more than a match for any man young or old at the game. He is a very fast and accurate player, and some of his shots were executed with as much accuracy and deftness as might be expected from a first-class billiard expert. He handled the steel weights with confidence and was equally clever in knocking off the weights of his opponent as he was in laying his own as guards to protect desirable positions whenever he secured them.

Some months ago when the tournament was begun the leading players in New York, Philadelphia, Chester, Paterson, Newark, the Oranges, and Jersey City held preliminary trials in each of these places and in every instance two players were selected to represent each locality in the National contest. From the start of the tournament young Nicolls gave promise of being the most likely candidate for the championship, and his ultimate victory last night came as the final to a succession of brilliant winning games.

In the first of the two deciding games Nicolls beat Wilcox 100 to 48, and in the second he defeated McNeill 100 to 65. Patrick Somers of Philadelphia also was to have taken part in the finals, but he forfeited to Nicolls, being detained in Philadelphia through illness.

Waltham Watches
12,000,000 of them to keep the world in order.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

AUTOMOBILE TRIAL FAILS

Only Two Contestants on Hand for the Early Morning Test.

Elaborate Secret Preparations of the Committee Cause One Competitor to be Left—Try Again To-morrow.

An attempt was made yesterday morning by the Racing Committee of the Automobile Club of America to hold the trial races to select two members of the team of three automobile racers who will represent this country in the international race in Ireland next July, but on account of the unfavorable weather conditions the trials were abandoned after two short tests had been made and will not be resumed until the weather conditions are more favorable. As it will take at least a day for the roads to dry after the rain of yesterday, it is not expected that another attempt will be made before to-morrow or Friday.

The team which the Automobile Club of America will send to Ireland next Summer will consist of three members, one of whom—Alexander Winton of Cleveland—has already been selected. Of the four candidates for the two vacancies, Harry Harkness and Percy Owen of this city, L. P. Mooers of Cleveland, Ohio, and C. W. Matheson of Grand Rapids, Mich., only Owen and Mooers reported to the committee at the Garden City Hotel, Garden City, L. I., Monday afternoon. Matheson notified the committee some days ago that his cars were not completed, and Harkness on account of the policy of secrecy in which the officials of the club persisted up to the last moment did not receive his notice of the place and time of meeting in time to get there before the time set for the trials to-day. He had his car all ready last Friday, but was told then that he would not be wanted before Tuesday. Accordingly he had the car taken apart to remedy some slight difficulty, and when he received his notification at noon on Sunday he was unable to get it together in time. He arrived with his car at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and upon being informed of the postponement of the trials returned to town at once.

The tests were made over a measured course of seven miles on Whatenack Avenue, beginning at a point near the railroad crossing at Westbury, and extending across the Hempstead plains to within a short distance of Merrick. There are only about a half dozen houses and about the same number of crossroads in the entire stretch. This course was measured by the club surveyor, Henry A. Opdyck, last week, and a post placed at each mile. Permission to hold the trials had been obtained from the county authorities, and the cross roads were guarded by residents of the neighborhood.

Not only was the course the most unfrequented and inaccessible bit of road in that part of the island, but the time of the races had been set at the earliest hour possible, so that there would be as little interference as possible with regular traffic, and so as to make it impossible for any crowd of spectators to come out from the city by train. In consequence the two competitors, the members of the Racing Committee, several of the officers of the club, and a few automobilists who had been favored with information of the time and place of the meeting were obliged to spend the night at Garden City in order to be on hand in the morning. A few enthusiasts came out in automobiles during the night, so that about thirty persons in all witnessed the trials.

There was considerable criticism of the arrangements, as there was no supply of gasoline on hand at Garden City, and on this account the more powerful of the two Mooers cars, a machine of 80 to 100 horse power, which ran out of gasoline on the way on account of a leak in the tank, did not start, and the smaller one did not have a sufficient supply to complete its trial.

The start was made soon after 6 o'clock, the forty horse power machine of Mooers being sent away first. The wind was blowing strongly across the course, and a fine rain was falling, but the five miles were covered in a little over seven minutes unofficial time. On the return trip the gasoline gave out, and the car had to slow down. Percy Owen next made five miles in his eighty horse power racer in 5:55, unofficial time, and came back even faster, but his time for the return trip was not given out. In fact, no official times were given, nor would the members of the committee express any opinion of the trial of either vehicle.

By this time the rain was falling so heavily that it was decided to postpone any further tests of the vehicles, and the members of the committee, officials, and competitors returned to New York, with the exception of Secretary S. M. Butler, who remained at Garden City to arrange for the resumption of the trials.

Mr. Mooers left his two machines at Garden City and came in by train, but Percy Owen drove his car back to the city, arriving covered with mud early in the afternoon.

Automobile Association Meets.

At a meeting of the American Automobile Association, held at the clubrooms, 753 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, the Florida East Coast Automobile Association was admitted to membership and the President was authorized to appoint a committee of three to co-operate with the Automobile Club of America and the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers in devising a plan for the regulation and registration of professional automobile drivers and mechanics.

Automobile Run to Ardsley.

The Runs and Tours Committee of the Automobile Club of America announces an unpaced run to Ardsley next Saturday, the members to meet at luncheon at the Ardsley Club at 1:30 P. M. The route going will be by way of East Chester, New Rochelle, Mamaroneck, White plains, and Tarrytown, returning by way of Dobbs Ferry and Yonkers.

Keeney's High Billiard Run.

Frank A. Keeney, who is playing a series of exhibition games with George Sutton, the handless billiard expert, at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, made a run of 168 in the fourth game of the series, which was decided last night. The men are playing 14.2 billiards, and Keeney's big run was a splendid exhibition of close nursing and panel play, which was generously applauded by the 300 persons who watched the contest.

Keeney was 197 points behind Sutton at the end of the first day's play, but in his two games yesterday he picked up 95 points, so that Sutton was only 62 points ahead of him last night. In the afternoon game yesterday Sutton made a run of 61, and Keeney made one of 56. Sutton did not do so well last night, however, as his best effort only netted him 38 buttons. The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Sutton—12 1 0 0 4 12 3 0 17 4 13 34 41 27 4. Total, 300. Average, 13 6-15.
Keeney—15 27 0 0 15 0 0 4 26 0 50 27 24 24. Total, 243. Average, 17 6-14.

NIGHT GAME.

Sutton—19 0 9 2 0 15 2 0 11 2 38 3 1 38 26 14 0 28 1. Total, 300. Average, 10 10-19.
Keeney—0 0 12 17 4 2 0 168 4 37 0 1 0 2 0 13. Total, 259. Average, 18.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

BERNIER PUBLISHING COMPANY.—Justice Davis of the Supreme Court has appointed Thomas W. Churchill receiver for the Bernier Publishing Company of 116 Nassau Street on the application of Sidney B. Hopkins, a judgment creditor, for $250. Judge Holt of the United States District Court on Monday appointed Albert E. Hartcorn receiver for the same company in bankruptcy proceedings.

AMERICAN BUCHU COMPANY.—Deputy Sheriff Wallace yesterday sold out the effects of the American Buchu Company, patent medicines, at 139 West Thirty-fourth Street, for $500, on an execution in favor of Herbert Terrell for $1,283. The company was incorporated in December, 1901, with a capital stock of $2,000 and was increased on Nov. 10, 1902, to $1,000,000. Henry H. Kane, the President, filed a petition in bankruptcy on April 1 last.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

CHARLES HECK.—Charles Heck, an engineer, of 1,045 Simpson Street, Bronx, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,618 and no assets.

FREDERICK W. ROCKFELLOW.—Frederick W. Rockfellow, residing at 112 West Sixty-ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,038 for borrowed money and no assets.

JOHN WILLIAM WALKER.—John William Walker, a clerk, of 219 West One Hundred and Sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,572 and no assets. The debts were contracted from 1898 to 1903 and are principally to dealers in Fulton Market.

MODEL SKIRT COMPANY.—Morris Shachnovitz, Samuel Sommers, and Esther Greenblatt, who composed the firm of Shachnovitz, Sommers & Greenblatt, manufacturers of skirts, at 8 Lispenard Street, under the style of the Model Skirt Company, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,904 and assets of $1,323. The assets consist of trimmings, $350; fixtures, $400; accounts, $773, and cash, $25. They began business on Jan. 15, 1902.

GLUCKMAN & GROSS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Gluckman & Gross, manufacturers of clothing at 729 and 731 Broadway, show liabilities $56,310 and nominal assets $28,624, consisting of accounts $28,614 and cash in bank $10. They also had stock and fixtures which were taken by the receiver, value not given. There are seventy creditors, among them being the American Woolen Company, $9,042; National Butchers and Drovers' Bank, $3,000; James Talcott, $2,083; Metcalf Brothers & Co., $1,818; Wendell, Fay & Co., $1,769; Schefer, Schramm & Vogel, $1,586; Springfield Worsted Mills, $1,870; E. T. Stoll & Co., $1,298; Lawne, Mann & Drown, $1,248; Greeley, Cushman & Record, $1,240; Raritan Woolen Company and Somerset Manufacturing Company, $1,214; J. W. Goddard & Sons, $842.

RADON & CO.—Radon & Co., composed of Oscar Radon and Max Mayer, jobbers in woolens and dry goods at 42 Greene Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $104,040 and nominal assets of $69,592. The assets consist of merchandise, $36,753; fixtures, $280; notes, $623; cash, $210; insurance rebates, $120; claims, $167, and accounts, $32,277, of which $10,582 are doubtful. It was stated that the firm made all bills payable to Schefer, Schramm & Vogel, who may claim a lien on the accounts. Schefer, Schramm & Vogel are creditors for $48,204 for advances made for the purchase of merchandise, for which a lien may perhaps be claimed. Among the other creditors are the American Woolen Company, $9,058; Hugo Meyer & Co., $3,000; W. Bernberg, Schell & Co., $2,668; H. Bauendahl & Co., $2,542; H. A. Caesar & Co., $2,192; S. Rawitzer & Co., $2,229, and Boesmeck, Broessel & Co., $2,034. They began business in January, 1898, with a capital of $25,000. Their trouble is attributed to losses by bad debts.

North Shore Company Attached.

Justice Blanchard of the Supreme Court has granted two attachments against the North Shore Industrial Company and Charles L. Flint of Brookline, Mass., one for $2,140 in favor of Richard D. Upham and the other for $2,075 in favor of Henry H. Johnson, on notes of the company which were indorsed by Mr. Flint. The company is a Maine corporation, organized at Portland in 1894, with a capital stock of $1,500,000, by Boston parties, to develop real estate. James S. Warden was Treasurer. The company had an office at 39 Cortlandt Street, and has been developing some land on the north shore of Long Island. Deputy Sheriff Campbell served the attachments on a mortgage security company.

Bankrupt Grocer Seeks Discharge.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., April 14.—Harold W. Cornell, a grocer who failed in business at this place over a month ago, and who filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, has filed another petition asking for his discharge. A rule to show cause has been issued in the United States District Court at Trenton by Judge Kirkpatrick. The order is returnable May 11. Mr. Cornell is a brother of Cashier Cornell of the Monmouth Trust Company at Asbury Park, which was compelled to close its doors recently.

Detachable Tooth Company Fails.

TRENTON, N. J., April 14.—On the application of Frederick C. Brush of New York, Vice Chancellor Emery has appointed ex-Judge Henry M. Nevius as receiver of the Nason Detachable Tooth Company, doing business at Red Bank, N. J. Liabilities are placed at $15,000 and assets not quite $6,000.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

BONDRIX, Louis—P. W. Cullinan, Commissioner	5
BERLIN, Morris—F. Levy	44
BOYDEN, Frederick A.—G. Dalker	146
CARLIN, Maude—Metropolitan Street Railroad Company, costs	189
COHEN, Jacinth.—C. Schwab	61
CHURCH CONSTRUCTION COMPANY—A. Cabrelli	913
CHAMBERS, Thomas P.—F. W. Hopkins, administrator	691
COHEN, Herman, and Nathaniel Tonkin—E. J. West	230
CADY, James C.—Crescent Ice Company	200
COLER, Bird S.—D. J. M. O'Callaghan	154
DROKE, John N.—F. C. Lauer and another	570
DONAHUE, Dennis E.—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs	108
DALY, Martin.—S. Hochstadter	68
DOWNING, Charles W.—L. Jones and another	226
HEATH, Henry G. K., and Robert A. Stuart, executors—F. Schleuning	625
ESPOSITO, Louis—H. H. Lazarus	68
FEINBERG, Samuel, and Isaac Stromberg—J. Kalter	125
GOLDSTEIN, Isaac—J. Levin, costs	86
GOLDSTEIN, Solomon—B. Hecht and another	330
GARVAN MACHINE COMPANY—Ideal Wrench Company	2,470
HOLMAN, Charles H.—G. Dalker	68
HULL, Edward S., Jr.—C. W. Cutter	136
HARRISON, Arthur B.—G. L. Lawrence	477
HIRSCH, Herman M.—Smith Brothers	204
INMAN, William F.—E. J. Wulff	300
JOHNSTON, Joseph—L. L. Todd	267
KRUSE, Caroline—A. G. Melville	108
KEHOE, William J.—F. L. Entwistle, trustee	700
LIPPMANN, Israel—H. Englander	213
LITTELL, Cortland L.—E. Richards and another	600
McGUIRE, Catherine—H. McGuire and another, costs	138
MAYER, John J., Jr.—F. De Muth and another	274
MACKENZIE, George and Archibald T.—H. M. Susswein	88
MARTENS, Louis F.—Cuban-American Manufacturing Company	100
NEW AMSTERDAM GAS COMPANY—W. F. Norton and another, costs	112
OCKO, William—J. Wolfman	50
PETCHER, William W.—J. Arthur	523
PHYSIOE, Louis W., and Henry W. Palmer—Frederick Beck & Co.	321
PRICE, Jacob A.—J. H. Freuse	216
PEARRER, Christian and Louise—H. J. Cornehall, receiver	652
ROCKSTONE MILLS COMPANY—W. Siegler and another	1,447
RIBBOLOTTO, Rocco and Theresa—F. Gallaie, costs	116
REYNOLDS, William—City of New York	108
SUHER, Louis—V. Nitrole	50
SCHWARZLER, Joseph—Germania Life Insurance Company	321
SPOONER, Edward H.—G. Dalker	132
SANCHEZ, Carlos—E. Hedian	115
SHERMAN, Frederick J.—J. A. Murray	63
SNOW, Joseph J.—W. Werkhauser and another	187
SPINRAD, Max—R. E. Ellison and another	677
SCHLAETER, Isaac M.—Excelsior Silk Waist Company	537
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. C. O'Keefe, receiver	17
THE NEW YORK ELEVATOR SUPPLY and Repair Company—The McCall Company	120
THE OLD GUARD OF THE CITY OF New York.—E. Ellis Briggs, President, and Major George H. Wyatt, Secretary and Adjutant; William H. Kirby, Assistant Secretary, and James F. Wenman, Captain and Treasurer, as officers of the Old Guard of the City of New York—H. R. Brewster	800
THE LEDGER PUBLISHING COMPANY—T. Wessel Manufacturing Company	810
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—R. C. O'Keefe, receiver	2,124
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. C. O'Keefe, receiver	4,000
THE CITY OF NEW YORK—J. C. O'Keefe, receiver	1,186

The METROSTYLE

An addition to the Pianola by means of which it is possible to reproduce the *exact interpretations* of the great masters of the piano

HAROLD BAUER says:

In a recent letter I told you my opinion of the Pianola, and while I consider it is superior in every way to all other pianoforte-players.

I am convinced that no instrument can be considered complete unless equipped with the METROSTYLE.

This device is not only interesting and wonderful, but positively indispensable to those who are sufficiently musical to wish to become acquainted with the better class of music and to perform it with taste and musicianly expression.

One is amazed to find how closely it is poss

Amusements.

Madison Square Garden

Afternoon at 2 and Evening at 8 o'clock. Doors open an hour earlier for a view of the Menagerie, [illegible], Freaks, Prodigies, etc.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE.

Exhibition in Brooklyn for one WEEK only, beginning Monday, April 27, at Saratoga Ave. and Halsey St.

BARNUM & BAILEY

GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH.

America's Only Real Representative Show. Presenting the Wonders of the Earth. 3 Circus Companies. 2 Menageries. Hippodrome. Aerial Enclave. Spectacular Prelude. Gallery of Freaks. ONE HUNDRED STARTLING ACTS. CYCLO, THE KINETIC DEMON. BABY ELEPHANT AND MOTHER. TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY, AT 2 AND 8 P. M. Doors open an hour earlier. Admission to all, including numbered seat, 25 and 50 cents. (26th and 27th St. entrances only.) Reserved seats, 75 cents, $1.00, and $1.50, according to location. (Madison Av. entrance only.) Private boxes, six seats, $12.00 and $15.00. Single box seats, $2.00 and $2.50. Box office now open, Madison Av. entrance, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., for advance sale of seats from $1.00 upward. No seats reserved by telephone.

DALY'S B'way & 30th....at 8:15. DANIEL FROHMAN, Manager.
MATINEE EVERY WED. & SAT., 2:15.
......OPIE READ'S......
AMERICAN CHARACTER COMEDY.
"Distinct success."—Press.
"Stands on the same plane as 'Shore Acres.'"—Times.
"Refreshing, original."—News.
"A thrilling romance."—World.
"The Starbucks' pleases."—Herald.
THE STARBUCKS
A Story of Cumberland Mountain Folks.
SPECIAL CAST & THEODORE ROBERTS.
Saturday Matinée prices, 50c. to $1.50.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs., 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MATINEE TO-DAY. PRICES 50c to 1.50
"The Best Seen Here in Years."—Times.
Henry W. Savage Presents GEORGE ADE'S Hit,
4th MONTH **SULTAN OF SULU**
Music by Alfred G. Wathall.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Eve. 8. Mats. to-day & Sat., 2. Special Prices Wed. Mats., 50c. to 1.50.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Presents THE MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS,
PRINCE OF PILSEN

EMPIRE THEATRE. Broadway & 40th St. Evgs. 8:20. Matinées To-day & Sat., 2:15.
LAST WEEK. | **THE UNFORESEEN**
NEXT MONDAY, APRIL 20TH. Seat Sale Thurs., 9 A. M.
Charles Frohman will Present, for 2 Weeks Only,
JOHN DREW THE MUMMY AND THE HUMMING BIRD.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Saturday, 2:15. "Success for Star and Author."—Herald.
ANNIE RUSSELL in MICE AND MEN

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. TO-NIGHT, 200TH TIME IN NEW YORK. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Saturday, 2:15.
CHARLES HAWTREY A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

NEW SAVOY THEATRE, 34th St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. To-day and Saturday.
HENRY MILLER. THE TAMING OF HELEN.

GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. & Mad. Ave. Matinée To-day, Friday, and Saturday. Evenings, 8:30. Matinées, 2:30. The 15th Century Morality Play, **EVERYMAN**

MADISON SQUARE THEA. 24th St., nr. B'way. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Saturday. Geo. Broadhurst's New Comedy, **A FOOL AND HIS MONEY**

KNICKERBOCKER THEA. B'way & 38th. 8 P. M. sharp. Matinées To-day & Sat. at 2. Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Production of **MR. BLUE BEARD.** 4th Month.

PRINCESS Theatre, B'way & 29th. Evgs. 8:30. Last 4 Nights, 8:30. Last Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. AMELIA BINGHAM—The Frisky Mrs. Johnson. Seats on Sale To-morrow at 9 A. M. for Great "There and Back" and "The Man Who Stole the Castle." Double Bill. ENGAGEMENT BEGINS MONDAY, APRIL 20.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14th St. & Irving Pl. The Great Racing Play, **THE SUBURBAN** —20 Horses—300 People.— Prices 25,50,75,1.00. Mats. to-day & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

BELASCO THEATRE Mat. Sat. 2. To-night at 8. 128th time. Easter Matinée to-morrow (Thursday.) DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in THE DARLING OF THE GODS.

MATINEES EVERY DAY **CASINO** MATINEES ONLY. MATINEE TO-DAY, 10:30 A. M. Prices 50c to $1. **LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY.**

THE **DEWEY** E. 14th St. Tel. 6234—18. MATINEE TO-DAY. **BRIGADIER BURLESQUERS** Two Burlesques. Vaudeville.

CIRCLE 60TH & B'WAY. EVGS. 8:15. MATS. 2:15. ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE. 10—GREAT BIG ACTS—10

Mrs. Osborn's Play House. 44th St., near 5th Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat. EDITH ELLIS BAKER in THE POINT OF VIEW.

BIJOU B'way 30th St. Evg. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. | **MARIE CAHILL in NANCY BROWN.**

VICTORIA. Mats. to-day & Sat. Last 3 Weeks. Blanche **WALSH in RESURRECTION**

HARLEM OPERA House. Evgs., 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15. **PRIMROSE & DOCKSTADER** BIG MINSTRELS

PROCTOR'S 125th St., 23d St., 5th Av. and 58th St. | 25c. 50c. Res. 75c. BIG COMEDY & VAUDEVILLE SHOWS. Con. Every Aft. & Eve.—Full orchestras

14th St. Theatre, nr. 6th Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat. One week only—ALPHONSE and GASTON. Next Week (Only)—Happy Hooligan.

H. & S. Hurtig & Seamon's, W. 125th. Mat. To-day. Eugene O'Rourke & Co. Genaro & Bailey, 10 others.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 25c. "A WIFE'S PERIL," with Elita Proctor Otis.

AMERICAN 42D ST. & 8TH AVE. Mat. Daily, Ex'pt Mon., 25c. **THE CHRISTIAN**

KEITH'S B'way and 14th. | BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30. PRICES 25c. and 50c.

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH. DE KOLTA, the Wizard, to-night at 8.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Evgs. at 8:20. [illegible] OPERETTA CO. Every Eve'g & Sat. Matinee, "DIE PUPPE," ("The Doll.")

Baseball. Polo Grounds, To-day, 3:30 P. M., Equitable Life Ins. Club vs. New York. Adm. 50c.

The Turf.

Queens County Jockey Club,
AQUEDUCT, L. I.
RACING BEGINS TO-DAY
AT 2:30 P. M., with six sparkling features, including the great opening attraction,
THE CARTER HANDICAP.
Trains leave foot of East 34th St. 10:50 A. M., 12:20, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40, 1:50 P. M., and Flatbush Av. 10:56 A. M., 1, 1:20, 1:45, 1:55 P. M.

"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY"

A Gay Farce by the Author of "What Happened to Jones."

Jameson Lee Finney, May Vokes, and Arnold Daly Score Distinct Successes.

The playbill at the Madison Square ought to read something like this:

FINNEY, VOKES & DALY,
Refined Vordyvillians in their Character Sketch,
"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY,"
By George H. Broadhurst.

It is true that the playbill calls the piece a farcical comedy, but in the matter of descriptive titles the motto for playbills is "Guess Again." Our guess is refined vordyville; for, in estimating a play, it is always so much pleasanter to level it up than to level it down. As refined vordyville, "A Fool and His Money" is the freshest and most inspiring, the neatest, most varied, logical, and consistent entertainment it has lately been the fortune of the playgoer to encounter.

Mr. Finney is a scion of industrious plutocracy, whose good nature and want of something to do cause him to be done by others. His grizzle-bearded father surprises him while he is banking a game of roulette, and in a spirit of rough paternal kindness tells him a few truths of the kind that are not inaptly described as "home." The lad gets on his mettle and decides that it is time for him to be disinherited. In the face of protests from his father he gives it out that he has been cut off from the paternal graft. This occupies the first act.

The second act is concerned with the various go-bys his quondam friends give him on the golf links of, let us say, Shinnecock. (Look at the signal box when the Indian maiden tells the Long Island trains when to stop for the golfers.) Only a girl and a poor devil of a French painter (Arnold Daly) remain true to him.

In the third act Finney and Daly go into lodgings together, where they encounter May Vokes, who is the slavey genius of the place. Finney is an inventive sharp, and has applied for a patent on a car wheel attachment—a device which, as will be remembered, is a favorite means of which scions of the plutocracy exhibit that they could be clever if they had to. But Mr. Finney has invented other and more immediately practical things. There is that trunk which has been transformed into a pantry and icebox combined; there are the hatbox and the mandolin case which hold the kitchen utensils. Other means there are of vordyville fun—eggs which the educated hen has typewritten with the date of their birth; the dumb waiter from which, (having failed to poach their eggs,) they poach coffee and chicken. But wherefor specify? The title of this act should be "The Compleat Vordyvillian." After this is a fourth act, in which the various loose threads of the plot are agreeably gathered in.

The qualities of the piece are lightness and refinement. Bright lines are plentiful, and there are many little fresh devices for heightening the merriment. Incredible as it seems, a new turn is rung on the old business of secreting young women visitors in the bedroom of a bachelor. For gay and innocent fun no show of the present season, except "The Earl of Pawtucket," has surpassed it. There is a very large public for this sort of thing, and the new play at the Madison Square should enjoy an extended popularity. It is possible that it lacks the body and vitality of Mr. Broadhurst's previous farces, "What Happened to Jones" and "Why Smith Left Home," but that has still to be determined.

Mr. Finney is as light and airily charming as ever. His talents are of so legitimate an order that one wishes he might have a more substantial and important vehicle; but that is beside the present question. His genius for explaining things, and in particular his explanation of the derivation and significance of the verb "ferioo" are not unlikely to pass with "Sarah's better" into the vernacular of the hour.

Mr. Arnold Daly, as the warm-hearted and loyal French painter, follows the conventional lines of stage character parts, but he does so with intelligence and right feeling. His present venture will extend his reputation. Sidney Herbert employed his great talents upon the part of the millionaire father whose son disinherited him. Mabel Dixey, a daughter of Henry E. Dixey, was pretty and capable as the German maiden in love with the French painter.

The surprise of the evening was the slavey of Miss May Vokes, whose extraordinary talents in farcical character the metropolis has had time to forget since her last prominent appearance, which is said to have been in "My Friend from India." As the besmudged and curl-papered Esmeralda she won the hearts and the laughter of her audience.

Few bits of grotesque character comedy have equaled the passage in which she exchanges confidences as to her employers up the dumbwaiter to the slavey above and down the dumbwaiter to the slavey below. And when the explaining Mr. Finney informs her that Mr. Arnold Daly got his beautiful eyes by eating ice the way she attacks the ice chest is convulsingly funny.

To the easily satiated tastes of the first night audience the play seemed at times somewhat thin and somewhat drawn out. It is possible that condensation would improve it. But it is more likely that the general public will take to it with delight at its present face value.

CLARA MORRIS'S THANKS.

Letter Read by Amelia Bingham Brings Tears to the Eyes of the Audience at the Benefit.

Whether it was the way in which Amelia Bingham read the letter from Clara Morris, whether it was the wording of the letter itself, or both, at any rate there was many a wet eye in the audience at the Broadway yesterday afternoon when she had finished. The letter came from Miss Morris's bedside in her Yonkers home, and Miss Bingham read it after one of the acts of the programme arranged for the benefit performance given to Miss Morris. It was as follows:

To-morrow—when it will be too late—I will have bright ideas stamping up and down all over me, crowding my mind with lovely thoughts; but to-day I haven't a lovely thought in me; I am just one great big personified "Thank you!"

It has been often said that in my early life, in my long professional climb upward, no hand was held out to help me. Well, there is truth in that; but now that I follow the descending path surely no woman in the world ever had so many strong and gentle hands stretched out to steady and support her steps over dangerous quicksand in the road.

Twice in my life I have suffered the pain and humiliation of undeserved blame—to-day I suffer the deeper humiliation of undeserved praise. From British Columbia to California; from Canada to Florida, and all the great land between, come letters of encouragement, of prayer, of promise, but all written to that Clara Morris of the imagination. These writers speak of an actress whose power made her terrible as "an army with banners"; of a woman more bountiful than Mother Nature herself—a sort of cross between an uncrowned Queen and a wingless angel. And when I read, I draw the covers up to my cheek, turn to the wall and laugh a little, that no one may guess I am crying. You see the contrast between the real woman and the imaginary one jars me—dreadfully!

All my life I have felt a sort of amused wonderment over the people whom I have seen casting their bread upon the waters and then anxiously awaiting its return in time for them to dine. What folly! I cried to myself. To expect such a return even after many days—and so I cast my small crusts far out with a good strong fling, and gave them never a thought—no, not one! And the days and the months and the years have passed, and lo! here this wonderful day—all my small crusts grown into full unbroken loaves have returned to me from the waters of the past, and what is more, all spiced and sweetened by tender memories and kind words, and I stand abashed as one convicted with lack of faith.

When I lay prostrate, broken in body and pride, I wondered dully, why I, who had shed such floods of tears over stage heroines, had no tears for myself. And then two hands were held out almost simultaneously; hands strong to help and warm with sympathy. One was the almost sisterly hand of dear Julia Arthur, the other was my honored Bishop's. Then—oh, eternal feminine! then the storm broke and the tears fell! Why, the third act of "Camille" had been a burning, dry Sahara in comparison.

And since then—look at these names high in the rushing, tearing business world! high in the social world! Look at these names high in the Church—at these names high in my own beloved profession! Look at the great journals that have spoken me more than fair—and think of the real kindness in those hearts that made it possible for such desperately busy people to turn a moment to help—just a woman who has received a staggering blow! Do you wonder I am a personified "Thank you"?

Will you then, Miss Bingham, to whom I owe already so very much, will you give a message to all those generous people in the Broadway Theatre to-day? I mean it for every soul, front and back, from gallery to box, from star to callboy—and all that hard-working force of carpenters, scene shifters, electricians, painters, property men, all! all! Please say I wish that each person in that building, their heads upon their pillows to-night, may say: "Without tormenting anxiety, Clara Morris will sleep peacefully to-night, by my aid, and she thanks me!"

Please say this, dear Miss Bingham, and may April be in all your hearts, and God bless us every one! CLARA MORRIS.

In connection with this letter Miss Bingham gave the amount of the receipts—$6,500—and told of the kindness of the Rev. A. F. Underhill, (Miss Morris's pastor,) the artists, and of numerous well-known people in contributing to the benefit. She then read a cablegram from Sarah Bernhardt, which ran:

I would like to be there to express to you myself my admiration for your talent, my sympathy for your person. You are one who has honored our career by the beauty of your life. I embrace you with emotion and tenderness.

Amusements.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
NEXT SUNDAY EVENING.
ANNUAL ACTORS' HOME VAUDEVILLE BENEFIT
THE GREATEST STARS IN VAUDEVILLE. SEATS AND BOXES AT METROPOLITAN.

Stony Wold Sanitarium Association, Auxiliary No. 9, Home for Consumptive Women and Girls. BENEFIT BALLROOM WALDORF-ASTORIA. Monday, April 20th, 2:30 P. M., Blanche Bates, Blanche Walsh, Robert T. Haines, Eugene Cowles, Mackenzie Gordon, and others. Tickets $2.00, at Tyson's, Waldorf-Astoria.

WEST END THEATRE, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Mat. Saturday only. —ONE WEEK ONLY.— **WEBER & FIELDS'** ALL STAR STOCK COMPANY in **TWIRLY-WHIRLY.** Direct from the Music Hall, with the Original Scenery, Costumes and Cast.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE. Evgs., 8:15. Mat. To-day & Saturday. **GRACE GEORGE in Pretty Peggy**

CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St. Telephone 6030—38. | Mat. To-day & Sat'day at 2:15. Evgs., 8:15. **LAST 14 PERFORMANCES, A CHINESE HONEYMOON.**

MAJESTIC, GRAND CIRCLE. B'way & 59 St. Ev. 8. Mat. To-day & Sat. 2. **WIZARD OF OZ,** SOUVENIRS with Montgomery & Stone. Matinée To-day.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. To-day & Sat. **THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET**

GRAND Mat. To-day, 25c. 50c. **Stuart ROBSON** The Henrietta

STAR Lex. Av., 107th St. Matinée Wed. 25c. Thos. E. Shea. To-day, The Pledge of Honor. To-night, Dr. Jekyl & Mr. Hyde

MUSICAL NOTES.

A "Post Easter Musical Festival" was given at Wanamaker's, Broadway and Tenth Street, last evening. There were four distinct programmes given. On the fourth floor there was an excellent orchestra of sixty, under the direction of Frank Damrosch; in the Annex an orchestra under the direction of Sam Franko. In these two concerts the following soloists took part, who are among the best artists now to be heard in New York: Charlotte Maconda, soprano; Gertrude May Stein, contralto; Ellison Van Hoose, tenor; Gwilym Miles, baritone; Mme. Antoinette Szumowska, pianist; Prof. Hugo Heermann, violinist; Leo Schulz, violoncello, and Isidore Luckstone, accompanist.

Mr. Damrosch's programme was as follows:

Overture—"Die Meistersinger"..........Wagner
Prize Song—"Die Meistersinger"..........Wagner
Mr. Ellison Van Hoose.
Suite—"Peer Gynt"..........Grieg
(a) Nocturne..........Ernst
(b) Czardas..........Hubay
Prof. Hugo Heermann.
Hungarian Dances..........Brahms
(a) Nocturne, C minor..........Chopin
(b) Waltz, D flat major..........Chopin
(c) Campanella..........Liszt
Mme. Antoinette Szumowska.
Prelude—"Lohengrin"..........Wagner
"Mort de Jeanne d'Arc"..........Bemberg
Mme. Gertrude May Stein.
(a) "Danse des Sylphes"..........Berlioz
(b) Rakoczy March..........Liszt
Violoncello Solo—"Papillons"..........Goltermann
Leo Schulz.
Quartet—"Rigoletto"..........Verdi
Mmes. Maconda and Stein, Messrs. Van Hoose and Miles.

Mr. Franko's programme was as follows:

Overture, "Fra Diavolo"..........Auber
Prologue, "Pagliacci"..........Leoncavallo
Mr. Gwilym Miles.
Bourree et Gigue..........German
(a) Nocturne, C minor..........Chopin
(b) Valse, D flat major..........Chopin
(c) Campanella..........Liszt
Mme. Antoinette Szumowska.
Airs de ballet..........Gretry
Polonaise, "Mignon"..........Thomas
Mme. Charlotte Maconda.
Excerpts from "Aida"..........Verdi
(a) Polonaise in E, Op. 2..........Liszt
(b) Valse du ballet, "Scent of the Rose"..........William Loraine
S. R. Harcourt.
Quartet, "Rigoletto"..........Verdi
Mmes. Maconda and Stein; Messrs. Van Hoose and Miles.
(a) Lullaby..........Sam Franko
(b) Mazourka..........Elgar
(a) Melodie..........Schumann
(b) Am Springbrunnen..........Schumann
(c) Mazourka..........Wieniawski
Prof. Hugo Heermann.
Waltz, "Geschichten aus dem Wiener Wald"..........Strauss

In the Chickering Room on the fifth floor the Harmony Glee Club, Alexander McGuirk director, was heard in a programme of part songs. In the Angelus Library Room on the fifth floor the Vienna Artists' String Quartet gave a programme that included waltzes and operatic selections.

In the Louis XIV. Room on the fifth floor Mr. Ferdinand Himmelreich was to give a piano recital, but was prevented by illness from appearing. There were large audiences present at all the performances, notwithstanding the exceeding storminess of the weather, and there was great interest manifested in the music, all of which was popular in the best sense and appealed to the taste of lovers of the higher things of art, as well as of the lighter varieties of it. The guests of the evening indicated their pleasure in the entertainment by frequent and abundant applause. After the concerts refreshments were served on the fifth floor.

***

A pianoforte recital was given last evening in Knabe Hall by Julian Pascal. Mr. Pascal played a programme the first half of which consisted of pieces by Chopin—an impromptu, two etudes, the Barcarolle, two preludes, a nocturne, and a scherzo; the second half comprised Beethoven's sonata "Les Adieux, L'Absence et Le Retour," three pieces by Mr. Pascal, Rosenthal's study on a waltz of Chopin's, Liszt's variations on a song of Chopin's, and his E major polonaise. There are some agreeable qualities about Mr. Pascal's playing; he produces a tone that is generally musical in quality, though it is without much variety of color, and he gave a tasteful performance of the less exacting pieces of Chopin's.

***

The Church Choral Society, which was originally formed in 1889 and had a career of seven years of considerable success, is to be revived. Its object was the presentation of ecclesiastical music in the larger forms in some of the larger churches, and of recitals or musical services, with chorus, orchestra, and organ. Mr. Richard Henry Warren will again be conductor, as he was before. A concert will be given by the society in St. Bartholomew's Church next Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, repeated on Wednesday evening at 8:30, of which the programme is especially interesting, as follows:

Prelude, "Parsifal"..........Wagner
Orchestra.
Cantata, "Bide with us"..........J. S. Bach
Soloists, chorus, orchestra, and organ.
Easter hymn, "Jesus Christ is risen."
Congregation, choirs, orchestra, and organ.
Short oratorio, "The Light of Life"..........Edward Elgar
(First time in America.)
Soloists, chorus, orchestra, and organ.

The soloists will be Ella A. Toedt, soprano; Leo Lieberman, tenor; John H. Duffey, baritone, and Will C. Macfarlane, organist.

***

A violin recital will be given at the New York College of Music to-morrow afternoon at 3:15 o'clock, by Michael Banner, assisted by Alexander Lambert.

LITTLE GUESTS OF CIRCUS

Seventy-five Hundred Children from Institutions See Show.

They Have Fun with the Lion-Faced Boy and Are Affably Greeted by Zip, the "What-is-it."

Seven thousand five hundred children owned the circus yesterday afternoon. They came from half a hundred institutions scattered throughout the length and breadth of the city by invitation of the Barnum & Bailey management, and the performers never worked before a more enthusiastic throng of spectators. The adjectives of Tody Hamilton, strewed so liberally through the programme, were all indorsed by the thousands of little folk.

The youngsters began to arrive as early as 1 o'clock, although the show was not scheduled to start until 2. They presented in more than a single case a rather bedraggled spectacle as they trooped through the rain to the Garden entrance. But soon they forgot the discomfort of wet feet and did not care a little about the chance of having taken cold, for they were at last in the land of day dreams, where the giant lived, and all the little people—smaller than themselves, although "grown-ups"—and the funny "man and lady with pictures all over them," as one child was heard to remark to her neighbor.

"Say, cull, here's 'er dime. Go down ter de Bowery an' git 'er hair cut!" yelled one of the irrepressibles to the lion-faced boy, and then withdrew his treasured coin as quickly as he offered it when the "prodigy" in question made as if to accept the "price." The albino man did not take any considerable interest in the children, and Krao, the "missing link," together with the bearded woman, and old Mr. Coffee, the "living skeleton," also refused to become sociable. But the fat girl, "Beautiful Marie," who weighs 517 pounds, and wants to weigh more; Hugo, the giant, and Zip, the "What-is-it," were most affable.

From the freaks the children were passed on in double rows to the animals in the basement of the building, and thence to their seats in the arena. As one school after another entered, many with drum corps and a few with full bands, the crowd already seated applauded heartily. Particularly was the drum corps of the Abigail Free School and Kindergarten welcomed as it marched in, playing rag time. Some of the drummers were not very much larger than their instruments, and most any one in the lot could have crawled inside the bass drum without "scrouching."

The "Tribute to Balkis" was received at first in silence that bespoke wonderment, but as the little visitors had a chance to look more closely at the horses and found them natural, and perceived that the girls and men in the gaudy trappings were real human beings, applause rippled around the big hall, not to stop again until the last chariot race was over.

The clowns, of course, received their full share of the approbation, and when one scarecrow individual was introduced as "Tom" Sharkey to box another half his size impersonating "Jack" Monroe, there was neither eye nor voice for anything else in the house. But there were many other acts that "took" with the crowd. The football pony was besought from all quarters to kick the big gasball into the boxes, and the aerialists were encouraged as never before. Finally, the chariot races capped the climax. "Thundering, desperate, and furious," they were according to the programme, and no less "thundering, desperate, and furious" in the minds of the children.

There was the best of order during the show, and when the crowd filed out at its close praises of the performance, of the fat lady, the giant, and midgets and the management were on every one's lips. Miss Helen Gould with a party including several children occupied one of the arena boxes.

NOTES OF THE THEATRE.

In all probability H. W. Savage will follow the lead of Heinrich Conried, the new impresario at the Metropolitan, and add Wagner's "Parsifal" to the repertoire of his English Grand Opera Company. When Mr. Savage left recently to see the production of Puccini's "Madame Butterfly" at Milan, which he is to present in English next season, he had in mind a visit to Frau Wagner, during which he hoped to persuade her to let him have the English rights to the opera. But now that Mr. Conried has found he can legally produce "Parsifal" without this permission from Frau Wagner, it is practically settled that Mr. Savage will do the same.

***

The next matinée of the Stanhope-Wheatcroft Dramatic School will be given Friday afternoon at the Madison Square, when the following programme will be presented by the students: An abridged version of "The Ironmaster," by Georges Ohnet; "Six Cups of Chocolate," by Edith V. Matthews, and "The Marble Arch," by Edward Rose and A. J. Garraway.

***

"Dolce," a new one-act play by John Luther Long, will be produced to-morrow afternoon by Mrs. Fiske at the Tremont Theatre, Boston, for the benefit of the Animal Rescue League. Because of the popularity of Mr. Long's plays, numerous efforts were made by others to secure his play, but it was his wish that Mrs. Fiske be seen in it. It tells the story of a girl of New York's "Little Italy," who is introduced later in Florence as titled and wealthy.

***

Emilio de Gogorza, the concert singer who recently returned from St. Louis, has gone out on a six weeks' tour with the Boston Festival Orchestra, directed by Emil Mollenhauer.

OSWEGO THEATRE DESTROYED

Destruction by Fire of the Washington Caused Nearly $150,000 Loss—Two Clubrooms Gutted.

ROME, N. Y., April 14.—The Washington, one of the best appointed theatres in Central New York, owned by Wallace & Gilmore of Oswego, was destroyed by fire early to-day. The loss is between $125,000 and $150,000. The blaze originated from some unknown cause in the third story of the building, and was beyond control when the firemen reached it.

Included in the Washington Block were the apartments of the Mandota and Bengal Clubs, the offices of T. J. Mowry, manufacturer; Fox & Graves, coal dealers, and two prominent physicians. The property was all destroyed. Furnishings worth less than $100 were all that were taken from the building.

Three hours after the alarm the south wall, five stories high, fell outward, injuring a score of bystanders who had crowded within the fire lines.

Insurance covers no more than half the loss.

Empire Theatre in Passaic Burned.

PASSAIC, N. J., April 14.—The Empire Theatre Building on Second Street was destroyed by fire this morning soon after daylight. The flames spread from Amiel Stark's furniture store, which occupied a part of the front, to the liquor store of Harry Stein, the other store in the building, and then into the theatre. Above the stores, in the two upper floors of the front building, were halls used for dances and receptions. Merris Stark, a brother of the owner of the furniture store, was asleep in the building and was rescued, unconscious, by Policeman Rutlidge. The loss is estimated at $25,000.

THINKS CAR FARES TOO HIGH.

Ex-Senator Ford Favors Round Trip Charge of 5 Cents.

Mayor Low's suggestion that all rapid transit legislation be allowed to go over for a year was criticised by ex-Senator John Ford last night in a lecture which he delivered before the People's Institute at Cooper Union on the topic "The Rapid Transit Situation." Mr. Ford expressed himself in favor of the immediate passage of the Elsberg bill, and said he believed the measure would be passed at the present term of the Legislature.

"We ought," he said, "to have a local railroad commission, which should have nothing to do but to see that the conditions of franchises are lived up to by the corporations operating railroads in this city. They should have authority to compel them to do so, and should have something to say about the fares, too. There is no excuse for a five-cent fare for a fifteen minutes' ride on a road built by 3 per cent. capital. Three cents for a single fare and 5 cents for a round trip ought to be enough."

SMITH & MABLEY
7th Ave. Cor. 38th St. N.Y.
AGENTS FOR
The Panhard, C.G.V., Mors & Renault
Complete Foreign Supply & Repair Dept.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.		P. M.
Sun rises...5:24	Sun sets...6:38		Moon rises...10:27	

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	9:50	Gov. Isl'd	10:10	H. Gate	12:03
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	10:10	Gov. Isl'd	10:33	H. Gate	12:38

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (WEDNESDAY,) APRIL 15.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Comanche, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Denver, Galveston	....	3:00 P. M.
El Dia, New Orleans	....	3:00 P. M.
Germania, Naples	....	
Hamilton, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
Hellig Olav, Denmark	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
New York, Southampton	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
New York, Turks Island and Dominican Republic	12:30 P. M. *1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Teutonic, Liverpool via Queenstown	6:30 A. M. *10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Toronto, Hull	....	....
THURSDAY, APRIL 16.		
Algonquin, Charleston and Jacksonville	....	3:00 P. M.
Buenos Aires, Havana and Vera Cruz	....	....
Canning, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay	8:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Capri, Barbados and Brazil	....	10:30 A. M.
Esperanza, Havana, Yucatan, &c	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.
La Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Laurentian, Glasgow	....	....
Moltke, Hamburg	....	8:00 A. M.
Niceto, Santiago	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Pretoria, Bermuda	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
FRIDAY, APRIL 17.		
Colorado, Brunswick and Mobile	....	3:00 P. M.
Eastern Prince, Northern Brazil	....	11:30 A. M.
Matanzas, Mexico via Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	....	3:00 P. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M., (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M., (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Bahamas, (except parcels-post mails,) by rail to Miami, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office at §5:30 A. M. every Wednesday.

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §15, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Aki Maru. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §17, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Hongkong Maru. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after March §28 and up to April §18, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Sierra. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.) Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §24, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa. Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after April §18 and up to April §25, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Miowera. Mails for Hawaii, China, Japan, and specially addressed matter for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §25, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer City of Peking. Mails for the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §26, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §27, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to April §28, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of China. Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada. Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §10, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Olympia.

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (WEDNESDAY,) APRIL 15.

Albano, Hamburg, March 31.
Alene, Port Limon, April 9.
Algonquin, Jacksonville, April 11.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville, April 12.
Buffalo, Hull, March 31.
Citta di Milano, Naples, March 31.
Colorado, Brunswick, April 11.
Dagbtorg, Liverpool, March 24.
El Mar, New Orleans, April 11.
Evelyn, San Juan, April 8.
Falka, Bordeaux, March 26.
Kansas City, Savannah, April 12.
Llandaff City, Swansea, March 28.
New England, Gibraltar, March 27.
Nicomedia, Hamburg, March 21.
Palatia, Gibraltar, April 1.
Peninsular, Lisbon, March 31.
Pretoria, Bermuda, April 11.
Regina Elena, Gibraltar, April 2.
Rhynland, Antwerp, April 1.
Sailor Prince, Barbados, April 7.
Vaderland, Southampton, April 4.

THURSDAY, APRIL 16.

Barbarossa, Bremen, April 4.
Buenos Aires, Cadiz, April 6.
Caribbee, St. Thomas, April 11.
Maraval, Trinidad, April 8.
Napolitan Prince, Gibraltar, April 4.
Nueces, Galveston, April 9.

FRIDAY, APRIL 17.

Bristol City, Swansea, April 2.
El Paso, Galveston, April 11.
Germanic, Liverpool, April 8.
Hekla, Christiansand, April 3.
Orizaba, Santiago, April 11.
Patricia, Hamburg, April 4.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18.

Alexandria, Copenhagen, March 31.
Cedric, Liverpool, April 9.
Etruria, Liverpool, April 11.
Philadelphia, Southampton, April 11.

SUNDAY, APRIL 19.

Gallia, Gibraltar, April 5.
La Champagne, Havre, April 11.

Arrived.

SS George W. Clyde, Rich, Georgetown, S. C., April 9 via Wilmington, N. C., 11th, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

SS Algonquin, Hale, Jacksonville April 10 and Charleston 12th, with mdse. and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

SS Taff, (Br.,) Canrobert, Port Maria, Rio Novo, and Orange Bay April 6 and Port Antonio 7th, with fruit to the United Fruit Co. Arrived at the Bar at midnight 13th.

SS Algeria, (Br.,) George, Marseilles, &c., March 7, with mdse. and passengers to Henderson Bros. Arrived at the Bar at 10:27 P. M. 13th.

SS Eriea, (Ger.,) Rickman, Kingston, &c., April 14, with mdse. and passengers to J. E. Kerr & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 10 P. M. 13th.

SS British King, (Br.,) Riddle, Antwerp March 27 and Southampton 30th, with mdse. to Sanderson & Son. Arrived at the Bar at midnight 13th.

SS Morro Castle, Downs, Havana April 11, with mdse. and passengers to James E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11:50 A. M.

SS Lahn, (Ger.,) Beitz, Genoa April 2, Naples 3d, and Gibraltar 6th, with mdse. and passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Arrived at the Bar at noon.

SS Hamilton, Boaz, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, (Ger.,) Richter, Bremen April 7 and Southampton and Cherbourg 8th, with mdse. and passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 6:50 A. M.

Sailed.

SS Monroe, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS El Valle, for Galveston.
SS Oneida, for Philadelphia.
SS Anchoria, (Br.,) for Glasgow.

By Cable.

LONDON, April 14.—SS Oceanic, (Br.,) Capt. Cameron, from New York for Liverpool, arr. at Queenstown at 10:46 P. M. to-day and proceeded.

SS Gordon Castle, (Br.,) Capt. Whitman, (from Cape Town,) sld. from St. Lucia for New York April 11.

SS Aurania, (Br.,) Capt. King, sld. from Liverpool for New York via Queenstown to-day.

SS Graf Waldersee, (Ger.,) Capt. Kopff, from New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg, and Hamburg, passed Scilly at 6:30 P. M. to-day.

SS L'Aquitaine, (Fr.,) Capt. Fajolle, from New York for Havre, passed the Lizard at 6:55 A. M. to-day.

SS Albenga, (Ger.,) Capt. Petersen, from New York for Singapore, Manila, &c., passed Perim to-day.

SS Consuelo, (Br.,) Capt. Watson, from New York for Hull, passed Scilly to-day.

SS Aros Castle, (Br.,) Capt. Reed, from New York via St. Vincent, C. V., arr. at Cape Town April 10.

SS California, (Br.,) Capt. Blakie, from Genoa and Naples for New York, passed Sagres yesterday.

SS Rocklight, (Br.,) Capt. Welsh, from New York, for —, passed Scilly to-day.

SS Grecian Prince, (Br.,) Capt. McMillan, from New York, arr. at Rio Janeiro April 9.

SS Tudor Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Curtis, from New York, arr. at Cape Town April 9.

SS Minnetonka, (Br.,) Capt. Layland, from New York, arr. here to-day.

SS British Prince, (Br.,) Capt. McDougall, (from Santos,) sld. from Pernambuco for New York April 9.

SS Willkommen, (Ger.,) Capt. Schau, (from Swinemunde,) sld. from Shields for New York April 13.

SS Alabama, (Dan.,) Capt. Goetsche, from New York via Christiania, arr. at Copenhagen April 9.

SS Wansbeck, (Br.,) Capt. Carter, from New York, arr. at Bordeaux April 9.

SS Washington, (Ital.,) Capt. Gavino, from New York, arr. at Genoa April 10.

SS Calabria, (Br.,) Capt. Bridges, from New York for Leghorn and Naples, arr. at Marseilles April 11.

SS Lombardia, (Ital.,) Capt. Cansonetti, sld. from Genoa for New York April 10.

SS Picque, (Br.,) Capt. Felkins, sld. from Trieste for New York April 10.

SS Bordeaux, (Fr.,) Capt. Lebarrier, sld. from Havre for New York April 11.

THE BIG STORE A CITY IN ITSELF
SIEGEL COOPER CO.
SIXTH AVE. FREE FOLKS THE FOUNTAIN 18TH & 19TH STS.

Piano and Song Recital

THIS AFTERNOON IN THE AUDITORIUM, at Three o'Clock.

ARTISTS.
THE PHILOMEL QUARTET.
MME. A. HELLER..........Soprano
MISS JEANNE FERENCZY..........Contralto
SIG. SALVATORE MICELI..........Tenor
MR. EFFIM BRONSTEIN..........Baritone
MISS DORIS WARD..........At the Piano

1. William Tell, (Overture)..........Rossini
WITH THE AID OF THE PLAYANO.
2. Thou Art Mine All..........Bradsky
QUARTET.
3. Aria, (Pagliacci)..........Leoncavallo
SIG. MICELI.
4. Duettino, (Don Giovanni)..........Mozart
MME. HELLER—MR. BRONSTEIN.
5. Romanza..........Coronaro
MISS FERENCZY.
6. Trio, (Attila)..........Verdi
MME. HELLER—SIG. MICELI—MR. BRONSTEIN.
7. Spinning Song, (Flying Dutchman)..........Wagner-Liszt
WITH THE AID OF THE PLAYANO.
8. Waiting..........Millard
MME. HELLER.
9. Duet, (Il Trovatore)..........Verdi
MISS FERENCZY—SIG. MICELI.
10. (a) To My First Love..........} Lohr
(b) You'd Better Ask Me..........}
MR. BRONSTEIN.
11. Quartet, (Rigoletto)..........Verdi
QUARTET.

The Pure Food Show

Continues to be a feature of conspicuous importance and attractiveness at the Siegel Cooper Store. Each day serves to intensify public interest in the many notable exhibitions and demonstrations of pure foods from all sections of the world. An orchestra is one of the features, and excellent music is one of the diversions enjoyed by visitors to the World's Greatest Grocery.

Every price is extraordinarily low during this Exposition.

Mail Orders given promptest attention.

(4th Floor.)

Financial. | Financial.

W. L. Douglas 7% Stock

SAFEST INVESTMENT IN AMERICA

Less than $150,000 of the Issue of $1,000,000 Preferred 7% Stock of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. of Brockton, Mass., Remains for Sale in Lots of One Share or More. If you want Some of this Gilt-edge Stock You Must Act Quickly. Stock Pays 7% Annual Dividends, Payable Semi-Annually.

SHARES ARE FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

Sold at Par ($100.00) One Hundred Dollars Each

The reason I am offering this stock for sale is solely to perpetuate the business. I am offering the safest 7% investment in America. I retain a one-half interest in the business, my interest being represented by the common stock. Not a single dollar's worth of watered stock is offered the public. The W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. is a successful corporation, probably the most successful from a money-earning standpoint of any shoe concern in this country.

The property of the company is absolutely free from encumbrance of any sort, and it has sufficient cash capital to conduct a business of $7,000,000 a year.

The W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. owns and operates at Brockton, Mass., the largest Goodyear welt (hand-sewed process) plant, and makes more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer in the world. In 45 of the principal American cities in the very best locations the Douglas Co. owns outright and conducts 64 retail shoe stores, every one of which contributes to the net profits of the business. The company also sells its product to retail shoe dealers in towns and cities where it has no store. The Douglas business has been prosperous for more than 25 years.

In four years the business has more than doubled. The net cash earnings available for the payment of dividends in the year 1902 were sufficient to pay 7% dividend on more than $4,000,000. There has not been a year in the past twelve that this business has not earned much more money than an amount necessary to pay 7% dividend on $1,000,000.

The capitalization of the company is but $2,000,000. This is divided into $1,000,000 preferred stock and $1,000,000 common stock. Only the preferred stock is offered for sale. Behind the preferred stock there is $1,066,966 of actual, tangible assets. I cannot receive one cent of dividend until the 7% has been paid to preferred stockholders.

The business is now, and has been for several years, managed by a Board of Directors composed of capable business men. If you are a careful, conservative investor—one who will be satisfied with a safe and permanent 7% investment—you should buy this stock to-day while it can be secured at par—one hundred dollars per share. This 7% preferred stock will bring a premium of $5 per share within two years' time.

This stock is in the nature of a first mortgage on all the present assets of the company or assets it may in the future accumulate. No bonds or mortgages can be placed on the property of the company to lessen the security of the preferred stockholders.

There is no better investment in the country now available to the public. Large blocks of this stock have been sold to careful business men. I have also sold many single shares to working people and persons who have small amounts of money in savings banks. This is a good investment for the large investor, and it is equally as good for the working man and small investor.

All stock sold this month will receive the full six months' dividend the first day of next July.

The most searching investigation of all the books, papers and records of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. is invited, and every facility will be afforded any prospective investor or his representative who may come to the corporation's office at Brockton. W. L. DOUGLAS.

How to Get This 7% Preferred Stock.

You can get one or more shares of this 7% preferred stock at once, by sending cash, certified check, cashier's check, express or postoffice money order to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

30-DAY OPTION CERTIFICATE.

In order to give plenty of time and opportunity for investigation, 30-day option certificates are being issued. To secure one of these option certificates, fill out the coupon below, stating the number of shares desired, giving your name and address. On receiving this coupon I will send you an option certificate good for 30 days, and convincing information. This entails no obligation on your part. Cut out the coupon, secure the 30-day option first and do your investigating afterwards.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.:
Please send prospectus of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company and special option certificate entitling me to purchase within thirty days ..... shares of the 7 per cent. preferred stock of the company. It is understood that this request incurs no obligation on my part, unless after investigation I subscribe for the stock.
Name..........(137)
Street Address..........
City or town..........
State..........

Please make certified checks payable to and address all letters to
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Wallach's Hats
1st, 2nd Columbus Av. [illegible] Bowery [illegible] Third Av. [illegible] West [illegible]
Open Evenings.
OUR Easter Trade told the story. Every one of our Five Stores crowded With Customers who Know what Values we give. We take This opportunity of Expressing our Appreciation. Always $5 worth Of style,—prices $2.90, $2.40, and Wallach's Own, **$1.90**
Smart Seasonable Furnishings.

The "Standard" Desks Are the Best.
FOR SALE BY
CHAS. E. MATTHEWS,
277 CANAL ST., N. Y.
All our other office and library furniture match with these in quality and value.

Dangers to Navigation.

QUEENSTOWN, April 14.—The White Star Line SS Oceanic, from New York, which arrived to-night, reports having passed an iceberg on April 10, in lat. 42.42, longitude 52.43.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1903.

OFFICES:

NEW YORK:
Publication Office..........41 Park Row
Harlem Office..........125 West 125th Street
WASHINGTON..........Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger
Sixth and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON: The Times, Printing House Square, E.C.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
BY MAIL, POSTAGE PAID.

DAILY, per Week..........$0.12
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week..........0.17
DAILY, per Month..........0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month..........0.75
DAILY, per Year..........6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year..........8.50
SUNDAY, with Magazine and Financial Supplements, per Year..........2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year..........1.00
For postage to foreign countries for daily and Sunday editions add $1.10 per month.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

MR. SHEPARD ON THE CITY.

Much the most important feature of the proceedings at the Jefferson dinner in the Bronx was the speech of Mr. SHEPARD. And much the least interesting and the most discouraging part of that speech was the part devoted to municipal affairs. It would not be fair to say that "Jeffersonian principles" have nothing to do with municipal affairs. In fact, they have much to do with them, and the propositions for municipal ownership and control of utilities heretofore left to private enterprise look particularly queer in the light of those principles.

But when Mr. SHEPARD talks about "we Democrats" as citizens and voters of Greater New York, and says that "we" should realise that Mayor LOW's administration has "aroused no acute or vengeful animosity" he is really arguing upon the assumption that municipal votes should be cast on party lines. That is the assumption that has baffled or nullified so many efforts for municipal reform. It is opposed by the plain statement of fact that the opinions of the voters of this municipality on the tariff, on the trusts, on the Philippines, have nothing whatever to do with their common interest in an efficient, honest, and economical administration of the affairs of this municipality, an administration which touches all citizens alike. When Mr. SHEPARD makes the old-fashioned partisan assumption that there should be a "Democratic" municipal administration, as opposed to a "Republican," he makes an assumption possibly necessitated by his experience, but certainly unworthy of his intelligence.

At the same time he is forced to acknowledge the great municipal improvement which has been wrought by the present administration. He does this grudgingly, and the grudgingness adds to the value of his testimony. Even while admitting that "Gen. GREENE has done better" than his predecessor in the most conspicuous municipal department, he insists that the Mayor disapproves of the improvement and cites the Mayor's polite expressions in his leavetaking of Col. PARTRIDGE. But evidently that will not do. If the Mayor had obstructed or punished Gen. GREENE for his improvement, if he had removed him for enforcing the law better than it had been enforced before, then indeed Mr. SHEPARD might say that "the improvement was against the judgment of Mayor LOW and his administration." But when the improvement is actually going on as part of the administration, Mr. SHEPARD has no right to say such a thing.

To put the question in a nutshell, does Mr. SHEPARD himself believe that, if he had been elected Mayor with the "crowd behind him," and his necessary partisan committals, he could have given the city as useful an administration as has been given to it by Mayor LOW? We think we could trust to Mr. SHEPARD's own candor for a correct answer to this question. We are sure we could trust to a vote of the electors of Greater New York, even if the election were to be held to-morrow. And we feel very sure that the municipal administration is growing in public confidence every day.

GETTING CURED OF MADNESS.

The same people of the United States have been put to much loss and inconvenience by reason of the conflict between two opposing forms of madness from which the country is suffering. There are certain Americans who are money mad. They want to make millions upon millions, and make them in a minute. There are a great many more Americans who are maddened by the thought that anybody should have a million. Between those who are trying to pile up and those who are bound to tear down there is a furious combat, productive of numerous incidental casualties among the bystanders.

The fashionable way to make millions in a minute is this: Take several competing corporations, anywhere from four to forty, and incorporate them at one. Issue bonds to the value of the tangible assets, preferred stock representing the real present earning power, and common stock covering the expected future earning power of the concern, say, five or ten years hence. Put these securities on the market, sell them for what they will bring, pocket the money, and there you are.

This process has gone on noisily, boisterously, and all about us, until the counter-madness has set in. Setting out with the reasonable proposition that the growing power of the plutocrats must be curbed, the agitators for greater equality of condition have worked themselves up to the pitch of fury against property in general. Every corporation is a public enemy, privilege conferred by charter is an oppression, and men innocently associated to promote the public good and the public comfort are no longer secure against prosecution; while they are continually berated by the bawling demagogues.

Between those who engage in the ravenous hunt for money and those who are denouncing all wealth stands the vast mass of the sober-minded, law-abiding, industrious American people. They are disturbed in their daily concerns by the tumult and turbulence about them. They suffer loss. Their legitimate opportunities are diminished. Their just rights are impaired by the excesses of the strife. They have the right to complain when one of the contending groups erects a great corporate structure which the other group forthwith demolishes with explosives so far overloaded that they inflict incalculable damage in the neighborhood, and make insecure the foundations upon which business prosperity rests.

We have come to a pitch where even the courts are construing the United States Constitution as if the regulation of commerce clause were the pivot upon which that instrument revolves. The right to hold property, the right to buy and sell, the right to do business—all these come down to us from ancient times, far antedating the existence of inter-State commerce and the creation of the power to regulate it. But the courts tell us that these ancient rights may be exercised only so far as they are not in conflict with the provision conferring upon the Federal Government power to regulate inter-State commerce. Everything stands aside for that. In reading recent decisions of the courts one gets the impression that actual or threatened "restraint of trade" is the one great evil, the blighting plague of the age; and that it has become the chief function of the Government to smite the restrainers and restore the régime of unlimited competition. It does not matter that the most conspicuous economic tendency of the age is toward consolidation and away from the wasteful methods of unbounded competition. It does not matter that under reasonable regulation the tendency toward concentration is wholesome, healthy, and for the public advantage. A law enacted thirteen years ago as a partisan political measure rather than as the expression of an economic conviction is by an unnatural, strained, and abhorrent interpretation made applicable to good and bad alike. Motive is disregarded, facts never inquired into, all to the end that the makers of certain contracts, agreements, and combinations shall be "in one red burial blent."

Both parties have been driven too fast and too far by their mania. It is time for them to get sobered and take some thought about the common interest.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND MR. ROOT.

Mr. HILL made a very plausible, and we are inclined to think a just, point against the President when he "drew the deadly parallel" between a recent speech of his on the tariff and a speech on the same subject made by the Secretary of War last October.

We are not particularly concerned to defend the originality of the President's speeches on the tariff, and certainly Mr. HILL is not the properest orator to raise the question of oratorical originality. Those speeches that Mr. HILL made when he was swinging, as a Senator, around the Southwestern circle—is Mr. HILL really prepared to stand an examination on the originality of those orations, to show that he knows, for instance, where all the literary quotations and allusions which formed their adornments came from? Would he really enjoy a cross-examination on those points?

We do not mean any disrespect to the ex-Senator, and as little to the present President. It is creditable to the modesty of the President, and not at all discreditable to his intelligence, that he should consider that the Secretary of War is able to put those pathetic delusions which they cherish in common about the tariff more neatly and effectively than he could put them himself. JOHNSON said of ADDISON: "He thinks justly, but he thinks faintly." Conversely, we may say about Mr. ROOT, when he thinks about the tariff: "He thinks hard, but he thinks wrong." In fact, Mr. ROOT's delusions about the tariff always recall to us MACAULAY's remark about the weakness of great lawyers when they move the sphere of their intellectual investigations from precedents to principles. The tariff, to the Secretary of War, and also to the President, is a first principle—a starting point, or rather a fetich, not meant for discussion, but for worship. Which of them worships with the more unction is a minor question, in view of the intrinsic absurdity of the cult.

THE CHICAGO MUNICIPAL VOTERS' LEAGUE.

On the eve of the city election in Chicago we called attention to the report of the Municipal Voters' League reviewing the record and claims of the various candidates for the City Council, and remarked that it would be interesting to see what effect it had on the results of the election.

The Council in Chicago has much more power than the corresponding body in this city, being in control practically of the appropriations here fixed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and having more complete charge of all franchises. It consists of seventy members, of whom one-half are chosen at each election. The Municipal Voters' League is an organization with an Executive Committee of a small number of members, but with an excellent force of paid workers and investigators. It is non-partisan wholly, and its initial purpose is to secure the nomination of good candidates by both political parties. Failing this, it picks between the nominations actually made, whether party or independent. It asks all the candidates it indorses to accept its own declaration of principles. These are simple, embracing little beyond honesty in administration, the maintenance of the civil service reform law, and the assertion of the right of the city to a benefit from its franchises proportioned to their value. Probably a large part of those supporting the league are more or less inclined to municipal ownership as the best means to secure such benefit, but that principle is not made a distinct tenet of the league.

The efficacy of the work of the league this year is greater than in any of the half dozen years that it has been in existence. Of the thirty-five candidates elected, twenty-nine were indorsed by the league, five only were refused an indorsement, and as to one the league made no declaration. As there were already in the Council twenty-seven members who had received the indorsement of the league at the time of their election, this secures a very large majority—three-fourths of the whole number of members of the Council—pledged to the general purposes of the league, and, in its judgment, after investigation and, in the case of nearly half of them, after experience, trustworthy men. Certainly it is a proof that the work of the league is well done.

We do not suppose that it will be claimed by the League Committee that the government of Chicago is faultless, but there is no doubt that it is far better than it would be but for the efforts of that organization.

NEW GRAINFIELDS.

Twenty years ago the fever of emigration was kindled in the veins of the sturdy farmers of the Northwest by the promises held out by the fertile lands of the Red River of the North, whose valley lay on either side between the States of Minnesota and the Dakotas, some three hundred miles west of the head of Lake Superior. Those promises have been richly fulfilled and the valley has been settled by substantial agriculturists, whose annual contribution to the food supply of the world has essentially increased the export trade of the country and added still more to the internal commerce.

Now we are in a fair way to see a still greater development of production to the northward in the valleys of the Saskatchewan and its tributaries, and of the Assiniboin, rivers flowing east and north into Lake Winnipeg, a territory embracing the three Canadian provinces of Manitoba, Assiniboia, and Alberta. Immigration is flowing into this region at a relatively rapid rate, the addition to the population for the past year being reckoned at 200,000. It is reported that the lands of these valleys are even more fertile than those of the Red River, while the cultivatable area is nearly three times larger. The interest of the United States in this development is manifest. On the one hand it is drawing to the North a considerable body of our people of the most active and productive class, and another portion of European immigration that would come to this country if not attracted by the Canadian lands. On the other hand, the natural outlet for the grain of this region is through the Great Lakes, either from Duluth, at the head of Lake Superior, or from Port Arthur and Fort William, on the Canadian shore.

We gave on Monday, in a letter from Duluth, an account of the railway plans now making for the supply of the transportation required by this region. Apparently it will be for the present divided between the Canadian Pacific and a new road, the Manitoba Midland, with connections along the southern border with the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern. The interests of transportation lines, though important now, are of less permanent significance than those affected by the permanent addition to the food production of the world. Wherever and however this occurs, the lasting prosperity of every great nation is promoted. And in our own case there is likely to arise from this source a strong tendency toward reciprocal trade relations with our neighbors on the north, the barrier of Custom Houses along a purely geographic line being an absurd hindrance to the exchanges from which both peoples ought to derive profit.

THE TELEPHONE BUSINESS.

The annual report of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company contains some figures which will be read with interest. This is the parent company of the Bell system. In 1902 it had a gross revenue of $13,277,457 and gross expenses, including interest and taxes, of $5,442,185. The amount added during the year to construction and real estate by all the constituent companies was $37,886,500. On the first of January, 1903, it had in use 2,443,750 miles of wire, representing an increase during twelve months of 714,731 miles. Of its wire system 1,328,685 miles were underground at the beginning of the present year. The number of exchange connections made daily in 1902 was estimated at 9,822,951, which would give the number for the year at approximately 3,000,000,000. For purposes of extension of plant the capital was increased during the year from $150,000,000 to $250,000,000.

It would be difficult to imagine a business statement making a more satisfactory showing than this. It indicates an enormous and rapid growth of the telephone business, of which the fortunate proprietors are taking full advantage by charging "what the traffic will bear." The independent telephone interests claim a growth nearly as rapid and quite as permanent as that of the American. They are making their competition felt on a legitimate basis of fair charges predicated on the cost of the service. The demand for the telephone is growing so rapidly that there appears to be room enough for all systems, and the forecast of business growth for the present year is satisfactory to all in interest. Through competition charges are being slowly, very slowly, adjusted to the costs of the service. That there is still a considerable margin for reduction may be judged from a comparison of earnings and expenses of the American Company. The automatic system, which has successfully met the test in small exchanges, and is now to be applied on a much larger scale, promises economies in operating expenses which it is to be hoped will be shared with the subscribers. The telephone service is the one business in which we are confronted with the anomaly that, according to the authorities, it can be done more cheaply on a small than on a large scale.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—It will not be the easiest thing in the world so to conduct the final disposition of the skeletons found in the Reina Christina, flagship of the Spanish fleet sunk in Manila Bay, as to avoid embarrassment on the one side and wounded sensibilities on the other. The task is one the successful performance of which demands even more of tact than of good intention, and, though we know that we have the latter, it is by no means sure that we command enough of the former to escape all the difficulties that may arise in arranging so delicate a matter with a people who, like the Spaniards, ascribe much more importance than we do to the ceremonial side of human intercourse. Capt. COUDEN, in command of the naval station at Cavite, was well inspired when he suggested that the remains of Admiral MONTOJO's unfortunate sailors be buried ashore there with the honorable rites that would have been accorded them if they had been in the American service. That would have been at once simple and respectful to those who were foes of unquestionable courage, and by no possibility could it have been adversely criticised. The Spaniards of Manila, however, are anxious that the skeletons be shipped to Spain and that they be carried on an American man-of-war. That plan, now it has been presented, can hardly be dismissed, and if it should take anything like the shape of an official request, or even of an expression of official willingness on the part of the Spanish Government, it would, almost of course, have to be executed. But while there is in this country no chance of opposition to doing, in the circumstances, whatever may be most pleasing to Spanish sentiment, there is a grave question whether the arrival in a Spanish port of an American war vessel bearing such a burden would not be a painful spectacle by the interpretation of all Spaniards, and an offensive one by the interpretation of some. It is for them to decide, however, and if their decision is that they will see in such a proceeding only a manifestation of good will and sincere courtesy, our warships could not be better employed.

—A free hand, or pen, was evidently accorded to the Lisbon representative of The London Times while King EDWARD was in the Portuguese capital, and the result is that his dispatches show a curious departure from the chastened style in which that paper is accustomed to describe the happenings of the world. We read, for instance, that the King "must begin to feel thoroughly at home in Lisbon, as the golden hours under these untarnished skies bring him day by day the ripened fruit of Portuguese hearts." And, further on: "No pomp, factitious and alien to the profoundly cordial feeling and spirit of the moment, however, stamps these serious and delightful days. To one accustomed to the conventions and taste of the well-ordered fêtes of France, what is most impressive here is the pervasive and easy intimacy of the whole demonstration—its abundant yet measured friendliness. It is taking place in an atmosphere of pure sheen and radiance that plays on the bright coloring of the tiled façades of the houses, on the waters of the Tagus, and over the poetic, storied landscape stretching from the lines of Torres Vedras up to Cintra, while at night the vividness of the stars in the clear southern skies and the brilliant moon shed an almost equal beauty on the scene." This certainly is not the production of that courageous Portuguese who once assumed to teach his fellow-countrymen "English as She Is Spoke"—to the great and lasting edification of all speakers of English, if not to the accurate instruction of would-be learners of that harsh and difficult tongue—but even if it had been in that writer's surprising dialect it would have been no more of a prodigy in our esteemed contemporary's sober columns. And are the British really so very fond of the Portuguese and the Portuguese of the British? If so, both are conveniently forgetful of a vast amount of ancient and modern history, and conveniently mindful only of the exigencies of present politics.

—MAURICE MAETERLINCK has been studying Monte Carlo and its players, and, though even a philosophising and moralising poet couldn't find anything really new to say about a place that has been "written up" innumerable times from every conceivable point of view, he has managed to prepare for Harper's Weekly an article which presents in novel phrases the wickedness of barefaced robbery and the stupidity of attempting the demonstrably impossible. In stating the task upon which the players are allowed by the bank to expend their futile ingenuity, MAETERLINCK says: "Collect around this table all the wise men, all the divines, all the seers, all the sages, all the prophets, all the saints, all the wonder-workers, all the mathematicians, all the geniuses of every time and every country; ask them to search their reason, their soul, their knowledge, their heaven for the number so close at hand—the number already almost part of the present—at which the little ball will end its race; beg them, so that they may foretell that number to us, to invoke their gods that know all, their thoughts that govern the nations and that aspire to penetrate the worlds; all their efforts will break against this brief puzzle which a child could take in its hand and which no longer fills the smallest moment's space. No one has been able to do it, no one will ever do it." Of course that is so, and yet it is one thing to know a thing and another to believe it—one thing to realise that loss is certain in the long run, and another to buy the momentary chance of winning. The bank is safe against the players, but not without a certain peril as regards the player, and its antagonists are all individuals. MAETERLINCK's lesson will go the way of all its predecessors—it will be admitted and ignored.

—If that Asteria person who went into the saloon business had made money therein, his present repentance would have been more convincing to the ordinary and cynical observer. The fact that he was a dismal failure as a dispenser of intoxicants, and found himself even more lonely behind the bar than he formerly was in the pulpit complicates the situation and inspires doubt. It is so dreadfully easy for any of us to see wickedness where there are no profits, and so hard to see it where there are profits for ourselves! One point in Mr. MCDONALD's favor is the fact that he is not asking restoration to the ministry as the reward for his abandonment of the trade that gave him no encouragement, and of course it is more than possible that suspicion of his sincerity is unjust. Perhaps if he had been wise he would have closed his saloon without saying anything about it. The act would have spoken for itself, while his words awaken questions.

WOULD AID YOUNG ATHLETES.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is the season for our National game, baseball, and the boys are crying aloud for spaces in which to play the same undisturbed by the interference of their natural enemies, the police.

Sympathising with the justifiable clamors of my youthful fellow-citizens, I would like to do all in my power to assist them.

Up in the Bronx, on the east side of St. Ann's Avenue, just south of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, lies that old and long-disused private burial ground known as Bensonia Cemetery, from which most of the remains of those interred therein have long since been removed. Some three years ago the various administrative boards of New York City dedicated the same for a public park and playground.

This tract, comprising about two acres of land, is admirably adapted for such uses, but the municipal officials of to-day have so many pressing needs for their money that nothing has been appropriated to pay for or to improve this little reservation, and though equity regards that done which should have been done, (as Prof. Dwight used to teach us at Columbia College,) it is still, technically speaking, owned by me as sole trustee of the estate of James L. Parshall, who was its proprietor during his lifetime.

So far as I am concerned and have power and authority so to do, I will gladly permit the boys to indulge in all kinds of amusements within its limits.

Throughout the city there are many vacant lots the owners of which would follow my example, and throw them open for the needs of the many youthful athletic clubs of New York if the municipal authorities would co-operate with them by detailing an officer for each of them to protect adjoining property and to maintain good order within the boundaries so allotted to the boys.

SIDWELL S. RANDALL.

New York, April 12, 1903.

A RELIC OF THE REVOLUTION.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A most interesting memento has recently come to light of the fierce conflict fought on Manhattan Island. It is a portion of a human thighbone or femur, which has been sawn off about seven inches above the knee, and piercing it to the marrow is a forged iron spike or nail about ten inches in length.

Its special significance arises from its discovery within the site of Fort Tryon, at One Hundred and Ninety-sixth Street, above the Boulevard Lafayette, which position was the advanced northerly outwork of Fort Washington in 1776.

The excavation due to the building upon this interesting site of a residence disclosed remains of other portions of human bones, which wasted away on contact with the air. These seemed to be, and in all probability were, the limbs dismembered by the field Surgeons after the bloody assault of the hill on Nov. 16, 1776, when the little outwork was the scene of fierce resistance by a few hundred Southern riflemen under Lieut. Col. Moses Rawlings, opposing the charges of the Hessian division under Lieut. Gen. Baron Wilhelm von Knyphausen.

Their attacks were preceded by the fire of the guns of his Britannic Majesty's twenty-gun frigate Pearl, commanded by Capt. Wilkinson, which, among other missiles, threw many of the terrible bar-shot, specimens of which are found around the site of this fort and elsewhere over the Heights of Washington and Fort George. These formidable objects were composed of two half cannon balls united by a bar of forged iron from twelve to eighteen inches in length, the space between the heads being filled in with iron spikes and nails bound round with cord or blanket, which spikes, on release, would fly in every direction, their destructive character being intended for the tearing of the sails and rigging of an opposing vessel.

The discovery of the wounded limb makes it clear that the Pearl used these missiles against the patriot defenders of Mount Washington. The spike struck some other object and became bent, and then, ricocheting, penetrated the poor soldier's thigh. Failing to extract it, and possibly reckless of results so long as it was only a rebel that was crippled, the army Surgeons, presumably those of the Hessian force which took the fort, sawed off the leg, which was buried with the spike still adhering, to come to light again 126 years after the event.

For the convenience of those who may desire to inspect this curiously instructive object, I have placed it with the collection of Revolutionary battle relics in the guildroom of Holyrood Church, at the corner of West One Hundred and Eighty-first Street and Broadway, where it can conveniently be seen on Saturday and Sunday afternoons, with very many other most interesting reminders of Revolutionary days.

REGINALD PELHAM BOLTON,
Member of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society.

New York, April 13, 1903.

NUGGETS.

A Universal Desire.

Of course, the ant has admirable qualities, but I might wish that her industry displayed itself in some other fellow's pantry.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

His Only Victims.

Ottinger—There goes Count Nodough, the famous duelist.
Henriques—Did he ever kill any one?
Ottinger—Not until recently, when he became a chauffeur.—Judge.

Hard to Meet Them, Though.

Miss Romantique (ecstatically)—I guess in Bohemia every one is Tom, Dick, and Harry.
Painter Lott (a poor artist)—Oh, yes, and there are a good many bills there, too.—Indianapolis Journal.

A Changed Man.

Patience—Before he married her he couldn't do too much for her, but now he won't lift his hand to help her.
Patrice—Well, you know she says she has made another man of him.—Yonkers Statesman.

A Query.

He—Here's a puzzle for you.
She—Let's have it.
He—Give a woman a bunch of photographs to examine, including one of her own, which one will she look at the longest, and why?—Philadelphia Ledger.

HE BIDED HIS TIME.

From The Newark (N. J.) Evening News.

There lived, one time, a shiftless chap, who wasn't satisfied;
To settle down and plug along he never could abide.
He felt the fire of greatness burn within his eager breast
And knew himself cut out for deeds the highest and the best.
His spirit fairly fumed and frothed at cruel Fate's restraint;
Of favorless environment he ever made complaint.
But some fine day, he used to say, I'll set the world afire;
It's not for me, unknown to be when I do so aspire.

Each day our hero might have found some labor to pursue,
On every side stood waiting work for willing hands to do;
The neighborhood wherein he dwelt had crying need of men
To mow the lawns, for instance, and to beat the rugs—but then
A man so keenly conscious of his real, inward worth
Could hardly care to tackle toil so tainted of the earth.
And so, to pass the time away until his chance should come,
He boarded with his mother when he wasn't drinking rum.

No doubt, good-natured reader, you opine and apprehend
That this vain, shiftless person met a mean and sorry end.
The facts are these: He waited till the time, for us so sad,
When wagons run with gasolene became the reigning fad.
A sudden, wild demand arose for drivers, men with cheek,
And Shifty got a handsome job at fifty bones a week.
The people stare where'er he goes; he's gained his great desire,
And every day he sets the world, or part of it, afire.

THE MOROCCAN [illegible]

Pretender's Forces Hold Practically the Entire Riff Coast.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times's correspondent at Tangier says that the Sultan of Morocco is sending troops to Tangier to go by sea to the Riff coast, but the Spaniards refuse permission to land at Mealillia, not wishing to become involved in a quarrel with the neighboring tribes.

It is impossible to land at any other spot on the Riff coast, as the rebels are holding the entire district.

BONILLA WINS IN HONDURAS.

Opposing Forces Giving Way Before Newly Elected President.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, April 14.—Juan Angel Arias, who was appointed President of Honduras by the retiring President, Gen. Sierra, has surrendered to the forces of Gen. Bonilla, the President-elect of Honduras, whose forces yesterday occupied Tegucigalpa, the capital of that republic.

THE TOBACCO TRUST ABROAD.

Berlin Chamber of Commerce Reports Upon American Operations in Europe.

BERLIN, April 14.—The manner in which the American Tobacco Company cornered the market for cigarette tobacco is reported upon by the Berlin Chamber of Commerce to the Prussian Commerce Minister, Herr Moeller, as follows:

"The American Tobacco Trust, in a skillful, well-planned manner, secured the output of cigarette tobacco in order to meet its increased demand for raw tobacco by buying not only in the markets of producing countries but in the chief staple markets. The warehouses are at present empty and prices for the cheaper qualities have risen 25 to 30 per cent. It cannot, however, be asserted that the American purchases were made for purposes of speculation or for controlling the market of the world. They appear on the other hand merely to have been to cover the trust's enormous demand. So far as the German product is concerned the cheaper qualities were bought, but of the American crop the dearer kinds were purchased.

"While it is hardly planned to make the German raw tobacco market dependent upon American interests, still the domestic industry feels keenly the deficiency in raw material and the enhancement of prices.

"The market for cigar tobacco has felt the influence of the trust to a lesser degree. Of course the trust completely controls the raw tobacco supply for Havana cigars. The trust began operations in the German cigarette market with the purchase of the factory of Georg A. Jasmatzi of Dresden, at the beginning of 1901. Since then it has succeeded in increasing its business fully 50 per cent. In order to create a large market for its product the trust operates with liberal rebates. But there is nothing unusual in this method of doing business, apart from the fact that rebates are given even for small quantities. On the other hand, it appears not to be free from criticism that the trust delivers 1,200 cigarettes whenever a thousand are ordered. Furthermore, it has developed a system of bounties, which is strongly disapproved in German business circles.

"We believe the trust intends to try to secure control of the entire German cigarette market, but there is nothing to indicate that it will soon succeed. The German cigarette industry is strong enough in capital and technical equipment to take up the fight against the trust."

ART DISPLAY IN PARIS.

Salon of the National Society Opens To-day—Many Notable Works by Americans.

PARIS, April 14.—The art events of the year will be inaugurated to-morrow with the opening of the Salon of the National Society of Fine Arts at the Grand Palais, which will be followed a fortnight later by the Salon, held under the auspices of the Government.

The exhibition to-morrow will represent the younger and independent element among the artists, including such notable figures as Carolus Duran, J. S. Sargent, Whistler, and Saint Gaudens. A preliminary view of the exhibition was afforded this afternoon to invited guests.

Among the most notable pictures in the Salon are Weerts's "Fifteenth Century Fêtes," painted for the Sorbonne; several portraits by Carolus Duran, J. S. Sargent's large portraits of the three Misses Hunter, Burnand's "Jesus at Bethany," Bertrand's "Funeral of President Carnot," and Mme. Mariel's portrait of Bessie Abbott, the American singer.

Among the portraits exhibited by Henri Gervex is one of James Gordon Bennett. This painting represents him in a characteristic attitude, standing on a terrace on the Riviera overlooking an expanse of blue sea, with his favorite yacht in the distance.

There is an unusually large representation of American artists at to-morrow's Salon. The landscapes and interiors by Walter Gay of Boston receive favorable attention from the critics. J. Hoxie Bartlett of New York shows several marines. Alson Skinner Clark of Chicago exhibits a view of "Watertown in Winter." Alexander Harrison of Philadelphia has six pictures rich in color and showing peculiar atmospheric tints of sunshine and shadow.

Among the other Americans exhibiting are Frederick Baker, Charles Bittinger, Florence Sesate, Herbert Falkner, Grace Gassette, Eugene Higgins, Albert Herter, George Howland, Maud Keller, Miss Lee Robbins, Alfred Maurer, Mrs. Macmonnies, Elizabeth Nourse, Gertrude Partington, Ethel Sands, and Frank Stokes.

GEN. BALDWIN MUST EXPLAIN.

Asked by Department as to Alleged Expressions of Preference for Brown and Black Soldiers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The War Department has taken official cognizance of the reported statements of Gen. Frank D. Baldwin, commander of the Department of the Colorado, in disparagement of the Filipinos and negroes as soldiers, and Secretary Root to-day directed that a formal inquiry be addressed to Gen. Baldwin asking whether or not he had been correctly quoted. Pending a reply no action will be taken by the department.

Gen. Baldwin is reported as having said that his reason for liking the Filipino as a soldier was the same as gave him a preference for the negro in the same capacity.

"In a fight," Gen. Baldwin is reported as having said, "I am not worried about his safety, as it doesn't make any difference whether he gets killed or not. If a person owns a thoroughbred or full-blooded dog and also a cur, is it not natural that he would prefer to have the cur killed before the other?"

Secretary Root is reported to be highly incensed over this remarkable utterance. The General's comparison is most unfortunate and will be certain to raise a storm of indignation not only among the colored people of the country, but officers of the army generally, who regard the four regiments of colored soldiers that have formed part of the military establishment since 1866 as among the most efficient and best disciplined in the army.

PRESIDENT'S GIFT TO THE POPE.

He Presents the Pontiff with Messages and Documents of All American Presidents.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—President Roosevelt has sent to Cardinal Gibbons, and his Eminence has forwarded by special messenger to Pope Leo XIII., a gift to be presented to the Pontiff on the celebration of his jubilee. The gift consists of ten handsomely bound volumes, containing all the messages and official documents of the Presidents of the United States from Washington to Roosevelt. The gift was intrusted by Cardinal Gibbons to a clergyman who [illegible] the [illegible] Autograph [illegible] from the President [illegible] Cardinal Gibbons [illegible] accompany the gift.

Detailed to Department of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—William [illegible] Collier of New York, who recently was appointed Assistant Attorney General, has been detailed as solicitor of the Department of Commerce and Labor. He entered upon his duties to-day.

TWO NEW BANKS.

Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn and Nassau Union Bank of Oyster Bay Authorized to Do Business.

ALBANY, April 14.—Superintendent of Banks Kilburn to-day authorized the Atlantic Bank of Brooklyn and the Nassau Union Bank of Oyster Bay, to carry on a discount and deposit banking business.

The Atlantic Bank is organized with a capital of $100,000, and the Directors are C. D. Carnen, N. W. Curtis, E. B. Tompkins, J. J. Farrell, George McKibbin, George J. Jardin, C. H. Smith, William Strasser, Thomas McCask, E. H. Britton, G. F. Alexander, J. B. King, D. H. Sullivan, Henry Albers, J. O. Cabble, C. H. Miller, B. E. Bogart, and H. H. Stam.

The Nassau Union Bank is organized with a capital of $100,000, and the Directors are Henry A. Wheeler, J. K. Sherwood, James H. Cook of Glen Cove, N. Y.; Alfred C. Chapin, James Clarke, W. J. Drummond, John J. Casey of New York City, C. O. Gates, William B. Baldwin, Jr., James Shevlin, and W. J. Kelly of Brooklyn, Charles Edson of East Williston, and C. W. Chapin of Lebanon Lake.

Will of John McQuade.

The will of John McQuade, for years Treasurer of Tammany Hall, was filed yesterday for probate. There was nothing to show the probable value of the estate. Mrs. Rose McQuade, the widow, a daughter, two granddaughters, and a grandson are named as the heirs-at-law. The will leaves all the real property in trust to the grandson, Edward McQuade, who also is named as executor. He is to use the income to maintain a home for the widow and daughter, and the request is made that the grandchildren continue to make their home with them, as at present. The remainder of the estate is divided into four parts, two of which go to the widow, one to the daughter, and the remaining fourth to be divided equally among the grandchildren.

ATTENDANCE AT CORNELL.

Number of Students Who Will Abandon Course is Small—Communication from Mr. Carnegie.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 14.—Work was resumed at Cornell University to-day after Easter recess, and the authorities decided to require all students to register some time during the day. This action was taken in order to learn the exact number who did not return to the university at all. Students are also requested to signify whether or not they intend to return next year in order to determine the probable effect of the recent epidemic on attendance next Fall.

While figures have not been completed, yet it is thought that the percentage of juniors, sophomores, and freshmen who will not finish their course at Cornell will be very small.

A further communication was received by President J. G. Schurman of Cornell to-day from Andrew Carnegie, in which Mr. Carnegie urged that the students' fund subscribed to aid those who became ill with typhoid fever during the epidemic be returned to subscribers, and that he be allowed to pay all expenses incurred by students on account of the epidemic, including those of twenty-seven who died.

The details of the plan by which students are to avail themselves of Mr. Carnegie's offer have been worked out, and each one will send to the treasurer's office an itemized bill.

CHICAGO AND RAILROAD TAXES.

Will Assess Locally All Except the Main Lines of Track.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Members of the County Board of Assessors in making the quadrennial real estate valuations will assess the $300,000,000 of railroad property involved in the litigation pending in the Supreme Court and add to it the Cook County total.

The suit brought by Corporation Counsel Walker is based on the theory that the State Board of Equalization has the power to assess all railroad property in Chicago not used as main tracks, but that the amount should be added to the Cook County valuations and not distributed among the counties as main track assessments are distributed.

In the event that the court decides against the city's contention, the assessments made by the local board will be of no value. If, on the other hand, it holds it to be the duty of the County Board of Assessors to make the assessments, as it does other property, then the city and county will immediately reap the benefit.

CHURCH ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

CALVARY CHURCH.—Wardens—James J. Goodwin and George Zabriskie. Vestrymen—Oliver G. Barton, Spencer Aldrich, William E. Boulton, Herbert B. Turner, Henry Parish, Jr., W. Irving Clark, Charles J. Nourse, Jr., and Hasket H. Whitlock.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH.—Wardens—Charles F. Zabriskie and John W. Emerson. Vestrymen—Richard W. Withington, Edward Marcus, Col. N. S. Bristoe, Robert A. McKim, Charles [illegible] Chambers, George L. Hawkins, A. C. B. Hawthorne, and M. H. Viele.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.—Wardens—John Hamilton Morrison and William F. Rockwell. Vestrymen—Henry B. Bates, William F. Wendt, William H. Shaw, Charles W. Weston, John H. Storer, Mortimer Fargo, William G. [illegible], and Isaac McCay.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH.—Wardens—Cornelius B. Mitchell and John Brooks Leavitt. Vestrymen—Henry A. Simonds, Zelah Van Loan, William F. Baller, Charles B. Goodhue, George W. Clark, David Lydig, Frederick W. Rhinelander, and Berkeley Mostyn.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH.—Wardens—Douglas Taylor and Joseph W. Cushman. Vestrymen—James W. Elgar, George F. Wilcomson, William T. Watson, Lawrence Middleton, Rudolph C. Faber, George Arthur Frink, John S. Ferguson, and Benjamin F. Elgar, 2d.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST.—Wardens—David H. Decker and David Charles Leech. Vestrymen—J. Hull Browning, D. W. Thompson, James L. Barclay, F. Egerton Webb, George Gray Ward, Nathan Seeley, Charles A. Clark, and Howard F. Frothingham.

TRINITY CHURCH, MORRISANIA.—Wardens—Frank U. R. Dodge, Dr. J. Ostran Taylor. Vestrymen—Frank A. Hatton, William Sherwood, Arthur G. Bedell, Norman B. Gray, H. Ward Stewart, William F. Shiel, H. R. Brown, and George W. Smith.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, FORDHAM.—Wardens—John McK. Camp, John B. Haskin. Vestrymen—John J. Amory, William D. Peck, William C. Timm, William Waddell, William McNab, W. L. Felts, F. F. Robbins, and C. W. Lindsay.

KINGS COUNTY.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION.—Wardens—Col. A. A. Bremner and Augustus Van Wyck. Vestrymen—R. W. Kenyon, William Nash, A. J. Delatour, J. M. Gildersleeve, J. T. Sackett, Charles H. Parsons, A. W. Catlin, H. D. [illegible], and R. L. Phillips.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH.—Wardens—Charles A. Peck and C. B. Demarest. Vestrymen—L. B. Waring, Alexander D. Henderson, Charles E. Hotchkiss, Joseph Barrett, Alfred H. Kirkus, Robert F. Schorah, Alexander Hutchins, and John W. Watkins.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.—Wardens—N. C. Heidenheim and W. E. Pangborn. Vestrymen—J. W. Clark, F. W. Parnham, T. J. Knowles, C. Pickslay, J. H. G. Atkinson, E. Babcock, W. H. Hicks, and A. T. Mart.

NEW JERSEY.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, Morristown.—Wardens—John E. Taylor and Francis S. Hoyt. Vestrymen—John B. Ledgerwood, Augustus [illegible] Revere, John R. Emery, Joseph R. Moore, Charles D. M. Cole, J. Stewart Mackie, [illegible] J. Smith, and George B. Chisholm.

CHURCH OF ST. ANDREW, South Orange.—Wardens—Henry B. Truman and William [illegible] Bradshaw. Vestrymen—Hugh C. Edmiston, John T. Colt, Henry P. Winter, Benjamin [illegible] Mumford, Robert J. Hebden, Matthew V. [illegible] Brinckerhoff, and William J. Rogers.

CONNECTICUT.

TRINITY CHURCH, Torrington.—Wardens—Henry J. Hendey and John Workman. Vestrymen—U. T. Church, B. T. Coe, F. F. Fuessenich, H. E. Hotchkiss, H. M. Rogers, E. C. Swayne, and L. G. Turner.

Cold Spring Church Election.

The Easter election at the Church of St. Mary-in-the-Highlands, Cold Spring-on-Hudson, resulted as follows: Wardens—Gouverneur Paulding and Charles [illegible]. Vestrymen—Ellis H. Timm, William H. [illegible], William Henry Haldane, John C[illegible], Henry Metcalfe, Gouverneur K[illegible], Colin Tolmie, and John F. [illegible].

R. C. VANDERBILT AND MISS NEILSON WEDDED

Ceremony Takes Place at "Arleigh" Villa, Newport.

Upward of 200 Guests Present—A Reception and Breakfast Follow—Brilliant Display of Gowns.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 14.—The marriage of Reginald Claypool Vanderbilt, youngest son of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, and Miss Cathleen Gebhard Neilson, younger daughter of Mrs. Frederic Neilson, took place at noon to-day at Arleigh, the Ruthven Pratt villa, in Bellevue Avenue, which Mrs. Neilson had engaged for the occasion. It was a magnificent wedding, but there was nothing spectacular about it. There never is about Vanderbilt weddings.

It was not a cheering morning that greeted the bride on her wedding day. Threatening clouds hovered over Newport early Tuesday morning and a few drops of rain blew in from down Vineyard way, but it cleared by noon and the April skies were kind to Cathleen Neilson. A brighter sun never shone for any bride. There was just a tinge of crispness in the air and altogether it was an ideal Newport Springtime day.

The condition of the weather, however, was a circumstance that did not affect the comfort of the party or the guests. The ceremony, the reception, and the wedding breakfast were under one roof, and when once within the portals of Arleigh there was no leaving until the departure of the bridal party.

The florists had made great changes in Arleigh for the occasion. As the 200 guests drove into the grounds, they found, instead of bare trees and shrubs, a handsomely arranged garden of palms, bay trees, ferns, and other plants, which gave a pleasing impression of later months of the year. Once within the doors a floral display of marvelous beauty caught the eye and called forth the admiration of the guests. The main decoration was in the hall, where a temporary altar had been erected, and the ceremony was held.

This altar, or chapel as it might well be called, was unique. The big fireplace, with its pilasters of polished oak, was given by aid of the florist's art an appearance of unusual depth. The entrance to the altar was formed with large palms meeting above, making a very pretty effect. The sides were of Bride roses, the ceiling of yellow orchids, and the ornamentation of the rear of lilies of the valley. The chapel effect was heightened by many wax tapers burning in gold candelabra. Within the chapel was a platform on which the officiating clergyman stood, and leading to this were two steps, on the lower one of which the bridal couple knelt when the benediction was pronounced.

The main hall was changed into a floral bower by a lavish use of Easter lilies. The front of the balcony and the balustrade of the main stairway were completely hidden with the lilies, which formed a floral terrace along which the bridal procession moved from the east room to the chapel. Large clusters of lilies were also placed in silver vases in the panels of the hall walls, adding to the general effect. The south parlor, in which the reception was held, was decorated with daisies. Beneath a huge canopy of these flowers the bride and bridegroom stood, while there were masses of golden daisies on either side and clusters in gold in vases about the room. The decorations of the remaining rooms consisted of great bunches of American Beauty roses, palms, ferns, and potted plants in flower.

While the guests were assembling an orchestra of forty pieces under the direction of Nahan Franko, behind a shield of palms, played the following programme of music selected by the bride:

Bridal procession from "Lohengrin" .... Wagner
"Salut d'Amour" .... Elgar
Spring Song .... Mendelssohn
Andante Cantabile .... Tschaikowski
Meditation .... Bach-Gounod
Largo .... Handel
Violin Solo, Nahan Franko, with harp, organ, and orchestra.

At the appointed hour the bridal party, which had formed in the east room, proceeded along the entire length of the gallery and down the grand stairway to the improvised chapel in the main hall, in full view of the guests, who were seated about the hall, while the orchestra played the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin."

First came "Chiffon" Kemp, the two-and-a-half-year-old niece of the bride, dressed in white, and carrying a basket of orchids and stephanotis. Then came the bride, leaning on the arm of her uncle, Frederic Gebhard, who gave her away.

The bride wore a gown of chiffon of the lightest possible texture, over ivory white satin, with the traditional train. Here and there were touches of rare laces. The skirt was made in clinging effect, and the bodice was high in the neck. The yoke and upper portion of the sleeves were of lace, with chiffon in long, soft puffs for the lower part of the sleeves. The bridal veil was of rare old lace. The bride's principal ornament was a magnificent string of pearls, the gift of the bridegroom. The bouquet was of the choicest white orchids, with clusters of orange blossoms and stephanotis, tied loosely with white satin ribbons, with long streamers.

The bride was attended by Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, sister of the bridegroom, as maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Isabel May, Miss Florence Vanderbilt Twombly, cousin of the bridegroom; Miss Evelyn Parsons, and Miss Nathalie Schenck. The bridesmaids wore gowns of white chiffon, with large picture hats trimmed with white plumes. Their bouquets were of white Persian lilacs, tied with white satin ribbons.

Awaiting the bridal party at the improvised altar were the bridegroom and his brother, Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, the best man. The ushers were Peter Goelet Gerry, Arthur Gray, Ellis Adams, Jules Blanc Neilson, brother of the bride; Arthur S. Burden, and S. H. Stone. They wore boutonnières of gardenias.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William B. Meenan of St. Mary's Church, assisted by the Rev. Father Cronan of the same church and two acolytes. The ritual of the Roman Catholic Church was used. During the ceremony Schumann's beautiful "Träumerei" was rendered by the orchestra in subdued tones, and immediately after the concluding words Mendelssohn's "Wedding March" pealed forth in glad acclaim, declaring the consummation of the marriage vows.

During the reception which followed the ceremony tables were brought in with their decorations and were put in place. These decorations were in American Beauty roses, excepting those on the table where the bridal party sat, these being of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. The following menu was served:

Bouillon.
Olives, amandes salées, radis.
Oeufs brouillés aux truffes sur pain grillé.
Escalopes de filet aux Champignons frais.
Petits pois nouveaux.
Pommes duchesse.
Asperges froids, horseradish cream.
Poitrine de volaille au cresson et jambon de Virginie grillé.
Salade de laitues.
Mousse aux fraises.
Petits fours, bonbons, fruit.

After the reception and wedding breakfast, while the guests were in the main hall, the bride went to the gallery about the staircase, and, loosening the ribbons which bound her bouquets, showered the flowers on those below, the guests eagerly reaching for these as souvenirs of the wedding.

When the time came for the going away of the bride and bridegroom there was a lively scene about the house, and both were showered with rice and stormed with old shoes and satin slippers. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt entered a closed carriage drawn by a pair of spirited horses from the Vanderbilt stables. This carriage was decorated with white ribbons, one in particular, many yards long, being tied behind. It was presumed that Mr. Vanderbilt was to take his bride to Sandy Point Farm, as the carriage was started in this direction, but the expectation went amiss. The carriage was driven to a point on the railroad about a quarter of a mile from the station, where a special train consisting of an engine and one car met the couple and took them in the direction of Boston. It was afterward learned that Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt's baggage had been sent out during the morning checked for Boston, and it is probable that city was their destination. Later in the afternoon the guests took a steamship for Wickford to meet the special train, which was expected to reach New York by [illegible] o'clock.

GOWNS WORN AT THE WEDDING.

The gowns worn at the wedding were [illegible]. Gray and white, black and white, [illegible] were the predominating colors. [illegible]

... green, wore a black and white embroidered mulle gown with medallions of white lace, and a small hat trimmed with black lace.

Mrs. Neilson, mother of the bride, wore a gray brocaded crepe heavily trimmed with gold appliqué, a pearl necklace, and turquoise and diamond earrings.

Mrs. Kemp wore white chiffon trimmed with bands and appliqued design of jet and a large black hat.

Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt wore gray crepe embroidered in pearls, with insertions of lace, and a large white felt hat. Her jewels were a rope of pearls.

Mrs. Peter D. Martin wore a white broadcloth gown trimmed with bands of sable.

Mrs. E. J. Berwind wore a heliotrope gown trimmed with lace and a violet hat.

Mrs. C. C. Moore was in white chiffon with a red hat.

Mrs. Duncan Elliot wore a white mousseline embroidered with silver spangles and a large hat covered with gardenias and leaves.

Mrs. C. M. Oelrichs was in black net with a red hat.

Mrs. William T. Carter wore a gown of pearl gray veiling trimmed with lace and a bertha of lace and blue satin.

Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., was in ecru satin with lace over dress and wore a heliotrope hat. Her jewels were pearls.

Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, when she arrived at Arleigh, wore over her bridesmaid's gown a café au lait coat and a large white hat.

Mrs. Gwynne was in black and white, with white applique, and a black and white lace-trimmed hat.

Mrs. Spottswood D. Schenck wore black and white; large black hat trimmed with quantities of red roses.

Mrs. A. Paul Andrews wore pale blue and white, with touches of black, and a large hat trimmed with lavender plumes.

Mrs. William T. Bull wore a white lace gown and a large white hat, with black velvet bows and rhinestone buckles.

Mrs. William H. Mayer appeared in blue and white foulard, white lace applique, and lace hat.

Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright wore a handsome creation of white broadcloth, white applique, and pale blue hat.

Mrs. Burke Roche wore white lace applique with chiffon trimmings; a large white hat trimmed with feathers.

Miss Ida Pomeroy, who was with Mrs. Schenck, was in a pale gray coat over a blue organdie; pale blue hat with lace.

Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt wore white Valenciennes lace over pale green taffeta. Her hat was of white satin straw, with white and dark green plumes.

Mrs. Lewis Quentin Jones was in white etamine, embroidered in white silk; a hat of violets.

Mrs. Joseph E. Widener wore a white organdie, with insertion of Valenciennes lace; white and black hat.

THE GUESTS.

The guests included:

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt,	Mrs. Bromley,
Miss Gladys Vanderbilt,	W. Hude Neilson,
Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard,	Mr. Kissam,
Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt,	Dr. Potter,
Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly,	Mr. and Mrs. Lyon,
Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sloane,	Mr. and Mrs. Bradish Johnson,
Dr. and Mrs. W. Seward Webb,	W. H. Gebhard,
Mr. and Mrs. W. Edgar Shepard,	Mr. and Mrs. Frederic M. Davies,
Frederic Gebhard,	The Rev. Louis J. Deady,
Mrs. Arthur T. Kemp,	Mrs. Paul A. Andrews,
Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt,	Frederic Kernochan,
Senator C. M. Depew,	Austin Gray,
Mrs. Fabbri,	Alfred Gray,
Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden,	Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Neill,
The Misses Burden,	Mrs. Eldridge,
George R. Fearing,	Miss Stevens,
The Misses Twombly,	Admiral and Mrs S. B. Luce,
Miss Webb,	Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Norman,
Mr. and Mrs. Field,	Dr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Bull,
Harry Payne Whitney,	Mr. and Mrs Frederick P. Garretson,
C. M. Oelrichs,	Miss Schott,
Mr. and Mrs. Peter D. Martin,	Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hunter,
Miss Blanche Oelrichs,	Frederick H. Paine,
Harry S. Lehr,	Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mayer,
Peter F. Collier,	Lieut. Roger Wells, U. S. N.,
Robert L. Gerry,	Roland King,
The Misses Gerry,	Potter Palmer,
Mrs. Duncan Elliot,	W. F. Whitehouse, Jr.,
Robert L. Hargous,	W. Whitehouse,
Henry F. Eldridge,	Edward H. Bulkley,
W. Watts Sherman,	R. M. Young,
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Quentin Jones,	Mortimer Nichols,
Mr. and Mrs H. Spies Kipp,	F. Morgan,
Mrs. C. C. Moore,	G. E. Rush,
Mr. and Mrs. W. Storrs Wells,	Harold Stone,
Miss Wells,	Gordon Abbott,
Miss Rives,	E. H. Hall,
Mrs. Burke Roche,	G. H. Hall,
Miss Cynthia Roche,	Henry May,
Mr. and Mrs. May,	M. Strong,
Miss Shepard,	J. De K. Alsop,
Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright,	Marshall Kernochan,
Mrs. Joseph E. Widener,	E. B. Luce,
Miss Morton,	T. B. Clarke,
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Carter,	Mr. Knox,
Mrs. Spotswood D. Schenck,	M. Neilson,
Mrs. C. A. Whittier,	J. B. Robinson,
Miss Daly,	Ellis Anderson,
	Robert Goelet,
	George Carey,
	Payson McL. Merrill,
	George P. Eustis,

Even guests representative of the wealthiest families in America, people accustomed to the luxury of untold riches, marveled at the wonderful array of the bride's gifts. These were again exhibited to the guests who arrived late last night. The estimated value of the wedding gifts, not including the $1,000,000 settled upon the bride by her husband, is over $850,000. There are exactly 289 gifts. Each has been numbered, and in a small book the names of the donors are given after the corresponding number.

ARRIVAL IN BOSTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt Elude the Curious by Leaving Their Train at Roxbury Crossing.

BOSTON, April 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Claypool Vanderbilt began their honeymoon in this city. They are occupying apartments at Hotel Somerset, in the Back Bay, where they arrived this afternoon from Newport. Their special, consisting of an engine and a passenger coach only, came as far as the Roxbury crossing station, where the young couple alighted and took a carriage in order to avoid the curious who were watching for them at the in-town stations. Arriving at the Somerset they entered by the small ladies' entrance at the easterly end of the hotel and went directly to their apartments.

Their suite is not the bridal one that was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt on their bridal tour here in January, 1901, but is one of equal elegance, which commands a broad view of Commonwealth Avenue and the Fenway, on the fourth floor.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt brought no servants, and their luggage, consisting of three trunks and a grip, came on the regular Newport train, being brought to the hotel to-night.

It is not known how long the young couple will remain in this city.

THE BRIDE AND BRIDEGROOM.

Former the Daughter of the Late Frederic Neilson—Latter Youngest Son of the Late Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, the youngest child of the late Frederic Neilson. She has been carefully educated, speaks French fluently and some German. She is not a remarkable beauty, but has a complexion of roses and cream, dark eyes, and chestnut hair full of color. She is rather tall, and has a splendid figure. She is quiet and unassuming, yet graceful, tactful, and has charming manners. It was this composition of character that made her popular among her girl friends and finally won for her an alliance with the Vanderbilt family.

She met Reginald Vanderbilt three years ago at a small dinner, later dancing with him at the Casino hop. It was a case of love at first sight. They were constantly seen together last Summer at Newport, and after dinner in the Casino grill rooms on Sabbath evenings would invariably "sit out" the concert on the steps of the Casino theatre down by the tennis courts.

The bride has been out only one Winter. Her engagement was announced at Newport last Summer, but it was rumored for almost a year before that. Her mother, Mrs. Frederic Neilson, was Miss Belle Gebhard, a great beauty in her day and still a very handsome woman. Frederic Gebhard is Miss Neilson's uncle. Her father, Frederic Neilson, was considered one of the handsomest men of his day, and was a very popular member of the Union and Manhattan Clubs.

Mrs. Neilson, the bride's mother, is a very original and clever woman. She is a person of much will and determination. Mrs. Neilson had three children. The eldest is Mrs. Arthur Kemp, known as "Baby Belle." She was married to Arthur Kemp in 1897 by the late Archbishop Corrigan, at the Neilson residence, 100 Fifth Avenue. There is one child of their union, a little girl, who acted as flower girl yesterday. Mrs. Neilson has also a son, Jules B. Neilson.

There have been various statements as to the Neilson fortune. Frederic Neilson came originally from Philadelphia. He was not a wealthy man. Mrs. Neilson is directly descended from Frederic Gebhard, who came from Amsterdam in Holland to New York in 1800. He acted first as agent for a Dutch house, but after a while commenced business for his own account. The family mansion was at the corner of Greenwich and Rector Streets. He took his nephew, [illegible] into business. Mr. Schuchardt, married Miss Remsen. Mrs. Neilson's grandfather married the daughter of Thomas E. Davies, and a niece of the Rev. Dr. Powers, one of the brightest priests in the Catholic Church. Mrs. Gebhard died about ten years ago in Paris.

The Davies and Gebhard real estate holdings, which are quite large, form the basis of the fortunes of Mrs. Neilson and her two brothers, one of whom lives in Paris. These include the present Neilson residence and the house at the corner of Fifteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, and a great deal of down-town property.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt is the youngest son of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. His mother was Miss Alice Gwynne of Cincinnati. He is twenty-three years old. His fortune is estimated at $12,000,000, and his annual income at $500,000. In appearance he is short, rather stout, with a full face. He resembles the Gwynne family more than he does the Vanderbilts. At his majority he came into possession of $7,500,000 under the provisions of his father's will, and celebrated the event with a dinner at Yale, which he was then attending. He has completed his four years at Yale, but did not pass his examination last Spring. He was given a diploma in the following Autumn. He is very much interested in all sports, especially polo and automobiling. Last Spring he bought a very fine farm on Rhode Island, near that of his brother Alfred, and he has built a comfortable house on it. He spends much of his time there. He is very fond of horses, is an excellent whip, and a better polo player than his brother, Alfred, whom he defeated two years ago. The brothers are very fond of each other, and are constantly together.

All the Vanderbilt men marry early. Reginald is the last of the four sons of Mrs. Vanderbilt to marry. William K. Vanderbilt has an unmarried son about twenty years of age. The late Cornelius and Mrs. Vanderbilt had eight children. The eldest, a girl, died young. The eldest son, William H. Vanderbilt, died of the effects of typhoid after his Yale term. Cornelius married Miss Grace Wilson, and Alfred G. Vanderbilt married Miss Elsie French. Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, the eldest daughter married Harry Payne Whitney, the eldest son of William C. Whitney, and the second daughter and youngest child, Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, is abount sixteen years of age, and not yet out in society.

Arleigh, the house in which the ceremony took place to-day, is famous for the magnificence of its wood carving and the elegance of its appointments. It is situated in the very centre of Newport's fashion, and Mrs. Frederic Neilson made it her choice for the scene of the wedding instead of selecting the more convenient but for her daughter less familiar surroundings that would have been found in New York. During the past eight years Arleigh has been occupied by the James T. Woodwards, Potter Palmers, E. Rollins Morse, and Harry Lehrs, leaders in the society of Boston, New York, and Chicago, and it was the scene of the courtship and wooing of a Russian Prince and the granddaughter of an American General and President.

OVERTOOK TRAIN HE MISSED.

G. R. Fearing, Vanderbilt Wedding Guest, Chartered a Special.

One of the guests at the Vanderbilt-Neilson wedding yesterday was George R. Fearing. Monday afternoon Mr. Fearing came hurrying into the Grand Central Station some time after the 1 o'clock train for Providence had pulled out. He had intended to take that train, and he resolved that he would take it yet. He chartered an engine and car from the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railway, and at 1:50 set out in pursuit of his train. He caught it at New London and got aboard, and so reached Newport along with the other wedding guests.

The dispatcher's office of the New Haven Road said the special did not make any record time—running about at the usual rate of the Bay State Limited.

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

Maynard—Ives.

A large wedding of yesterday was that at noon of Miss Eunice Ives, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Brayton Ives, and Walter Effingham Maynard, a son of Mrs. Effingham Maynard, in All Souls' Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street. Palms and white flowers were massed about the chancel and at the sides of the church. The bride's maid of honor was her younger sister, Miss Frances Ives, and the bridesmaids were Miss Anne T. Morgan, Miss Winifred Ives, Miss Louise Maynard, and Miss Gertrude Parsons.

Mr. Maynard's best man was his brother, Effingham Maynard, and the ushers included Francis Crowninshield, Henry G. Barbey, Henry L. Eno, Ralph M. S. Wortley, H. H. Pease, Harris Fahnestock, Grant La Farge, and Dr. Walton Martin. The church was crowded with well-known people, but the reception at the Ives residence, 53 Irving Place, was small, as relatives and intimate friends only were asked to it. On their return from their honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Maynard will live at 114 East Fortieth Street.

Trask—Jacquelin.

The wedding yesterday noon at Grace Church chantry of Miss Katharine Jacquelin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Jacquelin, and Frederick Kingsbury Trask was small, only relatives and intimate friends having received invitations, while the reception at the home of the bride's parents, 34 East Thirty-eighth Street, was still smaller. The breakfast was for the families alone. Miss Ethel Jacquelin was her sister's maid of honor and only attendant, and Mr. Trask's best man was William Rogers Trask of Boston. John H. Jacquelin gave his daughter away.

Holt—Babcock.

Henry E. Holt, son of Robert Holt, formerly of this city, but now of Montclair, N. J., and Miss Pauline Babcock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Hollingsworth Babcock, were married at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Messiah. Miss Ida E. Holt, a sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor and Miss Hilda H. Goodwin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Almon Goodwin, and Miss Edna M. Cook, a daughter of E. M. Cook, were the bridesmaids. Robert Holt was his brother's best man, and the ushers were the Messrs. Outerbridge, Hoffman, Botman, and Hunt, Squadron A men. A reception at the residence of the bride's parents, 53 West Thirty-seventh Street, followed the ceremony.

Jenks—Cox.

Dr. Edwin Brown Jenks of Elmira, N. Y., and Miss Ruth Cox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Finney Cox, were married yesterday in All Souls' Church, Madison Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street. Miss Cornelia H. Merrill, daughter of Payson Merrill, was the maid of honor, and Miss Julia Deyo, Miss Ruth Guernsey, Miss Madeleine Cary, Miss Elizabeth Belden, and Miss Helen Brown were the bridesmaids. Dr. Jenks's best man was Halsey Sayles of Elmira, and the ushers included John G. Saxe, P. Morgan Brookfield, Frederick Middlebrook, S. H. X. Cox, Irving Griffin, Dr. Daniel Jewett, and Hathaway Turner. The reception at the residence of the bride's parents, 54 East Sixty-seventh Street, was confined to relatives only, owing to illness in the family.

Greenley—Inness.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Inness, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Inness, Jr., of 145 West Forty-eighth Street, to Howard Greenley was solemnized at the bride's home yesterday. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Donald Sage Mackay, pastor of the Collegiate Church. Miss Inness's sister, Miss Juliet Inness, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Florence Sweetland of Ottawa, Canada, Miss Tedesco Greenley, sister of the bridegroom; Miss Rachel Hartley of Montclair, N. J., and Miss Helen Ellsworth of this city.

Mrs. Greenley is the granddaughter of the late George Inness, the artist, and a niece of Jonathan Scott Hartley, the sculptor. Her father also is an artist.

Whitehead—Colston.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—Miss Mary Ellen Colston, daughter of Frederick M. Colston, was married to-day to Prof. John Boswell Whitehead of Johns Hopkins University. The ceremony was performed at 3:30 o'clock at Christ's Church by the rector, the Rev. Edwin Barnes Niver, assisted by the Rev. Neilson Poe Carey of New York.

Richter—Windolph.

The marriage of Miss Frances Anna Windolph, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Windolph, to Fritz T. Richter was solemnized yesterday at St. Joseph's Church, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street and St. Nicholas Avenue. The maid of honor was Miss Margaret Windolph, and Gustav M. Fauser was the best man.

Auchincloss—Agnew.

A small home wedding was celebrated yesterday at the residence of Andrew G. Agnew, in West Thirty-ninth Street, when his daughter, Miss Catherine S. Agnew, was married to Edgar S. Auchincloss. The bride had her sister, Miss Agnes G. Agnew, for her maid of honor, and the bridegroom's sister, Miss Ellen Auchincloss, and Miss Jessie Smith as her bridesmaids. Hugh Auchincloss was his brother's best man, and George Bliss Agnew and Samuel Sloan Auchincloss were the ushers. Relatives were invited to the ceremony, and a small reception followed it.

Hood—Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., April 14.—Miss Jessie Jean Woods, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Woods of Bloomfield, and William H. Hood of Belleville, N. J., were married in the Church of the Sacred Heart to-night. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Joseph M. Nardiello, rector of the church, who was assisted by the Rev. Father Smith of St. Peter's Church, Belleville. Miss Margaret Woods, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor, while Miss Agnes Taylor, a niece of the bridegroom, was the flower girl. The bridesmaids were Miss Agnes Woods and Miss Lucy O'Connor. James Woods, a brother of the bride, was best man, and the ushers were John Woods, Henry Hood, and Thomas Grady.

Campbell—Field.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 14.—Miss Bertha Field, daughter of George E. Field, was married to-night to William Hunt Campbell of New York City. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey.

Lentilhon—Tillinghast.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., April 14.—In St. Mark's Church, West Orange, this afternoon, Miss Fanny Tillinghast, daughter of Philip Tillinghast of New York, was married to Edward S. Lentilhon by the Rev. Frank B. Reazor, rector of the church. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the brother-in-law of the bride, Charles F. March, in Northfield Road. The matron of honor was Mrs. Hugh R. Parrish of Lawrence, L. I. Charles F. March was the best man, and the ushers were H. W. Higgins, Benjamin Norton, William Lentilhon, Richard King, Alexis I. Du Pont, and a brother of the bride, H. W. Tillinghast. The couple will live in Philadelphia.

Stevens—Gardiner.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., April 14.—Miss Edith May Gardiner to-night was married in Christ Church to Albert Clark Stevens by the Rev. James Clarence Jones of Brooklyn, N. Y. Miss Sarah B. Stevens, daughter of the bridegroom by a former marriage, was the maid of honor. Thomas E. Platt of Paterson was the best man. The ushers were William B. Palmer of Montclair, John H. Reynolds of Paterson, William F. Collins of East Orange, and L. H. Robbins of Newark.

Best—Payson.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., April 14.—Miss Deloise Payson, youngest daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Edward P. Payson, and Harry Morris Best, both of Montclair, were married to-night at the home of the bride's parents, 52 Christopher Street, the bride's father performing the ceremony. Miss Carolyn B. Payson, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and John T. Best, brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The bridesmaids were Miss Elizabeth Olcott of New York and Miss Catherine Potter of Glen Ridge, and the ushers were the Rev. G. Phillips Payson of Wyoming, N. J., brother of the bride; Leigh Best, and Gustave Haller of Montclair.

Adams—Edwards.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., April 14.—Miss Eleanor Pierrepont Edwards, daughter of Dr. Arthur Wood Edwards of this city, and Howard Adams of Baltimore were married in Trinity Episcopal Church to-night by the Rev. Louis Shreve Osborne. Miss Bessie Titus and Miss Alice Osman, cousins of the bride, were maids of honor, and Miss Alice Osman of this city and Miss Edith Ward of East Orange were the bridesmaids. Walter Adams of Baltimore, a brother of the bridegroom, was best man, and the ushers were Robert O'Gorman, E. Erle Moody, Dr. S. H. Baldwin, George Barker, Irving Adams, and Robert Pardee.

Johnson—Newlands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The marriage of Miss Edyth Newlands, eldest daughter of the Senator from Nevada, to Charles Johnson, son of the late Dr. W. W. Johnson of this city, took place to-day at noon at Woodley, the country home of Senator and Mrs. Newlands. No invitations were issued and only members of the bride's family witnessed the ceremony. The Rev. W. G. Thayer of Boston, an associate of the bridegroom at St. Mark's School, officiated.

Riely—Jenkins.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—The marriage of Miss Fannie Hazlehurst Jenkins, daughter of Benjamin W. Jenkins and niece of the late J. Stricker Jenkins of Baltimore, to William Clinton Riely of New York, son of Col. and Mrs. John Riely of Virginia, took place this afternoon at the residence of the bride's father, in John Street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. D. Prescott Allison of the Church of St. Michael and All Angels. The maid of honor was the bride's sister, Miss Marcella Jenkins, and little Miss O'Donovan and young Master Hazlehurst, cousins of the bride, held the ribbons. The bride entered the drawing room with her father, by whom she was given away. Mr. Riely was attended by his brother, Charles Riely, of Troy, N. Y. The bride wore the wedding gown of her mother, of white satin and old point lace, with a tulle veil fastened with a diamond crescent. The reception was limited to members of the two families and most intimate friends.

Follansbee—McConnell.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The wedding of Miss Julia Rogers McConnell, daughter of Judge and Mrs. S. P. McConnell of New York, to Mitchell Follansbee of this city attracted many Chicagoans to the Winter home of the bride's parents at Sea Breeze, Fla., and is of interest to many more. The ceremony was performed at 1 o'clock this afternoon, the officiating clergyman being the Rev. J. McDonald McGrath, rector at Ormond.

It was a simple wedding. The bride was gowned in white mull, with lace medallions, and she carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. Miss Suzanne Waller of River Forest, as maid of honor, was gowned in white organdie and carried white roses. Little Eleanor McConnell, the bride's twelve-year-old sister, acted as flower maiden, and the best man was Alanson Follansbee. The house was prettily decorated with water lilies, palms, and roses, and after the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served. At 3 o'clock the newly wedded pair left for the North.

Hallowell—Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 14.—In Emanuel Church, at noon, Miss Louise Tucker Harding, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Fosdick Harding of Milton, and James Mott Hallowell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. Hallowell of West Medford, formerly of Philadelphia, were married. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Theodore Irving Reese of Milton, assisted by the Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., rector of Emanuel Church.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was handsomely gowned in white satin, with yoke and sleeves of transparent lace. The maid of honor was Miss Hannah Gilbert Palfrey. The best man was Frank W. Hallowell of Chestnut Hill. The ushers were Messrs. John W. Hallowell of West Medford, Franklin T. Hammond of Cambridge, Ralph Forbes of Milton, Charles G. Davis of Philadelphia, Charles H. Davis, and Joseph H. Sears of New York; Wilder D. Bancroft of Ithaca, N. Y.; Thomas Q. Browne of Morristown, N. J.; P. Ralph Williams, John Purdon, and Drs. Franklin G. Balch and Sidney A. Lord of Boston.

Seeley-Martin Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Martin have announced the engagement of their daughter Mabel and Frank E. Seeley of Bridgeport, Conn. Mr. Seeley was graduated from Sheffield School, Yale, and then took a practical course in mechanics at the West Albany Railroad shops. His father is President of the First National Bank of Bridgeport.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

There was dismay in the hearts of the numerous brides and bridegrooms yesterday at the downpour of rain and the high winds. Some of the weddings were not as well attended as they otherwise would have been. To-day a large church wedding will be that of Miss Chloise Hatch, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Denison Hatch, to Cornelius S. Lee. G. G. Haven, Jr., has taken the coach Pioneer for the day.

***

The wedding of Miss Jane H. Gillet, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmslie M. Gillet, and Morris Ketchum will be celebrated on Wednesday, June 3, in Trinity Chapel, West Twenty-fifth Street, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, by the Rev. Dr. Vibbert. Miss Gillet will have her sister, Miss Charlotte Milnor Gillet, as maid of honor, and her bridesmaids are to be Miss Alice Adenaw, Miss Alice Grant Smith of Philadelphia, Miss Augusta E. Boylston, Miss Minna Lentilhon, Miss Mildred Gill of Baltimore, and Miss Luce Maria Washington of Savannah. Morris Ketchum Parker will be his cousin's best man, and the ushers will include Charles M. Washington, Arthur Smith, Arthur P. Adenaw, and Charles Eustace Kneeland. The reception at the residence of the bride's parents, 137 East Forty-fourth Street, will be a small one. No other date was ever mentioned by Miss Gillet in connection with the wedding save that given above, and the report, current for some time, that April 29 had been selected had no foundation in fact.

***

The Easter dance of the Neighborhood Cotillions, under the patronage of Mrs. F. M. Scott, Mrs. Gilbert E. Jones, Mrs. O. L. Jones, Mrs. William R. Barr, Mrs. W. M. Ivins, Mrs. Randolph Hurry, Mrs. Walter Cook, and Mrs. Carrington Royce, most of whom were present to receive, took place at Dodworth's last night. Griswold Thompson led the cotillion with Miss Eleanor Scott as his partner, and the favors were wreaths and Japanese parasols for the girls, with flags and orders for their partners. There were also confetti figures. The dates of the cotillions for next season are as follows: Dec. 15 and 31, 1903; Jan. 27, Feb. 9, and April 5, 1904. The patronesses are to be Mrs. Hurry, Mrs. Barr, Mrs. O. L. Jones, and Mrs. Royce, who were patronesses the last season, and the new patronesses are to be Mrs. William T. Schley, Mrs. Henry Bischoff, Jr., and Mrs. Edward C. Rodman.

***

There were several interesting card parties yesterday. The charity bridge, arranged by Mrs. Frank Sturgis and Mrs. William Pollock, at Sherry's was a great success, and the attendance was large, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock also had a party at cards.

***

E. G. Fabbri and his brother A. Fabbri were among those who arrived from Bremen yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. Others on the same ship were Adolp Francke and August Heckscher and Mrs. Heckscher.

***

The wedding of Miss Chloise Hatch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Denison Hatch, and Cornelius S. Lee will take place in St. Bartholomew's Church at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, and will be followed by a small reception for relatives and intimate friends at the city residence of the bride's parents, 26 East Thirty-ninth Street. The Misses Natica Rives, Cynthia Roche, and the bride's sisters, Janet and Carolyn Hatch, will be the bridesmaids. W. Denison Hatch, Jr., Henry W. Berryman, Stuyvesant Le Roy, George Davies, Thomas Manson, Jr., Frederick W. Loew, second, Louis White, and De Lancey Jay are to be best man and ushers.

***

The marriage of Miss Louise Dudley, daughter of John L. Dudley, and Norman G. Johnson will take place at 12 o'clock today in Calvary Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street.

***

Miss Imogen Hawthorne, daughter of Julian Hawthorne, and Dr. William C. Deming of Westchester, N. Y., will be married to-day in the Swedenborgian Church, in East Thirty-fifth Street. Miss Hawthorne's sisters, the Misses Gwendolin, Hildegarde, and Beatrix Hawthorne, will be her attendants, and her brothers, Frederick L. Hawthorne, Henry A. Hawthorne, and J. B. F. Hawthorne, will be ushers. Alfred Egmont Schermerhorn is to be Dr. Deming's best man.

***

Other weddings will be those of Miss Edna Tappen Brooks and Paul Bayne, at the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Frederick D. Tappen, 40 East Sixty-eighth Street, and of Miss Anna Townsend Burnett to Martin Stenson Herbert, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest at 4 o'clock.

***

Cards have been issued for ladies' day at the Grolier Club, Friday, April 17, on which occasion an address will be delivered by F. Hopkinson Smith on "The Quality of the Picturesque," at 4 o'clock, after which tea will be served. The Reception Committee is as follows: Mrs. Howard Mansfield, Chairman; Mrs. Thomas G. Evans, Mrs. Richard Hoe Lawrence, Mrs. Robert Hoe, Mrs. William Loring Andrews, Mrs. M. P. Welcher, Mrs. Edwin B. Holden, Miss Havemeyer, Mrs. Arthur H. Scribner, and Mrs. William H. Bliss.

CHICAGO ELECTION ARRESTS.

CHICAGO, April 14.—All the members of the Board of Election Commissioners and the chief clerk are under arrest for defying Judge Hanecey's injunction in the Lorimer-Durborrow Congressional contest. The specific charge is contempt of court and refusal to pay $100 fine for opening the ballots after being commanded not to do so. The prisoners were taken by Sheriff Barrett to Springfield, where their attorneys will apply to the Supreme Court for writs of habeas corpus.

Mr. Lorimer's attorneys will file a mandamus suit before the court to prevent any further interference with the ballots. He will also resist the application for release of the Commissioners.

IN THE SHOPS.

Only $200 for a genuine Shakespeare settle! It is an authentic piece, not as a settle, but all the wood in it came from the Stratford church Shakespeare attended. The two end pieces of the back, high, narrow, and beautifully carved, were the end pieces of the pew, the lower carved piece in the centre being another part of the pew, and the deep box seat is made of the plain wood. There were a number of these settles originally, and there are chairs made of the same material. When any piece is sold it is registered, with the name and address of the purchaser; every piece is numbered, and there are lists showing just where each piece has gone. Any one not registered and numbered who has a Shakespeare chair or settle—well, they have been hoaxed.

***

Wooden screens of an old English design have the centre fold higher than the other two, the top finished with two rounding, scroll-like pieces, inclining to each other, a familiar finish seen on old clocks, cupboards, and cabinets. The two side folds are straight across the top, and have only a frame of the wood hung with stuffs which have an old-time appearance. The centre is of the wood, with a plain square of glass in the top sometimes, or set with old engravings under glass. One must have a place for one's pictures now that walls are decorated too highly for them. These are reproductions of antiques.

***

There are all sorts and kinds of wide turnover cuffs, of starched linen to go with the starched turnover collars. These collars are over two inches in depth, and some of them finished with embroidery in various designs, some with a scalloped edge and embroidered dots all in white, or the dots may be embroidered in black on white. Patterns of embroidery in flower designs are also used.

***

In the stiffly starched linen there are also duplicates of the neckwear and cuffs found in the softer lawns and linens. There are wide, straight bands for both neck and sleeves, made with simple designs of drawnwork and hemstitching, more of this latter, forming fancy designs and squares, these bands starched stiff like the ordinary linen collar.

***

"Way Down Yonder in the Corn Field," "In the Good Old Summer Time," and other sentences are worked with a soft but heavy cord in white upon dark blue and other color denims for hammock or piazza pillows. The pillows are edged with a still heavier cord, and there is an appropriate design, an ear of corn or flowers, worked upon them in addition to the lettering.

***

Impossibly fine work for the amateur the French modiste puts into her gowns. In one white gown there are rays of tucks radiating out from a centre. In the centre of each the material has been formed into a daisylike flower. On each side of the front of the bodice there is one of these flower centres with tucks radiating out around it, and a larger one is just between the centre of the shoulder blades in the back and a line of the spheres of tucks is a part of the trimming around the lower edge of the skirt. The mystery of making tucks in this way is not for the mind of the laywoman.

***

Brown and blue always make a good combination, which is used with good effect in another delightful imported gown. This is of a red-brown chiffon, tulle and lace. This lace, which is delightfully delicate, is put on the skirt in pieces like two big butterflies, one on each side, with the two lengths of the wings drooping front and back, cutting up on the hips, where the wings shorten. This part of the gown is made by the application of the brown lace, which has tiny pale-blue threads in it upon a foundation of brown tulle. Below are deep tucks of the brown chiffon carried around the frock. Separating the two sets of lace wings are fine lengthwise tucks of the brown chiffon. In the back these form one long, narrow line carried from waist to hem. The lower part of the bodice is similarly finished with appliqued lace upon the net tulle, and the upper part of the yoke and stock are of pale-blue chiffon. Clusters of tiny blue silk balls fall from the lower edge of the yoke upon the brown, and have the appearance of turquois.

DEATH OF THOMAS W. WOOD.

Thomas Waterman Wood, N. A., died yesterday from heart disease in his eightieth year at the New York Hospital.

Born in Vermont in 1823, he settled in this city during the early sixties, and for the last thirty years he has been one of the fixtures in the Tenth Street studios. Elected an Associate in 1869, he became an Academician in 1871. From 1878 to 1887 he was President of the American Water Color Society, and in 1891 the Academy elected him its chief. He was President of the Academy until 1899, when he resigned in order to devote himself to a hobby, the fitting out of a museum in Montpelier, where he was born, with copies of old masters by his brush.

Mr. Wood had a share in many of the organizations of artists and art lovers in this city. Besides the American Water Color Society he was member and one of the founders of the New York Etching Club and a steady habitué of the Century Club. When the National Arts Club was founded he was one of the charter members and a Governor during its first year. He also was one of the Presidents of the Artists' Fund Society, and belonged to the associate members of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, where some of his pictures, "The Contraband," "The Recruit," and "The Veteran," may be seen.

Best known from 1870 to 1890 by his genre pictures, Mr. Wood was also a portrait painter, and some of his likenesses are in the collection of the Chamber of Commerce. His early education in art was at Düsseldorf, where he studied under Hans Gude. His first work at the Academy of Design appeared in 1858. Later he studied in Vienna, Rome, and Paris. Of late years he has been in the habit of going to Europe in order to paint copies of old masters for the Wood Collection in the Museum at Montpelier, founded by Prof. Burgess.

While he never reached a European reputation in art, his genre pictures were liked and had some vogue in New York and New England. Their scope and character can be told by such titles as "Poor White," "The Local Reporter," "The Village Post Office," "Every Man His Own Doctor," and "The Difficult Text." His pictures were greatly humorous without being witty or satirical, reflecting very well his own nature, which was without violence or vindictiveness. He lost his wife, who was Miss Minerva Robinson, in 1880, and leaves one son. What action the Academy of Design will take regarding his funeral has not been decided.

Major Clermont L. Best.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 14.—Word was received here that Major Clermont L. Best, second in command at Fort Monroe, Va., died of apoplexy to-night. He had been at Fort Monroe two years. The attack came while he was at supper. He was a native of New York State, and was graduated from the Artillery School in 1874.

Obituary Notes.

DAVID RUSSELL, General Superintendent of the Brooks Locomotive Works at Dunkirk, N. Y., for thirty years, prior to last May, died yesterday at Fredonia of paralysis.

DR. ALBERT WYCKOFF died at the American House, Belvidere, N. J., on Monday, in his fifty-third year. He had been an invalid for several months. He practiced medicine for twelve years at Bristol, Penn. He was a brother-in-law of former Judge William H. Morrow.

A. H. GILMOR of St. George, a member of the Canadian Senate, expired suddenly in his berth on board the Canadian Pacific express for Montreal Monday night as he was traveling to Ottawa to take his seat in the Senate. Heart disease was the cause of death. Senator Gilmor was eighty years old and leaves a widow and several sons.

Capt. WILLIAM R. KENAN of Wilmington, N. C., ex-Collector of Customs at that port, and father of Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, wife of the Standard Oil millionaire, died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, in Baltimore, yesterday, where he had been ill for three weeks, having undergone a surgical operation. All his children were with him at the time he died except Mrs. Flagler. The body will be sent to North Carolina for burial.

DR. WILLIAM F. SMITH, who for several years held the Chair of Anatomy at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore, died yesterday in that city of pneumonia after a short illness. Dr. Smith was prominent in medical circles. He was a professor at the College of Dental Surgery. He was a graduate of Johns Hopkins University and was popular in athletic circles. He was thirty-nine and unmarried.

HARRY SLAUGHTER, whose stage name was Harry De Lorme, died yesterday in the Post-Graduate Hospital from paralysis, with which he was stricken ten days ago. He was born in Louisville, Ky., fifty-two years ago. At one time he was in the company with Marie Tempest. He was also in "Resurrection" at the Victoria this season. His family is prominent in Kentucky and his body will be taken there for burial. He leaves a widow and a young daughter.

DR. CHAUNCEY AYRES died yesterday at his home in Stamford, Conn., from debility incident to old age. He was born in New Canaan Aug. 14, 1808, and was the oldest living graduate of the Yale Medical School, having been a member of the class of 1831. He was a resident of Stamford for sixty-six years. Four of his children are living. One of his sons, Chief Engineer Samuel L. P. Ayres, was retired from the United States Navy six years ago.

WILLIAM B. SWAN, for many years an Assistant Engineer in the Park Department, died Monday night in his residence, 912 Home Street, Bronx, from heart disease. Mr. Swan was appointed to the Park Department in 1859, and at the time of his death was one of the oldest employes of that branch of the City Government. He did much of the more important work of the department, and laid out the north end of the Boulevard, and also a large portion of the Croton Aqueduct.

JAMES W. BENNETT, Mayor of Lowell, Mass., in 1897, died in that city yesterday after a lingering illness. He was a native of Newmarket, N. H., where he was born in 1833. He was for many years interested in the Erie Telephone Company, and served as its President. He was a Director in the Wamesit National Bank. He served as a member and Chairman of the Republican City Committee of Lowell, was a member of the City Council, Water Board, and then served two years in the lower branch of the Massachusetts Legislature.

HALLETT KILBOURN, formerly Chief Clerk of the Interior Department and one of the most widely known citizens of Washington, died in that city yesterday of paralysis, aged seventy-two years. Years ago he was arrested and detained by the order of the House of Representatives for refusing to produce the books of his firm in connection with an investigation of a real estate pool, and his case attracted National attention. Later he recovered a judgment for $35,000 for false imprisonment. He was at one time publisher of The National Republican and The Critic. He was one of the early California pioneers.

Edward E. Hoyt Dies Suddenly.

Edward E. Hoyt, fifty-six years old, of 238 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, died in Hudson Street Hospital yesterday afternoon from cerebral hemorrhage after an illness of less than half an hour. Mr. Hoyt was the senior member of the firm of Edward E. Hoyt & Co., at 66 White Street. He was stricken in his office. He leaves a widow and two children.

DEATHS REPORTED APRIL 14.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
ALDEN, Cyrus A., 24 W. [illegible] St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ARONSON, [illegible], 136 E. 81st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ATKINSON, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
ALBERT, Annie, 113 Eldridge St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BAYNE, Patrick, 836 9th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLAKE, Mayant E., 51 W. 83d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BURNS, James C., Workhouse Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BROOKS, Mary, 320 W. 41st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BROWN, Mary, 18 Cherry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BURKE, T. P., 319 W. 18th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BREEN, James, 310 E. 119th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CAREY, B., 154 E. 100th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CARACCIOLA, Marie C., 67 Oliver St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CALDWELL, Sadie, 434 W. 57th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLANCY, Susan, House of Good Shepherd	[illegible]	[illegible]
CUNNINGHAM, Edith J., 418 W. 51st	[illegible]	[illegible]
COHN, Elizabeth L., 486 Central Park West	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLARE, Julia, 131 Cherry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DAUNANO, G. B., 167 Avenue B	[illegible]	[illegible]
DUNHAM, D., 222 Madison St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DUFFY, Nellie J., 332 W. 116th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DURKIN, James J., 26 Oliver St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DEGRAZIA, R., 318 E. 106th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
EPSTEIN, H., 1,601 Lexington Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ELLIOTT, Louise, 257 W. 39th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ERICSON, Sadie, 89 Madison St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FURKA, Maria, 1,331 Avenue A	[illegible]	[illegible]
FICKENSTEIN, J. A., Philadelphia	[illegible]	[illegible]
FORSYTH, William, 495 9th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FLEMING, Alice, 555 Greenwich St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
FERGUSON, Alva P., 18 Commerce St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GLASER, Barbara, 119 W. 20th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GLOSS, G. B., 206 E. 110th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GEARTY, Elizabeth, 304 W. 37th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GRAY, Walcott C., 50 Bedford St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GARLAND, W., 328 W. 29th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GROSSO, M., 184 Elizabeth St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAYWARD, Louise H., 410 Central Park West	[illegible]	[illegible]
HALLENBACH, C. R., 1,363 Madison Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HEDRICK, Emma, Honeywell Av. and 181st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAGERMEISTER, Lizzie, Ward's Isl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAVILAND, Catherine, 5 W. 125th	[illegible]	[illegible]
HUBST, Andrew, 909 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JAMES, Molly, 215 W. 38th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KLINK, John, 414 W. 43th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEO, Maria, 29 1st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEDERER, Hugo, 323 E. 4th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEDDY, Owen, 212 E. 109th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LYNCH, Mary, 218 E. 25th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LAVERY, Edward, 588 Water St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LA HAVA, ——, 1,473 1st Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MANNA, Pasqualina, 251 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAYHEW, John, 5 Minetta St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MARSH, George W., 329 W. 29th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MORIARTY, Michael, Bellevue Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MALLEN, Anne, Ward's Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAGGIOLA, Joseph D., 1 Franklin St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MULLALY, Hannah, 43 Monroe St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCABE, Bridget, 407 W. 38th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McGOVERN, Mamie, 406 7th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NIEMAN, Minnie, 341 E. 66th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'SHAUGHNESSY, W. J., 555 9th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PASINSKY, Eva, 46 Henry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PICCOND, Wodestino, 315 E. 114th	[illegible]	[illegible]
QUINCY, Victorine, 342 W. 49th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
QUAREMLIA, Angelina, 664 9th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
QUINN, Michael, 32 Reade St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
QUITMAN, Bertha, 68 W. 113th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROBINSON, Minnie, 224 W. 15th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
REYNAY, George, Pier 4, East River	[illegible]	[illegible]
RIVIELLO, Domenico, 44 Baxter St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RIORDAN, John, 164 W. 20th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROSEN, Philip, 286 2d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RIORDAN, William, 84 Roosevelt St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RUDRICK, Philip, 216 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROBERTS, Hannibal, 309 W. 68th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SIMON, Solomon, 142 E. 66th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHLEICHER, Charles, 506 E. 118th	[illegible]	[illegible]
SULLIVAN, Kate, 18 E. 62d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STEFENS, David, 23 Bowery	[illegible]	[illegible]
SYMES, Joseph H., 190 Park Row	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHREINER, Martin, 238 6th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SIMMONS, Solomon, 109 Madison St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHANLEY, J. E., 167 Riverside Drive	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHWARTZ, Peter, 285 W. 23d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
UHL, Catherine, 404 5th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WARNOCK, Alexander, 1,758 2d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WALTER, Joseph, 211 E. 96th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WELSH, Patrick, 124 Washington St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WOLF, Elizabeth, 244 E. 3d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WEISS, Max, 45 Essex St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ZANSKO, Gustav, 40 E. 4th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ZIMM, Adolph, 1,854 5th Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ZIEGER, Dora, 438 W. 30th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
BRADY, Mary, Seton Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
BRADY, John, 832 E. 165th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHURCH, Geneo P., 522 E. 150th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLARK, Mary, Riverside Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
HOWARD, Mary, Riverside Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
KAMPE, Alfred, Seton Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
KRAFT, Fred, Riverside Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
KIRSCH, Ernestine, 529 E. 155th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAST, Ellen, Peabody Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAYER, John A., 658 E. 151st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MASERA, John, St. Joseph's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MOONEY, James, Seton Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
McGUINESS, John, Seton Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
PETRELL, Anton, 465 E. 150th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SADOWSKI, A., St. Joseph's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SUCKER, Mathilda, 618 E. 154th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHARFF, Marguerite, East Chester	[illegible]	[illegible]
VON GERICHTEN, Kate, 657 E. 151st	[illegible]	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Apr.
ALLEN, Mary, Norwegian Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ANDERSON, Sarah M., 305 Greene Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BURCAN, Harriet, 400 S. 3d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHILLE, J. W., 15th St., Coney Isl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CALLAHAN, H., St. Catharine's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CORBALEY, Margaret, 59 Henry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CASSIDY, P. J., St. Peter's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DISBROW, W. W., 511 Monroe St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DICK, A. R., 208 Skillman St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ECCLESON, E., 136 Nostrand Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GALLAVAN, W. H., 724 Prospect Pl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HARRINGTON, T., St. Cath. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HEUER, Frederick, Barren Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
HALL, Rosa, 141 Prince St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HICKEY, Jane L., 70 Columbia St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KITMEYER, Catharine, St. Catharine's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KIRK, Andrew, 52 Newell St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KIEFER, Mary, 2,141 Bergen St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MALONE, Alice E., 207 Bedford Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCORMICK, John, 33 Division Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
NEUMANN, Philippina, 218 Ralph St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PFEIFFER, John, 65 Scholes St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PENNICK, Helena, 131 23d St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
RHEINHARDT, A., N. Y. City Home	[illegible]	[illegible]
REILLY, Julia V., 745 Driggs Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ROBERTS, Susan H., 70 Hall St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
REED, Helen D., 200 Union St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHWEIZER, F., 208 Evergreen Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
SLOAN, S., Kings Co. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STEINMETZ, G., 170 Montrose Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TREHARNE, Caroline B., 212 Ross St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
VANDERBILT, Gertrude V., 212 Kent St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WEIL, H. A., 906 Halsey St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WELCH, Katharine, 442 Grand St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILLERSDORF, Matilda, 100 Berry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GANOWSKI, J., 141 31st St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
YAGLOSKY, Julia, 235 Kent Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Business Notices.

OPPORTUNITY FOR WOMEN.

Desirable stalls (stands) main corridor Martha Washington Hotel, to rent at reasonable price; good opening for woman's enterprise. For full particulars address or call at the hotel, 29 East 29th St., N. Y. City.

"WORLD-FAMED VIEW."

Catskill Mountain House. Altitude 2,250 feet; forest preserve 2,780 acres; pure spring water. City office, 25 Union Square.

Otranto — R & W — A new collar — Otranto

MARRIED.

AUCHINCLOSS—AGNEW.—On Tuesday, April 14, 1903, at 23 West 39th St., by the Rev. J. Ross Stevenson, D. D., Catherine Stanford, daughter of Andrew Gifford Agnew, and Edgar Stirling, son of the late Edgar Stirling Auchincloss.

GEARHART—RODMAN.—On Tuesday, April 14, at the residence of the bride's parents, Queens, L. I., by the Rev. Washington Rodman, Mary Louise Rodman to Charles Wilson Gearhart.

HOLT—BABCOCK.—On Tuesday, April 14, 1903, at the Church of the Messiah, by the Rev. Minot J. Savage, Pauline, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Hollingsworth Babcock, to Henry E. Holt, youngest son of Robert S. Holt.

LENTILHON—TILLINGHAST.—On Tuesday, April 14, by the Rev. Frank B. Reazor, at St. Mark's Church, West Orange, N. J., Edward S. Lentilhon to Fanny Tillinghast, daughter of the late Philip Tillinghast.

MAYNARD—IVES.—On Tuesday, April 14, at Calvary Church, Eunice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Brayton Ives, to Walter E. Maynard.

DIED.

CHESTER.—At New Brunswick, N. J., April 13, 1903, aged 59 years, Albert Huntington Chester, Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy in Rutgers College.

Funeral service at his late residence, 11 Union Street, on Wednesday, April 15, at 3:45 P. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent. Interment in Buffalo. Buffalo papers please copy.

GALLAGHER.—Ellen, beloved wife of Thomas, April 13, in her 68th year.

Funeral from her late residence, 341 6th Av., Thursday, April 16, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends respectfully invited.

HAYWARD.—On April 13, 1903, aged 41 years, Louise, the dearly loved wife of Maxwell Hayward.

Services on Thursday, April 16, at her late residence, 410 Central Park West, at 10:30 A. M.

HEARTT.—Entered into rest on Easter Day, Sister Mary (Mary Brewster Heartt,) Community of St. Mary, Sister Superior of the House of Mercy.

The funeral will take place at the House of Mercy, 86th St. and Hudson Road, Wednesday, April 15, at 10:30 A. M. Carriages will meet the 9:20 train from Thirtieth Street station, N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., at Inwood.

JEWETT.—On Tuesday, April 14, at her residence in Ossining-on-Hudson, Julia, daughter of the late Rev. William M. Cook and beloved wife of William Jewett.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARTIN.—On Sunday, April 12, 1903, William R. Martin, in the 61st year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 208 West 71st St., on Wednesday morning, April 15, at 10 o'clock.

MINER.—At Halifax, N. S., on Wednesday, April 8, Jane Murdock, widow of Jacob C. Miner, aged 79 years.

Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery on Tuesday, April 14, 1903.

PORTER.—On April 13, Nina Fremont, wife of Henry H. Porter, and niece of the late Gen. John C. Fremont.

Funeral services at St. Ignatius's Church, West End Av. and 87th St., Wednesday, April 15, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment at Shelburne, Vt.

SWAN.—William B., April 13, suddenly, April 13, of heart failure.

Funeral service at St. Paul's Church, [illegible] St. and Vyse Av., Westchester, Thursday, [illegible]

Reports of National Banks.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK OF THE UNITED STATES,
in New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business April 9th, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $48,931,628.03
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ... 580.56
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 469,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits ... 3,060,000.00
N. Y. City stock to secure deposits ... 107,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds ... 97,118.10
Stock, securities, &c. ... 1,739,763.59
Other real estate and mortgages owned ... 425,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents) ... $2,696,058.94
Due from State banks and bankers ... 347,056.73
Checks and other cash items ... 61,411.07
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 12,948,461.79
Notes of other National banks ... 65,310.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 437.92
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $11,112,023.50
Legal tender notes ... 2,618,234.00 — 13,731,257.50 — 29,432,312.26
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation) ... 23,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer other than 5 per cent. redemption fund ... 130,584.66
$83,306,463.20
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $10,000,000.00
Surplus fund and undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid ... 3,016,661.11
National banknotes outstanding ... 458,100.00
Due to other National banks ... $15,867,173.88
Due to State banks and bankers ... 22,350,522.42
Individual deposits subject to check ... 22,020,051.28
Demand certificates of deposit ... 259,014.61
Certified checks ... 4,597,415.33
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 1,636,000.57
United States deposits ... 2,140,461.10 — 69,820,702.09
New York City stock ... 107,000.00
$83,306,463.20
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, CHAS. L. ROBINSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. L. ROBINSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. A. J. OXENHAM, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: JAMES H. HYDE, DANIEL GUGGENHEIM, V. P. SNYDER, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Merchants' National Bank
of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business April 9th, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $12,112,778.83
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ... 2.86
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 50,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc. ... 271,220.14
Building-house, furniture, and fixtures ... 995,257.34
Due from national banks (not reserve agents) ... 1,156,938.32
Due from state banks and bankers ... 46,402.05
Checks and other cash items ... 16,875.13
Exchanges for clearing-house ... 1,784,285.23
Notes of other national banks ... 49,466.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 1,942.70
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $2,294,073.35
Legal-tender notes ... 1,133,500.00 — 3,427,573.35
Total ... $19,912,837.55
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $2,000,000.00
Surplus fund ... 1,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid ... 355,412.11
Due to other national banks ... $6,550,905.48
Due to state banks and bankers ... 450,865.98
Due to trust companies and savings banks ... 2,893,902.66
Dividends unpaid ... 152.25
Individual deposits subject to check ... 6,018,544.79
Demand certificates of deposit ... 6,705.55
Certified checks ... 328,783.39
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 316,865.34 — 16,557,425.44
Total ... $19,912,837.55
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, W. B. T. KEYSER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. B. T. KEYSER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. O. E. PAYNTER, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: ROBERT H. GALLAWAY, JOHN A. STEWART, CHAS. D. DICKEY, Directors.

[No. 1,105.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK,
at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business, April 9th, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $907,007.81
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ... 1,390.60
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 50,000.00
Stocks, securities, &c. ... 237,783.22
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures ... 114,250.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents) ... 123,216.43
Due from State banks and bankers ... 2,178.10
Checks and other cash items ... 30,334.58
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 56,230.60
Notes of other National banks ... 585.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 3,020.46
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $244,256.00
Legal-tender notes ... 93,187.00 — 337,343.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation) ... 2,497.50
Total ... $1,867,122.30
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $250,000.00
Surplus fund ... 50,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid ... 108,988.37
National banknotes outstanding ... 49,950.00
Dividends unpaid ... 5,584.00
Individual deposits subject to check ... 1,387,411.88
Demand certificates of deposit ... 2,296.95
Certified checks ... 16,891.04
Total ... $1,867,122.30
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. E. NEWELL, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. E. E. NEWELL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. RUFUS W. FROST, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: DAVID BANKS, VINCENT LOESER, RAYMOND JENKINS, Directors.

[No. 5,112.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE ASTOR NATIONAL BANK,
at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business April 9, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $1,972,804.18
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ... 118.70
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 350,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits ... 40,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand ... 600,000.00
N. Y. City bonds to secure U. S. deposits ... 800,000.00
Stocks, securities, &c. ... 1,506,350.81
Due from National banks (not reserve agents) ... 112,277.12
Due from State banks and bankers ... 1,352.76
Checks and other cash items ... 7,777.41
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 234,285.14
Notes of other National banks ... 23,425.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 354.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $931,264.15
Legal-tender notes ... 16,375.00 — 947,639.15
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation) ... 17,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5% redemption fund ... 10,000.00
Total ... $6,884,061.02
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $350,000.00
Surplus fund ... 350,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid ... 173,282.58
National banknotes outstanding ... 350,000.00
Due to other National banks ... 48,961.25
Due to State banks and bankers ... 398.92
Individual deposits subject to check ... $3,944,869.16
Demand certificates of deposit ... 2,482.06
Certified checks ... 15,894.12
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 8,812.50
United States deposits ... 640,000.00 — 4,611,448.49
Borrowed bonds ... 800,000.00
Total ... $6,884,061.02
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, GEO. W. PANCOAST, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. W. PANCOAST, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. CHAS. H. GRAFF, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: ALEX. H. STEVENS, W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT, CHARLES A. PEABODY, Directors.

Staten Island Banks.

Port Richmond National Bank
PORT RICHMOND, N. Y., April 9, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Loans and investments ... $329,930.17
From other banks ... 468.66
Cash and reserve ... 40,446.77 — $370,845.23
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $100,000.00
Surplus and profits ... 6,665.96
Circulation ... 25,000.00
Deposits ... 239,177.29 — $370,843.25
[illegible] Griffith, Pres. Robt. D. Kent, Vice Pres. R. R. Moody, Cash. Wm. J. Burtis, 2d Vice Pres.

Reports of National Banks.

[No. 4,581.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA,
at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business April 9th, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $9,255,342.53
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured ... 2,273.80
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 1,590,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits ... 310,000.00
City bonds to secure U. S. deposits ... 1,000,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds ... 303,478.13
Stocks, securities, &c. ... 414,560.04
Other real estate owned ... 1,046,004.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents) ... 2,357,918.31
Due from State banks and bankers ... 1,242,859.44
Checks and other cash items ... 19,041.35
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 4,158,289.00
Notes of other National banks ... 6,165.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 429.23
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $2,183,491.13
Legal-tender notes ... 936,405.00 — 3,119,896.12
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation) ... 79,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5% redemption fund ... 32,000.00
Total ... $25,385,828.72
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $2,000,000.00
Surplus fund ... 1,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid ... 1,047,639.66
Unearned discount ... 32,751.39
National banknotes outstanding ... 1,568,750.00
Due to other National banks ... 6,653,369.02
Due to State banks and bankers ... 1,185,602.14
Due to trust companies and savings banks ... 3,722,840.70
Dividends unpaid ... 8.00
Individual deposits subject to check ... 5,662,635.85
Demand certificates of deposit ... 46,442.26
Certified checks ... 767,712.88
Cashier's checks outstanding ... 1,117,856.70
United States deposits ... 1,560,000.00
City bonds borrowed ... 1,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes ... 10,000.00
Total ... $25,385,828.72
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALFRED H. CURTIS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. ALFRED H. CURTIS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. A. H. GRAHAM, Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 78.
Correct—Attest: R. L. EDWARDS, ROB'T. M. THOMPSON, E. T. BEDFORD, Directors.

New Jersey Banks.

[No. 1,188.]
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, AT MORRISTOWN,
in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business, April 9, 1903:
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $1,431,079.50
U. S. bonds to secure circulation ... 25,000.00
Stocks, securities, &c. ... 564,455.80
Banking house ... 70,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents) ... 22,944.72
Due from State banks and bankers ... 47,280.66
Due from approved reserve agents ... 213,015.13
Checks and other cash items ... 7,238.72
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents ... 107.34
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:
Specie ... $43,619.65
Legal-tender notes ... 84,095.00 — 127,714.65
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation) ... 1,250.00
Total ... $2,500,086.52
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in ... $100,000.00
Surplus fund ... 100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid ... 138,460.40
National banknotes outstanding ... 20,650.00
Due to other National banks ... 21,295.51
Due to State banks and bankers ... 6,008.00
Individual deposits subject to check ... $2,107,661.23
Demand certificates of deposit ... 48.60
Certified checks ... 6,061.78 — 2,113,771.61
Total ... $2,500,086.52
State of New Jersey, County of Morris, ss.:
I, J. H. VAN DOREN, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. H. VAN DOREN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April, 1903. ALFRED ELMER MILLS, Notary Public of New Jersey.
Correct—Attest: RUDOLPH H. KISSEL, ROBERT H. McCURDY, ALBERT H. VERNAM, Directors.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
PATERSON, N. J., April 9th, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Time loans ... $1,533,565.91
Demand loans ... 488,403.80
United States bonds ... 502,000.00
Other bonds, &c. ... 403,866.04 — $2,927,835.84
Real estate ... 150,948.02
Due from banks ... 362,957.87
Due from Treasurer United States ... 11,400.00
Cash and cash items ... 209,400.32
Premium on U. S. bonds ... 20,000.00
$3,712,522.05
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock ... $400,000.00
Surplus, and profit and loss ... 439,519.12
Circulation ... 228,000.00
Deposits ... 2,420,002.93
United States bond account ... 225,000.00
$3,712,522.05
EDWARD T. BELL, President.
JOHN REYNOLDS, Vice President.
ROBERT J. NELDEN, Cashier.
WHITFIELD W. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

Pennsylvania Banks.

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
RESOURCES.
Loans and investments ... $8,733,139.56
Overdrafts ... 581.48
United States bonds to secure circulation ... 500,000.00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits ... 500,000.00
Banking house ... 150,000.00
Other real estate ... 102,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 514,114.85
Due from banks and reserve agents ... 900,060.65
Cash ... 1,269,393.03
$12,669,289.57
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $1,000,000.00
Surplus ... 1,000,000.00
Undivided profits ... 347,678.55
Circulation ... 500,000.00
Deposits ... 9,821,611.02
$12,669,289.57
OFFICERS.
A. E. W. PAINTER, President.
D. E. PARK, Vice President.
ROBT. WARDROP, Vice Pres. & Cashier.
W. DWIGHT BELL, Asst. Cashier.
HERVEY SCHUMACHER, Asst. Cashier.

THE BANK OF NORTH AMERICA,
PHILADELPHIA, April 9th, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Loans and investments ... $8,742,507.81
Due from banks and bankers ... 1,006,324.38
Clearing House exchanges ... 721,287.04
Cash and reserve ... 1,956,018.07 — $12,426,137.30
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits ... 2,033,126.15
Circulation ... 445,697.50
Deposits ... 8,947,313.65 — $12,426,137.30
JNO. H. WATT, Cashier.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.
PHILADELPHIA, April 9, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts ... $4,405,179.68
Due from banks ... 479,002.71
Cash and reserve ... 1,115,632.45
Exchanges for Clearing House ... 456,492.80 — $6,456,307.64
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $600,000.00
Surplus and net profits ... 492,138.82
Circulation ... 49,500.00
Deposits ... 5,314,669.82 — $6,456,307.64
Louis Wagner, Pres. David E. Williams, V. P. Thos. J. Budd, Cashier. W. Clifford Wood, Ass't Cashier.

The Farmers & Mechanics National Bank of PHILADELPHIA, April 9th, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Loans and investments ... $9,376,552.44
United States bonds ... 1,400,000.00
From other banks ... 1,948,981.18
Cash and reserve ... 3,062,086.30 — $15,788,229.92
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $2,000,000.00
Surplus and profits ... 972,321.48
Deposits ... 12,815,908.44 — $15,788,229.92
Henry C. Stroup, Pres. Howard W. Lewis, Vice Pres. and Cashier. Eugene H. Austin, Asst. Cashier.

HONESDALE NATIONAL BANK,
HONESDALE, PENN., April 14, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Loans and investments ... $1,397,897.48
From other banks ... 159,849.12
Cash and reserve ... 112,965.81
$1,670,642.41
LIABILITIES.
Capital ... $150,000.00
Surplus and profits ... 195,975.12
Circulation ... 55,000.00
Deposits ... 1,269,667.29
$1,670,642.41
HENRY Z. RUSSELL, President.
ANDREW THOMPSON, Vice Pres.
EDWIN F. TORREY, Cashier.

Dividends.

Southern Railway Company.
80 Broadway, New York, March 13, 1903.
A DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) out of accumulated income has this day been declared on the PREFERRED STOCK of the Company, payable April 20th, 1903, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 25th, 1903.
The preferred stock transfer books will close at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, March 25th, 1903, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on Monday, April 13th, 1903.
R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.

23 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, March 13, 1903.
The transfer books of the Voting Trustees for Preferred Stock Trust Certificates of the Southern Railway Co. WHICH HAVE ASSENTED TO THE EXTENSION AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 27th, 1902, will close at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, March 25th, 1903, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on Monday, April 13th, 1903.
On April 20th, 1903, the Voting Trustees will be prepared to distribute the above dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) when received by them, among the parties entitled thereto, as same appear of record on their books when closed as above.
As stated in the notice dated October 31st, 1902, the transfer books for Voting Trust Certificates issued under Voting Trust Agreement dated October 15th, 1894, were finally closed on November 1st, 1902. HOLDERS OF SUCH UNSTAMPED VOTING TRUST CERTIFICATES SHOULD PRESENT THE SAME IN ACCORDANCE WITH SAID NOTICE before the closing of the books on March 25th, 1903.
J. P. MORGAN & CO., Agents for Voting Trustees.

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
Treasurer's Office, Grand Central Depot.
New York, April 3, 1903.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED at THREE O'CLOCK P. M. on WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, (for the purposes of the annual meeting of the Stockholders appointed to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 6th day of May next,) and will be REOPENED on the morning of THURSDAY, the 7th Day of MAY next.
E. D. WORCESTER, Treasurer.

The Rock Island Company.
NEW YORK CITY, April 2, 1903.
The Board of Directors of the Rock Island Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend on the preferred stock of $1.00 per share, payable May 1, 1903, to the holders of the shares of the preferred capital stock, or their legal representatives of record on the closing of the transfer books April 17, 1903. The transfer books for the preferred stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. April 17, and opened again at 10 o'clock A. M. April 20, 1903.
GEO. T. BOGGS, Asst. Treasurer.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE CONSOLIDATED First Mtge. 5 per cent. registered bonds of the East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. R'y Co. will close at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., N. Y., Friday, April 17, 1903, at 12 noon, preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due May 1, 1903, and will open May 1, at 10 A. M.
New York, April 10, 1903. R. D. LANKFORD, Sec'y Southern R'y Co.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE REGISTERED First Consolidated 5 Per Cent. Mtge. Bonds of the Chesapeake and Ohio Ry. Co. will close at the office of the Central Trust Co. of N. Y. Friday, April 17, 1903, at 3 o'clock, preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due May 1, 1903, and will reopen May 1 at 10 A. M. C. E. POTTS, Treas'r.
Richmond, Va., April 11, 1903.

New York National Exchange Bank,
96TH DIVIDEND.
New York, April 14, 1903.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Capital Stock of this bank, payable May 1st, 1903. The transfer books close April 20th, 1903, and open May 1st, 1903.
ROLLIN P. GRANT, Cashier.

COPLAY CEMENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
New York, April 7, 1903.
The Semi-Annual Dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the preferred stock of this Company has been declared, payable on and after May 1st, 1903, to all preferred stockholders of record at close of business April 6, 1903.
JOS. L. BERG, Treasurer.

GULF & SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
The Board of Directors of the Gulf & Ship Island Railroad Company has declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable April 15th, 1903, from the earnings of the quarter ended March 31st, 1903.
R. E. POWERS, Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE
New York Dock Company.
New York, March 16th, 1903.
The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 15th to stockholders of record at the close of business on April 1, 1903.
GEO. E. SPENGER, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION.
Quarterly dividend No. 8 of 1¾% on the Preferred stock, payable May 15, 1903, was declared April 7, to stockholders of record April 25. Transfer books close at 12 M. April 25, and reopen at 10 A. M. May 16.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.
The interest on Series E bonds due May 1st will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close April 23d and reopen May 2, 1903.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

Meetings and Elections.

To the holders of shares of the capital stock and first consolidated mortgage bonds of the Denver Gas & Electric Company, parties to a protective agreement, dated November 10th, 1902:
Notice is hereby given in accordance with the provisions of said Protective Agreement that a meeting of the holders of shares of the Capital Stock and of the First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of The Denver Gas & Electric Company who have become parties to said agreement will be held at the office of Emerson, McMillin & Company, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on the 18th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking action upon the plan of reorganization or readjustment proposed by said Protective Committee, copies whereof have been deposited with the several Trust Companies named as depositaries in said Agreement and mailed to said parties thereto.
WALTER E. MAHONY, Secretary.
FRANK SULLIVAN SMITH, Counsel.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY:
Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors for the Export Lumber Company not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, a meeting of the members of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of said corporation, No. 82 Broadway, New York City, on the 22d day of April, 1903, at two o'clock P. M.
Dated New York, April 8th, 1903.
FRANK J. BAXE, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of THE REALTY INVESTMENT CORPORATION of New York City will be held at the office of the Company, 44 Wall Street, New York City, on Wednesday, the 22d day of April, A. D. 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing seven Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting.
New York City, April 6th, 1903.
VICTOR CUMBERSON, Secretary.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and other general purposes, will be held at 9 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, May 6th, 1903, at the company's principal office in Cleveland, Ohio.
CHARLES F. COX, Secretary.

Buffalo Banks.

THE MARINE NATIONAL BANK,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
Condensed statement of condition April 9, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Time loans ... $6,221,454.53
Call loans ... 3,595,712.39
Cash on hand and with banks ... 3,952,398.94
United States Government and other bonds ... 2,083,661.83
United States Treasurer ... 3,575.00
Banking house and lot ... 250,000.00
$16,106,802.91
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock ... $230,000.00
Surplus and profits ... 1,601,570.90
Circulation ... 71,050.00
Deposits ... 14,204,182.01
$16,106,802.91
OFFICERS.
STEPHEN M. CLEMENT, President.
JOHN J. ALBRIGHT, Vice President.
JOHN H. LASCELLES, Cashier.
HENRY J. AUER, Assistant Cashier.
CLIFFORD HUBBELL, Assistant Cashier.

Albany Banks.

New York State National Bank,
ALBANY, N. Y., April 9, 1903.
RESOURCES.
Discounted bills ... $983,136.40
Demand loans on collateral ... 2,824,548.38
Time loans on collateral ... 1,450,000.00 — 5,257,684.78
Due from banks ... 3,414,062.08
Bonds ... 452,810.00
Cash and reserve ... 854,146.69
$9,978,703.80
LIABILITIES.
Capital stock ... 250,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits ... 394,866.11
Circulation ... 43,050.00
Deposits ... 9,290,787.69
$9,978,703.80
OFFICERS.
LEDYARD COGSWELL, President.
W. B. VAN RENSSELAER, Vice President.
WILLIS G. NASH, Cashier.
LAURENCE H. HENDRICKS, Asst. Cashier.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK OF THE UNITED STATES IN NEW YORK
AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF NASSAU AND PINE STREETS

CAPITAL $10,000,000

V. P. SNYDER, President
Richard A. McCurdy, Vice-President
James H. Hyde, Vice-President
Thomas F. Ryan, Vice-President
Henry A. Smith, Vice-President
Chas. L. Robinson, Cashier
Oliver I. Pilat, Assistant Cashier
Clarence Foote, Assistant Cashier

SURPLUS $2,500,000

This bank invites the accounts of firms, corporations and individuals, and is prepared to grant the best terms consistent with conservative banking

DIRECTORS
James W. Alexander, George F. Baker, Charles T. Barney, E. J. Berwind, C. Ledyard Blair, Frederic Cromwell, H. C. Deming, Chauncey M. Depew, John F. Dryden, James B. Duke, George J. Gould, Daniel Guggenheim, G. G. Haven, Thos. H. Hubbard, James H. Hyde, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Brayton Ives, James N. Jarvis, A. D. Juilliard, Otto H. Kahn, Luther Kountze, Richard A. McCurdy, Wm. H. McIntyre, A. W. Mellon, David H. Moffat, Levi P. Morton, Walter G. Oakman, James H. Parker, Elihu Root, Thomas F. Ryan, Jacob H. Schiff, V. P. Snyder, H. H. Vreeland, William C. Whitney, George W. Young

Morton Trust Company
38 NASSAU STREET.
Capital - - - - - - - $2,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits - - $5,815,982

Acts as Trustee, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, Receiver, Registrar and Transfer Agent. Takes Charge of Real and Personal Property.
Deposits received subject to cheque, or on certificate. Interest allowed on daily balances.
Travellers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the world.

OFFICERS.
Levi P. Morton, President; Thomas F. Ryan, Vice-President; James K. Corbière, 2d Vice-Pres.; H. M. Francis, Secretary; Charles A. Conant, Treasurer; H. B. Berry, Trust Officer; G. L. Wilmerding, Asst. Secret'y.

DIRECTORS:
John Jacob Astor, George F. Baker, Edward J. Berwind, Frederic Cromwell, James B. Duke, Henry M. Flagler, G. G. Haven, Joseph C. Hendrix, James N. Jarvie, Walter S. Johnston, A. D. Juilliard, Joseph Larocque, D. O. Mills, Levi P. Morton, Richard A. McCurdy, W. G. Oakman, George Foster Peabody, Samuel Rea, Elihu Root, Thomas F. Ryan, Jacob H. Schiff, John Sloane, William C. Whitney.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
LEVI P. MORTON, THOMAS F. RYAN, EDWARD J. BERWIND, G. G. HAVEN, JOSEPH C. HENDRIX, JAMES N. JARVIE, GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY, JACOB H. SCHIFF, WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
66 Broadway. 234 Fifth Avenue.
100 W. 125th St. 3d Ave. & 148th St.

CHARLES T. BARNEY, President.
FRED'K L. ELDRIDGE, 1st V.-P. FRED'K GORE KING, Sec. and Treas.
JOSEPH T. BROWN, 2d V.-P. J. M'LEAN WALTON, Asst. Secretary.
JULIAN M. GERARD, 3d V.-P. HARRIS A. DUNN, Asst. Treasurer.

TRUST DEPARTMENT:
WILLIAM B. RANDALL, Trust Officer.
HARLEM BRANCH: B. L. ALLEN, Manager. BRONX BRANCH: JOHN BAMBEY, Manager.

Acts as Executor, Trustee, Guardian and Administrator. Takes entire charge of Estates, investing their Funds promptly and keeping them fully invested.
The company is in possession of best Expert knowledge of Real Estate and Bond and Mortgage investments, thus enabling it to greatly benefit Estates in its charge.

Chartered 1822.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William St., New York.
Capital, - - $1,000,000.
Undivided Profits, - 7,000,000.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
CAPITAL, $2,500,000.
SURPLUS, $7,500,000.
E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice-President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice-President.
CHARLES J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
EDWARD S. PAGE, Secretary.
GEO. TUCKER BISPHAM, Solicitor.

Lincoln Trust Company,
208 Fifth Avenue. 1128 Broadway. (Madison Square.)
Capital & Surplus $1,000,000
Henry R. Wilson, President. Frank Tilford, Vice-President. Owen Ward, 2d Vice-President. R. C. Lewis, Treasurer. Wm. Darrow, Jr., Secretary.
TRANSACTS A GENERAL TRUST AND BANKING BUSINESS.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

N.Y. Security and Trust Co.
46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000
Charles S. Fairchild, Pres. Abram M. Hyatt, V.-Pres. Osborn W. Bright, 2d V.-Pres. L. Carroll Root, 3d V.-Pres. Alex. S. Webb, Jr., Sec. Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Sec. James K. Keeton, 2d Asst. Sec'y.

THE NEW JERSEY TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY,
83 and 85 Montgomery St.,
JERSEY CITY, N. J.
CAPITAL, $200,000. DEPOSITS, $5,050,000.
UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $750,000.
Transacts a General Banking Business. Allows interest on deposits subject to check. Issues interest-bearing Certificates of Deposit.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY of New Jersey.
15 EXCHANGE PLACE, JERSEY CITY, N. J.
Capital, Surplus & Profits, $2,300,000.00
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
INTEREST PAID ON CHECK ACCOUNTS

HASKINS & SELLS,
Certified Public Accountants,
NO. 30 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
CABLE ADDRESS "HASKSELLS."
304 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. | Williamson Bldg., Cleveland, O. | 30 Coleman St., London, E. C.
Lincoln Trust Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

CENTRAL REALTY BOND AND TRUST COMPANY
Chamber of Commerce Building
60-65 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK.
Capital $2,000,000.00
Surplus & Undivided Profits 7,828,970.32
Allows interest on deposits subject to check and transacts all Trust Company business.
HENRY MORGENTHAU, President.
HUGH J. GRANT, Vice-Pres. T. STALLKNECHT, 2d Vice-Pres.
W. J. S. MILLS, Treasurer. ERNEST EHRMANN, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
Frederic P. Olcott, James Stillman, Anthony N. Brady, James N. Jarvie, James H. Post, Augustus D. Juilliard, Henry O. Havemeyer, Ernest Ehrmann, James H. Hyde, Wm. H. McIntyre, Michael Coleman, Frederic Cromwell, G. G. Haven, E. W. Coggeshall, Hugh J. Grant, Henry Morgenthau.

I make a specialty of the various
COPPER STOCKS
traded in on the New York Curb Market.
W. G. GALLAGHER,
33-37 BROAD ST., N. Y.
Telephone 3984 Broad.

Cincinnati, November 1, 1902.
THE UNDERSIGNED SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS, under the C., I., ST. L. & C. consolidated six per cent. mortgage, hereby certify that we have this day made a drawing of bonds to be applied to Sinking Fund account of November 1, 1902, in accordance with provisions of mortgage, and that bonds bearing numbers as follows, viz.: 227, 56, 623, 837, 1066, 582, and 787, have been drawn for such purpose, and that interest on said bonds shall cease from and after the 1st day of May, 1903, and the bonds taken up at 105 per cent. and accrued interest to said date.
HERVEY BATES,
M. E. INGALLS,
Sinking Fund Commissioners.

J. S. PRIMROSE,
Bank, Trust, & Fire Ins. Co. Stocks.
Tel. 418 Broad. 66 New Street.

FINANCIAL.

George A. Treadwell Mining Company,
27 William Street, New York.
Capital Stock, $3,000,000.
Par Value of Shares, $10.

The remaining Treasury stock of the Company is for sale much below its real value, for the following reasons:

1. The Company is perfecting its new Hydro-carbon smelter and completing its general equipment, beside carrying on the work of the development of its mines steadily and on an extensive scale, and it needs all its resources now.

A little later the tide will turn and the money will begin to flow in instead of out.

2. The delay—no less annoying because unavoidable—in getting the new smelter to work, makes some stockholders impatient and tends to keep prices down.

As soon as the smelter is ready to start the stock is likely to sell for $25 a share and to go up steadily. It can be bought for less than half that price now.

3. The general market conditions have recently been against us, but are improving.

Notwithstanding all this, however, our stock is selling readily to-day at a much higher price than it started at eighteen months ago, while kindred industrial stocks, like those of the United States Steel Company and the Amalgamated Copper Company, have depreciated from twenty-five to fifty per cent.

4. We have had bitter and persistent opposition. This is now, however, beginning to tell in our favor. People see that an organization must have a lot of merit that can stand up against such assaults and grow strong under them. Our opponents are beginning to acknowledge their error and to hang out the white flag.

The GEORGE A. TREADWELL MINING COMPANY has the richest and most extensive copper property on the famous Verde Copper Belt in Yavapai County, Arizona. It has already a mile and a half of underground development work, disclosing ore bodies as rich as those of the United Verde, its nearest neighbor to the north, and extensive enough to last longer than any of us will last. Its smelter—notwithstanding delays—is fast getting ready to run, and we shall soon be on a dividend basis. There would seem to be no reason why we cannot make at least as good a record as the United Verde has made. Our property is just as rich, and far more extensive.

The stock may be bought at market prices through one's own broker, or we shall be glad to quote prices on application.

It is also actively dealt in by the following houses:
HOPKINS BROTHERS, 25 Broad St., New York.
CATLIN & POWELL, 35 Wall St., New York.
PAINE, WEBBER & COMPANY, 27 State St., Boston, Mass.
KEVENEY & NEILSON, 54 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.
WATERMAN & COMPANY, 1413 G St., Washington, D. C.
GABLE & NORTON, Keystone National Bank Bldg., Pittsburgh, Penna.
MYRA B. MARTIN, Secretary.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Co. 4½% Series A Equipment Gold Bonds.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.
Sealed offers will be received up to 3 P. M. on Friday, May 1, 1903, by the undersigned at its office, corner Nassau and Cedar Streets, New York City, for the sale to it as Trustee, at a price not exceeding par and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above-described bonds to exhaust the sum of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars ($25,000.) Offers should be enclosed in sealed envelopes addressed: "Guaranty Trust Company of New York," and endorsed: "Offers of Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company Series A Equipment Bonds for Sinking Fund."
Guaranty Trust Company of New York,
by H. A. MURRAY, 3d Vice President.
New York, April 1, 1903.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
143 Liberty Street, New York

Consolidated Exchange Houses.

W. E. WOODEND & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Members N. Y. Cons. Stock Exchange.
Broad Exchange Bldg.,
25 Broad Street.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN & COTTON.
CITY BRANCHES:
28 West 33d St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.
Temple Bar Bldg., 44 Court Street, Brooklyn.
Daily Market Letter and Weekly Review Issued

FRED. H. SMITH,
Stocks and Bonds,
66 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Thirty Years in the Business.
Prompt and efficient service. Book on R. R. and Industrials, and Special Reports mailed on application. Also, attention given curb securities.
Customers have the benefit of my experience in the selection of stocks and bonds.
TELEPHONE—2385 CORTLANDT.

JACOB BERRY & CO.
Members { New York Produce Exchange. Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Established 1865.
44-46 Broadway, New York.
Boston, Phila., Hartford, Montreal.
Transact a general brokerage business in
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton

E. MILLIKEN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
NEW YORK—52 BROADWAY.
BROOKLYN—44 Court St. (Temple Bar Bldg.)
Solicit orders for purchase or sale of
STOCK AND BOND INVESTMENTS
Telephone, 3570 Broad.
Write for Market Letter and Monthly Quotation Record.

JOSEPH COWAN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Stock, Bonds and Grain.
MAIN OFFICES, 44 and 46 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices: 1,398 B'WAY, COR. 38TH ST. | 415 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. | 57 East 59th St. (near Madison Ave.)
SEND FOR DAILY MARKET LETTER.

FINANCIAL.

THE NORTHERN SECURITIES CO.'S MERGER.

Since the decision of the United States Circuit Court, rendered on Thursday last, it is probable that the National Banks throughout the United States will look over their securities and ascertain how much Northern Securities stock is held by them as collateral on loans. It goes without saying that this amount will run into millions of dollars. They will naturally ask themselves what sort of security for a loan has it now become, since this decision, it seems, renders dividends impossible to the Northern Securities Company, and also enjoins the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern from paying dividends to the Northern Securities Company upon the exchanged stock. If it be reconverted, what will be the market price of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific stocks that will be substituted as collateral?

It will take 180 shares of the Northern Securities Company to get back 100 shares of the Great Northern. One hundred and eighty shares of the Northern Securities Company stock will cost at the market price of 100 $18,340. That will make each share of Great Northern cost $183.40, which is higher than the market quotations were at the time the stock was merged into Northern Securities, and possibly $40 a share higher than you could get for the stock on the market to-day if exchanged back.

It will take 115 shares of Northern Securities stock to get back 115 shares of Northern Pacific stock; 115 shares of Northern Securities stock at the market price of 100 will cost $11,845. That will make each share of Northern Pacific cost $118.45, which is probably about $25 to $30 a share higher than it could be sold for on the market to-day if exchanged back.

It seems that the proper thing to do at this time is to sell your Northern Securities at the present quotation, get the cash, and therefore avoid being locked up in a lawsuit for, maybe, several years! Anybody selling his Northern Securities now can take the cash, and, in all probability, buy Northern Pacific and Great Northern, when the exchange is made, for a great deal less money. In other words, a Northern Securities shareholder to-day can get his money and have the use of it through all this pending litigation, and in all probability buy more Northern Pacific and Great Northern later on than he could get in exchange for his stock if he holds it.

Comparing Northern Securities stock with stocks that are selling about the same as Great Northern and Northern Pacific stocks at the time of the merger, Northern Securities stock would, it seems, now be dear at 80.

If there has been any promotion stock issued this stock would be absolutely worthless, and if it be in circulation it would make the situation even worse, because it is likely that no one would be able to discern, when buying Northern Securities stock, whether it was stock that represented the purchase of the stock of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern Railroads, or whether it was stock given for promotion purposes. If there be any of this latter, it would be totally without value as soon as the conversion was entirely complete, as there would be remaining a certain amount of Northern Securities stock in the market that would represent nothing.

The authorized capital stock of the Northern Securities Company being $400,000,000, and it appearing that they have paid approximately for 75 per cent. of the Northern Pacific and 80 per cent. of the Great Northern, $354,000,000, thereby leaving $46,000,000, how much, if any, of the said surplus stock was paid for promotion, and if there be any of this $46,000,000 of stock held by investors, or as collateral by any of the banks in the United States, what value will it have if the Supreme Court sustains the decision of the Circuit Judges?

Now that the courts have decided that the merger brought about by the Northern Securities Company is illegal, who will pay the promotion fees, lawyers' fees, court fees, organization fees, the tax for incorporation, salaries, &c., already expended by the Northern Securities Company? Upon the organization of the Northern Securities Company great stress was laid upon the value of the merger. Now that this merger is declared illegal, whatever value it gave to the Northern Securities Company stock is entirely eliminated and competition between the two roads might be resumed.

It will cost something to reconvert the stock, and it will cost something to carry out any plan that might be formulated in order to save the situation.

Who will pay these costs? J. S. OLIVER.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON.
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM STREET, CORNER OF PINE ST.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15TH,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.
$10,000 Suburban Land and Investment Co. Guar. Bds.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR.
50 shs. Eastern Trust Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
50 shs. American Bank Note Co.
$5,000 American Lithographic Co. Deb. Ctfs.
20 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co.
20 shs. United States Trust Co.
1 share Jekyl Island Club.
100 shs. International Banking Corp.
20 shs. American Exch. Natl. Bank.
$10,000 Norfolk & New Brunswick Hosiery Co. 6 p. c. Deb. Bds., 1911.
5 shs. United States Mtge. & Trust Co.
50 shs. Mechanics' Natl. Bank.
25 shs. American Exchg. Natl. Bank.
17 shs. N. Y. National Exchange Bank.
1 share The Tribune Association of N. Y.
10 shs. Irving National Bank.
10 shs. Broadway Safe Deposit Co.
$15,000 State of North Carolina Special Tax Bds.
$39,000 Cross Country Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 4 p. c. Bds.
All right, title, and interest of P. H. Flynn in and to Certf. No. 552 for 10 shs. Hamilton Trust Co.
34 shs. Hall Signal Co.
10 shs. Clarksburg Fuel Co.
20 shs. Mercantile Natl. Bank.
20 shs. N. Y. & New Jersey Telephone Co.
10 shs. International Banking Assn.
$5,000 Kings County Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. 5 p. c. Bds., 1997.
100 shs. Minneapolis & St. Louis Ry. Co. Pfd.
$6,000 Lehigh Power Co. of Penn. Coll. Trust 5s, 1936.
$3,000 General Gas, Elec. & Power Co. of Ind. 1st 5s, 1932.
$12,000 General Gas, Elec. & Power Co. of Ind. 1st 5s, 1906.
10 shs. International Banking Corp.
28 shs. American Soda Fountain Co. 2d Pfd.
100 shs. International Golf and Polo Club.
10,000 shs. Michigan Copper Smelting and Refining Co.
$1,500 Note dated Dec. 4, 1902, to the order of G. Alexander Hamilton, made by the International Golf and Polo Club and endorsed by G. Alexander Hamilton.
8 shs. Stuyvesant Heights Bank of B'klyn.
40 shs. Del. & Hudson Canal Co.
$5,000 Ulster & Delaware R. R. 1st Mtg. [illegible] Bds., 1928.
$5,000 Rio Grande & Western R. R. 1st Mtg. [illegible] Bds., 1939.
$4,000 Kingston City R. R. 1st Mtg. Cons. 5s Bds., 1925.

Supremacy In Financial Advertising

In the three months ended March 31, 1903, THE NEW YORK TIMES led every other New York morning newspaper in volume of financial advertising. In gains in financial advertising over the corresponding period last year, it also led every other New York morning newspaper.

	Agate Lines. VOLUME.	Agate Lines. GAIN OR LOSS.
THE NEW YORK TIMES	163,071	Gain 22,870
Second morning newspaper	117,532	Loss 25,718
Third " "	87,983	Gain 1,318
Fourth " "	76,771	Gain 2,505
Fifth " "	73,911	Gain 4,203
Sixth " "	65,718	Loss 26,819
Seventh " "	32,888	Gain 2,579

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

FINANCIAL.

Banks and Trust Companies

THE IRVING NATIONAL BANK
GREENWICH AND WARREN STREETS.
Capital, surplus, and profits, $2,000,000.
Adheres to sound banking principles.

Bankers and Brokers.

American Express Company
ISSUES
Foreign Exchange.
Cable & Telegraphic Transfers.
Travelers Cheques and Letters of Credit
Available throughout the world.
65 BROADWAY.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS,
BANKERS,
Broadway & Cedar St. NEW YORK,
Investment Securities.
Allow interest on deposits; make loans against approved collateral. Buy and sell Foreign Exchange.
Letters of Credit.

Redmond, Kerr & Co
41 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
232 LA SALLE ST., Chicago.
GRAHAM, KERR & CO., Philadelphia.
Transact a general Foreign and Domestic Banking Business. Issue
LETTERS OF CREDIT.
Allow interest on deposits subject to draft. Act as Fiscal Agents, negotiate loans and issue mortgage bonds of railroads, street railways, gas companies, etc. Buy and sell securities on commission. Members of New York Stock Exchange. Deal in
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Spencer Trask & Co.
BANKERS,
27 and 29 Pine Street, New York
Transact a general banking business, act as Fiscal Agents for corporations, and negotiate security issues of railroads and other companies. Execute commission orders and deal in
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Branch Office, 65 State St., Albany.

CHICAGO & NORTHWEST
SCRIP
Bought and Sold
SCHMIDT & GALLATIN,
45 Broadway,
Members of New York Stock Exchange.

N. W. HALSEY & CO.
BANKERS.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
FISCAL AGENTS FOR CITIES AND CORPORATIONS
49 Wall St., New York.

Bonds for Investment.
N. W. HARRIS & CO.
BANKERS,
31 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
CHICAGO. BOSTON.
CIRCULARS ON REQUEST.

Vermilye & Co.,
BANKERS,
NASSAU & PINE STS., NEW YORK. 13 CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.
201 EAST GERMAN STREET, BALTIMORE.

Dominick & Dominick
BANKERS,
100 Broadway, New York.
NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

FINANCIAL.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM, Mass., located at Salem, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing up its affairs, its corporate existence having expired at close of business on the 24th day of February, 1903. All note holders and others, creditors of said Association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment. WM. S. NICHOLS, Cashier.
Dated February 28th, 1903.

MONEY WANTED—N. Y. banking corporation, firmly established, seeks additional capital to meet rapidly increasing business. 6% to 10% GUARANTEED. Address, stating sum to invest, ABSOLUTE SECURITY, Box 105, N. Y. Times.

JAMES PARK,
Certified Public Accountant.
32 Broadway, New York, and at Chicago.

Proposals.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ARMY BUILDING, April 15, 1903.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Hudson River and Saugerties Harbor, N. Y., will be received here until 12 M., May 15, 1903, and then publicly opened. Information on application. AMOS STICKNEY, Col., Engrs.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—The market was without feature, but evinced a much firmer tone. Money on call was at 5@6 per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 18,000 shares of stock and $1,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	Seaboard Ry. com.	23¾	23¼	23¾
200	Seaboard Ry. pf.	39½	38¾	39½
250	Un. Rys. & Elec. com.	12	12	12
10	International	180	180	180
15	Union	64½	64½	64½
25	Maryl'd & Penn. R. R.	29½	29½	29½
10	Bank Baltimore	123	123	123
$31,000	Seaboard Railway 4s	80	79½	80
1,000	Geo. South. & Fla. 5s	114½	114½	114½
4,000	Un. Rys. & Elec. inc.	67½	67½	67½
1,000	Un. Rys. & Elec. 4s	93½	93¾	93½
11,000	Un. Elec. L. & P. 4½s	87½	87	87½
15,000	Atlantic C. L. 1st con.	93½	93½	93½
5,000	Atlan. C. L. 4s Conn.	95	95	95

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in the London market at 22 15-16d per ounce, and in New York at 49⅝c. Mexican dollars at 38½@40½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange 300 shares of Anaconda Gold sold at .15, 100 C., K. & N. at .20, 500 Chrysolite at .06, 100 Caledonia at 2.40, 2,095 Comstock at .06½@.07, 400 Chollar at .80, 1,000 Elkton at .37, 1,000 Isabella at .17½, 250 Ontario at 5.40@5.60, 300 Silver Hill at .80, and 400 Yellow Jacket at .30.

More Bonds Offered for Refunding.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Treasury Department to-day received $2,469,100 in 5 and 4 per cent. bonds for exchange into 2 per cent. consols, making a total received under the Secretary's recent refunding offer of $27,112,400. The Treasury officials regard the outlook for the refunding of a very large amount of bonds as extremely encouraging.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks recover.

Money firm, 3 to 5½ per cent.

It is impossible not to sympathise with those who were sold out of property which they wished to retain in Monday's flurry. And "served them right" is all that it is possible to say regarding those flighty individuals who have no judgment upon values, but buy and sell as sheep jump a fence, and so took unnecessary losses. Here was a unique corporation, advertised to the world as such when organized, and because the law was declared in its case everybody without opinions—meaning judgment based upon information—put the entire industrial and railway undertakings of the country through a course of judicial attack, with danger of liquidation at its end. Except possibly the yellows, and not even they in their responsible columns, every commentator exhorted operators to keep their heads, and gave reasons for doing so. Yet, between the bears and the foolish, there developed one of the worst cases of hysteria within recent experience. Those who sold their property at buyers' prices may now scan yesterday's stock list and see every representative property higher, except a fractional decline for Chicago and Great Western. On the curb Northern Securities rose 2½. On the Exchange the average advance was not quite 2, so that some further advance is due before regaining the level prevailing before the decision.

And there is temptation to say that level will seem low whenever monetary conditions permit intrinsically good and improving conditions to have normal weight. It is a poor day which does not bring some good news. Yesterday were announced the March figures of foreign trade. Exports increased about $25,000,000, say double the increase of imports. And the excess of imports of gold was about double last year's excess of exports of gold. The movement of gold for eight months is even more satisfactory than for March, and if the movement of merchandise makes a less satisfactory comparison with 1902, it is solely due to the growth of imports. Those imports are commodities which we preferred to gold, and are largely materials needed for our manufactures. It is not necessary to make any laborious explanation or lamentation over a decline in the excess of exports from $402,000,000 to an excess of $387,000,000. It is a goodly sum, and will grow whenever we choose to stop importing through ability to manufacture for ourselves such commodities as iron, which our own makers have not been able to produce as fast as it was consumed, and when we begin shipping the unprecedented crop of wheat now growing.

The trust company reserve question is taking a course not expected by the banks or desired by anybody, and which exposes commentators to the reproach of supporting unsound banking if anything be said not absolutely harmonious with the action of the Clearing House. Nevertheless in the interest of New York's prestige it is desirable to advocate that there should be harmony in the relations of loanable funds aggregating respectively $714,000,000 and $940,000,000. Those sums will approach each other more nearly if there are many withdrawals from the banks like those foreshadowed by the action of the Union Trust Company. Each withdrawal weakens the prestige of the associated banks, and divides the massed reserve into weaker units, of which there is promise of an uncertain number. The root of the trouble is the growth of the trust company deposits, and that is due to the payment of interest upon deposits by the trust companies. This payment of interest by the trust companies takes the place of an implied understanding between the banks and their customers that depositors are entitled to credit for several times the average of their balances. The payment of interest seems more attractive to an increasing class than the implied promise of accommodation. It is natural that recent comparisons should not have increased the readiness of the banks to carry reserves, for the trust companies' benefit, against deposits for which the banks pay interest. This does not alter the fact that the proper place for the cash reserve is in one place, and that place the institutions of credit which are in relations with the Sub-Treasury and Clearing House. The trust companies have no such need for large cash reserves as the banks, nor any such means of replenishment. Whatever the soundest and most conservative banking practice requires should be done, and those who have no sympathy nor interest as between the two classes of financial institutions regret that the issue of reserves is complicated with any other sentiment. The trust companies make reasonable criticism of rules in framing which they had no part. And the banks have reason in support of the principle which they embodied in the criticised form. As the banks perceive that the trust companies do not fear to face the world alone it may be hoped that mutually satisfactory arrangements will be reached without the spread of dissension beyond repair. If the banks object to keeping reserves for trust company benefit, why might they not charge something for that specific service, either in that form, or by reduction of interest paid upon trust company deposits, or by some other agreement? There is as little mutuality about the Clearing House proposal as about the practice which it displaces.

* * *

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Amal. Copper	3	Den. & R. G. pf.	1¼
Am. Car & Fdy.	1¼	Detroit South.	[illegible]
Am. Cotton Oil	[illegible]	Dul., S. S. & A. pf.	[illegible]
Am. Ice	[illegible]	Erie	1¾
Am. Locomotive	1	Erie 1st pf.	[illegible]
Am. Smelting	[illegible]	Erie 2d pf.	[illegible]
Am. Smelting pf.	[illegible]	General Electric	3
Am. Sugar	[illegible]	Hocking Valley	1¼
Anaconda Copper	[illegible]	Hocking Valley pf.	1¼
At., Top. & S. F.	1¼	Illinois Central	[illegible]
At., T. & S. F. pf.	[illegible]	Int. Paper	1
Balt. & Ohio	[illegible]	Iowa Central pf.	1¼
Brooklyn R. T.	[illegible]	Kan. City So.	[illegible]
Canadian Pacific	[illegible]	Louis. & Nash.	1½
Ches. & Ohio	[illegible]	Manhattan	1½
Chi. & Alton	[illegible]	Met. Street Ry.	1½
Chi. & Alton pf.	[illegible]	Mexican Central	1½
Chi. Gt. West.	1½	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	[illegible]
Chi., M. & St. P.	[illegible]	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	2½
Chi. & N. W.	[illegible]	Mo., Kan. & Texas	1¾
Chi. Term. Tr.	[illegible]	Mo., K. & T. pf.	1
Chi. Term. Tr. pf.	[illegible]	Missouri Pacific	[illegible]
Chi. Un. Tract.	[illegible]	Nat. Biscuit	[illegible]
Col. Fuel & I.	[illegible]	Nat. Lead	[illegible]
Consol. Gas	[illegible]	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	[illegible]
Con. Tob. pf.	[illegible]	N. Y. Air Brake	4½
Corn Products	[illegible]	N. Y. Central	1¼
Corn Prod. pf.	[illegible]	N. Y., C. & St. L.	[illegible]
Del. & Hudson	[illegible]	N. Y., N. H. & H.	[illegible]
Del., L. & W.	[illegible]		

N. Y., Ont. & W.	¾	Southern Railway	¾
North American	2½	Southern Railway pf.	1
Pennsylvania	1½	So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs	½
People's Gas	1½	Tenn. Coal & I.	1½
Pressed S. Car	¾	Texas & Pacific	1½
Ry. Steel Spring	2	Union Pacific	2¾
Ry. Steel Sp. pf.	¾	Union Pacific pf.	1
Reading	1½	U. S. Leather	1
Reading 2d pf.	1	U. S. Leather pf.	1
Rep. Steel	¾	U. S. Realty pf.	1
Rock Island	¾	U. S. Steel	¾
Rock Island pf.	¾	U. S. Steel pf.	1¼
Rubber Goods	¾	Va. Iron, C. & C.	1
St. L. & San F.	1	Vulcan Detinning	1
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	1	Wabash	½
St. L. S. W. pf.	1¼	Wabash pf.	¾
Sloss-Sheffield pf.	2½	West. Union	½
Southern Pacific	2¾	Wheel. & L. E.	½

Stocks Declined.

Allis-Chalmers	1	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	7
Am. Grass Twine	1	Pacific Mail	½
Am. Malting pf.	1½	Pere Marquette	½
Balt. & Ohio pf.	1	P., C., C. & St. L.	3½
Buff., R. & P.	5	Pressed S. Car pf.	½
Cent. of N. J.	5	Pullman	½
Col. So. 2d pf.	1½	Rubber Goods pf.	1½
Des M. & Ft. D.	2	St. J. & G. I.	2½
Dul., S. S. & A.	¾	St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	2¼
General Chemical	4½	St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	3
Int. Power	¾	Twin City	½
Int. Pump pf.	¾	Un. Ry. Inv.	1
Kan. City So. pf.	1	Un. Ry. Inv. pf.	6
Minn. & St. L.	1¼	U. S. Rubber	½
Nash., C. & St. L.	2½	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	¾
Nat. Lead pf.	1½		
Nat. R. R. of M. pf.	¾		

* * *

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

B., C. R. & N. 1st	2	N. Y. Cent., L. S. col. 3½s	1
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	2	N. Y. Dock 4s	1
Ches. & O. 4½s	1	Peo. & East. 1st	2½
Col. Fuel conv. 5s	3		

Bonds Declined.

Balt. & O. conv. deb.	1½	Long Dock 6s	1
Cent. of Ga. 1st pf. inc.	1½	Met. Elev. 1st	1
Cent. of Ga. 2d pf. inc.	1	N. Y. Gas, El. L. & P. 4s	1¼
Chi. & N. W. s. f. 5s, 1933	2	Rio Gr. W. 4s	1
Green Bay deb. B	1	St. P. City Cable con. 5s	3½
Ill. C., L. Div. 3½s	3	Wabash deb. A	1½

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
April 14	890,181
To date this year	47,884,629
Corresponding date last year	50,291,356

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

April 14	$3,262,000
To date this year	$205,361,700
Corresponding date last year	$300,903,700

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Tobacco Co. common and preferred stocks.
Boston Water Power Co.
Distillers Securities Corporation.
Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of Boston.
Grand Rapids Railway.
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway.
Manufacturers' Light and Heat Co. of Pittsburg.
Pennsylvania Steel Co. preferred stock.
Quicksilver Mining Co. preferred stock.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Alliance Realty.
American Shipbuilding Co. on preferred stock.
American Telephone and Telegraph Co.
American Typefounders' Co. on common and preferred stocks.
American Woolen Co. on preferred stock.
Associated Merchants' Co. on first and second preferred stocks.
Boston Suburban Electric Co. on preferred stock.
Central Coal and Coke Co. on common and preferred stocks.
Cincinnati, Newport and Covington Light and Traction Co. on preferred stock.
Columbus (Ohio) Railway on preferred stock.
Distilling Co. of America on preferred stock.
Empire State-Idaho Mining and Developing Co.
Evansville and Terre Haute Railway on preferred stock.
General Electric Co.
Georgia Railroad and Banking Co.
Gulf and Ship Island Railroad.
H. B. Claflin Co. on common stock.
Kentucky Distillers and Warehouse Co. on preferred stock.
Metropolitan Street Railway, New York.
Mexican Telegraph Co.
National Biscuit Co. on common.
New York Air Brake Co.
New York Central Railroad.
New York Dock Co. on preferred stock.
New York and New Jersey Telephone Co.
New York Produce Exchange Bank.
North Chicago Street Railway.
Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co. on common and preferred stocks.
Otis Elevator Co. on common and preferred stocks.
Procter & Gamble Co. on preferred stock.
Railway Equipment Corporation.
Reece Buttonhole Co.
Rhode Island-Perkins Horseshoe Co. on preferred stock.
Rochester (N. Y.) Gas and Electric Co. on common stock.
Standard Distilling and Distributing Co. on preferred stock.
United Fruit Co.
United Gas Improvement Co.
United Shoe Machinery Co. on common and preferred stocks.
United States Printing Co.
United Zinc Co. on common and preferred stocks.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. on preferred stock.
West Chicago Street Railway.
Western Union Telegraph Co.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Associated Merchants' Co.
Brooklyn Ferry Co.
Elm River Copper Co.
Norton Point Land Co.
United States Mining Co.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

Birmingham Light and Power Co.
Merchants' National Bank of Cincinnati.
Standard Steel Car Co.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

Notwithstanding the fact that London before the opening here sent over generally higher prices, with only one decline and many advances of a point or more over Monday's closing prices here, the market opened highly irregular, with some issues up and some down, but with no important change in any leading issue except Illinois Central, which opened down a full point and a half on a 1,000-share transaction. This general opening was disappointing to the believers in the market and induced some early selling, in which the bears joined, with the manifest purpose of establishing as low prices as possible, the object apparently being to force further liquidation.

It became apparent, however, before the trading had progressed far that stocks offered were being readily and well taken, and that, heavy as the selling was, the demand for good stocks from good sources was more than sufficient to absorb these offerings. Hence it was that after an hour of feverishness and irregularity the market took on a steadier tone, and finally rallied substantially, with closing prices generally from 1 to 2 points above the low for the day. Though it is clear that not a little of this sustaining buying came from shorts, it is beyond question that there was much buying of a kind commonly called "gilt edged" from leading private and corporate interests.

While it is apparently rather late in the day to come to such a conclusion, it is the truth, nevertheless, that many people in the Street who on Monday were inclined to regard the Northern Securities decision as revolutionary were much less pessimistic in their view of it yesterday, and were rather inclined to believe that, after all, both the country and the market would survive the shock. Some of these interests, it is true, had covered their short contracts and gone long of stocks, and for that reason were not necessarily the best guides; but others not in the market were certainly much less disturbed over the decision than on the day previous. Private advices from Washington indicating that the Government was content with its victory and would not press other cases and the reports of a readjustment of Northern Securities affairs through trusteeship may have had something to do with this more hopeful feeling.

Then, too, commission houses generally took a more cheerful view of the situation and were advising purchases of stocks in a conservative manner. This bulletin, put out by one of the leading houses, is typical: "The extreme violence of Monday's liquidation would indicate that a rally is due at any time. Conditions outside of Wall Street are more than favorable. Here we are suffering from the crazy speculation of two years ago. As the market had been limited and the decline severe, the further downward movement should be brief. Stocks may be safely bought therefore at this level."

One of the encouraging developments of the day was the large buying orders put in this market for foreign account. London is understood to have taken fully 60,000 shares, fairly well distributed throughout the international list. This buying was said to be real buying—that is to say, was not on orders originally cabled from this side, nor yet merely for short account. Private cable advices were that the best opinion in London is that the market here will shortly adjust itself to the Northern Securities decision.

As for particular stocks, there is very little to be said of those that advanced, because all rallied for the same reasons, namely, their oversold condition and their comparative cheapness. While it is not true that a "bankers' agreement" to support stocks had been arrived at over night, it is a fact that all stocks with which large interests are identified were well supported, and this whether reference be had to the Standard Oil stocks, such as St. Paul and Copper; the Morgan issues, such as the Steels, Eries, and Southern Railway, or the Gould shares, such as Missouri Pacific and Texas. In all these and other cases there was liberal inside support. The same was true also of Rock Island, which was not affected by the abandonment of the 'Frisco deal. The 'Frisco stocks themselves, early weak, later rallied sharply. Good buying of the Atchisons was also in evidence.

Such declines as were here and there reported were in inactive stocks, for which at best there seldom is a ready market, and which, if pressed for sale on weak days, must needs be sacrificed. For this reason, and none other, may be explained the seven-point break in Nickel Plate second preferred on 700 shares; the five-point decline in Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg on 100 shares; the five-point drop in Jersey Central on 800 shares, and the six-point decline in United Railways Investment preferred on 700 shares.

The excellent weekly cotton and wheat crop reports, the large grain exports, and the further ease in call money rates—with the high at 5¼ per cent. and most of the day's loans at between 4½ and 5 per cent.—were regarded as distinctly bullish factors.

A prominent banking house which not infrequently does business for Standard Oil interests reported yesterday that it had bought on Monday afternoon and yesterday morning more stocks—and for substantial people—than in two full weeks preceding.

Harris, Gates & Co., of which John W. Gates is a special partner, were credited yesterday with buying 10,000 shares of St. Paul between 158 and 159.

The buying all day was pronounced to be much better than the selling.

UNION BAG AND PAPER.

The Union Bag and Paper Company reports for the fiscal year ended Jan. 31, compared with the previous eleven months, as follows:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Profits for year	$961,037	$870,470	$84,567
Divs. paid and due	770,000	770,000	......
Surplus	$191,037	$100,470	$90,567
Previous surplus	846,980	757,232	89,748
Total surplus	$1,038,017	$863,702	$174,315
Charge off	136,199	16,723	119,477
Profit & loss sur.	$901,818	$846,980	54,838

President Fisher says in his report that all expenditures for improvements to existing plants have been charged to repair account. Old stocks have been largely reduced, and the new goods are vastly improved in quality. Domestic sales are about the same as last year's, but the percentage of No. 1 goods has been increased. The foreign business increased 38 per cent. The balance sheet as of Jan. 31 shows:

ASSETS.	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Real estate, plant, &c.	$27,102,394	$26,250,454	$851,940
Cash, accts. rec. stock	1,671,923	1,789,026	*117,103
Dividends paid	577,500	577,500	......
Total	$29,351,817	$28,616,980	$734,837
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock	$27,000,000	$27,000,000	......
Profit for year	961,037	876,470	84,567
Previous surplus	710,781	740,510	*29,729
Bills payable	680,000	......	680,000
Total	$29,351,817	$28,616,980	$734,837

*Decrease.

TENNESSEE COAL.

The quarterly report of the Tennessee Coal Company for the period ended March 31 was made public yesterday, and was in the Street regarded as very favorable. It showed as follows:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Net earnings	$947,108	$565,896	$381,212
Other income	6,032	......	6,032
Total	$953,140	$565,896	$387,244
Int. on bds. and div.	$185,140	$198,267	*$13,127
Other interest	......	3,602	*3,602
Taxes & admin. exp.	14,362	15,627	*1,265
Total charges	$199,502	$217,536	*$18,034
Balance	$753,638	$348,360	$405,278
Depreciation fund	114,343	118,333	*4,000
Balance	$639,295	$230,027	$409,268
Preferred divs	4,906	4,966	......
Surplus	$634,429	$245,061	$389,368

*Decrease.

During the day it was announced that a party of officials and Directors of the company will start for Birmingham on Saturday next to make a personal inspection of the coal and iron mines, the furnaces, steel plant, and the rail mills belonging to the company, situated in the Birmingham district. The inspection will probably occupy about a week.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

According to Cleveland dispatches, the controlling interest of the Springfield and Xenia Traction Company has been sold to agents representing the Bushnell syndicate of Springfield.

Security Insurance Company of New Haven to increase its capital stock on May 15 from $200,000 to $400,000.

The Powell Coal and Coke Company, incorporated in West Virginia with $300,000 capital for the development of 6,000 acres of coal land at Powellton and will erect at once a number of coke ovens.

Declaration of the first dividend on its stock by the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad.

Capital stock of the Fidelity and Casualty Company increased from $250,000 to $500,000.

Chicago dispatches stating that $1,500,000 of the Commonwealth Electric Company's first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds have been sold in England.

Philadelphia Car Service Association stated to have last month handled 156,466 cars, of which the Pennsylvania system furnished 80,858 cars and the Reading 78,212.

Chicago advices that Eastern railroads are contemplating an advance of from 10 to 25 cents per ton on sand from Chicago to all points in the glass manufacturing belt, which includes Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio.

According to Philadelphia dispatches, a leading iron and steel interest states that negotiations have been resumed by the management of the Eastern Steel Company for control of the Tidewater Steel Company.

Savannah (Ga.) dispatches stating that the Directors of the Central of Georgia Railway Company have authorized the building of 500 coal cars in the company's shops at Savannah and Macon.

Dispatches from Philadelphia stating that the Directors of the Union National Bank and the Corn Exchange National Bank have ratified the plan of merger of the two institutions.

Advices from San Francisco that the general offices of Wells, Fargo & Co., which have been maintained in that city for half a century, are to be removed to New York next month.

Standard Oil Company stated to have bought the Belle Vernon Light and Heat Company, which supplies several villages on the line of the Standard Oil Company's proposed route to the West Virginia fields.

Joplin (Mo.) advices that the prices of lead and zinc continue strong, with a great demand, especially for zinc. The week's production amounted almost to $200,000, the largest since 1899.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 3@5¼ per cent., with the last loan at 3½ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 4½@5 per cent.

Time money, 5½ per cent. for sixty days and 5@5½ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6½ per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $244,910,244; balances, $10,031,049; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,402,720.

Money on call in London, 3¼@3½ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market, short bills, 3 9-16 per cent.; three months bills, 3½@3¾ per cent.

Foreign exchange was weaker. Posted rates were $4.84½ for sixty days, and $4.87½ for demand. Rates for actual business: Sixty days, $4.83½@$4.83⅝; demand, $4.86⅝; cables, $4.87¼.

Commercial bills were $4.82⅞@$4.83¼. Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ and 5.16⅞@5.16¼ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 9-16 and 94 15-16; guilders, 39 15-16 and 40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—25c discount. Chicago—30c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 premium. Charleston—Buying, 1-16 premium; selling, 1-16 discount. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 12½c; telegraphic, 15c.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, April 15.—The Times in its City article to-day says money was still in demand yesterday, only half of the large debt due the Bank being repaid. The movement of gold to Scotland beginning earlier than usual and the further export of sovereigns to South America being rumored as probable, the discount market was steady. The Bank bought £20,000 in bar gold, and there was a reported withdrawal of 23,000 sovereigns for South America. On the Stock Exchange business was not fully resumed, and the tone was influenced chiefly by American rails and the fluctuations were mainly reflecting the New York market, but there was some local and Continental buying by bears, whose fresh operations were very cautious.

Consols closed unchanged. Home rails declined on balance, and business in this department was almost at a standstill.

American rails opened materially lower, the gloomy view on the New York market on Monday being regarded as but little exaggerated. On all sides it was considered probable that other companies with controlling interests may have their voting rights challenged. Northern Securities finally declined 8 points, and Union Pacific and Baltimore and Ohio went off 4½ points. Most others declined from 1 to 4 points. Canadians were affected by the weakness of American rails. Foreigners were steady. Changes on the general mining market were unimportant. South Africans displayed a firm tendency, but there was little fresh business. Bar silver was in demand and rose ⅛, to 22 15-16d. per ounce spot and 22⅞d. forward, closing with a strong tone.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, April 14.—Money was in less demand, and there was a better supply in the market to-day. Discount rates were steady. The possibility of an early reduction of the Bank of England's rate of discount restrained holders from discounting freely.

Business on the Stock Exchange was quiet, many of the members having extended their Easter holidays. The tendency was fairly cheerful, and the only remarkable feature was the heavy break in Americans, which improved after the opening, and subsequently weakened. The dealings were nominal, the quotations during the afternoon were irregular, and Americans closed with a better tone.

Consols were steady, owing to a fair investment demand. Home rails were slow. Rio Tintos were fairly steady. Copper was firm at 62⅝. Operators in the Kaffir department were occupied with the contangos. There was an occasional advance in these securities.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 91⅛; consols for account, 91 11-16; Anaconda, 5¼; Atchison, 80½; Atchison preferred, 89; Baltimore and Ohio, 89; Canadian Pacific, 131½; Chesapeake and Ohio, 42⅞; Chicago Great Western, 21; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 163; De Beers, 21⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 35¼; Denver and Rio Grande preferred, 87; Erie, 33½; Erie first preferred, 65; Erie second preferred, 52; Illinois Central, 136½; Louisville and Nashville, 117¾; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 24¾; New York Central, 133½; Norfolk and Western, 69¾; Norfolk and Western preferred, 90; Ontario and Western, 28⅞; Pennsylvania, 68¾; Rand Mines, 11⅛; Reading, 28⅜; Reading first preferred, 42½; Reading second preferred, 33½; Southern Railway, 30; Southern Railway preferred, 92½; Southern Pacific, 56¾; Union Pacific, 80⅝; Union Pacific preferred, 91; United States Steel, 35¼; United States Steel preferred, 86⅜; Wabash, 26; Wabash preferred, 45.

Bar silver firm, 22 15-16d per ounce. Money, 2¾@3¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅜@3½ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3½@3⅝ per cent.

The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £20,000. The sum of £23,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.27; Madrid, 35.85; Lisbon, 25.50.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, April 14.—Stocks on the Bourse to-day started firm. Rio Tintos were especially in demand on the rise in the price of copper. After the option declaration there was a reaction. The undertone, however, was satisfactory, and prices closed firm in spite of the fact that business was restricted. Rentes and Internationals were generally firm, and Industrials were irregular. Kaffirs closed firm.

The private rate of discount was 2 15-16 per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 77½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16c for checks.

BERLIN, April 14.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were depressed owing to New York advices. Realizations in mines were the feature. Home funds and internationals were generally maintained. Canadian Pacific was weak.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short and three months' bills, 2½ per cent.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 14.—New York exchange was at 30c premium to-day. Time and call loans, 5½@6 per cent.

Local issues showed further depression in several quarters as the result of a few forced sales, but rallies developed. South Side Elevated broke to 102, a new low mark in a considerable period. Box Board sold at 8½ and the preferred stock at 21½, but the latter rallied fractionally. Can was easy early, but also rallied fairly. Biscuit stocks developed a small demand. City Railway sold again at 210. Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
370	A. Booth & Co. pf.	7¾	7½	7½
300	American Can	42	40½	42
50	American Shipbuilding	42	42	42
7	Chicago Brewing pf.	7	7	7
125	Chicago City Railway	210	207	207
300	Chicago Pneumatic Tool	68¾	68½	68½
185	Chicago Title & Trust	106	103½	103½
320	Lake Street Elevated	5¼	5	5¼
250	Metropolitan Elevated	24	24	24
90	Metropolitan Elevated pf.	74½	73½	74½
75	Milwaukee Brewing pf.	83	83	83
696	National Biscuit	43¼	43	43
39	National Biscuit pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼
50	Northwestern Elevated	22	22	22
125	South Side Elevated	103	102	102
120	Swift & Co.	114½	113¼	114½
950	United Box Board	8½	8½	8½
1,[illegible]	United Box Board pf.	22½	21½	22½

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Exports of merchandise from the Port of New York for the week ended yesterday are valued at $9,882,116, compared with $8,216,549 in the preceding week and $12,568,512 in the corresponding week last year. Total since Jan. 1, $156,860,583, against $140,028,904 in the corresponding period last year.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Trading in the outside market yesterday showed a marked change from the conditions which had prevailed on Monday. The more or less excited state of the market which accompanied the break in Northern Securities was followed by an upward movement which brought about a recovery of nearly 3 points in Northern Securities itself and which was reflected by smaller gains in other parts of the list. It is true that some of the active issues, including Greene Consolidated Copper, suffered further losses, but these were not sufficiently numerous to alter the generally firm character of the market. This firmness was all the more notable in view of the decidedly unsettled state of the market on Monday.

* * *

NORTHERN SECURITIES was, of course, the stock which received most attention. Apparently sentiment in regard to the stock had changed considerably over night, and instead of the surplus of selling orders which appeared in the market on Monday, there was fairly large demand for the stock, the existence of which brought about a sharp upward movement in the stock. The opening sales were made at an advance of 2 points over Monday's close, and, although subsequently there was a substantial reaction, the later trading resulted in a second recovery of more than 2 points. The closing sale was made at 96, which showed a net gain for day of 2¾ points. About 14,000 shares were dealt in, being a little more than half the amount of stock which was traded in on Monday.

* * *

AMERICAN CAN preferred was among the issues which showed substantial recovery. After selling as low as 40½ it rose to 42, and closed at that price. Similar recoveries occurred in Electric Vehicle and several other issues.

* * *

GREENE CONSOLIDATED COPPER fluctuated irregularly and was more active than it has been at any time in recent weeks. Nearly 8,000 shares changed hands within a range of 1½ points. The other copper stocks were very irregular, some of them showing some strength, while others sold off fractionally.

* * *

MANHATTAN TRANSIT, which had been neglected for a long time, was made active yesterday and the price advanced to 3¾.

* * *

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
115	Am. Barrel & Package	52½	52½	52½
200	American Can	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,400	American [illegible]	42	40½	42
200	Am. De F. Wireless	3½	3	3
300	Am. Writing Paper	4½	4½	4½
300	Am. Writing Paper pf.	20½	20	20
4,300	Bay State Gas	¾	¾	¾
100	British Columbia Cop.	4½	4½	4½
125	Brooklyn City Railroad	243	243	243
100	Deadwood Quartz	1½	1½	1½
200	Electric Vehicle	12	11½	12
10	Electric Vehicle pf.	16	16	16
7,200	Greene Con. Copper	23½	22	23
100	Hackensack Meadows	9½	9½	9½
14	Int. Merchant Marine	12½	11½	12½
25	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	34½	32½	32½
200	Light, Fuel & Power	34½	34	34
2,100	Manhattan Transit	3¾	3½	3¾
25	Marconi Wireless of C.	1½	1½	1½
800	Mont. & Bos. Copper	1¾	1½	1¾
100	Nor. Am. Lum. & Pulp	10½	10½	10½
13,810	Northern Securities	96½	95½	96
300	Peacock Copper	1¼	1	1¼
40	Royal Baking Pow. pf.	101½	101½	101½
400	Seaboard Air Line	23½	23	23½
100	Seaboard Air Line pf.	39½	39½	39½
1	Standard Milling pf.	27½	27½	27½
15	Standard Oil	658	658	658
400	Tennessee Copper	30	29½	29½
400	Union Copper	2½	2½	2½
200	United Copper	22	20½	20½
150	U. S. Light & Heat	7¼	7¼	7¼
47	Washington R. & El. pf.	39	39	39

*Less than 100 shares.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	†Brook. R. Tr. new 4s	82	82	82
5,000	Lack. Steel 5s, 25% pd.	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
2,000	Lack. Steel 5s, full pd.	97½	97½	97½
3,000	United Lumber 5s	78½	78½	78½
345,000	U. S. Steel n. 5s, w. i.	84	83¾	84

†Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Monday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	April 14. Bid.	Asked.	April 13. Bid.	Asked.
American Banknote	53½	57½	57	58
American Chicle	116	121	116	121
American Chicle pf.	89	93	89	93
American Diesel Engine	15	16½	16	16½
American Elevated	⅛	½	⅛	½
Amer. Malting 6s	99¾	100	99¾	100
American Typefounders	38	41	38	41
American Typefound. pf.	95	100	95	100
Amer. Writing Paper 5s	74	76	73½	76
Bamberger's De Lamar	9½	10½	9½	10½
Borden's Cond. Milk	115	117½	115	117½
Bord. Cond. Milk pf.	107	109	107	109
California Copper	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
Camden Land	¼	¾	¼	¾
Casein Co. of America	12½	13	12½	13½
Casein Co. of Am. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Fireworks	21	23	21	23
Central Fireworks pf.	65	67	65	67
Cent. Firew. certificates	2¼	...	2½	...
Central Foundry	...	3½	3¼	3½
Central Foundry pf.	15	17	16	16½
Central Foundry 6s	65	67½	65	67½
Compressed Air	...	3½	3	3½
Con. Rubber Tire	...	1½	...	1½
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	5	7½	5	7½
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	5	10	5	10
Detroit & Mack.	32	35	32	35
Detroit & Mack. pf.	79	84	79	84
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	135	150	135	150
E. W. Bliss pf.	125	150	125	150
Electric Boat	23	28	23	28
Electric Boat pf.	35	45	35	45
Electric Lead Reduction	1	1½	1	2
Elec. Lead Reduction pf.	2	3½	2	3½
Electric Vehicle pf.	14	16	14	16
Electro-Pneumatic	...	⅜	...	⅜
Empire Steel	13	16	13	16
Empire Steel pf.	47	...	47	...
Erie conv. 4s	87½	87¾	87	87½
Gold Hill Copper	⅜	7-16	⅜	7-16
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	109	112	109	112
Guggenheim Exploration	115	130	115	130
Hall Signal	95	110	95	110
Havana Tobacco	45	48	45	47
Havana Tobacco pf.	55	60	57	60
Houston Oil	5	7½	5	7
Houston Oil pf.	...	60	...	50
Inter. R. Tr. 50% paid	104	106	103	105
Inter. R. Tr. full paid	104	106	103	106
Inter. Mer. Marine	11½	12	11½	13
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s	85	95	85	95
International Salt	12	14	11	13½
International Salt 5s	42½	47½	40	47½
Inter. Silver 1st 6s	100	101	100	101
Inter. Silver deb. 6s	...	93½	...	93½
Inter. Silver ctfs	35	...	35	...
Inter. Silver	...	8½	...	8½
Inter. Silver pf.	...	51	...	51
Kitchener Mining	⅛	1	⅛	1
Lackaw. Steel, 50% paid	...	90	...	90
Lackaw. Steel, full paid	...	98	...	98
Maine Steamship	18	22	18	22
Maine Steamship 5s	73	78	73	78
Marconi Wireless of Ca.	6½	7¼	6½	7¼
Mex. Nat. C. $17 pd. ctf.	6¼	7	6¾	7
New Eng. Trans.	¼	...	¼	...
N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	160	163	160	163
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	42	46	42	46
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	70	75	70	75
New York Trans.	8	9	8	9½
Otis Elevator	41	43½	41	43
Otis Elevator pf.	95½	98	95½	98
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	¾	1½	¾	1½
Pac. Pack. & Nav. pf.	2	5	2	5
Peoria, Dec. & Evans	⅛	...	⅛	...
Royal Bak. Powder pf.	101	102	101½	103½
Safety Car Heating	173	175	173	175
Seminole Mining	...	1⅛	...	1⅛
Simpson-Crawford	28½	30	28½	30
Simpson-Crawford 6s	73	80	73	80
Standard Coupler	28½	34	28	34
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	4	5	4	5
Standard Milling pf.	24	26	24	26
Standard Milling 5s	71	74	71	74
Storage Power	⅛	1	⅛	1
Tonopah Mining	...	7½	...	8
Trenton Potteries	21	24	21	24
Trenton Potteries pf.	85	93	85	93
Trenton Potteries deb.	73	76	73	76
Union Typewriter	118	122	118	122
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	118	122	118	122
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	119	122	119	122
United Box Board	...	4	...	4
United Box Board pf.	21	23	20	24
U. S. Cotton Duck	...	11	...	11
Universal Tobacco	1¾	2½	1¾	2½
Universal Tobacco pf.	3	5	3	5
Virginia & Southwestern	30	50	30	50
White Knob Copper	10¼	11½	10½	11¾
White Knob Copper 6s	104	106	104	106

Street Railways.

	April 14. Bid.	Asked.	April 13. Bid.	Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	247	251	247	251
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	98	100	98	100
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107	105	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	100	101	100	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	243	244½	243	244½
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	230	210	230
Con. Traction of N. J.	65	66	64½	65½
Con. Traction 5s	107	108	106½	107½
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	106	111	106	111
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	95	101	95	101
Grand Rapids Street Ry.	55	60	55	60
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	95	97½	95	97½
Jersey City H. & P.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jersey City H. & P. 4s	73	75	73	75
Nassau Electric 5s	[illegible]	94	[illegible]	94
New Orleans Rys.	12½	...	12	...
New Orleans Rys. pf.	45	...	45	...
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	78	80	78	80
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	24½	25½	24	25½
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	80	81	80	81
St. Louis Transit	25	27	25½	27
St. Louis Tran. [illegible]	84½	85	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second Av. R. R. consols	114	117	114	117
Sixth Avenue R. R.	160	185	160	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Rapid Transit	28½	30	28½	30½
Syracuse Rap. Tr. pf.	75	78	75	78
28th & 29th St. 5s	115	118	115	118
Union Railway 1st 5s	113	118	113	118
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	78	80	78	81
United Rys. of St. L. 4s	83½	83¾	83	84
United Traction, Prov.	...	102½	...	[illegible]
United Traction bonds	112½	113½	112½	113½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	7	10	7	10
Wash. Ry. & Electric pf.	38	39	38	39
Wash. Ry. & Electric 4s	77	...	77	...

Gas Companies.

	April 14. Bid.	Asked.	April 13. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Lt. & Tr.	60	65½	60½	66
Amer. Lt. & Tr. pf.	85	89	85½	89
Buffalo Gas	6½	9	6½	9
Buffalo Gas 5s	74	78	74	78
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	108	110	108	110
Columbus Gas 5s	105	107½	105	107½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	86	88	86	88
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds.	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	28	30	28	30
Denver Gas 5s	70	...	70	...
Indianapolis Gas	80	85	80	85
Indianapolis Gas 6s	105	107	105	107
Mutual Gas	300	315	300	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	107½	108½	107½	108½
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	112	114	112	114
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union 5s	104½	106	104½	106
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	95	97	95	97
St. Paul Gas 5s	88½	93	88½	93
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	...	131	...
Standard Gas, N. Y. pf.	152½	...	152½	...
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 5s	88	90	88	90

Ferry Companies.

	April 14. Bid.	Asked.	April 13. Bid.	Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	...	11	...	11
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	80	85	80	85
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	105	109	105	109
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	101½	103	101½	103
Union Ferry	38	40	38	40
Union Ferry 5s	85	88	84	88

*Five bond market.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 14.—The money market continues quiet, with no change in rates. Call loans, 5½@6 per cent.; time loans on collateral, 5@6 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 5½@6 per cent.; Clearing House loans, 6 per cent.; New York funds, 25 cents discount. Clearings, $23,612,052; balances, $1,854,808. The foreign exchange market is steady.

The stock market was considerably stronger to-day, and quite active, though there was no demand for the Boston coppers.

The pressure to sell telephone was still in evidence.

Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,025	Atchison	79	78½	79
271	Atchison pf.	90¾	89¾	90¾
80	Atchison pf. scrip.	104	104	104
7	Boston Elevated	145½	145	145
74	Boston & Albany	255	255	255
10	Boston & Lowell	240	240	240
100	C., M. & St. P.	159	159	159
1	Conn. & Passumpsic pf.	168	168	168
66	Fitchburg pf.	141	141	141
390	Massachusetts Electric	29	28½	29
419	Massachusetts Elec. pf.	88	86	88
200	Mexican Central	24¾	24¾	24¾
100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	200	199¾	200
310	Pere Marquette	79	78	79
21	Pere Marquette pf.	75	75	75
890	Union Pacific	88⅝	86¾	88⅝
70	Union Pacific pf.	88	87¾	88
578	†West End	96	92	92½
2,080	West End rights	7c.	4c.	5c.
15	West End pf.	110½	110½	110½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
896	*American	155	151¼	154¼
400	Mexican	1 15-16	1⅞	1⅞
2	New England	128	126	126
150	Western	20	20	20
15	Western pf.	96	96	96

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Am. Ag. Chemical	20¾	20	20¾
25	Am. Ag. Chemical pf.	78½	78½	78½
50	Am. Pneu. Service	5	5	5
2,323	American Sugar	122½	120¼	122½
81	American Sugar pf.	119½	119	119½
107	American Woolen	12½	12½	12½
60	*American Woolen pf.	77½	77	77½
595	Dominion Iron & Steel	26¼	25¾	26
294	Edison	265	263	265
70	*General Electric	181	180	181
1,711	Massachusetts Gas	41½	40¼	41½
353	Massachusetts Gas pf.	83½	82½	83½
70	Pullman	215	211	215
5	Seattle Electric pf.	100	100	100
85	Swift & Co.	114½	112	114½
140	Union Land & Copper	3¼	3¼	3¼
200	*United Fruit	105	103¼	103¼
6	*United Shoe Machine	48	48	48
68	*United Shoe Mach. pf.	30½	29	29
35	U. S. Leather	13¼	13¼	13¼
1,316	U. S. Steel	35	33⅞	35
1,280	†U. S. Steel pf.	84⅞	83⅝	84⅞

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Adventure	9¼	9¼	9¼
2,037	Allouez	6¼	5¾	6¼
8,555	Amalgamated	62¾	60¼	62¾
100	American Zinc	10	10	10
100	Anaconda	26	26	26
100	Arnold	75c.	75c.	75c.
358	Atlantic	11½	11¼	11½
780	Bingham	29	28½	28½
28	Calumet & Hecla	520	515	520
2,002	Centennial	22	20½	22
1,100	Con. Mercur	1 17-32	1½	1 17-32
9	Continental Zinc	14	14	14
3,895	Copper Range	58¼	56¼	57⅞
310	Daly-West	43	41½	43
375	Elm River	3¼	3¼	3⅜
240	Franklin	10	10	10
1,450	Guanajuato	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
115	Isle Royale	11	11	11
605	†Mass	9⅝	9¼	9½
85	Michigan	8¼	8	8
816	Mohawk	48¾	46½	48¾
120	Old Dominion	17½	17	17½
520	Osceola	66	64	66
251	Parrot	26¼	25¾	26¼
300	Phoenix	5¼	5⅛	5¼
72	Quincy	115	112	115
510	Shannon	13	12¾	13
10	Tamarack	140	140	140
675	Tri-Mountain	90	86	90
1,580	Trinity	9	8⅝	8¾
100	United Copper	23	23	23
665	U. S. Coal & Oil	14	13¼	14
3,325	United States	23½	22¾	23½
2,365	Utah	28	27	28
350	Victoria	6	5⅞	5⅞
1,350	†Winona	9¼	8⅞	9⅛
548	Wolverine	71	70	70½
150	Wyandotte	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

British Columbia, 4½ bid, 5 asked.
*Ex dividend. †Ex rights. ‡Assessment paid.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The improvement in the New York market and the defeat of the Curry bill in the Pennsylvania House had a stimulating effect upon local values to-day, although the gain in prices did not exceed fractions, except in a few cases. United Gas and Philadelphia Electric issues both developed strength on the killing of the bill, as it was these two companies at which it had been aimed. But there was a better feeling all around aside from this phase of the situation, and there were more bargain hunters in the Street than had been seen there for many months. Electric Storage Battery preferred stock is to be exchanged for the common, share for share. The merger of the Union National Bank with the Corn Exchange National is practically off, the latter being unable to secure the necessary two-thirds of the Union stock.

Total sales, 43,778 shares and $128,000 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
112	American Railways Co.	50	49½	50
50	American Cement	8	7⅞	8
12	Cambria Iron	47	47	47
2,426	Cambria Steel	24	23⅝	24
3,987	Con. Lake Superior	6 1-16	5⅞	6 1-16
1,968	Con. Lake Superior pf.	21¼	20⅝	21¼
70	Colorado South. 2d pf.	35	35	35
45	Delong Hook & Eye	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
800	Erie	32½	32	32½
200	Electric Co. of Am.	8¾	8⅝	8¾
100	Electric Stge. Bat. pf.	69½	69½	69½
2	Ins. Co. of N. Am.	24½	24½	24½
5,240	Lehigh Valley	42⅝	41½	42⅝
100	Lit Brothers	10½	10½	10½
300	Marsden Company	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
10	Minehill Railroad	64¼	64¼	64¼
200	National Asphalt Co.	¾	¾	¾
333	Pennsylvania	67	66⅝	66⅞
100	Penn. Steel Co.	50	50	50
30	Penn. Steel Co. pf.	94	94	94
9	Philadelphia Traction	97½	97	97½
2,100	Philadelphia Electric	6 13-16	6 7-16	6 13-16
2,100	Philadelphia Company	44¾	44¼	44¾
54	Philadelphia Co. pf.	48½	48½	48½
900	Phila. Rapid Transit	13	13	13
170	Railways Co. General	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
14,415	Reading	28 13-16	28 12-16	28 12-16
22	Reading 1st pf.	40½	40½	40½
400	Southern Railroad	29⅝	29½	29⅝
3	United Cos. of N. J.	277½	277½	277½
2,907	United Gas Imp. Co.	107⅝	106½	106⅞
161	Union Traction	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
5,770	United States Steel	35	34	35

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., April 14.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
285	Brewing com.	32½	32	32
46	Cons. Gas pf.	45	45	45
665	Crucible Steel	18⅝	18	18⅝
835	Crucible Steel pf.	83	82¼	82¾
220	Fireproofing	27	26¾	26¾
712	M. L. & H.	124¾	124	124
210	Marsden	3	3	3
300	Philadelphia com.	44¾	44¼	44¾
800	Pittsburg Coal	25¾	25¼	25¾
44	Pittsburg Coal pf.	*86½	85½	85½
125	River Coal pf.	39½	39¼	39½
2,900	United States Steel	34⅝	34	34⅝
100	United States Steel pf.	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
8	West. Airbrake	165	165	165
1,795	West. Elec. 2d	95	94	95
51	Window Glass	45	44	44
130	Window Glass pf.	84½	84	84½
30	American Trust	479	479	479
10	Bank of Pittsburg	133	133	133
43	Exchange N. B.	96	96	96
60	Federal N. B.	165½	165½	165½
51	Fid. T. & T.	490	490	490
25	Franklin S. & T.	62	62	62
30	Guar. T. & T.	200	200	200
10	Mer. S. & T.	73	73	73
70	North America S.	104¾	103	104¾
130	R. E. Trust	310	308	308
5	Republic N. B.	140	140	140
30	Safe D. & T.	160	160	160
$1,000	River Coal 6s	116	116	116

*Ex dividend 1½ per cent.

Financial Continued on Page 12.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Continued from Page 11.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

New York Stock Exchange.
Tuesday, April 14, 1903.

Adams Express 4s
2,000....103½
Am Hide & L 6s
1,000....91
1,000....90⅝
5,000....91
A, T & S F gen 4s
1,000....99⅝
500....100
2,000....99½
500....99⅝
11,000....99⅝
7,000....99⅝
2,000....99⅝
2,000....99⅝
3,000....99⅝
12,000....99⅝
7,000....99⅝
4,000....99⅝
1,500....99⅝
5,000....99⅝
1,000....100
Adjustment 4s
5,000....89⅝
Stamped
1,000....89½
B & O pr lien 3½s
1,000....93½
3,000....93½
17,000....93½
Gold 4s
500....101
46,000....100
Conv deb 4s
2,000....100
P, L E & W V 4s
5,000....90⅜
4,000....90⅜
S W Div 3½s
1,500....87½
B'klyn City 1st
1,000....110
Bur, C R & N 1st
2,000....102½
Canada So 1st
2,000....103½
Cent of Ga con 5s
2,000....105½
5,000....106
2,000....107
1st inc 5s
3,000....73⅝
2d inc 5s
2,000....34
Cent Pac gtd 4s
4,000....98⅜
4,000....98
Cent Pac gtd 3½s
10,000....86
C & O gen 4½s
8,000....103¼
6,000....103¼
2,000....103⅜
4,000....104
2,000 s....104
10,000....104
Chi & Alt R R 3s
5,000....80
Chi & Alt 3½s
10,000....74½
C, B & Q 4s jt bds
7,000....91½
11,000....91
12,000 s....91
32,000....91⅛
1,000....91
1,000....91½
7,000....91
Iowa Div 4s
1,000....101⅝
C & E Ill gen 5s
1,000....118⅝
5,000....119
C, M & St P, So Minn Div 6s
1,000....118¼
C & N W deb 5s, 1933
5,000....116
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000....105
C, R I & P R R 4s
5,000....84⅛
25,000....84
5,000....84¼
5,000....84½
6,000....84⅞
2,000....84⅞
Col F & I conv 5s
42,000....82
5,000....81⅝
70,000....82
38,000....82½
1,000....82⅝
3,000....83
Col Mid 1st 4s
2,000....77
Col & So 1st 4s
2,000....88
1,000....88⅛
5,000....88⅛
1,000....88⅛
Consol Tobacco 4s
5,000....60½
20,000....60⅛
3,000....60⅛
10,000....60⅞
18,000....60⅞
36,000....60⅞
10,000....60⅞
120,000....60⅞
4,000....60⅞
6,000....60⅞
11,000....60⅞
11,000....60⅞
10,000....60⅞
6,000....60⅞
Den & R G con 4s
10,000....98
Det City Gas 5s
2,000....97
E T, V & G con 1st 5s
1,000....117½
1,000....117½
Erie 1st con 4s
10,000....98
15,000....97⅞
1,000....97⅞
Erie 1st gen 4s
23,000....85⅛
1,000....84
Erie, Penn coll tr 4s
5,000....89½
1,000....89⅝
G B & W deb cts, B
3,000....17½
2,000....18
3,000....18⅛
8,000....18⅛
H & St Jo con 6s
3,000....113
H & T Cent 1st 5s
1,000....110½
Ill C, Louis Div 3½s
2,000....95
Int & Gt N 1st 6s
1,000....122
Int Paper 6s
1,000....108
Iowa Cent 1st 5s
2,000....112
K C, Ft S & M 4s
12,000....85
Kan City So 3s
14,000....67½
Lac G L of St L 1st 5s
1,000....105⅛
Long Dock 6s
1,000....130
Long Isl gen 4s
2,000....102
Manhattan con 4s
10,000....101
Met Elev 1st 6s
2,000....110
Mex Cent 1st inc
48,000....24
2,000....24⅛
26,000....24⅛
15,000....24⅛
Mo, K & East 1st
1,000....107½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
5,000....98⅛
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
4,000....120½
10,000....120½
Mo Pac 1st col 5s
9,000....108⅝
9,000....108⅝
Mob & Ohio new 6s
2,000....124
N Y Cent & H R, L S col 3½s
1,000....82½
5,000....82½
N Y, C & St L 4s
7,000....102¼
2,000....102½
1,000....102
N Y Dock Co 4s
3,000....81
N Y Gas, El L, H & P pur money 4s
1,000....90½
Coll trust 5s
56,000....107
Norf & W con 4s
2,000....97⅞
22,000....98
500....98⅛
10,000....98
Pocah C & C 4s
5,000....90½
2,000....90⅝
Nor Pac 4s
1,000....102⅝
Nor Pac gen 3s
45,000....71
500....72
500....72
20,000....71
1,000....71⅛
8,000....71
Ore S L 4s partic bds
13,000....90
13,000....90⅛
7,000....90⅛
10,000....90⅛
7,000....90⅛
Penn conv 3½s
10,000....96⅝
54,000....96⅝
500....97
Peo & E 1st 4s
11,000....95
6,000....96⅛
9,000....96⅛
16,000....97⅛
Peo & E inc 4s
1,000....73
Reading gen 4s
6,000....96⅛
Rio G W 1st
3,000....95
St L, I M & S unif & ref 4s
9,000....87
3,000....87⅛
General 5s
2,000....111⅛
St L & S F Ry 2d 6s, Class C
3,000....106
St L & S F R R ref 4s
17,000....86½
St L S W 1st 4s
7,000....95
St P City Ry Cable con 5s
1,000....109⅞
San An & A P 4s
3,000....88
Seaboard A L ref 5s
5,000....102½
Gold 4s
1,000....79
7,000....80
Southern Pac 4½s
6,000....99
Southern Ry 1st 5s
7,000....115
5,000....114⅞
Stand R & T inc
2,000....8½
13,000....9
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
5,000....115⅞
5,000....115⅞
Third Av con 4s
14,000....95⅛
6,000....95⅛
Union Pac 1st 4s
2,000....101⅞
2,000....102
500....102⅛
Union Pac conv 4s
4,000....100⅛
170,000....100
23,000....100⅛
70,000....100⅛
70,000....100⅛
15,000....100⅛
10,000....100⅛
8,000....100⅛
40,000....100⅛
35,000....100⅛
3,000....99⅞
25,000....99⅞
31,000....100
2,000....99⅞
152,000....100
27,000....100⅛
23,000....100⅛
20,000....100⅛
25,000....100⅛
1,000....100⅛
13,000....100⅛
50,000....100⅛
6,000....100⅛
11,000....100⅛
10,000....100⅛
5,000....100⅛
U S Reduc & R 6s
3,000....82½
Unit R R's of S F 4s
20,000....77¼
2,000....77⅛
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000....115½
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000....108
Wabash deb, A
1,000....100
Wabash deb, B
20,000....68
21,000....67½
70,000....67
10,000....67⅛
10,000....67⅛
10,000....67⅛
15,000....67⅛
10,000....67⅛
10,000....67⅛
10,000....67⅛
4,000....67⅛
20,000....68
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
15,000....68
15,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
60,000....68⅛
5,000....68
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
25,000....68
5,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
40,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
6,000....69
10,000....68⅛
10,000....68⅛
15,000....68⅛
60,000....68⅛
2,000....68⅛
55,000....69
50,000....69⅛
10,000....69⅛
10,000....69⅛
55,000....69
5,000....69⅛
10,000....69⅛
5,000....69⅛
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000....90
1,000....90⅛
2,000....90
Total sales....$3,252,000

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Tuesday, April 14, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,260	Amal. Copper	61	62⅛	60⅞	62⅛
160	Am. Car & F.	38	39½	38	39½
150	Am. Ice	7½	7⅞	7½	7⅞
20	Am. Ice pf.	32	32	32	32
360	Am. Locomotive	25⅞	26¼	25⅞	26⅛
20	Am. Smelting	47	48	47	48
2,740	Am. Sugar Ref.	120½	122¼	120½	122¼
11,910	A., T. & S. F.	78½	79⅞	77⅞	79⅞
150	A., T. & S. F. pf.	95⅞	96⅞	95⅞	96⅞
540	Balt. & Ohio	86⅛	87⅞	86	87⅞
2,050	Brooklyn R. T.	64⅛	65⅞	64⅛	65⅞
1,310	Can. Pacific	127½	130	127½	129⅞
230	Ches. & Ohio	41½	42¼	41⅛	42⅛
50	Chi. & Alton	28¾	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞
50	Chi. Great W.	20⅞	21⅛	20	21⅛
23,400	C., M. & St. P.	158⅝	160⅛	158⅝	160
[illegible]	Chi. Union T.	7⅞	8	7⅞	8
180	Col. Fuel & I.	55½	56⅝	55½	56⅝
[illegible]	Col. Southern	23	23	22⅞	23
40	Det. Southern	14¼	14¼	14	14
40	D., S. S. & A.	12⅞	13⅛	12⅞	13
8,600	Erie	32½	33⅛	32	33⅛
40	Erie 1st pf.	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛
10	Erie 2d pf.	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
[illegible]	Ill. Central	131⅛	133⅛	131⅛	132
100	Kan. City So.	28	28	28	28
620	Louis. & Nash.	114	115⅛	113⅞	115⅛
710	Manhattan	135⅞	137⅛	135⅞	137⅛
[illegible]	Met. Street	132	133	132	133
[illegible]	Mex. Central	24⅞	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛
[illegible]	M., K. & Texas	23⅞	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛
[illegible]	M., K. & T. pf.	51⅜	52	51⅜	51⅞
3,700	Mo. Pacific	104	105⅛	102⅞	105⅛
20	Nat. Lead	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
[illegible]	N. R. R. of M.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
[illegible]	N. Y. Central	128⅞	130	128⅞	130⅛
[illegible]	N. Y., O. & W.	27⅞	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛
[illegible]	Norf. & West.	68	68⅞	68	68⅞
5,820	Pennsylvania	132⅞	134⅛	132⅞	134⅛
[illegible]	People's Gas	100	101⅛	100	101⅛
8,610	Reading	52⅛	53⅛	51⅞	53⅛
[illegible]	Rep. Steel	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
[illegible]	Rock Island	40⅝	41⅛	40⅛	41⅛
[illegible]	St. L. S. W.	21⅛	21⅞	21⅛	21⅞
[illegible]	St. L. S. W. pf.	48⅞	49⅝	48⅞	49⅝
4,850	Southern Pac	54⅛	55⅜	54⅛	55⅛
1,010	Southern Ry.	29⅛	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝
3,220	Tenn. C. & I.	61⅞	63⅛	61⅞	63⅛
1,350	Texas Pacific	31⅛	32	30⅞	31⅞
16,530	Union Pacific	87	88⅝	86⅞	88⅝
[illegible]	U. S. Leather	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛
[illegible]	U. S. Leath. pf.	90⅛	92	90⅛	92
3,440	U. S. Steel	34⅛	35	33⅞	34⅞
[illegible]	U. S. Steel pf.	83⅞	85	83⅞	84⅛
[illegible]	Wabash	24⅛	26⅛	24⅛	25⅞
[illegible]	Wabash pf.	43⅞	44⅛	42⅞	44⅛
[illegible]	West. Union	85⅛	85⅛	85	85⅛
[illegible]	Wis. Central	22⅞	23	22⅞	22⅞
[illegible]	Wis. Central pf.	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞

Bonds.

		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
[illegible]	Man. Con. con.	76⅛	76⅛	76½	76⅛
[illegible]	Un. Pac. con.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Tuesday, April 14, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
15	17	100	Allis-Chalmers Co.	16	16	16	16	−1
62¼	62⅜	39,335	*Amal. Copper Co.	61	62⅝	60⅞	62⅝	+1⅝
40⅝	40½	2,825	Am. Car & F. Co.	38⅞	39½	38⅞	39½	+1⅝
89	89½	135	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	89½	89½	89½	89½	+½
40½	41	500	Am. Cotton Oil	39⅞	40½	39⅞	40½	+½
205	215	10	Am. Express	210	210	210	210	
16½	18	100	*Am. Grass Twine	17	17	17	17	−1
7¼	8	200	Am. Hide & Leather	7½	7½	7½	7½	
7¼	7¾	650	*Am. Ice Co.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+⅝
31½	32½	1,700	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	31½	32½	31½	31½	+⅛
26⅝	26¾	2,600	*Am. Locomo. Co.	26	26⅝	26	26⅝	+1
93	93½	300	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	92⅝	93	92⅝	93	+¼
3	3½	300	*Am. Malting Co.	3	3⅜	3	3⅜	+⅜
19	20	200	*Am. Malting Co. pf.	19	19	19	19	−1½
48¾	49	3,300	*Am. S. & R. Co.	47½	49	47	49	+2
92½	93	850	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	92½	93	92½	93	+1¼
122¼	122½	7,200	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	120½	122½	120½	122¼	+1⅜
107	109	1,700	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	104½	108	104	108	+6
79¾	80	45,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	78¾	80	78	79¾	+1⅝
96¾	96⅞	4,050	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	96	96⅞	95¾	96⅞	+1⅜
87⅞	88	43,160	Baltimore & Ohio	86⅜	87⅞	86	87⅞	+1⅝
91	93	350	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	91	91	91	91	−1
66	66¼	12,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	64¼	66	64¼	66	+1
130	140	100	Buff., Roch. & Pitts.	135	135	135	135	−5
129⅝	130	15,200	Canadian Pacific	127⅞	130¼	127⅞	129⅝	+2⅜
165	172	300	Central R. R. of N. J.	170	170	170	170	−5
42¼	43	4,530	Chesapeake & Ohio	41¼	42½	41	42½	+⅞
29¼	29¾	4,300	Chicago & Alton	28¾	29½	28	29¼	+⅞
68¼	68½	270	Chicago & Alton pf.	68⅜	68⅝	68⅜	68⅝	+⅛
21⅛	21¼	7,500	Chicago Great West.	20½	21⅜	20½	21⅜	+1⅛
36⅞	37	800	Chi. Great West. pf. B	36	36⅞	35⅞	36⅞	+½
160	160⅛	85,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	158⅝	160½	158	160⅛	+1⅝
177¼	178	1,500	Chicago & North.	175½	177½	175	177¼	+2⅛
15¼	15½	600	Chi. Term. Trans.	14½	15½	14½	15½	+1½
28⅛	28½	800	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	28½	28½	27⅞	28⅛	−¾
8	8½	300	Chicago Union Trac.	8	8	7⅞	8	−½
88	89	200	C., C., C. & St. L.	88½	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	−½
57	57½	2,700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	55½	57	55½	57	+1⅛
23⅞	24	2,300	Colorado & Southern	23	23⅞	22⅞	23⅞	+⅞
63	64	700	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	62	63	62	63	
35½	36	800	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	35	35½	35	35½	−1½
19½	20½	300	Col. & H. C. & I.	19	19¾	19	19¾	+½
205½	206	1,320	Consolidated Gas	202½	206	202½	205½	+3⅜
112	115	900	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	111⅝	112½	111⅝	112½	+1
32⅝	33	1,975	Corn Products Co.	32	33	32	33	+1⅜
80⅜	82	210	Corn Products Co. pf.	81	81	80⅜	80⅜	−¼
163⅛	163½	4,500	Delaware & Hudson	161	163½	161	163⅛	+3⅛
243	246	900	Del., Lack. & Western	244	247	244	246	+4
34¼	34⅝	1,735	Denver & R. G.	33⅞	34¼	33⅞	34¼	+1¼
84½	85	400	Denver & R. G. pf.	84	84½	84	84½	+⅝
39½	40	800	D. M. & Ft. Dodge	38	39½	37	39½	−2
14¼	14½	500	Detroit Southern	14	14½	14	14½	+½
27½	28	100	Detroit Southern pf.	27	27	27	27	
30⅛	30⅝	512	*Distillers' Securities	29⅞	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛	+⅜
14	14½	700	*Dul., S. S. & At.	13	14½	13	13⅞	−⅝
20¼	21¼	770	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	20⅛	20⅞	19½	20⅞	+⅞
33	33¼	28,800	Erie	32½	33¼	32	33¼	+1½
64⅛	64¼	5,100	Erie 1st pf.	63½	64⅛	62⅝	64	+1⅛
50⅛	51	2,900	Erie 2d pf.	48	50⅛	48	50⅛	+1⅝
63	63½	1,800	Evans. & T. H.	62½	63	62	63	
62	67	100	General Chemical	65	65	65	65	−4½
182½	183	3,500	General Electric	180	182½	179	182½	+2
96	100	600	Hocking Valley	95	96	95	96	+1½
93⅜	95	1,225	Hocking Valley pf.	93¼	93⅜	93	93¼	+1½
133¼	133½	5,800	Illinois Central	131	133¼	130⅞	133⅛	+2
16	17	1,100	Internat. Paper	15	16	15	16	+1
70	71	100	Internat. Paper pf.	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	+¼
50⅜	51	400	*Internat. Power Co.	50½	50½	50½	50½	−½
43	45	10	Internat. Steam Pump	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	
82	84	100	Inter. Steam Pump pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	−⅜
34	34½	500	Iowa Central	33	34	33	34	+⅞
58½	59½	1,100	Iowa Central pf.	56	58½	56	58½	+1½
28⅜	30	1,900	Kansas City South.	28⅛	28⅜	27⅝	28⅜	+1⅛
51⅜	51¾	400	Kansas City South. pf.	51	51⅜	51	51⅜	−1
35	38	100	Keokuk & D. M.	37½	37½	37½	37½	−½
115¼	115½	9,800	Louisville & Nashville	114½	115⅜	113½	115⅜	+1½
137⅝	137¾	11,375	Manhattan Elevated	136½	137½	135⅝	137⅝	+1⅛
100	110	650	*Met. Securities	109	109	108⅝	109	
133⅜	133½	3,200	*Met. Street Railway	132½	133⅜	132	133⅜	+1½
25⅜	25½	8,500	Mexican Central	24⅞	25½	24½	25½	+⅞
94	95	150	Minn. & St. Louis	94	94	94	94	−1½
65½	66	1,800	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	64	65½	63½	65½	+1⅛
123¼	123½	700	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	123	123¼	122⅞	123⅛	+3½
24⅛	25	2,700	Mo., Kan. & Texas	23½	24½	23½	24⅛	+1⅛
52	52½	1,600	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	52	52⅛	51½	52	+1
105	105⅛	38,100	Missouri Pacific	104	105⅛	102⅞	105	+1
105	108	160	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	105	105	105	105	−2½
42¼	43	1,400	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	42½	43	42½	43	+1½
24⅛	25	1,300	*Nat. Lead Co.	23½	24	23	24	+⅞
90⅛	91	224	*Nat. Lead Co. pf.	90	90	90	90	−1⅛
18⅝	19	775	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	18⅝	18½	18⅝	18½	+⅛
37	37½	850	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	37½	37½	36⅞	37	+½
157	160	500	*N. Y. Air Brake	159	160	159	160	+4½
130⅛	130¼	12,650	New York Central	128½	130⅛	128⅛	130⅛	+1½
32	33	230	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	32	32	32	32	+2
72	80	500	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	74	74	74	74	−7
160	162	100	*N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	161	161	161	161	
200	200⅛	293	N. Y., N. H. & H.	200	200⅛	200	200⅛	+¾
28⅛	28¼	7,800	N. Y., Ont. & West.	27⅞	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	+⅞
68⅜	68⅝	4,000	Norfolk & Western	67	68⅝	66⅞	68½	+1⅛
88	90	25	Norfolk & Western pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	
96⅛	98	900	North American	98	97	96	97	+3⅛
31⅛	33	200	Pacific Mail	31½	32	31½	32	+⅛
134	134¼	79,750	Pennsylvania R. R.	133	134⅛	132⅞	134⅛	+1⅛
2⅝	3	2,300	Pennsylvania rts	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	+⅛
101⅞	101⅝	3,430	People's Gas, Chicago	100	101⅞	100	101⅞	+1⅞
..	..	300	Pere Marquette	79	79½	79⅜	79⅜	−½
70	78	200	P., C., C. & St. L.	78	78	78	78	−3½
60⅝	61	200	Pressed Steel Car	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	+⅝
92	93	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	92	92	92	92	
216	220	325	Pullman Company	215	216	215	216	−⅜
32	33	1,100	*Railway Steel Spring	30	32	30	32	+2
86	86⅛	100	*Ry. Steel Spring pf.	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	+⅛
53⅛	53⅜	40,100	Reading	52	53⅜	51⅜	53⅛	+1⅝
81⅛	82	200	Reading 1st pf.	81¼	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛	
..	67	600	Reading 2d pf.	66	66⅜	66	66⅜	
18⅛	18¾	1,000	*Rep. Iron & Steel	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+⅜
76⅛	76½	400	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	76	76¼	76	76¼	+⅛
41⅛	41¼	42,700	Rock Island Co.	40⅛	41⅛	40⅛	41⅛	+1
75½	76	2,800	Rock Island Co. pf.	74½	75½	74	75½	+⅞
24⅛	25	1,700	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co.	24	24⅛	23⅜	24⅛	+⅞
77	79	100	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co. pf.	77⅛	77⅛	77⅛	77⅛	−1¼
10	12	100	St. Jo. & G. I.	10½	10½	10½	10½	−3½
48	50	100	St. Jo. & G. I. 1st pf.	48	48	48	48	−2½
19	21	100	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf.	18	18	18	18	−2
65⅛	66	8,050	St. L. & San Fran.	65	67	63⅜	65⅛	+1
66	66⅛	1,000	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	65½	66	64⅛	66	+1
22⅛	22½	600	St. Louis Southw.	21⅛	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	+⅛
50½	52½	1,800	St. Louis Southw. pf.	48½	49⅝	48½	49⅝	+1⅛
55	56	450	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	55	55	55	55	
92	95	100	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co. pf.	94	94	94	94	+2½
55⅛	56	21,700	Southern Pacific	54½	55⅜	54⅛	55⅛	+1⅛
29⅛	29⅝	11,000	Southern Ry., ext.	29⅛	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝	+⅝
91	91½	475	South. Ry. pf. ext.	90	91	90	91	+1
92	95	100	So. Ry., M. & O. st. cts	94	94	94	94	−⅜
63	63½	3,200	Tennessee Coal & Iron	62	63¼	61⅜	63¼	+1½
32	32⅛	8,625	Texas & Pacific	31⅛	32	30	32	+1⅛
24	25	1,300	Tol., St. L. & West.	23	24⅛	23⅛	24⅛	
42¼	43	1,650	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	41⅛	42	41⅛	42	
109⅜	110⅛	910	Twin City R. T.	109	109⅜	108⅝	109	
88⅛	88⅝	56,130	Union Pacific	87	88⅝	86⅞	88⅝	+2⅛
89	89½	1,035	Union Pacific pf.	88	89	88	89	+1
16	18	200	United Rys. Invest.	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	−1
51	54	750	United Rys. Invest. pf.	52	52	50	50	−6
..	..	400	*U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	51	52	51	52	+¼
13⅛	13¼	20,800	*U. S. Leather	12½	13⅛	12½	13⅛	+1
92	92½	1,565	*U. S. Leather pf.	90⅛	92½	90⅛	92	+1
19	19¼	2,800	U. S. Realty & Con.	18⅛	19¼	18⅛	19¼	+1¼
65⅛	65⅝	2,000	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	64⅛	65⅝	64¼	65⅝	+⅝
14	15	450	U. S. Rubber	14	14⅛	14	14	−⅛
48	49	200	U. S. Rubber pf.	48	48	48	48	
34⅛	35	38,680	U. S. Steel	34¼	35	33⅞	34⅞	
84⅛	84⅜	20,557	U. S. Steel pf.	83⅞	84⅜	83⅞	84⅜	+1⅛
30⅛	33	300	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	30	31	30	31	+1
59½	60	1,600	Va.-Caro. Chemical	59½	59½	58⅞	59½	+⅛
..	..	500	*Vulcan Detinning	28	28⅛	28	28⅛	+1
25¼	27	1,200	Wabash	24⅛	26	24⅛	26	+1
44¼	44½	6,400	Wabash pf.	43⅛	44¼	42⅞	44¼	+1
200	225	20	Wells-Fargo Express	215	215	215	215	
85	86	1,750	Western Union Tel.	85	85½	84⅞	85½	+½
22	22¼	100	Wheeling & Lake Erie	22	22	22	22	+½
52	53	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	52	52½	52	52½	−½
31	31½	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	−½
23¼	24	1,025	Wisconsin Central	23	23⅜	22⅞	23⅜	+¼
46½	47	1,450	Wisconsin Central pf.	46⅛	46⅞	46	46⅞	+⅞
		870,181	Sales.					

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$221,488,146
Gold	110,547,952
Silver	17,802,511
United States notes	2,947,852
Treasury notes of 1890	80,810
National bank notes	8,401,225
Total receipts this day	940,127
Total receipts this month	10,423,792
Total receipts this year	442,517,193
Total expenditures this day	1,380,000
Total expenditures this month	20,420,000
Total expenditures this year	400,684,177
Deposits in National banks	155,715,121
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	598,480
Government receipts—	
Internal revenue	196,346
Customs	677,890
Miscellaneous	74,868

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000
TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.	
Gold coin	$406,862,069
Silver dollars	465,802,000
Silver dollars of 1890	1,008,495
Silver bullion of 1890	20,201,505
Total	$894,044,069

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$406,862,069
Silver certificates outstanding	465,002,000
Treasury notes outstanding	21,210,000
Total	$894,044,069

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$84,746,642
Gold certificates	24,801,910
Silver coin and bullion	13,355,296
Silver certificates	4,557,215
United States notes	3,947,852
Other assets	17,963,852
Total in Treasury	$158,352,169
Deposits in National banks	155,715,121
Total	$314,067,290
Current liabilities	92,584,144
Available cash balance	$221,488,146

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—W. G. Elliott, Wilmington, Del.; ex-Gov. E. C. Smith, Vermont; E. W. Oglebay, Cleveland; J. N. Beckley, Buffalo.

HOLLAND—R. B. Armstrong, Washington; A. S. Ingalls, Cleveland; C. W. Ames, St. Paul.

FIFTH AVENUE—Prof. Maxwell Somerville, University of Pennsylvania; Atherton Clark, Boston.

SAVOY—W. E. Baker, Washington; Edward E. Schoarff, St. Louis.

MANHATTAN—H. Gustav Hermann, Nuernberg; Frank Semple, Pittsburg; Sir William Van Horne, Montreal.

PLAZA—J. A. Sanders, Washington; Dr. Hart Goodloe, Louisville.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 14.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Woerner Preserving and Packing Company, Liverpool; capital, $300,000. Directors—W. A. Wynkoop, W. E. Hopkins, and A. T. Armstrong, Syracuse.

A. T. Stewart Realty Company, New York; capital, $300,000. Directors—R. C. Ogden and William Sidebottom, New York, and W. L. Nevin, Philadelphia.

Hitchcock, Carter & Charlton, incorporated, New York, (to act as theatrical proprietors;) capital, $100,000. Directors—Raymond Hitchcock, E. J. Carter, and L. G. Charlton, New York.

James R. Miller Company, Watertown, (general store;) capital, $60,000. Directors—James R. Miller, Watertown; Roswell S. George and George B. Phelps, New York.

George F. Weaver's Son's Company, Utica, (brick and building materials;) capital, $80,000. Directors—F. G. Weaver, C. C. Weaver, and W. B. Weaver, Deerfield.

Davis & Darcy, New York, (theatrical business;) capital, $20,000. Directors—Owen Davis, Frederick Darcy, and C. L. Young, New York.

Graves Typewriter Company, New York; capital, $15,000. Directors—E. J. Graves and P. C. Locke, New York, and J. K. Clark, Brooklyn.

Drotleff Salvator Turf Company, New York, (to train thoroughbred racing horses;) capital, $5,000. Directors—H. A. Geney, Peter Drotleff and J. A. Isner, New York.

Allan Babcock Manufacturing Company, New York, (to manufacture swings and fire escapes;) capital, $10,000. Directors—John Allan, H. C. Babcock, Jr., and Benjamin Franklin, New York.

Eureka Bedclothes Fastener Company, New York; capital, $3,000. Directors—Ellen J. Hall and W. D. Birdsall, New York, and Anna E. Birdsall, Stamford, Conn.

Sommer Deutsche Company, New York, (securities;) capital, $500. Directors—C. L. Thiele, Joseph Thomas, and Ralph Welt, New York.

Schelling Krakaur Company, New York, (liquors;) capital, $600. Directors—Andrew W. Schelling, Abraham F. Krakaur, and Louis Wesenthal, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

The Coshocton Brick Company; capital, $50,000. Incorporators—Benjamin F. Colton, C. J. Bowen, James D. Serena, Robert Lowe, and Samuel Williams.

S. E. Marburger Company, to import goods from Panama; capital, $125,000. Incorporators—Frederick B. Campbell, Kenneth K. McLaren, and Louis B. Dailey.

Oak Crest Land Company, Atlantic City; capital, $50,000.

Pepsin Relish Company, Camden; capital, $500,000.

Dividend Plantation Company, Camden; capital, $25,000.

Adams & Kern Company, Camden, to deal in leather; capital, $20,000.

Monument Bond Company, Camden; capital, $2,500.

Incorporated in Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 14.—These charters were secured at Dover to-day:

Santa Lucia Fruit and Cotton Company of Port Huron, Mich., to purchase real estate; capital, $125,000.

Swarthmore Lumber Company of Philadelphia, to deal in lumber of all kinds; capital, $600,000.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	106¼	107
2s, c., 1930	106¼	107
3s, r., 1918	107¼	108¼
3s, c., 1918	108⅛	109¼
3s, 1918, sm.	106⅛	..
4s, r., 1907	111½	112¼
4s, c., 1907	111½	112¼
4s, r., 1925	135⅛	136⅛
4s, c., 1925	135½	137½
5s, r., 1904	103¼	104¼
5s, c., 1904	103⅛	104⅛
D. C. 3-65s	121	..
Adams Exp.	225	235
Alb. & Sus.	225	..
Alle. & W.	145	..
Allis-C. pf.	..	86
Am. Ag. Ch.	21	21½
A. A. C. pf.	78	80
Am. B. Sug.	27	..
A. B. S. pf.	..	83¼
Am. Bicycle	..	½
Am. Bic. pf.	½	..
Am. Coal	200	225
A. C. O. pf.	95	97
Am. D. Tel.	30	39
A. H. & L. pf.	28½	30
Am. L. Co.	15¼	17½
A. L. Co. pf.	36½	42½
Am. Snuff	..	125
Am. Sn. pf.	..	95
Am. St. Fds.	13	15
A. S. F. pf.	58	61
A. T. R. pf.	119	120
A. T. & T.	152	154
Am. Tob. pf.	140	145
Am. W. Co.	12½	14
A. W. Co. pf.	76	79
Ann Arbor	31	38
Ann A. pf.	63	67
A. M. 1st pf.	90	95
B. A. L. pf.	108	..
B. Un. Gas	200	210
Bruns. City	10⅛	11⅛
B. R. & P. pf.	150	155
Butterick Co.	48	51
Canada So.	69¼	72
C. B. & Q.	180	200
C. & E. Ill. pf.	120	..
C. G. W. pf. A	77	78
C. G. W. d.	88½	89
C., M. & St. P. pf.	175	183¼
C., St. P., M. & Om.	130	140
C., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	180	190
C. U. T. pf.	37½	..
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	115	117
C., L. & W.	80	90
C., L. & W. pf.	80	90
Cleve. & P.	185	187½
C. F. & I. pf.	..	125
Com. Cable	..	160
Consol. Coal	83	95
D. & S. W.	5	25
D. & S. W. pf.	5	25
Det. U. Ry.	80	82
Dia Match	134	137
Ev. & T. H. pf.	85	90
Ft. W. & D. City	55	60
G. C. Co. pf.	99	101
Gt. Nor. pf.	180	200
Homestake	60	70
Ill. C., l. l.	103	..
Joliet & Chi.	165	..
Kan. & M.	38	39½
K. C., F. S. & Mem. pf.	75	77
K. & D. M. pf.	60	65
Lacl. Gas	97	99
Lacl. G. pf.	100	110
L. E. & W.	38½	40
L. E. & W. pf.	100	113
Long Island	66	70
Man. Beach	11	12½
Md. C. pf.	100	125
Mich. Cent.	125	150
Mil. El. R. & L. pf.	120	..
M. & St. L. pf.	107	118
Mob. & B. pf.	92	96
Nat. B. pf.	104½	105
Nat. Enam.	32	33
Nat. En. pf.	88	90
N. Cent. C.	47	50
N. Y., B. & M. B. pf.	95	110
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	105	112
N. Y. D. Co.	20	28
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	49⅛	53⅛
Nor. Cent.	210	..
Ont. Mining	5½	8
Pac. Coast	56	63
P. C. 1st pf.	94	105
P. C. 2d pf.	68	75
Peo. & E.	28	30
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	106
P., Ft. W. & C.	185	189
P., Ft. W. & C. sp.	183	..
Quicksilver	1⅛	2½
Quicksil'r pf.	7½	9
R. R. Sec. Ill. C. st'k ctfs.	87	94
Rens. & Sar.	208	..
R., W. & O.	135	140
St. L. & S. F. C. E. I. ctfs.	..	205
St. L. & S. F. C. E. I. pf. ctfs.	120	132
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	..	81
S. R. & T.	4½	5
T. P. L. Tr.	33	37½
Third Av.	120	125
T. P. & W.	20	25
T. R. & L.	30	35
T. C. R. T. pf.	153	159
U. B. & P.	11	12
U. B. & P. pf.	72½	74
Un. Fruit	103⅛	105
U. S. Exp.	123	130
U. S. R. & Ref.	30	32½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	50	54
U. S. Ship-building	2	20
U. S. Ship-building pf.	2	50
Va.-C. C. Co. pf.	120⅛	121
Westinghouse assenting	185	200
Westinghouse 1st pf.	180½	191½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Tuesday.	Monday.
Alta	.07	.08
Alpha Con.	.08	.08
Andes	.17	.16
Belcher	.53	.53
Best & Belcher	1.70	1.75
Bullion	.07	.08
Caledonia	2.30	2.20
Challenge Con.	.50	.58
Chollar	.28	.29
Confidence	1.25	1.35
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.55	1.60
Con. Imperial	.02	.02
Crown Point	.27	.29
Gould & Curry	.44	.36
Hale & Norcross	.28	.63
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.13	.12
Kentucky Con.	.02	.02
Lady Washington Con.	.05	.05
Mexican	1.15	1.25
Occidental Con.	.45	.45
Ophir	1.70	1.75
Overman	.57	.58
Potosi	.27	.24
Savage	.25	.25
Seg. Belcher	.20	.21
Sierra Nevada	.35	.35
Syndicate	.30	1.00
St. Louis	.23	.22
Union Con.	1.05	1.10
Utah Con.	.30	.32
Yellow Jacket	.34	.35
Silver bars	.49⅛	.49⅛
Mexican dollars	38@39	38@39
Drafts, sight	.12½	.12½
Telegraph	.15	.15

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, April 14.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Acacia	8¼	9	8½	9½
American Con	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Anaconda	13	15½	13	15½
Blue Bell	4	6	4½	6
C. K. & N.	18	18⅞	17	19
C. C. Consolidated	4½	5	4½	5½
Coriolanus	2⅛	3	2½	3
C. C. & M.	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
Dante	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Dr. Jackpot	8⅛	9	8½	9
Elkton	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	37⅛
El Paso	58	59	58	60
Findlay	13⅛	14½	13⅛	14⅛
Gold Dollar Con.	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Golden Cycle	73	74	73	74
Golden Fleece	5	11	5	11
Gold Bond	2½	3½	3	3½
Gold Sovereign	3	4	2⅞	3⅝
Gould	3	4	3	4
Gold Exploration	2¼	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Isabella	16	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Jackpot	8	9	8	9
Keystone	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Last Dollar	20	50	20	50
Lexington	4½	5	4⅜	4⅞
Little Puck	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Little Bessie	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Mollie Gibson	5½	7	5½	7
Mary Cashen	2½	3	2⅞	3½
Moon Anchor	8	9	8	9
New Haven	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½
Old Gold	4⅛	5	4⅛	5
Pharmacist	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Pinnacle	4¼	4⅝	4¼	4⅞
Portland	133½	136	130	140
Rose Maud	2⅞	2¾	2½	2½
Rose Nicol	2⅛	2⅞	2	2⅞
Sunset Eclipse	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Vindicator	98	104	97	105
Work	6½	7	6⅝	6⅝

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
GRAND TRUNK System—			
Mileage	4,085	4,082	4,082
1st week April	$637,980	$546,709	$531,124
From July 1	25,367,191	22,660,768	21,700,954
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO—			
Mileage	4,830	3,939	3,049
1st week April	527,107	479,208	329,877
From July 1	24,141,511	20,083,253	14,271,533

ALLEGHENY VALLEY reports changes from last year for February and for the two months ended Feb. 28, as follows—

	February.		Two Months.	
Gross earnings	Inc.	$45,974	Inc.	$81,060
Operating expenses	Inc.	74,654	Inc.	127,246
Net earnings	Dec.	28,680	Dec.	46,186

	1903.	1902.	1901.
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
Mileage	1,293	1,293	1,258
1st week April	146,000	111,255	138,064
From July 1	5,749,150	5,755,338	5,918,842
PHILADELPHIA & ERIE for February—			
Gross earnings	$462,034	$418,085	$400,841
Operating ex.	416,337	305,800	285,264
Net earnings	45,697	112,285	115,577
Gross, 2 months	1,009,994	883,727	842,237
Operating ex.	844,305	638,405	614,271
Net, 2 months	165,689	245,322	227,966

TENNESSEE COAL, IRON & RAILROAD for the quarter ended March 31—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Net earnings	947,108	585,896	361,212
Total income	953,140	585,896	367,244
Int. on bds. & div.	185,140	198,307	*13,167
Other int.	......	3,602	*3,602
Taxes & adm. ex.	14,362	15,627	*1,265
Total charges	199,502	217,536	*18,034
Balance	753,638	368,360	385,278
Deprec. fund	114,243	118,333	*4,000
Balance	639,395	250,027	389,368
Preferred divs.	4,966	4,966	......
Surplus	634,429	245,061	389,368

WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Weather Bureau to-day issued the following weekly summary of crop conditions:

In the districts east of the Rocky Mountains during the week ended April 13 the temperature has been highly favorable for growth of vegetation, but farm work was very generally retarded by rains in the lake region, central valleys, and Atlantic Coast districts, while complaints of lack of moisture are received from portions of the Central and West Gulf States. In the Central and Northern Rocky Mountain districts, and on the north Pacific Coast the season is very backward, and Washington and Oregon have suffered from cold, wet weather. In California the conditions have been generally favorable, with the exception of some damage by frost.

Corn planting is in progress as far north as Kansas, Southern Missouri, Tennessee, and North Carolina; further south planting is well advanced and is completed in some sections.

The condition of Winter wheat is generally excellent, and it has made splendid progress since the first of the month; in the Upper Ohio Valley, however, the freeze of the 4th and 5th caused some injury. On the whole the condition of the crop in the Winter wheat belt east of the Rocky Mountains is more promising than for years. In California the outlook is also promising, but in Oregon and Washington the condition of the crop is less favorable, especially in the last-named State, where about one-third of the acreage will be resown.

Spring wheat seeding is nearly completed in Iowa and Nebraska, and is progressing well in South Dakota; none has yet been sown in North Dakota and in Northern Minnesota, but in Southern Minnesota some has been sown on rolling lands.

Oats continue promising in the Southern States, and seeding is nearly completed or well advanced in the central valleys, where the early sown is coming up well.

Cotton planting has made good progress in the central and western portions of the cotton belt, except in the flooded areas of Mississippi and Louisiana; planting is well advanced in Southern Georgia, but is progressing slowly in Northern Georgia and in South Carolina. Over the southern portions of the central and eastern districts and in Texas early plantings are coming up to fair to good stands.

Tobacco plants are plentiful and generally growing well, though late in Kentucky. Transplanting has begun in the Carolinas.

By the close of March, which was a very mild month, all fruits were unusually far advanced. From the 4th to the 6th of April the whole country east of the Mississippi River, including Tennessee, and the northern portion of the South Atlantic States, experienced temperatures below freezing, stations in the more northerly districts reporting temperatures from 8 degrees to 18 degrees below freezing. The reports now indicate that many varieties of fruit have suffered severely, more particularly peaches. In California, while some damage has been done by frost, the outlook is favorable; on the North Pacific Coast the season is so backward that fruit has not been exposed to injury.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The storm is passing off the Virginia coast with still further increase in intensity, but the pressure is low throughout the country, except in the middle and northern slopes, and over western Lake Superior.

Rain continues from the upper Mississippi Valley eastward, except in New England, while to the westward as far as the Rocky Mountains the weather has been fair; there were also showers in the South Atlantic States.

Temperatures have fallen considerably from the Ohio Valley southward, and are 6 to 20 degrees below the seasonal average. They have risen generally west of the Mississippi River. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather is generally cloudy, and there have been local showers in the coast States.

There will be rain Wednesday in New England and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States, and rain or snow in the lake region. In the Ohio Valley and southern portion of the Middle Atlantic States rain Wednesday will be followed by clearing weather. There will be showers Wednesday in the middle and southern plateau and the Northern Pacific districts, probably continuing Thursday in the latter section. There will also be showers Wednesday night or Thursday in the Central Rocky Mountain region, Northern New Mexico, and the Texas Panhandle.

Temperatures will continue comparatively low in the Atlantic States for the next two days. From the upper lake region southward they will rise generally during Thursday. It will be warmer Wednesday in the Slope and Central Rocky Mountain regions, and warmer Wednesday and Thursday in the Mississippi Valley.

On the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast the winds will be high northerly; on the South Atlantic Coast brisk westerly to northwesterly, except high on the Virginia and North Carolina Coasts; on the Gulf Coast light to fresh northerly, and on the Great Lakes high northerly.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have high northerly winds with rain to the Grand Banks. Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Wilmington to Eastport, and on the Great Lakes, except Superior.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

New England, rain Wednesday; high north winds; Thursday, probably fair.

District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia, rain Wednesday, probably followed by clearing; brisk to high north winds; Thursday fair.

New Jersey, Eastern New York, Delaware, and Eastern Pennsylvania, rain Wednesday; high north winds; Thursday fair.

North Carolina, fair Wednesday, cooler in eastern portion. Thursday, fair, with rising temperature; high west to north winds on the coast, slowly diminishing.

Western Pennsylvania, rain Wednesday, followed by clearing; colder in south portion; brisk to high north winds. Thursday, fair; warmer.

Minnesota, fair Wednesday. Thursday, fair, with warmer in east portion; fresh east winds.

North Carolina, fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Western New York, rain Wednesday, possibly snow along the lakes; brisk to high north winds. Thursday, fair.

South Dakota, fair Wednesday; warmer in extreme west portion. Thursday, fair.

South Carolina, fair and cool Wednesday. Thursday, fair, with rising temperature; fresh to brisk north winds.

LOCAL FORECAST.—Rain; high north winds.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES'S thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.— 1902.	1903.	—TIMES. 1903.
3 A. M.	42	43	46
6 A. M.	41	43	45
9 A. M.	46	43	48
12 M.	46	45	50
3 P. M.	47	45	49
6 P. M.	47	44	45
9 P. M.	47	44	45
12 P. M.	42	44	44

THE TIMES'S thermometer is 8 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 265 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	46½
Weather Bureau	44
Corresponding date 1902	44
Corresponding date for last 25 years	49

The thermometer registered 43 degrees at 8 A. M. and 44 degrees at 8 P. M. yesterday, the maximum temperature being 45 degrees at 12 noon and the minimum 42 degrees at 8 A. M. The humidity was 94 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Livingstone, corsets, infants' wear, and muslin underwear; 43 Leonard Street.

Mark's, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Carl Mark, millinery, laces, ribbons, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Imperial.

Bear, C. H., York, Penn., cloaks and waists; J. C. Jordan, furnishing goods; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Burnham, Stoepel & Co., Detroit, Mich.; R. W. Hundley, skirts; 43 Leonard Street.

Rich, M., & Brothers' Company, Atlanta, Ga.; M. Rich, dry goods; 415 Broadway.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; E. P. McPherson, upholstery goods; 115 Worth Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Strauss, B. J., & Samish, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Samish, notions; 637 Broadway; Gilsey House. "Fair," Cincinnati, Ohio; H. E. Schmidt, cloaks, suits, and waists; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.

Pollock, Pettibone & Chapman, Detroit, Mich.; H. B. Pollock, millinery; Park Avenue Hotel.

Dickleson & Co., Holyoke, Mass.; A. E. Dickleson, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Vendome.

Garson, Meyer & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; M. Meyer, woolens; Victoria Hotel.

Baer, D., & Son, Baltimore, Md.; S. Baer, fancy goods; Hoffman House.

Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; A. Murdoch, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Cadillac.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; M. Bernheimer, silks, linens, and white goods; Criterion Hotel.

Starbuck, E. D., & Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; E. D. Starbuck, piece goods; L. A. Norton, wrappers; Hotel Vendome.

O'Gorman Company, Providence, R. I.; J. F. Leary, house furnishing goods, jewelry, fancy goods, &c.; Herald Square Hotel.

Pitts-Kimball Company, Boston, Mass.; G. W. Little, upholstery goods; J. H. Murphy, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.

Neuhausel Brothers, Toledo, Ohio; M. J. Glisdorf, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.

Quackenbush, G. V. H., Company, Troy, N. Y.; E. Q. Lasell, carpets and rugs; Hotel Imperial.

Clawson & Wilson, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. Wilson, white goods, laces, hosiery, and gloves; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; J. W. Sprague, silks and ribbons; 72 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.82
Corn, mixed	.51½
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.39
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.25
Cotton, middling	10.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05⅛
Sugar, granulated	4.75
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Beef, family	14.25
Beef hams	20.75
Tallow, prime	.05⅛
Pork, mess	18.25
Hogs, dressed, 160 lb.	.09⅛
Lard, prime	10.25
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	23.50
Butter, Western creamery	.27

CHICAGO, April 14.—No. 2 Spring wheat, 76@78c; No. 3, 70@77c; No. 2 red, 74½@75½c; No. 2 corn, 43½c; No. 2 yellow, 43½c; No. 2 oats, 31@31½c; No. 3 white, 32@36½c; No. 2 rye, 46½c; good feeding barley, 37@40c; fair to choice malting, 48@54c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.08; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.10; prime timothy seed, $3.50; mess pork, per bbl, $17.95@18; lard, per 100 lb, $9.87½@9.90; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.80@9.90; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $8.75@8.87½; short clear sides, (boxed,) $10@10.25; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, $18.

COTTON.—While the course of values was irregular, and fluctuations comparatively broad, with the market still apparently more or less under the control of the bull clique, the trend of cotton prices was downward. The market opened steady at a decline of 3 points to an advance of 1 point under disappointing cables and liquidation, but almost immediately turned stronger as a result of fresh purchases of May by the bull leaders and of further covering by old-crop shorts. The action of the bull pool in forcing the higher level was apparently for the purpose of securing a better selling level, for when May had reached 10.60 and July 10.17 the market broke sharply under heavy liquidation, which was apparently chiefly for this account. The decline was encouraged by the liberal receipts for the day, which turned out 13,239 bales, against 12,344 bales last year, and by the rather bearish comparisons afforded by the interior movement. The later cables from Liverpool also were a factor in the weakness. In order to conform with the New York closing of Monday, Liverpool should have been 4 to 15 points higher, instead of which opening prices there were only 5@6 points higher, and the close was at an advance of but 2@3½ points. Still, after a decline of from 9 to 13 points on the old crop positions, the market was again rallied by the clique, who seemed to be operating with the idea of scalping fractional profits. On this advance prices were marked up 10 points on May. The market was finally steady at a net decline of 5@28 points, that level being within a point of the lowest for the session on May and July. Speculation was slightly more active, sales being estimated at 300,000 bales, but remained largely professional. The first weekly report of the Weather Bureau for the season was taken as reflecting favorable outlook for new crop preparations, but exerted little effect on fluctuations.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
April	10.44	10.47	10.35	10.30@10.32
May	10.57	10.60	10.36	10.37@10.38
June	10.12	10.12	10.04	10.00@10.02
July	10.15	10.17	9.98	9.99@10.00
August	9.54	9.54	9.41	9.44@9.45
September	8.83	8.85	8.79	8.79@8.80
October	8.54	8.57	8.51	8.51@8.52
November	8.45	8.46	8.41	8.40@8.42
December	8.44	8.44	8.38	8.39@....

LIVERPOOL, April 14.—Spot cotton hardening; sales, 7,000 bales; speculation and export, 500; American, 6,000. Receipts, 63,000 bales; American, 44,000; middling upland, 5.46. Futures opened barely steady, 5@6 points advance. Closed steady, net 2@3½ points higher. April and April-May, 5.27@5.28; May-June, 5.26@5.27; June-July, 5.29; July-August, 5.28@5.29; August-September, 5.18; September-October, 4.81; October-November, 4.62; November-December, 4.54@4.55. Manchester yarns quiet. Cloths, more demand.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT—Instead of being dominated by manipulation in Chicago, as for some days past, wheat in New York developed an independent bull movement, which carried May up 1¾c, and closed the market plump at the top, or 1⅝c above the close of Monday. On the late curb May was quoted at 80c. This somewhat sensational advance in May was an outcome of frightened shorts, who saw in the light stock here a reason for anxiety, and once started gave little heed to influences one way or the other, but made all haste to protect themselves. The violent upturn greatly widened out the difference between May and July, it being 3⅛c at the close, against 2⅛c premium the night before. Quotations of cash wheat, free on board, afloat basis, were as follows: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 88⅛c, to arrive; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 87⅛c; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, 86⅛c; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 85⅛c, and No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 85⅛c, all to arrive shipment at opening of navigation; No. 2 red, New York, 81⅛c, nominal.

ST. LOUIS, April 14.—Wheat—No. 2 red, cash, 69⅛c; May, 69⅛c; July, 65⅛c; No. 2 hard, 70@72⅛c. Corn—No. 2, cash, 39⅛c, nominal; May, 39⅛c; July, 39⅛@40c. Oats—No. 2, cash, 33c, nominal; May, 33c, nominal; July, 29⅛c; No. 2 white, 37⅛c.

MILWAUKEE, April 14.—Wheat, No. 1 Northern, 79@79½c; No. 2 Northern, 77½@78c; May, 76⅛@76⅝c bid. Rye—No. 1, 52c. Barley—No. 2, 58@60c; sample, 40@58c. Corn—May, 43⅛c asked.

DULUTH, April 14.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 78c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74⅛c; May, No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; July, 75⅛c. Oats—May, 32⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 14.—Wheat—Cash, 76⅛c; May, 74⅛c; July, 74⅛@74⅝c; on track: No. 1 hard, 77⅛c; No. 1 Northern, 76⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75⅛c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.15@$4.35; Winter straights, $3.50@$3.60; Winter patents, $3.70@$4; Spring clears, $3.20@$3.40; extra No. 1 Winter, $2.90@$3.10; extra No. 2 Winter, $2.80@$2.85; red dog, $20.60@$21, to arrive. Rye Flour—Fair to good, $2.80@$3.20; choice to fancy, $3.25@$3.45. Cornmeal—Kiln dried, $3@$3.10, as to brand. Bagmeal—Fine white and yellow, $1.35@$1.45; coarse, $1.06@$1.08. Feed—Spring bran, spot, $18; sacks, to arrive, 200 lbs, $16.35; Spring bran middling, $16.75@$21, in 200-lb sacks; city feed, $18@$19; linseed oil cake, $27; hominy chop, $16, to arrive; oil meal, $25.50@$26.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	78⅝	80	78⅝	79⅝
July	75⅛	76 1-16	75⅛	76
September	73½	73⅝	73½	73⅝
Corn—				
April	..	..	..	52½
May	51⅝	51⅝	51	51⅛
July	49⅝	49⅝	49⅛	49⅝
September	..	..	..	49⅛
Oats—				
May	..	..	..	38½

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	75⅝	76⅛	75⅝	76⅛
July	70⅝	71 1-16	70 5-16	71
September	68	68⅛	68	68⅛
Corn—				
May	43½	44	43⅛	43⅞
July	43⅛	43⅝	43⅛	43⅝
September	43⅛	43½	43⅛	43⅜
Oats—				
May	32⅝	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝
July	29½	30 1-16	29½	30
September	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27⅝
Lard—				
May	$9.92½	$9.92½	$9.87½	$9.90
June	9.85	9.85	9.80	9.82½
Ribs—				
May	9.90	9.90	9.87½	9.90
July	9.75	9.77½	9.72½	9.72½
Pork—				
May	18.02½	18.10	17.87½	18.00
July	17.40	17.45	17.30	17.37½

COFFEE.—Opening at a partial advance of 5 points as a result of a slightly firmer ruling of the European markets and moderate receipts, the coffee market ruled very quiet. For a time it showed some steadiness, then developed a sagging tendency such as usually accompanies a dull market; but just before the close it turned very weak under offerings supposedly based on the large estimates for the forthcoming crop, and was finally barely steady at a net decline of 5@10 points. Sales were reported of 13,750 bags. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
April	..	..	..	3.80@3.85
May	3.90	3.90	3.90	3.85@3.90
June	..	..	..	3.95@4.00
July	..	..	..	4.05@4.10
August	..	..	..	4.15@4.20
September	4.35	4.35	4.30	4.25@4.30
October	..	..	..	4.35@4.40
November	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.40@4.45
December	4.80	4.80	4.75	4.70@4.75
January	..	..	..	4.75@4.80
February	..	..	..	4.80@4.85
March	..	..	..	4.90@4.95

PROVISIONS.—PORK—Mess, $18.25@$18.75; family, $19.50; short clear, $18.75@$20.25. BEEF—Mess, $9@$10; family, $14@$14.50; packet, $11.50@$12.50; extra India mess, $20@$22. BEEF HAMS—$20@$21.50. DRESSED HOGS—Bacons, 9⅛c; 180-lb, 9⅛c; 160-lb, 9⅛c; 140-lb, 9⅛c; pigs, 10¼@10⅝c. CUT MEATS—Pickled bellies, smoking, 11⅛c; 10-lb, 10⅛c; 12-lb, 10c; 14-lb, 9⅛c; pickled shoulders, 9@9⅛c; pickled hams, 11⅛@12c. TALLOW—City, 5⅛c; country, 5⅛@6c. LARD—$10.25; city lard, $9.50@$9.75; refined lard, South America, $11; Continent, $10.55; Brazil, kegs, $12.25; compound, 7⅛@8c. STEARINE—Oleo, 9⅛c; city lard, stearine, 11@11⅛c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits of turpentine, oil and machine bbls, 56c@56½c, nominal. Tar—Pine bbls, $2.25@$3.30; oil bbls, $4. Resin—Common to good strained, $2.25@$2.30; D and E, $2.30; F, $2.35@$2.40; G, $2.45@$2.50; H, $2.65@$2.70; I, $3.10@$3.15; K, $3.50; M, $3.80@$3.90; N, $4; W G, $4.10, and W W, $4.35@$4.40.

SAVANNAH, April 14.—Turpentine, 49½c; receipts, 1,644 casks; sales, 658 casks; exports, none. Resin, receipts, 3,350 bbls; sales, 2,398 bbls; exports, 2,850 bbls; A, B, C, D, E, $1.95; F, $2; G, $2.05; H, $2.40; I, $2.85; K, $3; M, $3.15; N, $3.25; W G, $3.35; W W, $3.50.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 14.—Spirits of turpentine, receipts, 3 casks. Resin, receipts, 206 bbls. Crude turpentine quiet, $2, $3.50, and $3.75; receipts, 36 bbls. Tar firm, $1.65; receipts, 163 bbls.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 14.—Turpentine, 49c; no sales. Resin, A, B, C, D, E, $1.90; F, $1.95; G, $2; H, $2.30; I, $2.75; K, $2.90; M, $3.10; N, $3.25; W G, $3.35; W W, $3.50.

LIVE STOCK.—No sales of beeves reported; dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 7@9½c per lb. Sales of veals rated easier; reported sales were at $5.50@$7.25 per 100 lb; city dressed veals, 8@12c per lb. Sheep and common and medium lambs slow and weak; prime lambs rated about steady; unshorn sheep sold at $4.75@$6.50 per 100 lb; clipped do, at $3@$6.25; culls at $2.75; unshorn lambs at $6.50@$7.75; one head at $8; clipped do, at $5.50@$6.75; a bunch of Kentucky Spring lambs at $7 per 100 lb; about a deck of Maryland do, at $5 each; dressed mutton, 8@11c per lb; dressed lambs, 10@13c; no hogs on sale alive.

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARY GOLDMAN, bankrupt. No. 5,633.

Notice is hereby given that Mary Goldman, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated March 30th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 14th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB GOODMAN, bankrupt. No. 5,709.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Goodman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 4th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 14th, 1903.

Bankruptcy Notices.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY C. MULLER, Bankrupt.—No. 5,627.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt and all other parties in interest:

Notice is hereby given that all the stock of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of groceries, fixtures, machinery, tools, safe, ice boxes, &c., &c., contained in the bankrupt's store at 2,281 7th Avenue, (cor. 134th Street,) New York City, will be sold to the highest bidder at private sale on competitive written bids, which bids should be sealed and sent to the Referee in Bankruptcy, at his offices, No. 45 Cedar Street, New York City, and that such bids will be publicly opened by the Referee at his office aforesaid, on the 24th day of April, 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

The property hereby offered for sale is open to the public for inspection at No. 2,281 7th Avenue, cor. 134th Street, New York City, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. on any day before April 23, 1903. The court will not accept any bid unless it is sealed and at least equals the appraised value of the said property, and must be accompanied by a certified cheque for 10 per cent. of the amount bid. The Court also reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Notice is hereby further given that if the Court shall reject all bids submitted to it, the said property shall then be sold at public auction, under the direction of this Court, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 2,281 7th Avenue, cor. 134th Street, New York City, on the 28th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon.

An appraisal of said property remains on file in my office, where it can be inspected by creditors and all other parties in interest.

The right to withdraw any of said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of the appraised value, is reserved.

Dated New York, April 14, 1903.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—MICHAEL DONOHUE, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Michael Donohue, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 24th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 15th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—FREDERICK FINKE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick Finke, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated the 3d day of April, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

F. K. PENDLETON,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 14, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—EDWARD KIERSKI, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Kierski, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated the 3d day of April, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George B. Adams, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

F. K. PENDLETON,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 14th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JOHN L. MINER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John L. Miner, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 3d, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 15th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IKE ROEY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Ike Roey of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903, the said Ike Roey was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William H. Willis, Esq., No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1903, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

April 8th, 1903.

NO. 5,797.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IKE ROEY, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Ike Roey of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1903, the said Ike Roey was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William H. Willis, Esq., No. 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 28th day of April A. D., 1903, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

April 13, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL A. SCRIBNER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel A. Scribner, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated the 6th day of April, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 27th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

F. K. PENDLETON,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, April 14, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Morris Englander and Louis Englander and Michael J. Ramber, composing the firm of Englander, Son & Ramber, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, April 15, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 128 Bleecker St., Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of Skirts, Piece Goods, Singer Sewing Machines, Electric Motors, Office Furniture, Power Tables, &c. Order of

JOHN C. COLEMAN, Receiver.

BLACK, OLCOTT, GRUBER & BONYNGE, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Mary Ryan and Frances A. Ryan, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, April 15, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 113 and 115 Leonard St., assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of Sewing Machines, Chairs, Mirrors, Carpets, Tables, Bureaus, Chest of Drawers, Glass Cupboard, and outstanding accounts.

Order of SAMUEL BITTERMAN, Trustee.

Legal Notices.

MULLER, PETER.—The People of the State of New York to all persons interested in the estate of F. Foehrenbach Company, assigned to Peter Muller for the benefit of creditors, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear at a Special Term of our Supreme Court, Part I., to be held in and for the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, at the County Court House, in the said Borough of Manhattan, on the 18th day of May, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., then and there to show cause why a final settlement of the account of PETER MULLER by Elizabeth Muller, as executrix of the last will and testament of said Peter Muller, now deceased, as assignee of said F. Foehrenbach Company, should not be had, and, if no cause be shown, then to attend the final settlement of said account.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of our said Supreme Court to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve, Justice of our Supreme Court, this 24th day of March, A. D. 1903.

THOS. L. HAMILTON, Clerk.

FRANCIS C. CANTINE, Attorney for Elizabeth Muller, Executrix, Accountant, 78 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

mar25-law6w-W

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE Supreme Court of the State of New York, made at a Special Term thereof, held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, March 20, 1903, notice is hereby given to all the creditors and persons having claims of any kind against GEORGE F. KROEHL and PERCIVAL KROEHL, or either of them, lately doing business as copartners under the firm name of Henry Kroehl, at No. 220 Pearl Street, Manhattan Borough, in the City of New York, N. Y., that they are required to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, duly verified, to the subscriber, Henri Pressprich, who has been duly appointed Assignee of said George F. Kroehl and Percival Kroehl for the benefit of all their creditors, at his office, No. 27 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on or before June 22, 1903.

Dated New York, March 21, 1903.

HENRI PRESSPRICH, Assignee.

mh22-law6wW

FEDERAL COURTS.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Supreme Court of the United States:

209—Fredericka D. Schultz et al., plaintiffs, vs. August Hernan.—Motion to continue denied.

11, Original—The United States, complainant, vs. the State of Michigan.—Motion to fix day for argument granted and demurrer assigned for argument on April 20, after Nos. 15 and 16 original.

2, Original—The State of South Dakota, complainant, vs. the State of North Carolina et al.—Argument continued.

Call for Wednesday: 3, original, 235, (and 236,) 237, 238, 241, 242, 244, 246, 247 and 249, (and 250 and 251.)

Calendars for Wednesday, April 15.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Day jury calendar. Preferred calendar.
66—Bell vs. National Lead Co. | 63—Keyes vs. Am. Ice Co.
96—Lamb vs. D., L. & W. R. R. Co. | 107—King vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
98—Abelson vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 109—Jacobs vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
105—Schiller vs. Composite Type Bar Co. | 110—Perry vs. Butler. 120—Mearns vs. Cent. R. R. of N. J.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Wallace, J.—Opens in Room 100, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Day jury calendar.
86—Acken vs. Gilbert. | 90—Nutting vs. Worthington.
72—Nagel vs. Grant.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Coxe, J.—Opens in Room 42, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Day jury calendar.
36—McGovern vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. | 88—Hendricks vs. same. 90—Weisshaupt vs. American Ice Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Platt, J.—Opens in Room 47 at 11 A. M.
42—Ben Ali vs. Penn. R. R. Co. | 44—Solomon vs. Armour.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Opens in Room 66, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
34—Ronan vs. Indem. Mut. Ins. Co.

STATE COURTS.

New York Calendars — Wednesday, April 15.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Van Brunt, P. J.; Patterson, O'Brien, Ingraham, and McLaughlin, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Enumerated motions.
47—Riker vs. Clopton. | 44—Straus vs. Am. Pub. Association.
49—Geer vs. Clark. | 46—Levine vs. Goldsmith.
50—Woodward vs. Mut. Res. Ins. Co. | 63—Cahn vs. Hatch.
52—Hall vs. Pierce. | 72—Sommer vs. Sommer.
54—Ins. Press vs. Montauk Fire, &c., Co. | 73—Jencks vs. Thompson.
55—Branower vs. Ind. Match Co. | 76—Leipziger vs. Man. Ry. Co.
[illegible]—People, &c., vs. Irvin. | 77—Goldstein vs. same.
1—Same vs. Thomas.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Rich vs. Rich. | 39—McNaughton vs. McNaughton.
2—Hertzberg vs. Mishkind. | 40—Moran vs. Morrill.
3—In re Randall. | 41—Ehrmann vs. Cook.
4—Munsell vs. Hogel. | 42—Tepper vs. Eckstein.
5—Rouquette vs. Blackall. | 43—In re Morton.
5½—Same vs. same. | 44—Berman vs. Silver.
6—In re Tarrant & Co. | 45—Scudder vs. Lawrence.
7—Curtis vs. Am. Fire Ins. Co. | 46—Frost vs. Empire Copper Co.
8—Same vs. Thirty-five Other Ins. Cos. | 47—Schreyer vs. McAdams.
9—Indig vs. Blatt. | 48—Doyle vs. Union Ry. Co.
10—Jones vs. Jones. | 49—J. P. Kane Co. vs. Kinney.
11—Arkenburgh vs. Argenburgh. | 50—Hurst vs. De Winter.
12—Rhoades vs. Anderson. | 51—Polsky vs. N. Y. Transp. Co.
13—Ringa vs. Vlasto. | 52—Gallatin vs. Robert J. Blake Building, &c., Co.
14—Nelson vs. Crossmon.
15—Wagner vs. Mooney.
16—In re Speer. | 53—Dater vs. Ogden.
17—Meyer vs. Grotz. | 54—Haan vs. Fox.
18—Berg vs. Berg. | 55—Citizens' Ins. Co. vs. Foley.
19—Anderson vs. Int. St. Ry. Co. | 56—Muirhead vs. Hollander.
20—Weil vs. Yonkers Ry. Co. | 57—Govers vs. Standard Butter Co.
21—Same vs. same.
22—Same vs. same. | 58—Payne vs. Ebbets.
23—Title Guar. & Trust Co. vs. McCaughan. | 59—Flat vs. Koenig.
24—Edison vs. Press P. Co. | 60—Keslinger vs. Gerstenfeld.
25—Dresser vs. Travis. | 61—Rosborough vs. McEvoy.
26—Horwitz vs. Green.
27—In re Farmer. | 62—In re Pacific Mut. Ins. Co.
28—In re Slevin.
29—In re Societa Di Mutuo, &c. | 63—Quinn vs. Fitzgerald
30—Balle of Bourbon Co. vs. Leffler. | 64—Am. Monolith Co. vs. Taylor.
31—In re McNulty. | 65—Waldskin vs. Rosenfield.
32—Patrick vs. Cleary.
33—In re Eddystone Foundry & Machine Co. | 66—Schraden vs. Schradon.
34—Rankin vs. Union Surety, &c., Co. | 67—Rose vs. Low.
35—Weil vs. Sire. | 68—Croco vs. Daniels.
36—Snell vs. Marx. | 69—Hoffman vs. Edison Elec. Illum. Co.
37—Amsel vs. Amsel. | 70—In re McCall.
38—Goldmayer vs. Hartog. | 71—Wolf vs. Brumberg.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Calendar clear. Motions. Demurrer.
[illegible]—Hyde vs. Lesser. | 2839—Winkler vs. Winkler.
Preferred causes. | 2837—Harris vs. Harris.
2337—42d St., &c., R. R. Co. vs. City of New York. | 2841—Cottiere vs. Cottiere.
2710—O'Connor vs. Bachman. | 2842—Fuermann vs. Fuermann.
2711—Same vs. same. | 2843—Cohen vs. Cohen.
General calendar. | 2844—Nierman vs. Nierman.
1620—Davis vs. Davis. | 2845—Bruner vs. Bruner
1621—Woolfe vs. Herter | 2846—Matzanko vs. Matzanko.
1941—O'Sullivan vs. O'Sullivan. | 2847—Murray vs. Murray.
1584—Lyon vs. Lyon. | 2848—Van Loan vs. Van Loan.
1588—Sheehan vs. Martens. | 2849—Palemberg vs. Palemberg.
1608—Horowitz vs. Knapp. | 2850—Dalzell vs. Dalzell.
Undefended divorces.
2196—Clarke vs. Clarke. | 2851—Friedman vs. Friedman.
2198—Whitney vs. Whitney.
2323—Barth vs. Barth. | 2852—Crolius vs. Crolius
2329—Reith vs. Reith. | 1978—Huin vs. Huin.
2330—Collins vs. Collins. | 2227—Freyer vs. Freyer.
2331—Dussoir vs. Dussoir | 1091—Graham vs. Graham.
2332—Piementel vs. Piementel. | 2339—Weinberg vs. Weinberg.
2333—Colonese vs. Colonese. | 1632—Hamann vs. Hamann.
2335—Dick vs. Dick. | 2353—Scheffer vs. Scheffer.
2336—Miller vs. Miller.
2337—McKenna vs. McKenna. | 2462—Gibney vs. Gibney
2338—Lentz vs. Lentz. | 2465—Olcott vs. Olcott.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 1914.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.——, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad cases. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Schurman and Lord for the People.
1—Albert J. Adams. | To fix a day for trial. 1—George E. Mills.
2—John M. Wisker.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on.
Inquest—[illegible]—David & Thomas Co. vs. Sturgis. | 3802—McKelvey vs. Morris.
10687—In re Barnaby. | 9162—Scott vs. Estelle.
10800—Southack vs. Lind. | 4647—Schall vs. Greig.
10880—Harrigan vs. Wilson.
10684—Frank vs. Monroe | 9749—Sloan vs. Roberts.
10698—Wood vs. Rector. | 10848—Janeway vs. Burn.
10700—Leonard vs. Chambers. | 10453—Woods vs. Radomsky.
[illegible]—Willets vs. Haines. | 10684—Israel vs. Sparks.
[illegible]—Biedeman vs. Levey. | 10651—Fox vs. Miller.
[illegible]—Mulligan vs. Rossi. | 10652—Pratt vs. Fidelity Mut. Life Ins. Co.
[illegible]—Healey vs. Greene. | 10655—Meyer vs. Sawyer.
[illegible]—Heywood vs. Central Lard Co. | 10736—Goldberg vs. Sheldon.
[illegible]—Maroney vs. May | 10750—Corbet vs. Man. Brass Co.
[illegible]—Foleron vs. Foleron. | 10472—Seaburn vs. Zachman.
[illegible]—Ireland vs. Brady.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.
[illegible]—Smith vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 3807—Thompson vs. same.
[illegible]—Kurz vs. same. | 10667—Mussman vs. same.
[illegible]—Flagg vs. Fisk.
[illegible]—McKinley vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 846—Bluestone vs. same.
[illegible]—Bogart vs. same. | 2300—Ball vs. same.
[illegible]—Caffrey vs. same. | 10984—Felerstein vs. Supreme Lodge K. of H.
[illegible]—Sheehan vs. same.
[illegible]—Same vs. same.
[illegible]—Broessel vs. Moses. | 3044—Ficke vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
[illegible]—Hertlein vs. Early
[illegible]—Cattonio vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 2297—O'Gara vs. same.
2689—Cuns vs. same.
[illegible]—Dunckley vs. Nicholas. | 2740—Cushing vs. same.
2524—Mullin vs. same.
[illegible]—Nahm vs. Dunham. | 2498—Gallo vs. same.
2477—Gallo vs. same.
[illegible]—Hall vs. Met. St. Ry. | 10362—Willsea vs. same.
2022—Chilla vs. same.
[illegible]—Lasher vs. same. | 1748—Palmer vs. same.
[illegible]—Newwirth vs. same. | 2314—Ford vs. same.
1541—Franz vs. same.
[illegible]—Snead vs. same. | 2712—Cirrito vs. same.
[illegible]—Tietjen vs. same. | 2375—Barry vs. same.
[illegible]—Traynor vs. same. | 10386—Blum vs. same.
[illegible]—Horowitz vs. same. | 2910—Hussey vs. Harlem Local Reporter Co.
[illegible]—Mathers vs. Nichols. | 2910—Kaufman vs. Cunningham.
[illegible]—Van Hoesen vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 2921—Bales vs. Knack.
[illegible]—Gallagher vs. same.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2110.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Spencer, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., X., XI., and XII., for trial.
Inquest. 3079—Hellner vs. Vidal. | 2825—Samuel vs. same.
1300—Saenger vs. Adler. | 2051—Barron vs. Hammond Typewriter Co.
3061—Villiaa vs. Board of Fire Underwriters | 2867—Merrill vs. City of New York.
3102—Tolmie vs. Fidelity & Casualty Co. | 1361—Gallo vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
10196—Gove vs. Tischler | 2729—Kaeseler vs. Un. Ry. Co.
10224—Starer vs. Tower.
10215—Rettagliatta vs. Hayward. | 2664½—Greenleaf vs. same.
10571—Deutschman vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co. | 6218½—Joseph vs. Nissen.
9201—Van Pub. Co. vs. Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co. | 2791—Memphis Trust Co. vs. McDonald.
2674—City of New York vs. Streeter. | 2506—Sarel vs. H. Koehler & Co.
1030—Landgraf vs. Wood. | 3023—Doyle vs. Moir. 3060—City of New York vs. Whitehouse.
1355—Webb vs. Partong. | 3014—Same vs. Wilson.
1091—Rothschild vs. Allen. | 3091—Same vs. Loring.
2954—Bruggeman vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
2113—Forbes vs. Sachs.
2227—Logan vs. Addicks | 3008—Grohs vs. New Amsterdam Gas Co.
9920—City of New York vs. L. I. Real Estate Ex. Co. | 3037—Winters vs. Naughton.
2473—Tanenbaum vs. Cohen. | 10200—Bortz vs. Dry Dock, &c., R. R. Co.
2532—Stearns vs. Sheppard & Morse Lumber Co. | 10281—Rathborne vs. Haten.
9004½—Foerschke vs. Baldwin.
2598—Zimmerman vs. Simonson & Son Co. | 1356¼—Von Rosenberg vs. Ross.
2644—Thornburgh vs. Pape. | 2507—Bingler vs. Stein.
2822—Herz vs. Wanamaker.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts IX. and XIII.—Adjourned until April 20.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.
Cornelius Roosevelt, | Anne McSweeney.
Grahams Polley, | At 2 P. M.
Phebe B. Rockwell, | George Findley,
Allda Van Schaick, | John McQuade.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Contested wills.
1910—Bridget Stanton. | 1912—Emil Tradelius.
1911—Catherine Power.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned until May 28.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Seabury, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—O'Dwyer, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
2209—Sibbald vs. Brickheimer. | 2283—Donnencio vs. N. Y. House Wrecking Co.
2219—Glaser vs. Michelson. | 2381—Rhinelander vs. Simpson.
2190—Dwyer vs. Met. St. Ry. | 2501—Lebiner vs. Lavay
1540—Winston vs. same. | 2319—Loftus vs. Meyer.
1633—Mulligan vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. Ry. | 2248—Keiner vs. Met. St. Ry.
6137½—Billington vs. McClellan | 1082—Appel vs. Lowenstein.
2245—Turner vs. Barron | 1116—Buchan vs. Met. St. Ry.
5414½—Scarry vs. Met. St. Ry. | 2228—Cullen vs. same.
2284—Schwartz vs. Franco-Am. Chem. Co. | 802—Hirtenstein vs. Davega.
2316—Gunn vs. Met. St.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
1754—Kaufman vs. Met. St. Railway. | 1789—Gans vs. Met. St. Railway.
1751—Nykish vs. Rubiner. | 1494—Steinlets vs. Third Av. Railroad.
1697—Montana Diamond Co. vs. Wodiska. | 1881—Benedict vs. Day.
2381—Muller vs. Ehret. | 2571—Caponetta vs. Citizens' Hygeia Ice Co.
1210—Rheinstrom vs. Greenberg. | 2573—Goldstein vs. British Am. Ins. Co.
1509—Hennig vs. Met. St. Railway. | 1868—Ruckdeschel vs. Met. St. Ry.
1413—Landers vs. Met. St. Railway. | 1491—Goodstein vs. McNally.
1390—Garofalo vs. Carlozzi. | 403—Manning vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Delehanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.
1902—Groshen vs. Met. St. Ry. | 1831—Schnur vs. same.
848—Cuomo vs. Met. St. Ry. | 1165—Keeley vs. Buckley.
1976—Engerman vs. North German Lloyd Steamship Co. | 1835—Ideal Cash Reg. Co. vs. Zunino. 2016—Friedman vs. Pincus.
5508½—Warshawsky vs. Dry Dock, &c., R. R. | 2507—Keegan vs. Met. St. Ry.
1977—Gaines vs. Met. St. Ry. | 382—Harbaugh vs. Hayward.
1085—Unger vs. Macklowitz. | 1012—Lowenbein vs. Met. St. Ry.
1380—Strom vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 1858—Benjamin vs. Met. St. Ry.
1964—Adler vs. same. | 2523—O'Brien vs. Fisher.
1735—Friel vs. same.
1096—Gans vs. same. | 2022—Steinberg vs. McConville.
2059—Devine vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.
6387—Fliess vs. Elgar. | 5940—Roberts vs. Sheehan.
5323—Collins vs. Utz. | 6295—Friedman vs. Newman.
6392—Steeg vs. Sakaba.
5158—Solomon vs. Lippman. | 6166—12th Ward Bank vs. Christman.
6263—Howland vs. Sire. | 6527—Pierce vs. Martin.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
2453—Levy vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 2414—Fleissig vs. Schwartz.
5691½—Press Pub. Co. vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 653—Kaufman vs. Exner.
2143—Mystery vs. same. | 5751½—Honigstein vs. Hollingsworth.
2370—Wadsworth vs. Van Dyck. | 2344—Langer vs. Singer Mfg. Co.
2368—Cohn vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. | 2404—Choate vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
2442—Klein vs. same. | 2239—Kelly vs. same.
2469—Beggs vs. same. | 1551—Decker vs. Mauer.
2405—Shipman vs. Rosenblum. | 2358—Porter vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
4901—Morris vs. Deutz Litho. Co. | 2350—Marshall vs. same.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2616.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Smyth for the People.
1—James Petollino. | 10—Nathan Brown.
2—Nicholas Smith. | Pleadings.
3—Jacob Smith. | 1—Joseph Lichman.
4—Julius Carpenter. | 2—Michael J. Cassidy, Thomas Murray.
5—Harry B. Howard. | 3—Stephen Brodie.
6—Annie Wainck. | 4—Peter Scully, James Dobbins.
7—Bernard Cavanagh, Robert Smith. | 5—George Duncan, William Hartzman.
8—John Garbarini. | 6—Arthur Middleton.
9—Timothy Fallon, Joseph Cassidy. | 7—Thomas Scanlon.
10—Alfred Ward. | 8—William Maher.
11—Luigi Christiani. | 9—Frank Neppoll.
12—Charles J. Atkinson. | 9—Edgar Bell, alias Henry Beach.
13—Isaac Epstein. | 10—John Lewis.
14—Michael Kinney. | 11—Mabel Jones.
15—Alfred Coleman. | 12—Henry Meyer.
16—Henry T. Holmes. | 13—James Mello.
17—Herman Engelhardt, Jr. | 14—James Hill.
To fix a day for trial. | 15—John Heslin.
1—James Henley. | 16—James F. Belden.
2—R. David Davis. | 17—Edward Fitzgerald.
3—Max Abrams. | 18—John Devins.
4—William Reilly. | 19—Michael Galmari.
5—Samuel Ruffin. | 20—James Thompson.
6—Ellen Smith. | 21—John Cooper.
7—William O'Keefe, William Sheldon. | 22—William Wenz.
8—Julia Lee. | 23—Joseph Krenkel.
9—Henry Brown. | 24—Samuel Rosenberg.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Nott and Iselin for the People.
1—James Sullivan. | 6—Dora Schall, Jacob Schall, Isaac Mintzer.
2—Grammarino Santaniello. | 7—Vincenzo Sasso.
3—Louis Rosenstein. | 8—Abram Abelman.
4—Rosie Black, Joseph Zucker, Jacob Stein. | 9—Alfred Watson. 10—Kalman Kassel.
5—Henry Bruggeman. | 11—Julius Harris. 12—Thomas Glinbizzi.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Foster, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sanford and Train for the People.
1—Joseph Robinson. | 8—Harry Cohen.
2—Herman Hertz. | 9—Thomas Palvier.
3—Isor Shalkowitz. | 10—Carrie Johnson.
4—John A. Donaldson, Henry Hagen, William J. A. Morrissey. | 11—Francesco Marino. 12—Louis Casino, Charles Capello. 13—Angelo Mellone.
5—Giuseppe Bartolini. | 14—James Jackson.
6—Benjamin T. Waltmore, Henry G. Wilson. | 15—James Carter. 16—John Cushing, Joseph O'Connell.
7—John T. Goff. | 17—James Matthews.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Thorne for the People.
1—Patrick J. Murphy, Patrick Foley, John Sundman, John J. Proctor. | 2—Henry C. Hibbe, Leopold Hibbe. 3—Walter Bennett. 4—Charles Lawrence.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Sydney B. Hopkins et al. vs. Bernier Publishing Company—Thomas W. Churchill.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Weldon vs. Brown—Maurice S. Cohen. In re Dempsey—Donald McLean. In re Ortega—Eugene C. Gilroy. St. Paul's Institute vs. Feist, (two cases)—Lynn W. Thompson. Tuthill vs. Schnugg—James Lindsay Gordon. Purdy vs. Seiferd, (three cases)—Edmund J. Tinsdale. Harlam vs. Harlam—Crowley Wentworth.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J.—Teachers' Benevolent Association vs. McDowell—Francis J. McLaughlin. In re Sharpe—Isaac Bell Brennan. Miller vs. O'Hara—Gilbert E. Roe.

SUPREME COURT—Gildersleeve, J.—Sterling vs. Murray—Edward G. Whitaker.

Brooklyn Court Calendar—Wednesday, April 15.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Gaynor, J.; Part II., Dunwell, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
6150—Dennett vs. Press Pub. Co. et al. | 3016—Fagan vs. Met. St. R. R.
4975, 4976—Fitzpatrick vs. Bernstein. | 6302—Enigan vs. same.
6081—Wallace vs. Kene. | 6718—Calame vs. same.
5511—Hutchins vs. Penn. R. R. | 6791—Lyons vs. Consumers' Brewery.
4151—McCoy vs. Met. St. R. R. | 6796—McCabe vs. Stanley.
6492—Halloran vs. D'Amato. | 6797—Knell vs. B. H. R. R.
6629—Nelson vs. Union Ry. | 6798—Sumlar vs. same.
678—Reis vs. B. H. R. R. | 6799—Boe vs. Met. St. R. R.
3036—Molinelli vs. Kennedy. | 6807, 6808—Grabowsky vs. B. H. R. R.
6815—Wessel vs. same.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
6818—Sadlier vs. Cronin. | 6917, 6918—Blank vs. Rothenberg.
6819—Ziegler vs. Met. St. R. R. | 6919—O'Donovan vs. Ross Iron Works.
6820, 6821—Wells vs. same. | 6920—Dady vs. B. H. R. R.
6822—Costigan vs. B. H. R. R. | 6922—Regan vs. Met. St. R. R.
6825—McDermott vs. same. | 6928—Johnson vs. Gilfillan.
6826—Wilson vs. Ross Iron Works. | 6930—Rooney vs. Thomson.
6832—Lapp vs. B. H. R. R. | 6932—Manton vs. Robinson Stone Ware Co.
6833, 6834—Sporer vs. same.
6836—Newitt vs. Met. St. R. R. | 6934—Neuman vs. Union Railway.
6842—Burns vs. Met. St. R. R. | 10625—Ray vs. B. H. R. R.
6848—Halberstadt vs. B. H. R. R. | 6236—Larsen vs. U. S. Mortgage Co.
6850—Smith vs. Donnelly. | 6936—Hofferbert vs. Adler.
6862—Cropsey vs. Williams. | 6936—Connors vs. King Line Co.
6878—Viiline vs. Trounstine. | 6937—Monahan vs. same. 6938—Hart vs. B. H. R. R.
6881—Brown vs. B. H. R. R. | 6941—Salerno vs. O'Brien.
6887—Krause vs. Weingarten. | 6944—O'Neill vs. Met. St. R. R.
6558—Pardington vs. Abraham. | 6947—McShane Mfg. Co. vs. B. U. El. R. R.
6855—Dix vs. Palmer. | 6948—Diffenbach vs. B., Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
3123—Shelliboy vs. Coney Island & B'klyn R. R. | 6949—O'Bryan vs. B. H. R. R.
620—Boston vs. Abraham. | 6950—Scanlon vs. same.
6893—Dowling vs. Deutscher Verein. | 6951—Curran vs. City of New York.
6894—Weber vs. B. H. R. R. | 6952—Wiley vs. B. H. R. R.
6895—Enright vs. Kuper. | 6954—Davern vs. Immens.
6898—McGeary vs. B. H. R. R. | 6955—Brenner vs. B., Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
6901—Small vs. Horgan & Slattery. | 6957—Howard vs. Ward & Co.
6902—Kissane vs. Met. Street R. R. | 6958—Barasch vs. B. H. R. R.
5872—Coggeshall vs. McGrath. | 6959, 6960—Pierce vs. Rixer.
6903—Meyer vs. Munsell | 6961—Russell vs. B. H. R. R.
6914—Abruzzio vs. B. H. R. R.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6962.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—Smith, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.
2143—Hamblen vs. German. | 942—York vs. Searles. 1134—Warren vs. Sup. Council A. L. of H.
1126—Fitzpatrick vs. Fox. | 2159—Viggiano vs. Viggiano.
2176—Shulman vs. Norden. | 2235—Kennedy vs. Thompson.
2195—Lyon vs. James.
2219—Smith vs. Smith. | 2129—Goldstein vs. Bloom.
1971—Prestera vs. Huzzell. | 2174—Rogers vs. Rogers
2218—Nassau Trust Co. vs. Weber. | 2230—Jarashow vs. Will
....—Caputa vs. Caputa | 2121—Sancton vs. Sancton.
1244—Reeve vs. Hall. | 2151—De Vere vs. De Vere.
2078—Hutchinson vs. Young. | 2231—Kurth vs. Kurth.
2142—Coote vs. Williamsburg Sav. Bank | 2232—Cohen vs. Wattel.
2215—Eppig vs. Stradel. | 1646—Von Neindorff vs. Von Neindorff.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Marean, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Criminal Calendar—Aspinall, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.
The People vs. Auts. | Same vs. Shea.
Same vs. Unquerait. | Same vs. Hansel.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Crane, J.—Opens at 10 A. M.
562, 563—Grills vs. B. H. R. R. Co. | 574—Bernstein vs. Kaplan.
550—Hochman vs. B. H. R. R. Co. | 402—Davids vs. B. H. R. R.
565—Dawe vs. Townsend. | 460—Bennett vs. same. 584—Congress Brew. Co. vs. Marcelle.
567—Crissenala vs. B. H. R. R.

Westchester County Court Calendar.

Day calendar for April 15.

SUPREME COURT— Trial Term—Keogh, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.
9—Standard Trust Co. vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co. | 26—Raymond vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
18—Cheatham vs. Yonkers R. R. Co. | 29—Apatl vs. Del., L. & W. R. R. Co.
19—Cohen vs. West. El. R. R. Co. | 30—Lanza vs. West. Elec. Ry. Co.
20—Smith, as administrator, vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co. | 32—Talbot vs. Baum. 2—Smith, as administrator, vs. Untermyer.
23—Bolland, as administrator, vs. same. | 11—Muiry vs. Morning Journal Ass'n.
24—Hausler, as administrator, vs. same.
The following cases being ready are passed for the day:
35—New Rochelle Coal & Lumber Co. vs. Talbott. | 45—Taylor vs. Norris. 46—Reardon vs. Beck. 46½—Murphy vs. Kelly.
39—Walker vs. Conrad. | 47—Silverstone vs. Engel.
39½—Kent vs. Carroll.
41—Crawford vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. | 48—Lynch vs. Van Tassell.
42—Haulenbeck vs. Curtis. | 49—Blanchard vs. Savarese.
43—Chambers vs. Webster. | 51—Chambers vs. Webster.
44—Holland vs. Village of White Plains.

Queens County Court Calendar.

Calendar for Wednesday, April 15.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Dickey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
1484—Milawics vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co. | 1298—Anderson vs. L. I. R. R. Co.
1535—Breen vs. Hamilton and another. | 496—Marra vs. City of New York.
1468—Sheldon vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co. | 1177—Brown vs. Weir.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call.
1286—Goetz vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co. | 1353—Freudenburger vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co.
1264—Sheiskey vs. same
1586—Hillery vs. same. | 1414—Bodendoerfer vs. Jacobs.
1567—Jaeger vs. N. Y. & North Shore R. R. Co. | 1545—Worthley vs. N. Y. & Queens Co. R. R. Co.
1324—Zimmerman vs. N. Y. & Q. Co. R. R. Co. | 1546—Same vs. same.
1517—Peck vs. Wash. Life Ins. Co.
Highest number reached on general calendar, 1602.

Excursions.

TO EUROPE?

Send for details of our European Tours. T. H. HENDRICKSON, 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

Long Island.

EDGEMERE HOTEL
EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND, N.Y.
OPENS JUNE 25TH.
ADVANCE ENGAGEMENTS NOW BEING MADE
For Booklets, Diagrams, &c., apply to THOS. C. WARD, Booking Agent,
Care of RAYMOND & WHITCOMB, 25 Union Square.

New England.

EDGEWOOD INN, Edgewood Park. Greenwich (On-the-Sound) Conn. Will Open Wed., May 27, for the Summer season.

A beautifully located Resort Hotel for select patronage. All rooms en suite with private baths and strictly modern conditions and furnishings. Careful service in all departments.

A new casino for indoor amusements; superior stable equipments and "auto" quarters; golf links; tennis courts; good music, and a multitude of well-kept walks and drives through picturesque country. Easy distance from popular Golf and Yacht Clubs.

FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager. At Laurel-in-the-Pines, Lakewood, N. J., until May 15.

Atlantic City.

THE GARDEN HOTEL. OPEN THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. American and European Plans. The only hotel in Atlantic City employing white service throughout. W. I. FINCH, Propr. R. J. PEARSON, Mgr. Personal representative at Hotel Netherland.

HOTEL TRAYMORE. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. Remains open throughout the year. Every known comfort and convenience for Winter guests. Golf privileges. Running water in bedrooms. TRAYMORE HOTEL CO. D. S. WHITE, President.

HOTEL ELWOOD. Absolutely new fire-proof hotel at St. James Place and the beach. Ocean view. Capacity, 200. Elevator; rooms en suite with bath, steam heat, etc. May and June, $10 to $17.50 weekly. Booklet. Smith & Bozarth.

Spring and Summer Resorts. Atlantic City.

HOTEL IROQUOIS. South Carolina Av. and Beach. Convenient to Piers and Boardwalk. Capacity 400. Location most central. Rooms singly and en suite, with bath. Elevator street level. Sun parlors heated. Table and service unsurpassed. Special Spring rates. $10 to $17.50 weekly, $2.50 and up day. Write for illustrated booklet. W. F. SHAW.

HOTEL PONCE DE LEON. Virginia Av. and the Beach. Capacity 300. Elevator, steam heat, baths, &c. Spring rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

HOTEL STRAND. Atlantic City, N. J.—The Strand is a new, modern fireproof hotel, overlooking this world-famed Boardwalk and ocean; centrally located; sea water baths; booklet. Booking representative, J. L. TRENCHARD, at Hotel Wellington, 55th St. and 7th Av., daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

HOTEL RUDOLF. Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. N. Y. Representative, 3 Park Place, 11:30 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Hotel Imperial 9 to 10 A. M., 3:30 to 6 P. M. Telephone 6050 Cortlandt. C. R. MYERS.

BERKSHIRE INN, Virginia Av. and Beach. $2.00, $2.50 daily; $8.00, $10.00, $12.50, $15.00 weekly during Spring, and special Easter rates. Extensive improvements. Unobstructed view. Elevator. Hot and cold baths free. Steam heat, &c. Capacity 300. Table and service the finest. Booklet. J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

THE ST. CHARLES. Open throughout the year. 50 private baths; sea and fresh water, shower attachments, &c. Modern and complete. NEWLIN HAINES, Formerly of the Chalfonte.

HOTEL GLADSTONE. Directly on the ocean front, in finest location. New and strictly high-class. Sea water in all baths, running water in rooms, sun parlors overlooking ocean, &c., &c. Special Spring rates. Booklet. Coach meets trains. N. J. COLLINS.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND. South Carolina Av. and Beach. Finest location. Modern high-class hotel; capacity, 350. Rooms en suite, with private bath. Elevator, sun parlor, &c. Excellent cuisine. Special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL COLUMBIA, Directly on the Boardwalk. Every room ocean view. Unexcelled in appointments. Elevator, etc. Reduced Spring rates. Booklet. R. R. JOHNSTON.

THE LORAINE.—On the Beach, St. Charles Place. Fresh and sea water baths. Elevator. Special Spring rates. SAML. WAGNER & SON.

WESTMINSTER. Kentucky Av., near Beach. Steam heat. Sun parlor. Elevator. Spring rates. CHAS. BUHRE.

HOTEL SEABRIGHT. Rhode Island Av. 2d house from beach. Steam heat. O. C. MILLER.

ACME.—Kentucky Av., near Beach; comfortable family house; modern improvements; terms reasonable. Mrs. G. W. Stoddard.

THE BREXTON, Corner Pacific and Michigan Avs. Special Spring rates. J. A. MYERS.

Catskill Mountains.

SUNSET PARK INN, (Opens May 28.) FINEST IN CATSKILLS GRANDEST VIEWS. C. E. LELAND, Mgr. Buckingham Hotel, 5th Ave. & 50th St., N.Y.

HOTEL KAATERSKILL, Catskill Mts., N. Y., opens June 27th, same management.

European Hotels.

"BAD EMS" GERMANY, STATION OF THE NASSAU R. R., NEAR COBLENZ. ALKALI SALT THERMAL WATERS 22-40 DEGREES R.

Old renowned international watering place connected by mountain railroad with mountain resort "Hohenmalberg." Season begins May 1st. Remedies: Spring and water cure, Inhalations, Electricity, Pneumatic Cabinets, Massage, cold water treatment, walking cure, cow and goat milk, whey. Diseases which are curable at Bath Ems: Chronic catarrh of the nose, throat, larynx, tracheas, and the bronchus, of the stomach, intestinal canal and gall; also catarrhs which very frequently remain after an attack of Influenza, Grip, whooping cough, and inflammation of the lungs. A pre-eminent cure are the Emser Springs for several female diseases. Prospectus can be obtained through "The Kurcommission." Entertainments: Conversation, reading, and play rooms, theatres, concerts 3 times daily; dancing, boatrace, hunting, fishing. Leading meeting place of tourists visiting Lahn, Rhine, and Mosel. SEASON BEGINS MAY 1ST. St. R. C.

EMS HOTEL D'ANGLETERRE. The favorite resort of Americans. OPPOSITE BATHS AND PARK.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

All Aboard
Everybody's Going to Europe!
We're ready! Are you?
30 Parties, all included, $225 to $1,000.
Don't want a party? Very well; we sell tickets for every European steamer and railroad you can find.
THOS. COOK & SON.
Down town, 261 Broadway, cor. Warren St., N.Y. Up town, 1185 Broadway, cor. 28th St., N. Y.

CLARK'S NORWAY-RUSSIA CRUISE, $225 UP by specially chartered North German Lloyd express S. S. Kaiserin, 9,600 tons, July 2, 42 days; first class, shore trips, hotels, guides, drives, included, visiting Christiania, Copenhagen, Stockholm, St. Petersburg, (Moscow,) Berlin, &c. Optional side trips all over Europe. Absolutely no overcrowding; only the main dining room to be used.

Vacation Excursion, July 2, at $240 to London, Brussels, Paris, &c., by same steamer, with Rhine, Swiss, and Italy side trips; also a trip June 27 by S. S. "Columbia," $260.
FRANK C. CLARK, 111 Broadway, New York.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square, 'Phone 6960—18 St. New York.

SEA ROUTE TO CALIFORNIA Panama Railroad Steamship Line. Alliance, Apl. 18, 1 PM | Seguranca, Apl. 27, 1 PM. CABIN, $105; STEERAGE, $40, INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTH. Office, 24 State St. R. L. WALKER, Traffic Mgr.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line. WEEKLY SAILINGS TO NAPLES—GENOA. Citta di Milano .... April 21. Cabin, $55 & up. Dining saloon on promenade deck. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

OLD DOMINION LINE. DAILY SERVICE. For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West. Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M. H. B. WALKER, Vice Pres. & Traffic Manager.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

North German Lloyd. FAST EXPRESS SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From Pier 53, North River, Gansevoort St.
Kronprinz, Apr. 18, 9 AM | K.Wm.II., May 26, 2 PM
K.Wm.II., Apr. 28, 4 PM | Kronprinz, June 9, 2 PM
Kronprinz, May 12, 4 PM | Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM
Kaiser....May 19, 10 AM | K.Wm.II., June 23, 2 PM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS **S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."** 707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER. SAILS APR. 28, MAY 26, JUNE 23, JULY 21.

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.
Barbarossa..Apr. 23, 11 AM | Barbarossa..May 28, 11 AM
Kurfuerst..Apr. 30, noon | Kurfuerst..June 4, noon
*Neckar....May 7, 11 PM | Bremen..June 11, 11 AM
Luise.....May 14, noon | Luise....June 18, 10 AM
Friedrich..May 21, noon | Friedrich.June 25, 10 AM
*To Bremen direct.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. From Pier 24, ft. of Amity St., Brooklyn.
†Gera.....Apr. 18, 11 AM | Hohenzollern.June 6, 2 PM
†Weimar...May 2, 11 AM | †Weimar.June 13, 10 AM
K. Albert..May 9, 3 PM | K. Albert.June 20, Noon
Lahn.....May 16, 11 AM | Lahn....June 27, 10 AM
P. Irene..May 23, 3 PM | P. Irene...July 4, 1 PM
†Naples, Genoa only.
OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N.Y. Louis H. Myer, 46 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American. FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.
Moltke, Apr. 16, 3 AM | Bluecher, Apr. 30, 9 AM
Penna., Apr. 18, 9 AM | Deutschland, May 7, 2 PM
A.Victoria, Apr. 23, 10 AM | Pretoria, May 9, 4 PM
Patricia, Apr. 25, 4 PM | F.Bism'ck, May 14, 10 AM

S. S. Deutschland Record Voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min. SAILS MAY 7, JUNE 4, JULY 2, SEPT. 18.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Palatia...April 21, 2 PM | Phoenicia...May 1, 2 PM
*Ravenna ....May 16, 2 PM
*Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia."
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.
Minnehaha..Apr. 18, 10 AM | Minnetonka..May 2, 9 AM
Manitou...Apr. 25, 9 AM | Minneapolis.May 9, 4 PM
New York—London via Southampton.
MENOMINEE.........May 8, 9 A. M.
MARQUETTE........May 22, 9 A. M.
MANITOU..........June 5, 9 A. M.
ALL MODERN STEAMERS, LUXURIOUSLY FITTED WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. ALL STATEROOMS AMIDSHIPS on UPPER DECKS. FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS CARRIED FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY TO 1 BROADWAY.

AMERICAN LINE. NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.
New York..Apr. 15, 10 AM | St. Paul..Apr. 29, 10 AM
Phila., Apl. 22, 10 A. M. | New York..May 6, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Zeeland..Apl. 18, 10 AM | Vaderland.May 2, 10 AM
Finland..Apr. 25, 10 AM | Kroonland.May 9, 10 AM
Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N.Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE New Twin-Screw Steamers of 12,500 Tons. NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE. Sailing Wednesday at 10 A. M.
Potsdam.........Apr. 15 | Noordam..........May 6
Statendam.......Apr. 22 | Rotterdam........May 13
Ryndam..........Apr. 29 | Potsdam..........May 20
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

CUNARD LINE. TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN. From Pier 51, North River.
Ivernia, Apr. 15, 10 A.M. | Campania, May 2, 9:30 AM
Etruria, Apr. 25, 2 P.M. | Umbria, May 9, 3 P. M.
*Aurania, Apr. 28, 4 P.M. | Ivernia, May 16, 9 AM
*Do not carry saloon passengers.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE. NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Teutonic..Apr. 15, Noon | Cedric....Apr. 24, 3 PM
*Canadian.Apr. 21, 1 PM | Celtic....Apr. 29, 7 AM
Germanic.Apr. 22, Noon | Oceanic....May 6, 3 PM
*Liverpool direct, $40 and up, second class only. Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

JOY LINE $1.25 to Providence. First Class Service. Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY. Steamer ADIRONDACK or DEAN RICHMOND leaves Pier 32 N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily, (Sundays excepted.) Direct connections made with express trains North, East, and West. EXCURSION $2.50.

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M. except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS. Leave Pier 43, N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

☞ The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Limited to two Parlor Cars and Dining Car New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.
8:55 A. M.—FAST LINE.—Pittsburg and Cleveland.
9:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.
1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.
5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)
5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.
7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.
8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
7:55, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 3:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:20,) (3:25, "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 8:55 (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) (3:25 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:55 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.
NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week days and 4:55 P. M. daily.
FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week days and 8:55 P. M. daily.
ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.
CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week days.
For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 3:25, 4:55, and 11:25 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,) 9:00 A. M., 12:30, 3:40, 5:10, and 11:30 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.
6:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 6:30,) 7:25, 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25, (9:55, "Penna. Limited,") 10:10, (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car,) 10:55 (Dining Car,) 11:55 A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20,) 2:55, 3:25 (Dining Car,) 3:55, 4:25, 4:55 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sundays, 6:10, 7:55 (Dining Car, no coaches,) 8:25, 8:55, 9:55 (Limited,) 9:55, 10:55 (Dining Car,) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car,) 1:55 (Dining Car,) 3:25 (Dining Car,) 4:25 (Dining Car,) 4:55 (Dining Car,) 5:55 (Dining Car,) 7:55, 8:25, 8:55, 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 111, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue, (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.
Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.
W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent. 4-13-1903.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R. THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below: North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 2:45, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 26 and 50, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—†MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 3:55 A. M., Troy 4:50 A. M.
7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.
8:30 A. M.—†EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.
8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.
10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.
11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.
12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.
1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.
1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. 25½ via M. C.
2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.
3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.
3:35 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.
4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS, AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.
5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.
6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.
6:35 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H., or Rutland.
7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.
8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:25 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:43, Toronto 10:50 A. M.
9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.
9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:50, Indianapolis 10:10 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.
9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS, Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 33 hours by Lake Shore.
11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.
9:06 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:20 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains. Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 113, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St., and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn. Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD, (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.) Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: *9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.
Leave Boston †9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:14 A. M.
Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.
A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD. (New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.) Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:
*7:10 AM—for interm. points to Albany.
†11:20 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Clev'd & Chicago.
†7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †10:45 A. M., (2) at 2:45 P. M.; leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †11:20 A. M.; (2) at †3:35 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.
A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Liberty Street and South Ferry, (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)
EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—‡4:00, (7:15 Easton only,) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00, (5:45 Easton only,) P. M. Sundays, ‡4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.
WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—‡4:00, 9:10 A. M., 5:00 P. M. Sundays, ‡4:25 A. M., 1 P. M.
LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—‡4:00, 9:40 A. M., 1:30 (3:30, ‡4:10 Lakewood and Lakehurst only) 5:00 (‡5:30, Lakewood only) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
ATLANTIC CITY—†9:40 A. M., †3:40 P. M.
VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—†4:00 A. M., †1 P. M.
LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT, AND SEASHORE POINTS—‡4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:30 A. M., 4:00 P. M.
PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—*4:25, †7:00, †8:00, *9:00, †10:00, †11:00 A. M., †12:00, *1:00, †1:30, †2:00, †3:00, *4:00, *5:00, †6:00, †7:30, †9:00 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—‡4:25, †8:30, *10:30, *11:30 A. M., 1:00, †3:40, *5:00, *7:00, †9:25 P. M., *12:15 Mdt.
READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—||4:00, ‡4:25, †8:00, ||†9:10, (10:00, 11:00 A. M., Reading only,) ||†1:00, ||1:20, †2:00 P. M., Reading, Pottsville, and Harrisburg only, †4:00, †5:00 P. M.
xFrom Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only. ‡Parlor cars only. ||Via Tamaqua. xSaturdays.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.
W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. M. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE. NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY., and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

	Leave South Ferry.	Liberty St. Ferry.	
Balto., Washington..	*8:25am.	*8:30am.	Buffet.
Balto., Washington..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*11:25am.	*11:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
"Royal Limited"	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*4:55pm.	*5:00pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Balto., Washington..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleepers

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 113, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 98 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD
Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

	South Ferry	Liberty St.	
Chicago, Pittsburg....	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus....	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve.....	*3:35pm.	*3:40pm.	Limtd.
"Pittsburg Limited"...	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis.	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk..........	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. §Sunday only.
Offices: 113, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.
Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. *Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

Buffalo Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLACK DIAMOND EXPRESS	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mauch Chunk and Hazleton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wyoming Valley Express	[illegible]	[illegible]
Easton Local	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & Toronto Vestibule	[illegible]	[illegible]
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	[illegible]	[illegible]

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 113, 261, 355, 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 343 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 98 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn. N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

Surrogate Notices.

BIBBY, HENRY W.—IN PURSUANCE OF AN order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. BIBBY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Ludlow, Townsend & Timpson, 45 Cedar Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of May next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1902.
AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT, Administrator.
LUDLOW, TOWNSEND & TIMPSON, 45 Cedar Street, New York, Attorneys for Administrator. al5-law6m-W.

Legal Sales.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THOMAS HODNETT, individually and as administrator with the will annexed of Mary A. Fitzgerald, deceased, plaintiff, against RICHARD HODNETT, individually and as administrator with the will annexed of Mary A. Fitzgerald, deceased; Charles F. Kittredge, as executor of the will of John E. Fitzgerald, deceased; Edward Fitzgerald, John T. Fitzgerald, Edward F. Fitzgerald, John T. Shaughnessy, Ellen M. Moriarty, Eugene F. Durkin, Sadie A. Durkin, Isaac Bunting, as executor of the will of Patrick Hodnett, deceased; Richard Newman, Nishiyama Okane, the Catholic Convent on the Bluff at Yokohama, the Yokohama Ladies' Benevolent Society, Emma S. Hodnett, individually and as executrix of the alleged last will of William T. Hodnett, deceased; Thomas F. Fay, individually and as executor of the alleged last will of William T. Hodnett, deceased; the Church of Our Lady Star of the Sea, at Long Branch, New Jersey; Orville J. Wilsey, Scudder Woolley, William P. Cantwell, Annie Hodnett, Fernando C. Echeverria, as executor of the alleged last will of William T. Hodnett, deceased; the Greenwich Savings Bank of the City of New York, and Frederic R. Coudert as sole surviving executor and trustee under the will of Edward Stern, deceased, defendants.

I, the undersigned, Charles L. Hoffman, duly appointed referee by order of this court, dated the 5th day of March, 1903, and entered herein on the same day, hereby require each person, not a party to this action, who, at the said date of the order, had a lien or any undivided share or interest in the property sought to be partitioned herein, and which is hereinafter described, to appear before me on or before the 1st day of June next, at my office, No. 320 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, to prove his lien and the true amount due to him by reason thereof.

The premises are described in the complaint in the above case as follows:

FIRST PARCEL: All that piece or parcel of land, together with the buildings thereon, situated in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point in the northerly line of Sixteenth Street, distant one hundred and forty-one feet ten inches easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of said northerly line of Sixteenth Street with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue, and running thence easterly along the said northerly line of Sixteenth Street fifty feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Fifth Avenue ninety-two feet to the centre line of the block between Sixteenth and Seventeenth Streets; thence westerly along the said centre line and parallel with Sixteenth Street fifty feet; and thence southerly on a line parallel with Fifth Avenue ninety-two feet to the said northerly line of Sixteenth Street, to the place of beginning. The said premises being known as the "Geraldine," and described as Lot No. 8, Block No. 844, Section 3, on the Land Map of the City of New York, and being the same premises conveyed to the said Mary A. Fitzgerald by two deeds, one thereof to her by her then name of Mary Agnes Connolly, by Jesse A. Marshall and wife, dated April 12th, 1872, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds April 29, 1872, in Liber 1,215 of Conveyances at Page 46, and the other thereof to her by her then name of Mary A. Lyddy by the executor of Samuel F. Mott, deceased, dated June 1, 1875, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds on June 3, 1875, in Liber 1,329 of Conveyances at Page 263.

SECOND PARCEL: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York, formerly at Morrisania, in the Town of West Farms, County of Westchester, and State of New York, being all of the lot known and designated by the number 164 on a certain map entitled "Map of the Village of Morrisania, situated one and one-half miles from Harlem River, in the Manor of Morrisania, Township of West Farms, County of Westchester, and State of New York, made by Andrew Findlay, Surveyor, dated August 10, 1848," and filed in the office of the Clerk (now Register) of the County of Westchester—excepting a strip of land on the southerly side of said lot, being twenty-six feet nine inches in width and adjacent to Lot one hundred and sixty-three on said map, commencing at a point on the westerly side of lands of the New York and Harlem Railroad at the division line between Lots 164 and 165 on said map, running thence westwardly and along said division line one hundred and forty-four and 91-100 feet, more or less, to the centre of Mill Brook; thence southwardly along the centre of Mill Brook the distance thereof to a point opposite in a straight line to a point on the west side of said New York and Harlem Railroad, distant in a straight line two hundred and nine and 4-10 feet, more or less, southerly from the beginning aforesaid; thence eastwardly in a straight line to a point on the New York and Harlem Railroad distant as aforesaid two hundred and nine and 4-10 feet, more or less, from the beginning point; and running thence northwardly along said westerly line of the New York and Harlem Railroad two hundred and nine and 4-10 feet, more or less, to the point or place of beginning; excepting, however, from the above-described premises that portion thereof which is now a part of Brook Avenue, as appropriated by the City of New York in a certain proceeding entitled "In the Matter of the Application of the Board of Street Opening and Improvement of the City of New York for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New York, relative to the acquiring title wherever the same has not been heretofore acquired, to Brook Avenue, from 165th Street and Webster Avenue, to Wendover Avenue, in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards of the City of New York," as the same has been heretofore laid out and designated as a first-class street or road by the Commissioner of Improvements of said wards of the City of New York.

Said property being described on the Land Map of the City of New York as Lots 14 and 15, Block 2,894, and Lots 32, 37, and 39, Block [illegible], Section 11.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1903.
CARTER, HUGHES & DWIGHT, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 96 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
CHARLES L. HOFFMAN, Referee.

I hereby direct the publication of the foregoing advertisement for liens, in accordance with Section 1,562 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and designate The New York Times, published in the County of New York, for that purpose.
Dated New York, March 28th, 1903.
SAMUEL GREENBAUM, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York.
ap1-law6wW&my13

Summonses.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—Trial to be had in the County of New York.—TEOFIL KUCIELSKI, plaintiff, against IGNAC KUCIELSKI, Charles Kucielski, Ludwig Kucielski, Society of Beneficence in Krakow, Hospital of Brothers Bonifraters in Krakow, Caroline Bujarowicz, John Bujarowicz, Anastasia Pomietlars, Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art, Julia Mayer, Wladyslaw Bakowski, defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 7th, 1903.
STEINER & PETERSEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office address, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants: Ignac Kucielski, Charles Kucielski, Ludwig Kucielski, Society of Beneficence in Krakow, Hospital of Brothers Bonifraters in Krakow, Caroline Bujarowicz, John Bujarowicz, Anastasia Pomietlars, Julia Mayer, and Wladyslaw Bakowski:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in and for the County of New York, dated the 23d day of March, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated March 23d, 1903.
Yours, etc., STEINER & PETERSEN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. mar25-law-6w-W&may6

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—JUAN M. CEBALLOS, JOHN S. FISKE, and ANDERSON C. WILSON, plaintiffs, against AGENCIA MERCANTIL Y MARITIMA, defendant.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days of the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, February 24, 1903.
CONVERS & KIRLIN, Plaintiffs' Attorneys. Office and Post Office address, 5 Beekman Street, New York City, Manhattan Borough, New York.

To Agencia Mercantil y Maritima:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Honorable Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated and filed the seventeenth day of March, 1903, with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the Court House, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated New York, March 17, 1903.
CONVERS & KIRLIN, Plaintiffs' Attorneys. Office and Post Office address, 5 Beekman Street, New York City, Manhattan Borough, New York. m18-law6wW

Surrogate Notices.

BROKHAHNE, WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM BROKHAHNE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 32 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of July next.
Dated New York, the 5th day of January, 1903.
GEORGE E. MOTT, Executor.
ROBERT D. ELDER, Attorney for Executor, 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. ja7-law6mW

LOEB, ALBERT.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALBERT LOEB, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Felix M. Gernsheim, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of June, 1903. Dated New York, the 8th day of December, 1902. ROSE G. LOEB, Executrix; DANIEL GUGGENHEIM, MORRIS LOEB, FELIX M. GERNSHEIM, Executors. NOEL GALE, Attorney for Executors, 40 Wall Street, New York City. d10-law6mW

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Central Park West Plot Sold—W. Emlen Roosevelt Buys Park Avenue Corners—Auction Results.

Henry Hellman has sold for George W. McAdam the plot, 55.6 by 100, on Central Park West, 25 feet south of Ninety-ninth Street, to Leon A. Liebeskind, who will erect an apartment house on the site.

W. Emlen Roosevelt has bought from the Beattie estate 401 and 403 Park Avenue and 105 and 107 East Fifty-fourth Street, three and four story brick dwellings, on plot 75.5 by 72.2, at the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street. Mr. Roosevelt took title on Monday to 100 East Fifty-fourth Street, southeast corner of Park Avenue, 22.6 by 78.5, and to 405 Park Avenue, east side, 75 feet north of Fifty-fourth Street, 25 by 90.

Herbert A. Sherman has sold for the estate of Phoebe Pearsall the four-story dwelling 175 Madison Avenue, east side, between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets, on lot 24.8 by 100. This property was to have been sold at auction yesterday.

Herbert A. Sherman has also sold for Dr. Edward O. Flagg to Charles S. Faulkner the four-story dwelling 358 Lexington Avenue, 19.4 by 25.

Thomas Collins has sold for Silas H. Furman to Emelia W. Chapin the two four-story dwellings 40 and 42 West Twenty-fifth Street, on a plot 50 by 98.9.

W. J. Huston & Co. have sold for T. H. Skinman and D. E. Seybel 2,701 Eighth Avenue, a five-story double flat, size 25 by 100.

Sonnabend & Gromer, in conjunction with David Davis, have sold for Charles M. Rosenthal the southeast corner of One Hundred and Eighth Street and Columbus Avenue, a five-story triple flat, with stores, on a lot 25.11 by 100, to Herman Brandstein.

Charles B. Gumb has bought 851 Lexington Avenue, a three-story stone-front dwelling, on lot 16.6 by 80.

It is reported that Simon Haberman has sold 133 to 141 West One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, five five-story flats, on plot 140.3 by 100.11.

William P. Mangam has sold for Charles C. Baake the five-story tenement 154 East Eighty-eighth Street, south side, 36 feet east of Lexington Avenue, on lot 25.6 by 100.8.

Folsom Brothers have sold for Jennie M. Hawley the four-story dwelling 37 West Tenth Street, 24.6 by 94.10.

Bullowa & Bullowa have sold for a client 184 Hester Street, south side, 25 feet west of Mulberry Street, a four-story brick tenement, on lot 25 by 57.5.

The same firm has purchased for a client the northeast corner of Second Avenue and One Hundred and Ninth Street, a four-story tenement, 25.11 by 75.

Crist & Herrick have sold for Hannah Aronson to Catharine Viemeister 75 Perry Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 26.2 by 90.

Morris Franklin has sold the five-story tenement 400 Madison Street, 25 by 100.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Trinity Building Salesroom resulted as follows:

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.

78 Duane Street, south side, 162 feet east of Broadway, 24.6 by 78.9 by 25 by 79, five-story brick and stone building; partition sale, to Anastasia Davisson... $41,425

236 West Thirty-fourth Street, south side, 275 feet west of Seventh Avenue, 25 by 98.9, three-story brick dwelling; partition sale, to S. H. Stone... 51,000

232 and 234 East One Hundred and Eleventh Street, south side, 200 feet west of Second Avenue, 40 by 100.11, six-story brick stable; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Minerva Burwell... 20,500

By Herbert A. Sherman.

110 East Forty-fifth Street, south side, 124.4 feet west of Lexington Avenue, 16 by 100.5, four-story dwelling, with stable at the rear; executors' sale, to H. J. Jaeger... 12,100

440 to 444 Lexington Avenue, west side, 50.5 feet north of Forty-fourth Street, 16.10, 16.8, and 16.10, respectively, by 80, three four-story brownstone-front dwellings; executors' sale, to Francis B. Field... 51,500

150 West Thirty-first Street, south side, 175 feet east of Seventh Avenue, 25.6 by 98.9, three-story stable; executors' sale, to Francis B. Field... 35,100

682 West End Avenue, west side, 83.5 feet north of Ninetieth Street, 18 by 82, four-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Joseph Halk... 28,500

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

220 East Fourth Street, south side, 90 feet west of Avenue B, 23 by 96.2, leasehold, four-story brick tenement, with stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Elizabeth Sippelius... 4,500

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

961 to 965 Boston Road, northwest corner of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, extending through to Third Avenue, 115 by 64.11 by 115 by 69, three five and six story brick tenements, with stores, on Third Avenue; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company... 80,000

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co.

420 East One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, south side, 200 feet east of First Avenue, 25 by 100.11, five-story brick tenement, with stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Joseph Thall... 11,656

Lots 1 to 6 on the map of the Ferris property at Westchester, being near the junction of Ferris Place and Thomas Street, 125 by 100 by 119.8 by 106.2; foreclosure sale, to William A. Mallet... 3,000

By James L. Wells.

Willis Avenue, west side, 25 feet south of One Hundred and Forty-seventh Street, 25 by 106, vacant; public auction sale, to Adolph Fiegenhauer... 10,600

By Joseph P. Day.

114 East One Hundred and First Street, south side, 111.7 feet east of Park Avenue, 16 by 100.11, three-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, J. R. Suydam, as trustee... 8,200

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., executors' sale, 140 and 142 Pearl Street, running through to 106 and 108 Water Street, 102.5 feet south of Wall Street, 40.10 by 100.1 by 41.3 by 101.11, five and six story brick and iron building.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., public auction sale, One Hundred and Forty-first Street, south side, 80 feet west of Broadway, 35 by 99.11, three-story brick dwelling; One Hundred and Fortieth Street, north side, 80 feet west of Broadway, abutting on the foregoing, 35 by 99.11, two-story brick stable.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, Robert Russell, referee, 2,260 Fifth Avenue, west side, 60 feet north of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, 24.10 by 85, five-story brick tenement, with stores. Due on judgment, $17,094.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, William G. Davies, referee, 2,248 Fifth Avenue, west side, 24.11 feet south of One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Street, 25 by 85, five-story brick tenement, with store. Due on judgment, $17,189.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, Joseph McElroy, Jr., referee, 462 West One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, south side, 146 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, 16 by 99.11, three-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $12,010.

By Richard V. Harnett & Co., public auction sale, 394 Greenwich Street, northwest corner of Beach Street, 25 by 78.2 by 25 by 80, four-story brick building.

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., executors' sale, 28 Bethune Street, north side, 179 feet west of Greenwich Street, 21 by 80, three-story brick dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, trustees' sale, One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, north side, 225 feet west of Broadway, seven lots, each 25 by 100.11; One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, south side, 225 feet west of Broadway, two lots, each 25 by 100.11; 320 West Fifty-third Street, south side, 238.4 feet west of Eighth Avenue, 20.10 by 75.5, three-story brownstone-front dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, executors' sale, Ogden Avenue, west side, 90 feet south of One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Street, running through to Summit Avenue, six lots, 75 by 150, together with two-story brick and frame dwelling.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, public auction sale, Home Street, west side, 100 feet north of Southern Boulevard, two lots, each 25 by 105, and irregular.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, public auction sale, fifteen lots on Decatur, Crotona, and Webster Avenues, Two Hundred and Fifth and Two Hundred and Seventh Streets.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, public auction sale, Decatur Avenue, northeast corner of Two Hundred and Fifth Street, 26.6 by 100.11 by 21.11 by 100, vacant; Decatur Avenue, north side, adjoining the foregoing, two lots, each 25 by 100; Morris Avenue, east side, 223.9 feet south of One Hundred and Ninety-sixth Street, four lots, each 25 by 114.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, foreclosure sale, Ashbel P. Fitch, Jr., referee, 43 Kelly Street, west side, 275 feet north of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, 25 by 200, two-story brick dwelling. Due on judgment, $3,465.

By Samuel Goldsticker, foreclosure sale, Charles Goeller, referee, 310 Villa Avenue, east side, 400 feet north of Potter Place, 16 by 100, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, $1,487.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Alfred M. Downes, referee, 2,22? Fifth Avenue, and 1 East One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street, being the northeast corner, 25 by 99.11, five-story brick tenement, with store. Due on judgment, [illegible].

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Edward W. Murphy, referee, 622 West One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, south side, 550 feet west of Broadway, 50 by 99.11, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, $17,497.

By L. J. Phillips & Co., foreclosure sale, Abraham L. Gutman, referee, 2,851 Marion Avenue, west side, 97.5 feet north of One Hundred and Eighty-fourth Street, 100 by 72.9 by 100 by 72.9, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, [illegible].

By John J. McElroy, foreclosure sale, Daniel P. Murphy, referee, 311 East Forty-eighth Street, north side, 150 feet east of Second Avenue, 25 by 100.5, five-story brick tenement. Due on [illegible]

judgment, $3,232; subject to other mortgages for $14,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Avenue B and Third Street, northwest corner, for a six-story brick tenement, 24x90; S. Barkin of 126 Bowery, owner; A. E. Badt of 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $40,000.

Park Avenue, west side, 200 feet south of One Hundred and Eighty-third Street, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21 by 54; Margaretak Koenig of 308 East One Hundred and Sixtieth Street, owner; W. C. Dickerson of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, architect; cost, $5,000.

Alterations.

No. 160 East Third Street, to a five-story brick tenement with store; M. Weil of 321 East Houston Street, owner; O. Reissmann of 33 East First Street, architect; cost, $1,600.

No. 35 West Fifty-eighth Street, to a four-story brick dwelling; M. Rothschild, premises, owner; A. W. Brunner of 33 Union Square, architect; cost, $8,000.

No. 28 West Twenty-fourth Street, to four-story brick lofts with store; H. J. Barbey of 111 Broadway, owner; R. Maynicke of 725 Broadway, architect; cost, $1,500.

No. 508 West Twentieth Street, to a four-story brick dwelling with store; F. E. Myers of 648 Broadway, owner; G. M. McCabe of 41 East Twentieth Street, architect; cost, $1,500.

Maiden Lane and Nassau Street, northeast corner, to five-story brick lofts with store; B. L. Swan estate, Maiden Lane and William Street, owner; Schwartz & Gross of 160 Fifth Avenue, architects; cost, $3,000.

No. 23 Liberty Street, to five-story brick offices; M. W. White, Lenox, Mass., owner; R. K. Mosley, architect; cost, $18,500.

No. 68 West Houston Street, to three-story brick lofts with store; W. H. Calhoun of 101 Broadway, Brooklyn, owner; C. F. Kruss of 109 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, architect; cost, $1,500.

Nos. 310 and 312 East Eleventh Street, to a four-story brick stable; H. Mandel of 726 East Eleventh Street, owner; R. Rohl of 123 Bible House, architect; cost, $3,000.

No. 46 West Seventieth Street, to a four-story brick dwelling; S. Sachs, premises, owner; G. A. Schellenger, 150 Fulton Street, architect; cost, $1,087.

One Hundred and Seventieth Street, north side, 50 feet east of Cottage Place, to a two-story frame dwelling, 12.6 by 28; Louis Burkhardt of 2,287 Park Avenue, owner; W. C. Dickerson of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, architect; cost, $300.

Westchester Avenue, south side, 100 feet west of Main Street, to a two-story frame store and dwelling, 14 by 44; Thomas Masterson, premises, owner; Charles S. Clark of 700 Tremont Avenue, architect; cost, $500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Tuesday, April 14.

ALEXANDER AV, 231 to 233, s w corner of 138th St, 73.2x75; Jackman F. Stockdale to Ida K. Stafford, (mtg $37,000)... 10

ANTHONY AV, w s, 720.7 ft n of the Southern Boulevard, 50.8x37.9x50.1x33; John Claflin and others, trustees, and others to Michael Gilhuly, quitclaim... 448

AVENUE D, e s, 159.2 ft n of 9th St, 0.2x90; interior lot, 90 ft e of Avenue D and 105 ft n of 9th St, 0.8x25; Samuel Weil to Samuel Cohen and another, quitclaim... Nom.

BARCLAY ST, 11, n s; Edwin A. Cruikshank to the rector, &c., of Trinity Church, B. & S., (mtg $38,000)... 61,700

CANAL ST, 195 and 197, 50x75; Jacob Schattman to Emma Stone, ½ part, B. and S., (mtg $6,000)... 1

HILL AV, e s, 250 ft n of Randall Av, 25x100, Edenwald; Emma Ince to Thomas Ince... Nom.

IRVING PLACE, e s, 27 ft s of 19th St, 26x106.8; Lucy A. Knight to Joseph J. Robinson, (mtg $68,000)... Nom.

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 68.2 ft n of 74th St, 17x82.6; Bertha Groener to Silas H. Bevins... 1

LUDLOW ST, 145 and 147, w s, 37.6x87.6; Elias Kempner to Rexton Realty Company, B. and S... Nom.

MADISON AV, 361, n s, —x90x22.6x96; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil and another, (mtg $13,500)... Nom.

MADISON AV, 1,644 and 1,646, w s, 38x100; Isaac M. Berinstein to David L. Block and another, (mtg $34,000)... Nom.

NELSON AV, e s, 194.8 ft s of 169th St, 0.4x81.5x0.4x81.4; Thomas V. McGrane to Albert Hansen... Nom.

1ST AV, e s, 49.5 ft n of 31st St, 46.4x100; The William Wicke Company to Paul L. Bryant, (mtg $14,500,) other consideration and... 100

1ST AV, e s, 98.9 ft n of 31st St, 26.4x100; William Wicke to Paul L. Bryant, (mtg $7,250,) other consideration and... 100

1ST AV, 1 and 3, n w corner of Houston St, 170 East, 50.2x76x50x71; Pincus Lowenfeld and another to Abraham Goodman, (mtgs $60,000)... Nom.

2D AV, w s, 325.1 ft s of Walnut St, 25.1x100x24.11x100; John E. Novellus to Anna M. Johnson, (mtg $3,250)... 100

5TH AV, e s, 69 ft n of 101st St, 22.0x100; Herman Bergdorf to Susan M. C. Livingston, (mtg $70,000)... Nom.

5TH AV, 154 to 158, e s, 52.6x100; William A. Bell and others to Morris Weinstein... 50,000

5TH AV, 154 to 158, e s, 52.6x100; Morris Weinstein to Edwin A. Cruikshank and another, (mtg $35,000)... 58,000

9TH ST, 719 and 721 East, 50x92.3; John Katzman to Simon Steiner, (mtgs $29,000,) other consideration and... 100

11TH AV, n e corner of 185th St, 24.11x100; Charles M. Gassin to Harry B. Guentzer, (mtg $9,000)... Nom.

11TH ST, n s, 255 ft e of Avenue C, 50x108, Unionport; Martha A. Baker and another to Florence S. Crosby... 1

11TH ST, n s, part of Lot 270, map of Unionport; James Clarke to Mary Ford, (mtg $900)... 1

12TH ST, 339 to 347 East, 100x103.3; Elias Kempner to Rexton Realty Company, B. & S... Nom.

12TH ST, s w s, 165.6 ft n w of 6th Av, 24x103.3; Henrietta Starr to Edward J. Donlin... 24,722

23D ST, 410 West, 17.8x98.9; Matthew Van Sicien to George W. Van Sicien, (mtg $9,000)... 10

38TH ST, 145 East, 16x94; Sidney C. Moos to Rachel D. Thornburgh, (mtgs $18,000,) other consideration and... 100

43D ST, 238 East, 16.8x100.5; 72d St, 414 East, 25x102.2; Henrietta Thatcher to Caroline Nickel, 1-10 part, quitclaim... Nom.

49TH ST, 618 West, 25x98; the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America to Peter C. Eckhardt, Jr., B. & S., (mtg $9,500,) other consideration and... 100

52D ST, s s, 60 ft e of Madison Av, 40x100.5; Henry G. Trevor and another to Frederick G. Bourne, B. & S... Nom.

52D ST, s s, 30 ft e of Madison Av, 30x100.5; George R. Schieffelin to Frederick G. Bourne, B. & S... Nom.

56TH ST, n s, 153.8 ft e of 9th Av, 17.10x100.5; Lillian Ash to Annie Costello... Nom.

62D ST, s s, 225 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5; Jennie Clifton to Amos H. Shangle, (mtg $14,000)... Nom.

73D ST, n s, 329 ft e of Park Av, 22x102.2; Irene L. Gibson to William H. Woodin, other consideration and... 100

88TH ST, s s, 450 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.8; Arthur McAleenan to Eleonora E. Hurlimann... 1

95TH ST, 227 and 229 East, 50x100.8; Rosa Blau to Karl Rauenbuhler, (mtg $31,200)... 100

95TH ST, 227 and 229 East, 50x100.8; Karl Rauenbuhler to Rosa Blau, (mtg $31,200)... 100

Recorded Leases.

AMSTERDAM AV, 935; Franklin Burt to Bridget Murphy, 2 years... 1,200

ATTORNEY ST, 60; Gertrude L. Hoyt to Karl M. Wallach, 10 years... 800

AVENUE D, 38; Marie Wellbrock, executrix and trustee, to Sandor Murray, 2 7-12 years... 780

BROADWAY, 1,607; Thomas F. Murtha to Clara W. Murtha and another, 21 years, $2,000 to... 5,000

ELIZABETH ST, 56; Giuseppe Molea to Deopoldo Stagliano, 4 7-12 years... 480

MULBERRY ST, 108; Mariantonia Antonozzi to Joe Gallo and another, 1 year... 480

PEARL ST, 546; Mary E. Kerr to Trier & Bergfield, 2 years... 3,500

WEST ST, 128; Henry Ehlers to Frederick H. Mueller, 5 years... 2,880

1ST AV, 1,871; Emily Kirchers to Edward Iandik, 5 years... $660 and 720

3D AV, 2,183 and 2,185; John J. Byrne to Bloch Brothers, 5 years... $2,800 and 3,000

9TH AV, 801; Emma T. Stillman to M. Groh's Sons, 10 years... 1,800

13TH ST, 624 East; Henry W. Koll and others to Meyer & Knabbe, 3 years... 720

80TH ST, 222 and 224 East; Moritz Bauer to Marcus Diamond, 5 years... 2,900

Recorded Mortgages.

ATWOOD, Carrie L., and another to Herbert Griffin; 82d St, 61 West, prior mtg $13,000, 1 year... 4,000

BEVINS, Silas H., to Francis C. Reed and another; Lexington Av, e s, 68.2 ft n of 74th St, demand... 6,500

BILLINGS, William E., to James A. Billings and another, trustees; Franklin St, 98 and 98, n w corner of Church St, installments, 1 year, 6 per cent., gold... 15,000

BLOCK, David L., and another to Isaac Berinstein; Madison Av, 1,644 and 1,646, 1 year, 6 per cent... 5,000

BREW, Anna A., and another to Mutual Life Insurance Company; 38th St, 116 East, due May 1, 1904, 4½ per cent... 4,500

BRYANT, Paul L., to William Wicke; 1st Av, e s, 98.9 ft n of 31st St, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 7,250

BRYANT, Paul L., to William Wicke Company; 1st Av, e s, 49.5 ft n of 31st St, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 14,500

CARRINGTON, Josephine De H., to Isabella Jex; 144th St, 439 West, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 15,000

COHEN, Samuel, and another to Louise Damenberg; Avenue D, e s, 99.1 ft s of 10th St, 5 years, 4½ per cent... 170,000

COHN, Abraham, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; Bainbridge Av, w s, 236.4 ft n of 200th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 7,000

COHN, Abraham, to Metropolitan Savings Bank; Bainbridge Av, e s, 270.4 ft e of 200th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 3,000

COSTELLO, Anne, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 56th St, 358 West, 1 year, 4 per cent... 3,000

CRAWFORD, Alice B., to Patrick Berry; 80th St, 233 and 235 East, 2 mtgs, due May 1, 1904, 6 per cent., each... 1,000

DE MOYELLES, Edward, to Elizabeth Betts; Forsyth St, 43, 5 years, 4½ per cent... 22,000

DONLIN, Edward J., to Henrietta Starr; 12th St, s w s, 165.6 ft n w of 6th Av, 3 years, 4 per cent... 10,000

ECKHARDT, Peter C., Jr., to the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America; 49th St, 618 West, 5 years... 9,500

FAUST, William H., and another to Lawyers' Mortgage Insurance Company; Chrystie St, 32, 5 years, 4½ per cent... 25,000

GOODMAN, Abraham, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another; 1st Av, 1 and 3, n w corner of Houston St, 170, 1 year, 6 per cent... 9,000

GODWARD, Mary E., to American Temperance Life Insurance Company; 128th St, s s, 275 ft w of 7th Av, due June 27, 1903... 6,000

GREENBERG, Henry M., to Minnie Rinaldo; 12th St, 290, 292, and 294 West, prior mtg $60,000, 3 years, 6 per cent... 7,500

GREENBERG, Henry M., to the Excelsior Savings Bank; 12th St, 290, 292, and 294 West, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 60,000

GRUHER, Herman, and another to Hyman Goldrich and another; Columbia St, 86, (prior mtg $28,750,) due Jan. 3, 1910, 6 per cent... 2,700

GRUHER, Herman, and another to Hannah Levy and others, trustees; Columbia St, 86, 3 years... 25,000

GRUHER, Aaron, and another to Sophie Green; Columbia St, e s, 150 ft n of Rivington St, installments, due July 5, 1909, 6 per cent... 3,750

HANSEN, Albert, to William V. Simpson; Nelson Av, e s, 195 ft s of 169th St; also Nelson Av, e s, 194.8 ft s of 169th St, 5 years... 4,000

HURLIMANN, Eleonora E., to J. Augustus Clayton; 88th St, 142 West, 3 years, 4 per cent... 14,000

J. C. LYONS BUILDING AND OPERATING Company to Frederick D. Mahoney; Spring St, 212 to 216, (prior mtg on part for $12,000,) 3 months, 6 per cent... 8,000

JOHN KRESS BREWING COMPANY to Emanuel Marks, executor and trustee; Avenue A, 1,008 and 1,010, 5 years... 25,000

KELLER, Emma, to Katharine Vetter; Lewis St, 120, e s, installments, 6 per cent... 4,000

KIDDER, Sarah E., and another to Catharine C. Hill; 8th St, s s, e ½ of Lot 864, map of Wakefield, due April 9, 1906, 6 per cent... 5,000

MEYER, Augusta H., to Augusta H. Meyer and another, trustees; 54th St, s s, 165 ft e of Park Av, 1 year, 4 per cent... 17,000

MONSON, Swan, to Railroad Co-operative Building and Loan Association; 18th St, n s, 255 ft w of 6th Av, installments, 6 per cent... 2,800

MOOS, Sidney C., to Arthur D. Spiess; 38th St, 145 East, (prior mtg $15,000,) 1 year, 6 per cent... 3,000

PELHAM SHORE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY to Knickerbocker Trust Company; Pelham Bay Park, n s, at Long Island Sound, runs w 290.6 ft to e s of Pelham Road x n e 150x s 273.3 to Long Island Sound x s— to beginning, with riparian rights, land under water, (prior mtg $9,000,) 10 years, gold bonds... 2,000

SCHEER, Heinrich C., to William Kirchof; Welles Av, e s, 25 ft s of 135th St, due Jan. 1, 1906... 3,000

SCHOENSTEIN, Charles K., to Arpad Wellish; 122d St, 426 East, prior mtg $9,500, 1 year, 6 per cent... 900

SHANNON, Annette, widow, to Marie G. Kuerzi; 149th St, n s, 450 ft w of Morris Av, 3 years... 2,000

STEINER, Simon, to John Katzman; 9th St, 719 and 721 East, rerecorded, due March 16, 1904, 6 per cent... 3,500

WALLER, Emily S., to Jane R. Thompson, guardian; 35th St, 137, n w corner of Lexington Av, interest and time due as per bond... 22,000

WEINSTEIN, Morris, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 5th Av, e s, 20.4 ft s of 18th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent... 35,000

WELCH, Albert, to Sarah Welch; Forsyth St, 129, ½ part and all title... 6,000

WUSTROW, Mary F., and another to Lawyers' Mortgage Insurance Company; Chrystie St, 96, 5 years, 4½ per cent... 28,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

FERGUSON, Mary, to Mary R. Lewis... 11,000

GUGGENHEIMER, Randolph, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company... 24,357

HENRY, Nicolas, to Amelia N. Dunlap... 7,000

HIMMEL, Frederick P., to Max J. Roth... 2,529

JEFFERSON BANK to Moses Esberg... 1

KINGS COUNTY TRUST COMPANY to Adolph Sussman... 50

KROPP, Frederick, to Union Square Bank, other consideration and... 100

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to Emma R. L. B. Selliure... 1

MARKHAM, Mary J. or L., to Austin D. Ewen, executor... 3,500

REINWARTH, Louisa, executrix, to Clara Reinwarth... 5,000

TRAGESER, William C., to Marie A. Trageser, 2 assignments... 6,000

TRAVIS, Martin V. B., executor, to Charles G. Koss, 3 assignments... 1

WYSONG, John J., and others, trustees, to Martha M. Wysong... 1

Mechanics' Liens.

COLUMBIA ST, 90 and 92; Joseph S. Waintrof against Samuel Schnur and Scheindel Schupfer, owners and contractors... 407

MADISON AV, 90 and 100; William H. Spelman against Maitland E. Graves, owner and contractor... 8,047

5TH AV, 1,414; Solomon Braverman and another against Leopold Lesky, owner and contractor... 2,725

28TH ST, 1 West; Moses S. Diamond against Charlotte M. Goodridge estate, owner; G. E. Strong, contractor... 12

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

PARK AV, 1,261; Manhattan Damp-Resisting Paint Company against Francisco Lomonti and another, March 5, 1903... 60

PARK AV, 1,261; City Fire Proofing Company against F. C. Lomonti, March 31, 1903... 55

WALES and Westchester Avs, s e corner; Floyd Wells & Co. against Giuseppe F. Rando and another, Nov. 10, 1902... 322

WESTCHESTER and Wales Avs, s e corner, 50.1x112; John H. Muller against Giuseppe F. Rando, Oct. 29, 1902... 1,450

5TH AV, 225 and 227, and 27th St, 4 East; Baker Smith & Co. against Frederick A. Wahl and another, Dec. 13, 1902... 2,502

5TH AV, 225 and 227; Henry Iden against John O. Baker and another, Dec. 12, 1902... 2,553

83D ST, 321 East; Emil Auerbach against Charles Schmidt, Jr., and another, Jan. 31, 1903... 32

Lis Pendens.

LOTS 294, 295, and 296, map of Section A, Vyse estate, belonging to 23d Ward Improvement Company; Margaret P. Boyd against Elizabeth L. Hughes and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, I. P. Adlerman.

PARK AV WEST, w s, 129 ft s of 182d St, 18x97.2; Empire City Savings Bank against Charles A. Bernhardt and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. W. Dayton.

WALL ST, 118; Mary H. Lawrence, executrix, and another, executor, against Louisa Theriott and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. C. Orr.

WHITE and Church Sts, n e corner, —x—; Joseph Hoffman against Henry R. C. Watson and another, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, I. E. Ziegler.

45TH ST, 315 and 317 East, two actions; City of New York against Mary Fall, (violation of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

60TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Mary C. Ahearn against Thomas Sanderson and another, (partition;) attorney, W. Burns.

62D ST, n s, 211 ft w of 1st Av, 17x100.5; Benjamin A. Jackson and another, executors, against Martin Frank and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. A. Jackson.

97TH ST, 209 East; City of New York against Leopold Kaufman, (violation of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

100TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of West End Av, 18x100.11; Henry B. Auchincloss, executor, against James Livingston and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Varnum & Harison.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

First Lieut. Frank T. Woodbury, Assistant Surgeon, is detailed as a member of the examining board at Fort Ethan Allen, vice Contract Surgeon Charles E. Mittelstaedt.

Capt. Edgar Russel, Signal Corps, will proceed to New York City, on business pertaining to the Signal Corps. Capt. Russel will make not to exceed six visits from New York City to Bayonne, N. J., on business pertaining to the Signal Corps.

Assignments in the Fifth Cavalry: First Lieut. Hamilton Foley, to Troop E; Second Lieut. Elbert G. English, to Troop H.

First Lieut. James F. Edwards, Assistant Surgeon, is detailed as a member of the examining board convened at Fort Leavenworth, vice Contract Surgeon James E. Hallwood, relieved.

The retirements, April 12, of Major Gen. Joseph C. Breckinridge and Brig. Gen. Peter D. Vroom are announced.

The retirements, April 13, of Col. Thomas T. Knox and Major Gen. Marshall I. Ludington are announced.

Lieut. Col. Charles W. Raymond, Corps of Engineers, upon completion of the transfer of the works in the Philadelphia engineering district, will proceed to New York City for duties pertaining to the New York Engineering District.

Major Eaton A. Edwards, Twenty-third Infantry, is relieved from duty in the office of the Adjutant General, and will join his regiment.

Navy.

Capt. W. McC. Little, retired, is detached from the Naval War College at Narragansett Bay and will report for duty in connection with the Naval War College.

Lieut. A. H. Field is detached from Cavite Station and ordered to the Oregon.

Assistant Paymaster C. W. Eliason is ordered to the navy yard at New York April 20 as assistant to the General Storekeeper.

Assistant Paymaster F. G. Pyne is ordered to the Monterey.

Surgeon H. N. T. Harris is transferred from the Monocacy to the Glacier.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Arrivals—Sterling, at Portsmouth, N. H.; Dolphin, at Port Royal; Montgomery, at Montevideo; Culgoa, Lebanon, Marietta, Olympia, and San Francisco, at Pensacola; Hist, at Vineyard Haven; Kentucky, Oregon, New Orleans, and Helena, at Nagasaki; Eagle, at Port Antonio.

Sailings—Peoria, from Philadelphia for Annapolis; Leonidas, from Boston for Lambert Point; Albany, from Leghorn for Villefranche; Chicago, Machias, and Cincinnati, from Genoa for Villefranche; Saturn, from Honolulu for Bremerton; Truxtun, from Norfolk for trial trip.

The Peoria was placed in commission at League Island April 9.

The Hist has put into Vineyard Haven on account of bad weather.

City Real Estate for Sale.

NEW
American Basement Dwellings,
306 AND 308 WEST 84TH ST.
Full five stories with bath extension. 4 baths and al. improvements.
Price, UNDER $28,000 each.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
284 COLUMBUS AVENUE,
Exclusive Sales Agents.

Dyckman Tract
BARGAIN.
100x100 on Dyckman Street, also choice Broadway corner containing 11 lots. Less than one block from subway stations. Both parcels will be sold for less than $50,000. Suitable terms. Apply sole agent.
Bert G. Faulhaber & Co.,
7 East 42d Street.

CHOICE INVESTMENT.
New six-story elevator Apartment House, four families on a floor; stores on first floor; situated on wide business street, close to principal subway station; house built in first-class manner; will be sold at great sacrifice for cash.
HALL J. HOW & CO.,
171 BROADWAY.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY.

69th St., P. House, 20x100	$11,000
22d St., near 8th Av., flat	19,000
71st St., near Lexington Av., P. House	23,000
15th St., near 8th Av., flat	24,000
13th St., 5-story, 4-fam., 13-room	27,500
2d Av., near 8th St., flat	36,000
7th St., 5-story, 25x97.6, 14-room	39,000
6th St., near 2d Av., 4-fam.	39,500
7th St., near 2d Av., 6-story	40,000
5th St., near 2d Av., 6-story	45,500

E. M. MICHAELIS, 203 Broadway.

$11,000 desirable 4-story double flat; bank mortgage $8,000; Bronx.
$15,000 fine 4-story triple flat; bank mortgage $9,000; great bargain.
$25,250 West 124th St., 5-story triple flat, heated halls; rent, $3,228; first mortgage $20,000.
RICHARD A. SCHUR, 154 EAST 50TH ST., 2-4.

GREAT BARGAIN.—Fine 7-room detached house, all improvements, perfect condition, good neighborhood, 5c. fare, worth $2,500; must be sold; price, $1,900; small cash payment. Thomas F. Hayes, 320 Broadway, Room 703.

An elegant 5-story double flat, West 107th, near Central Park West; must be sold on account of owner going to Europe; all let; bona fide rental, $3,500; open for offer; no brokers; mtge., $24,000 at 4½%. Bargebuhr, 1,397 5th Av.

Yorkville.—A five-story double flat, 26 feet front; best order; always rented; excellent investment; $26,000; unequaled for the money. Owner, 245 West 135th St.

118th St., West of Lexington Av.—Lot 27x85x100; 4-family flat, 14 rooms on floor; rent, $2,200; mortgage $14,000; $21,000. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

East 97th St.—5-story tenement, 20 families; light rooms, water, gas, toilets; bank mtge. $12,750; must be sold; offer considered. Lens, 149 East 15th.

Amsterdam Av., in the eighties, 3-family flat, double store, lease about to expire, will be sold reasonable. Particulars of John Cowen, 2,295 Broadway.

Bargain.—Modern double tenement; 1st Av., near 20th; $36,000; rents, $3,800. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable plots, east side, below 23d St., and Ninth Ward; tempting prices. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable residences, Washington Square to 12th St., inclusive, near 5th; $22,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

8th Av. store property; elegant investment and a bargain. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

207-209 West 120th.—4-story and basement, 50x100; 80-stall stable. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

23d St. business property, elegant location; bargain. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Several east side corners; also tenements and lots. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Real estate office, books, maps, and records for sale; nominal price. Call Room 16, 60 Liberty St.

Washington Heights.

A 20% INVESTMENT.
INVESTORS, TAKE NOTICE.
For $5,000 I am offering 5-story double flat, 25x90x100; 6 rooms and bath; mortgage, $17,000 at 4½%; net income, $1,100 per year; all rented; Washington Heights; sure to increase in value within the next two years.
F. E. MAINHART, 145 West 125th St.

We have choice lots near 181st Street Rapid Transit Station and new interborough surface lines; lowest prices; sure increase in values; safe investments; easy terms. Christian Trinks & Co., 56 Pine St.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in the Bronx, examine the Johnson houses; houses for one, two, and three families, of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to the Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 156th St. and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. Geo. F. Johnson & Sons, owners and builders, P. O. address, East 156th St., Bronx Borough, N. Y.

Choice Building Lots, $425 up, $5 monthly; sewer, water, gas; all assessments paid; near trolley and L., Harlem R. R. Houses $2,500 up. All improvements. Edward Polak, 3d Av., cor. 174th St.

$5 MONTHLY, $425 UP.
Bronx lots, few blocks from L station; also houses. Address L Box 108 Times Office.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING. MORTGAGES SECURED.

Tremont.—Two-family, heated, full lot, $5,500; $1,000 cash; all improvements; excellent location; elevated, trolley convenient. McQuay & Co., Smith Building, 3d Av., 148th St.

Mount Hope.—A desirable dwelling; grounds 58x95; house, 11 rooms and bath; all improvements; street regulated and graded; near Claremont Park. Louis H. Herrmann, 19 Liberty St.

For sale, cheap, corner near 3d Av., Westchester Av., near transferring station. Riehl, 602 Bergen Av.

Have elegant 3-family single flats for sale at low price on Cauldwell Av.; open Sunday. Kretsch, 854 East 158th St.

Large cottage on wide lot, 3d Av., near 177th St., $7,500. 20 Broad St., Room 1,005.

Westchester Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN.
Southwest corner of Broadway and Main St., opposite Westchester County Savings Bank, 146x106 feet; most prominent corner between Yonkers and Poughkeepsie for improvement; fine location for a bank, trust company, hotel, stores, and first-class apartment houses; no reasonable offer refused. William Dean, Atty., 44 Cedar St., N. Y. City.

"Harbor Heights" Lots $100
$5 MONTHLY. NO ASSESSMENTS.
In Mamaroneck. Near Station. High Elevation.
Gas, water, electric light. Warranty Co., 115 B'way

At Tuckahoe.—A plot of about 65 acres immediately surrounding the Underhill Homestead. Suitable for first-class sub-division. Inquire of T. B. Underhill, on premises.

Farms, village property, lots, plots, &c.; some desirable cottages for rent, season. Lewis H. Miller, Katonah, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon.—For sale or to let, charming eight room cottage, perfect order, near depots. Apply on premises, 28 North 9th Av., or owner, C. E. Bonnell, 34 West 22d St., New York.

Mt. Vernon.—Corner plot, 100x100; best location; 2 minutes from depot; rare chance for builder; $9,000; lot 25x100; Marble Hill, King's Bridge, $2,000. Lens, 149 East 15th.

House, 8 rooms, lot 50x105; all improvements; near school, trolley, depot; fruit; sell low price. Owner, 21 South 12th Av., Mount Vernon.

Mount Kisco.

Mt. Kisco.—32 choice lots; would exchange for Yorkville property; $4,600 equity; lots 50x100; Sherman Park, Unionville, price $500. Lens, 149 East 15th.

New Rochelle.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.
A gentleman's place to rent for season fully furnished; 500 feet from Sound; fine view.
WM. H. HOYT & CO., 15 West 42d St., N. Y.

Port Chester.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y.
Property for sale or to rent. Apply AUSTIN & MERRITT, Ryan Building, Port Chester.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Equity $25,000, mercantile building, below 14th St., for flats or east side dwelling; brokers invited.
BERT G. FAULHABER & CO.,
7 EAST 42D ST.

Wanted in exchange, free and clear Brooklyn house; will give country place, N. J., 26 miles out; good neighborhood. Scott, 3,127 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

Real Estate at Auction.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction on
THURSDAY, April 23d, 1903,
at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
EXECUTORS' SALE,
BY ORDER OF
Henry B. Anderson, Esq., Executor of the Estate of Lucretia S. Jones, dec'd.
The Choice and Valuable Properties
Nos. 166 and 167 West Street,
Southeast Corner Murray Street,
No 110 Murray Street,
No 97 Barclay Street,
Nos. 47, 49 & 51 Jay Street.
1-16 Interest in piers at foot of Barclay and Murray Streets
AND
Two Desirable Lots on
93d Street,
Between 1st Avenue & Avenue A.
For book, maps, &c., apply to Anderson & Anderson, Esqs., Attorneys for Executor, 35 Wall St., or at the Auctioneer's office, 111 Broadway.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction on
Wednesday, April 22, 1903
at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
EXECUTORS' SALE,
SOUTHERLY HALF OF MANHATTAN ISLAND,
and large 3-story frame cottage, together with 3 adjacent islands, in
St. Lawrence River, Alexandria Bay, JEFFERSON COUNTY, N. Y.
For maps, &c., apply to John Delahunty, Esq., Attorney for Executor, 220 Broadway, or at the Auctioneer's office, 111 Broadway.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auct'r,
WILL SELL AT AUCTION
WEDNESDAY, April 15th, 1903,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
TRUSTEES' SALE,
To close the estate of HARMAN WAGNER, dec'd.
5 CHOICE LOTS,
SITUATE ON
NORTH SIDE 114TH ST.,
225 feet West of Broadway,
AND
2 CHOICE LOTS SITUATE ON
SOUTH SIDE 115TH ST.,
225 feet west of Broadway.
Size of lots, 25x100.11 each.
ALSO
320 WEST 53D ST.,
Three-story basement & cellar brownstone dwelling. Rented in floors. Size of lot, 20.10x75.5.
GEORGE E. MOTT, Esq., Attorney,
32 NASSAU ST.
Maps and further particulars with attorney or at Auctioneer's offices, 7 Pine St.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auct'r,
will sell at auction
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1903
at 12 o'clock noon at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway,
15 CHOICE 24TH WARD LOTS
Situated on
205th & 207th Sts., Webster Ave. Decatur Ave. and Crotona Ave.,
Messrs. Turner, Rolston & Horan, Attys, 22 WILLIAM ST.
Maps, etc., with attorneys, or at auctioneer's offices, 7 Pine St.

PHILIP A. SMYTH, Auctioneer.
SUPREME COURT PARTITION SALE,
THURSDAY, APRIL 16, at 12 o'clock M, at Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
498 11TH AVE., adj. n. e. cor. 39th st., lot 24.8x100, with brick and frame buildings.
410 WEST 50TH ST., near 9th ave., five-story brick and brownstone four family tenement in good condition, on lot 25 x 100.5.
EMIL GOLDMARK, Referee.
HOADLY, LAUTERBACH & JOHNSON, Plaintiff's Attys, 22 William St.
Further particulars from Auctioneer, 141 Broadway.

R. E. SIMON, AUCTIONEER.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.
will sell at public auction
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29th, 1903,
at 12 o'clock noon,
at the N. Y. R. E. Salesroom, 111 B'way.
EXECUTORS' SALE
by order of the executors of the estate of Fanny Hendricks, dec'd.
NO. 61 GREENWICH STREET
Fronting Also on Edgar Street & Trinity Place
4-sty. building on lot 28x57.4x27.8x63.10.
32 & 34 OLD SLIP
2 4-sty. buildings, on lots 31.10x23.5x32.4 each.
221 & 239 W. 62ND STREET.
2 5-sty. tenements on lot 25x100.5 each.
For maps, etc., apply to J. J. & A. Lyons, Att'ys, 76 Wm. St., or the Auct'rs, 156 B'way.

New England Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

279 ACRES.—This is the farm that hundreds are looking for; a grand stock, dairy, sheep, and vegetable farm; 50 acres of tillage, rich, dark, loamy soil; well elevated, slopes to the south; cuts 50 tons of hay; splendid hill pastures; more than enough wood and timber to pay for the farm; large two-story house, 14 nice rooms; fine shade trees; two barns; never failing spring water at buildings; three miles to large, thriving village; one mile to station; price, $2,500; easy terms. J. S. Smiledge, Stafford Springs, Conn.

To Let in Lyme, Conn. A large old Colonial house; also, for sale or to let, two cottages, fully furnished; delightfully situated; modern improvements. Address Mrs. E. E. Salisbury, New Haven, Conn.

For Sale.—Residence; Amherst, Mass.; finest location in State; high ground, with many live oaks; about two acres; large house; modern conveniences; barn; only five minutes from college and main street; low price; easy payments; photographs and blue prints can be seen. C. H. Pierce, Northampton, Mass.

Nearly two acres, near Sound, trolley, railroad, City Norwalk; handsome house, 12 rooms, piazzas, furnace heat, range, hot water, fine basement, barn; immense quantity fruit; beautiful high location; terraced lawns; practically new; worth $9,000; only $5,500. Richards, 45 East 42d St.

WYCHMERE, (CAPE COD).
Harwich, Mass.; beautiful seashore cottages rented, furnished; all comforts; delightful bathing. J., 508 West 124th St.

For Rent.—Cornish, N. H.—Mrs. Charles C. Beaman; furnished house, sixteen rooms; modern plumbing, bathrooms, furnace, laundry, stable; garden. Apply H. C. Lakin, 40 Wall St., New York City.

Wilton, Conn.—14-room house; barn; 70 minutes out; $5,500; partially furnished house; stable; 3 acres; price, $1,500. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Farm Bargains, Litchfield County, Conn., and Berkshire County, Mass.—Fifty farms for sale; 15 acres to 600 acres; from $400 to $10,000; write for list. J. K. Smith, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

For sale, Stamford, (to settle estate,) the Newman homestead, with about six acres land on Shippan Av. Emilie F. Brown, Shippan Av., Stamford, Conn.

Farm, near New Haven; high land, well stocked; new barns; well situated for health resort. P. O. Box 1,094, New Haven, Conn.

Wilton, Conn.—12-room furnished house; stable and grounds; rent season, $275. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Country estates and farms for sale and lease. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

Real Estate.

4% 4½% 5%
A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO.,
Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages
128 BROADWAY.

Hotel, completely furnished, seventy rooms; $2,250 for season. Daniel O'Connell, 626 Walnut Street, Phila.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

PROSPECT PARK SOUTH
The Chief Engineer of the St. Louis Exposition, after thousands of miles of travel in search of the best examples of street improvement in existence, has asked us for the complete plans, specifications, and details of the street improvements and planting designs of Prospect Park South for reproduction in the Model City Exhibit. Yet there are people in New York who have never seen Prospect Park South, but in their minds class it with "Lonesomehurst" and other ordinary developments. Better wake up and spend 20 minutes and 5 cents to get there by way of Flatbush L from Park Row to Beverley Road. It will be cheaper than going to the St. Louis Exposition. Or send for the photographs to
DEAN ALVORD,
Owner,
256-257 Broadway, New York.

FLATBUSH; PRICE $6,000.
ON TWENTY-SECOND ST., NEAR OCEAN AV., new detached houses, beautifully decorated, PARQUET floors, quartered oak trim, MODERN plumbing; UNIQUE THROUGHOUT; 10% CASH, BALANCE $45 per month PAYS ALL; Brighton Beach rapid transit to MANHATTAN in 25 MINUTES. DON'T FAIL TO SEE THESE houses; owner on premises. HARRY S. SHAPTER, 760 East Twenty-second St., Brooklyn.

IDEAL HOME, BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED ON HIGH GROUND, IN BAY RIDGE PARK FOR SALE.
New Queen Anne Cottage, decorated throughout; 10 rooms and enameled bath; open plumbing and latest improvements; parquet floors and neatly laid out grounds.
Situated between FORT HAMILTON AVENUE and TENTH AVENUE on 73d Street. Splendid Car and Boat service.
Apply Stewart, on premises.

YOUR CHANCE.
A two-family city house for $2,750; on easy terms; all improvements; perfect order; two blocks from L station; rent of one floor pays all expenses; investigate this.
FRED H. SMITH,
51 COURT ST. TEL. 209 MAIN.

Rented, $624 net; sacrifice, $4,900; best renting location in Brooklyn; wide three-story brick and frame flat; terms easy. Smith, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

For houses, flats, and apartments, stores for sale or to rent, send for our printed list. Frank H. Tyler, 1,188 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—House near beach; 22 rooms; plenty ground; proper for families or boarding. Wm. A. Zell, Villa Sydney, Bay 17th St., Bath Beach.

Plot of ten lots, N. E. cor. Elmwood and East 3d St., Parkville. Price, $5,000. Owner, 245 West 135th St.

Closing estate; 100x100; 50th St., east 3d Av.; $4,500; worth $6,500. Box 103, Freeport, L. I.

Long Island Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

BELLE HARBOR ESTATE,
BELLE HARBOR, Long Island, N. Y. City.
Great opportunity to purchase desirable building sites.
See advertisement in Sunday's Times.
DR. THOMAS P. HUGHES,
20 Broad St., New York City.

SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. List on application.
J. METCALFE THOMAS,
19 LIBERTY STREET, N. Y.

At Northport.—Several desirable water fronts, $600 to $12,000; 12 acres, 30-mile water view; house, barn, abundance of fruit; $12,000; decided bargains in farms; furnished houses to rent. Henry S. Mott, Northport.

Summer cottages, hotels, and boarding houses to let; all prices. Philip Closs, main office, one block west of Hammels Station, Rockaway Beach.

Cottages, furnished, $175 to $800 season; barns, splendid grounds, water fronts. George Herrmann, Centre Moriches, L. I.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—New York State.

Beautiful Fernwold is in the market; crowning jewel of the Catskills, amid the matchless splendors of Big Indian Valley; 400 acres, embracing trout streams, glens, water falls, ravines of rare beauty, magnificent forests; ten-room cottage, fully furnished; price, $6,500. Would you rest, recover health, take on a new lease of life? Fernwold is the prescription. For circular illustrative and descriptive of its beauty and grandeur, write Charles T. Coutant, Kingston, N. Y.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence for sale, 2,500 feet elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath; completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees, tennis court, fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply H. Wanders, 342 East 9th St.

SARATOGA SPRINGS.
To let, furnished for the season—Furnished cottages, 80-room hotel, Summer stores, fine offices suitable for doctors, manicure parlors, dressmakers, or milliners. For information, address S. H. Myers & Co.

Handsome cottage, Saratoga, furnished; first-class location; for sale; details upon request. H. L. Reed, Amsterdam, N. Y.

$6,000—Ideal Summer home, Liberty, N. Y.; house, barn, 15 acres. F. Woolsey, 59 Madison Av., Jersey City.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Miscellaneous.

For Sale—Twenty-three-room hotel, two-story brick building, with barber shop attached; centrally located; opposite D. & H. and Erie depots. Main St., Honesdale, Penn.; reason for selling, widow wishes to retire from business; terms reasonable. Apply to Mrs. Teresa Neilson, Honesdale, Penn.

For 20 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners, send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 98K Tribune Building, N. Y.

A farm catalogue, 1903, free; stock farms, dairy, fruit and poultry farms. F. Rowland, 171 Broadway.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Richmond Borough.

NEW BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.
FOR RENT.—One of the Stokes cottages, Phelps Place. Apply to local agents, or JAMES W. McCULLOCH, 100 William St., N. Y.

Apartment Hotels.

The Brayton,
N. W. Cor. Madison Ave. & 27th St.
NEW ELEVEN-STORY APARTMENT HOTEL.
NON-HOUSEKEEPING SUITES.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
1, 2, 3 and 4 ROOMS and BATH.
Cuisine a Special Feature.
SEVERAL SMALL BACHELOR SUITES | READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

A FOUR STORY DWELLING $83.33.
12 rooms, bath; private house rear; newly papered and decorated; perfect order; should be seen to be appreciated. Caretaker, 122 West 96th. Open Sundays.

A.—341 East 68th St.—Modern three-story high-stoop dwelling; open plumbing; tastefully decorated; the only unrented house in the Schermerhorn block; rent, $900. Firm of L. J. Carpenter, 1,181 3d Av., n'r 68th St.

$65 & $67.50 3-STORY DWELLINGS.
Nos. 108 and 110 West 133d St., respectively.
D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO., 111 B'dway.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, in desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $12,000. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Private houses to let in this vicinity, from $720 to $1,600. M. H. Meyers, 2,321 8th Av.

Bronx.

Residence, southwest corner 176th St. and Monroe Av.—Beautiful, large, fine Mount Hope corner residence to rent cheap, containing 14 large, light, airy rooms and bath; also fine, large, light, airy stable on premises, three stalls; large lawn, with fruit trees and grape vines; also large piazza around house. Simons & Meresfelder, 145 Avenue D.

Brooklyn.

Look at 917 East 5th St., Parkville.—Seven rooms, all improvements, $25. Owner, 245 West 135th St., Manhattan.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Beautifully furnished house, West 11th St.; recently decorated; hardwood floors; 9 rooms, bath, and butler's pantry; rent, $1,800, small family. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Houses Wanted.

Owners.—Send list of private dwellings to rent, Harlem; applicants waiting. M. F. Mulvihill, 1,901 Lexington Av.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Queens Borough.

BROADWAY STATION FLUSHING!
27 Minutes to Manhattan.
POSSESSES MANY ADVANTAGES OVER MOST RESIDENTIAL SECTIONS IN GREATER NEW YORK. ARTISTIC MODERN HOUSES. EASY TERMS. PRICES $3,900 to $8,500. PLOTS 50x100. SOME WITHIN ONE BLOCK, NONE MORE THAN THREE BLOCKS FROM DEPOT. ALL IMPROVEMENTS; FLAGGED WALKS, MACADAMIZED AVENUES, LINED WITH GRAND OLD SHADE TREES. COMFORTABLE CARS—NO CROWDING. TRAINS EVERY HALF HOUR MORNING AND EVENING. INVESTIGATE BEFORE LOCATING ELSEWHERE.
Falkinburg Realty Co.,
BROADWAY STATION, FLUSHING.
Convenient trains leave E. 34th Street, Manhattan, Sundays—1, 2, 3, 4, P. M. Week days—11:50 A. M., 12:50, 1:50, 3:20 P. M.

FLUSHING, NEW YORK CITY.
$425 cash, $32.50 monthly pays all; price, $4,250; beautiful new modern house, nine rooms and bath, large attic; all improvements; hardwood finish; plot, 50x100; five minutes from depot; 17 minutes to 34th St. Ferry; neighborhood restricted. John Dayton & Co., Broadway and 14th St., Murray Hill Station.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Wall Street Exchange Building,
NOS. 41 & 43 WALL STREET,
Extending through the block to
Nos. 43, 45, 47 and 49 Exchange Place.
Safe Deposit Vaults, Banking Rooms and
10 Floors will be ready May 1, 1903
25 Floors, 10 Elevators. Building always open. Perfect System of Lighting, Ventilating and Heating. Vacuum system of Cleaning installed.
THE STATE SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS AND THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA will move into this building on or about May 1, 1903.
Plans and particulars at 41 & 43 Wall St.
A. J. Murphy, Managing Agent.

OFFICES TO LET,
HUDSON BUILDING,
32 BROADWAY.
Large Suite of Offices on Broadway Front.
Suitable for Broker, Corporation and Lawyers. Also a few small Offices and Suites. Rent low. All modern improvements.
H. BLACKMUR, AGENT.
Tel. 1620 Broad. Room 64.

To Let,
126 West 34th St.
Stores, floors, offices, studio suitable for photographer; all improvements. Robt. Colgate, Harold F. Sutton, 46 Cedar St. 'Phone, 3,077 John.

LARGE, LIGHT, MODERN OFFICES,
one block from Produce Exchange, New Custom House, and Battery; modern conveniences; lowest rents obtainable for such accommodations down town; $300 to $1,500 per annum. Apply on premises, 36 and 38 Whitehall St., Cor. Pearl.

LIGHT OFFICES; LOW RENTS.
TEMPLE COURT,
3 TO 9 BEEKMAN STREET,
119 TO 129 NASSAU STREET.
CLOSE TO POST OFFICE, COURTS, BRIDGE.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
APPLY ON PREMISES TO
RULAND & WHITING CO.

NEW BUILDING READY MAY 1ST.
Broadway Arcade { Broadway & 65th St., Northwest corner.
Stores, Studios, Offices, Floors; divided to suit; inducements.
Apply MARTIN, 1,931 Broadway.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
Most desirable office, (20x20,) located at 16 East 18th St., to be sublet at a sacrifice by present occupants, who have leased larger quarters. Inquire at above address, Room 501.

No. 78 Bowery, Near Canal.—First-class, six-story; fine, light basement, 25x100; or store and basement separate; lofts immediately; elevator. Wm. F. Nisbet, 66 New St., or your own broker.

A store, 20x70; 1,369 Madison Av., below 111th St.; large show windows; possession; time allowed to fit up, &c. Cyrille Carreau, Agent, Grand St., near Bowery.

STORE, No. 284 Pearl St., cor Beekman, 30x22, and Offices.
D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO., 111 B'dway.

Attractive offices, north light, 835 Broadway, corner 13th; elevator; rent, $15 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A.—1st, 2d, and 3d lofts at 52 Frankfort St., fronting Brooklyn Bridge; 25x60; electric elevator. Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

Part of elegant light office; also rear of parlor floor; best business part of 23d St. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

WATER FRONT AND CORNER LOTS, East 30th St.; also large lofts, South St. Brockman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 42D STREET.

80 East 113th St.—Corner store, suitable drug, meat market, any business. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

2,279 1st Av.—Store, with plate glass front, suitable any business, $15. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 131 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Factory lofts, 50x75; light, heat, power; large elevator; rent, $1,200; immediate possession. Rieser Bldg., 628 West 54th.

92 West St.—5-story warehouse; possession at once; $1,200 rent. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Entire building, 470 8th Av.; 1st and 2d floors, 49 West 28th. Brill, 301 West 58th.

Loft, airy, with steam power, elevator, for manufacturing; rent reasonable. 358-360 Broome St.

Brooklyn.

To Let.—A beautiful large double store on Broadway, running through to street on rear, having an entrance on both streets, just above approach to new bridge; fine opportunity for any business; also several fine 3-story and basement houses, best part of 19th Ward. E. C. MacClintocker, 460 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Real Estate Wanted.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St. 'phone 1919 Harlem. Branch, 19 Nassau St., 'phone, 380 Cort.

We sell Brooklyn property for cash without publicity. Answer in 24 hours. Money paid in one week. Ernestus Gulick Co., 350 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Wanted—Private house, from 34th to 42d St., Lexington to Sixth Av.; can make quick deal. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

Wanted—Tenements, flats, business property on lease; cash security; applicants waiting. Blumstein, 169 East Broadway.

Wanted—Lots or unimproved vacant property in any fair neighborhood. Guerineau & Drake, 122 East 23d St.

I lease, rent, manage, sell, exchange Manhattan properties. M. F. Mulvihill, 1,901 Lexington Av., cor. 121st St.

New Jersey Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Long Branch
NEW JERSEY

50 Trains Daily. *50 Trains Daily.*

The Most Beautiful and Famous Resort in America.

ONLY 45 MILES FROM NEW YORK, AND BUT ONE HOUR AND TEN MINUTES BY RAIL.

LONG BRANCH has long been known as the most beautiful Summer resort of this country. The journey from New York is but a brief one, over the unsurpassed roadbeds of the Pennsylvania and New Jersey Central Railroads. Through vestibule and chair cars are on all expresses, and no more luxurious or pleasant journey can be found. The Sandy Hook route of the New Jersey Central R. R., in addition to its celebrated steamers "Monmouth," "Sandy Hook," and "St. Johns," has just launched the "Asbury Park," which is the fastest and most luxuriantly appointed steamer leaving New York Harbor. This trip down the Bay and through the Narrows will in itself invigorate and cheer the business man after the cares of the day. Long Branch has splendid asphalt and macadam streets. The roads from Long Branch to Asbury Park, Atlantic Highlands, and the Rumson Road to Seabright are the most perfect in the world. No roads in the world can surpass these for bicycling and automobiling. The Ocean Speedway of over five miles, along the only bluff on the Atlantic Coast, is one never to be forgotten. The bathing in this vicinity is famous the world over, and is considered the most safe along the coast. Religious edifices of all denominations conveniently located. Chattle High School and the school system of Long Branch have long been noted and used as model by the prominent educators of the country. The West End, Hollywood, Hewland, Scarborough, Elberon, and Imperial Hotels are unexcelled. TWO OF THE FINEST GOLF LINKS IN AMERICA. Long Branch cottages have all the modern improvements, electric lighting, baths, perfect sanitary arrangements, fully furnished, and the following may be rented very reasonably for the Summer. Bureaus of Information open daily from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M., Room 59 N. Y. Times Bldg. and 129 W. 125th St., where photographs and all information can be secured.

DILLER COTTAGES. Morris Ave. W. E. Diller.
BELARIA. North Long Branch. Mrs. K. Byron.
HUNT COTTAGES. Chelsea Ave. Mrs. Hunt.
ARUNDLE COTTAGES. Chelsea Ave. Mrs. Philip Daly.
DOBBINS COTTAGES. Sea View Ave. John Connors.
LEONE COTTAGE. Ocean Ave. Woodward & Co.
TICE COTTAGE. Sea View Ave. Mrs. J. Tice.
KILLKEE. North Long Branch. Mrs. Kate Byron.
JOHN DALY COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. Jas. Fay.
TERHUNE COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. Henry Terhune.
CUBBERLY COTTAGE. Morris Ave. L. Cubberly.
ALMARE. North Long Branch. Mrs. K. Byron.
LANE COTTAGE. Garfield Ave. Geo. Lane.
JAS. HOEY COTTAGE. Cedar Ave. C. Van Note.
FERNS COTTAGE. Cottage Place. Miss Annie Ferns.
LANNING COTTAGE. Bath Ave. Jno. Lanning.
MORRIS COTTAGE. Bath Ave. Benj. P. Morris.
TOWNLEY COTTAGE. 2d Ave. A. R. Townley.
RYAN COTTAGE. Chelsea Ave. J. Ryan.

"AS HANDY AS HARLEM" are many of the beautiful suburban towns along the Erie.

Booklet, "Where to Live and Do Business in New York," free on application at INFORMATION BUREAUS:

1159 Broadway, 399 New York. 333 Fulton St., Brooklyn. ERIE

Or mailed, for 4 cents postage, by SUBURBAN PASSENGER AGENT, 1159 Broadway, New York.

ATLANTIC CITY If you have Atlantic City in mind As a Renter or Buyer of Cottages, Boarding Houses, Hotels or Real Estate. We can offer you the best and greatest variety and at right prices. Write, call or phone. C. J. ADAMS CO., Successors to ISRAEL G. ADAMS & CO. 2, 4, 6, 8 Law Building, Phone 71 A. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

At Fanwood, N. J. A large well-built house, with stable and outbuildings and three acres of land, within five minutes' walk of the station. Inquire on premises or R. B. REILLY CO., 38 Whitehall St., N. Y.

Furnished country seat; every improvement; 18 large rooms; adjoining other beautiful places, among wooded hills, adjacent Morristown, 730 feet altitude; purest spring water; stable for five horses; man's apartments; unusually attractive and healthful; rental $1,200; price $19,000. Condict, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Locust, N. J., on North Shrewsbury River.—To let, 12-room cottage, furnished; hot and cold water, gas, stable for two horses; 4 acres in lawn; select location; near golf links. A. H. Mathews, 82 Nassau St.

Upper Montclair, N. J.—For sale or rent, nine-room house; all improvements. Apply for pictures, plans and price to OWNER, Room 801, 320 Broadway, New York. Telephone, 490—Franklin. Occupancy April 25th.

West Orange, N. J.—Frame dwelling, 12 rooms, corner, 60x150, few minutes' walk of two railroad depots and trolleys, for sale cheap; terms to suit. John Kensett Kellogg, 80 William St., N. Y. City.

For Rent.—For term of years, the famous Kuehnle's Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.; located adjoining the Pennsylvania Railroad depot; doing big business every day in the year; largest bar business in the State. Address George P. Rogers, 1,312 Atlantic Av., Atlantic City, N. J., or J. B. Denny, Johnstown, Penn.

$1,600.—Five-room stone house, barn, &c., with fourteen villa plots; high, healthy; fine view; hour via Erie; or will rent furnished; season $100. Bowen, 70 Worth St., or Montvale, N. J.

A.—Beautiful cottage, at Highwood Park; 10 rooms; trees and shrubs; lot 75x100; price $9,000; also a seven-room house, Englewood, N. J., for $3,000. John J. Hoeckh, 850 9th Av.

Atlantic Highlands, Navesink Beach, Normandie; furnished cottages for rent. F. A. Morehouse, 123 Liberty St., N. Y.

To close estate will sell 5 acres fine soil, with water front, for $40; payable $2 down, $1 weekly. Estate, Box 68 Times.

Furnished houses, $40 to $250 monthly; unfurnished, $20 up; printed lists. E. H. Brown, Tenafly, N. J.

Furnished cottages, $125-$175 for season; board, club house; golf course. Molloy, Murray Hill, N. J.

At Rutherford, N. J.—Desirable houses to rent or for sale. A. W. Van Winkle & Co.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

THE LOWELL & THE EMERSON, Amsterdam Av., 120th to 121st St., commanding an unobstructed view of COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CAMPUS AND ADJACENT PARKS. One Suite, 2 Rooms, Bath, Rent $450. One " 7 " " " $900. Two Suites, 8 " " " $1,200. ROOF RESTAURANT and Every Known Modern Convenience. LARKIN, DONOVAN & CO., 1,224 Amsterdam Av., cor. 120th St. (on premises.)

THE HUDSON, Riverside, Cor. 95th St. Strictly Fireproof Apartments. Each overlooking the Drive and beautiful Hudson River; artistically arranged suites five, six, and seven rooms; everything modern, including long-distance telephone; separate elevator and stairs for servants, etc. RENTS $65 UPWARD. Moderate to parties now renting. MANAGER ON PREMISES.

106th St., 54 East, Near Central Park.—Six large, light rooms; hot water, steam heat, bath, modern plumbing; $25. W. Alanson Alexander, 503 5th Av.

To Let.—Apartment, 2,185 7th Av; six rooms and bath; all improvements. Apply Horton's, 142 West 125th St.

Second flat, single, 8 rooms, bath, every improvement; steam heat; hot water; $52. 133 West 84th St.

91st St., 150 West.—6 outside rooms; bath, steam, hot water; elegant street; $38; adults only.

Brooklyn.

New corner apartments, handsomely decorated; 6 all light rooms and tile bath; steam heat; hot water supply; $30 to $35. Howard Av. and Decatur St.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

THE MARJORIE and TERESA HIGH CLASS APARTMENT HOUSES; JUST COMPLETED; READY FOR OCCUPANCY, 241 TO 247 WEST 113TH ST., near 7th Av. Drive. Apartments of 7 and 8 Rooms and Two Baths. Rentals $950 to $1,200. These apartments are most desirably located in a private house section and in close proximity to several street car and elevated lines and the new subway station. These houses contain many new innovations not found in any other Harlem apartment. The appointments are most modern and up to date in every detail. All night elevator service; uniformed attendance. Call or send for descriptive booklet. OPEN FOR INSPECTION. OWNER ON PREMISES. 'Phone 3,503—Morningside.

A.—SELECT APARTMENTS—A. STRICTLY FIREPROOF. MATILDA COURT AND HENRIETTA COURT 308 to 318 West 95th St., bet. West End Av. & Riverside Drive. Elegant Apartments; all modern improvements; elevator and hall service all night; also messenger service in main halls. Suites of 5, 7, and 8 Rooms. Rents $40 to $85. INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

ELSINORE, 504 WEST 151ST STREET, NEAR AMSTERDAM AVE. Superb new apartment house just completed under new building law, insuring beautiful large, light rooms; no shafts; decorations and appointments unsurpassed; desirable Suites 6 and 7 rooms and bath, electric light, telephone, elevator and hall service. RENTS, $40 TO $60. TOCH REALTY CO., OWNERS.

FERNLEIGH HALL 51 to 55 East 129th St. Near Madison Avenue. NEW MODERN APARTMENTS, Consisting of 5 and 6 Rooms and Bath. Every Room Perfectly Lighted and Ventilated. The most accessible apartment house in the city. Hardwood finish throughout. Electric light, telephone, all-night elevator and hall service. Rich decoration. Rents moderate. Booklet on application. Apply on premises.

"The Phoenix" 18 East 28th St. NEW BACHELOR HOUSE. Suites of two rooms and bath; hardwood floors; electric light; telephones, &c.; RENT $50 TO $70 PER MONTH. J. Romaine Brown & Co., 53 West 33d St.

THE "STUYVESANT," Cor. Livingston Place and 17th Street. Facing Stuyvesant Square; suites of 7 rooms and bath, with all latest conveniences, including passenger elevator, telephones, etc.; $900 to $1,200 per annum. JOHN G. FOLSOM, 14 BIBLE HOUSE.

A 6 ROOM FLAT $22.00 Six rooms and bath, handsomely decorated throughout; halls newly carpeted and decorated; very handsome entrance; hot water supply; April rent free. 108 West 98th.

A 5 ROOM FLAT $18.00 Handsomely decorated; halls newly finished; hot water supply; handsome entrance; April rent free. 108 West 98th.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, No. 46 South; corner apartment; seven light rooms and bath; ample closets; hot water; steam heat; $50 and $75.

Jefferson, (324 to 328 West 51st St.) ready for occupancy; handsome new apartments, suites 4, 5, 7, and 8 rooms; elevator service; uniformed attendants; $45 to $85. Superintendent on premises, or Alexander Wilson, 480 5th Av. Tel. [illegible]

Bachelor apartments; "Westerly," 101-107 W. [illegible] St.; exposed plumbing; electric light; [illegible] breakfast; valet; moderate rent. Wm. [illegible] Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

"THE FLORENCE" 105 East 18th St. THOMAS HOBBS, Supt. Apartments Furnished and Unfurnished.

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—WALTER E. COE, plaintiff, against JOSEPH A. FARLEY et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of March, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City and County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 23d day of April, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises in said judgment mentioned and therein described as follows:

All that plot of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

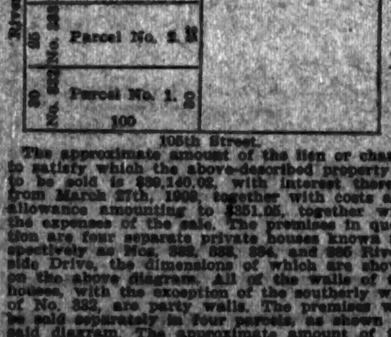
Beginning at the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifth Street and the easterly side of Riverside Drive, and running thence easterly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifth Street one hundred feet; thence northerly parallel with Riverside Drive one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along said centre line and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred feet to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive one hundred feet eleven inches to the point of beginning; being the same premises conveyed to Joseph A. Farley by Joseph Hamershlag and David E. Oppenheimer and their wives by deed dated December 12th, 1900.

Dated New York, March 31st, 1903.

WILLIAM H. CORBITT, Referee.

A. L. & S. F. JACOBS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $80,140.02, with interest thereon from March 27th, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $351.05, together with the expenses of the sale. The premises in question are four separate private houses known respectively as Nos. 332, 333, 334, and 335 Riverside Drive, the dimensions of which are shown on the above diagram. All of the walls of the houses, with the exception of the southerly wall of No. 332, are party walls. The premises will be sold separately in four parcels, as shown by said diagram. The approximate amount of the taxes or other liens to be allowed to the purchasers out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is as follows: The taxes on No. 332 are $795.70; on No. 333, $522.89; on No. 334, $522.89; on No. 335, $522.89; the water rates are $104, and interest. Parcel No. 1 is sold subject to a first mortgage of $100,000, with interest thereon from September 30th, 1902, at five per cent.; Parcel No. 2 is sold subject to a first mortgage of $55,000, with interest thereon from August 7th, 1902, at six per cent.; Parcel No. 3 is sold subject to a first mortgage of $52,500, with interest thereon from December 15th, 1902, at four and one-half per cent.; Parcel No. 4 is sold subject to a first mortgage of $52,500, with interest thereon from December 15th, 1902, at four and one-half per cent. The premises are subject also to the covenants and restrictions contained in agreement recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Liber 54 of Section 7 of Conveyances, Page 396, and in instrument recorded in said Register's office in Liber 47 of Section 7 of Conveyances, Page 469.

Dated New York, March 31st, 1903.

WILLIAM H. CORBITT, Referee.

ap1-law-3w-W&F&ap28.

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—HARLEM SAVINGS BANK, plaintiff, against MARY J. MARSHALL and others, defendants.

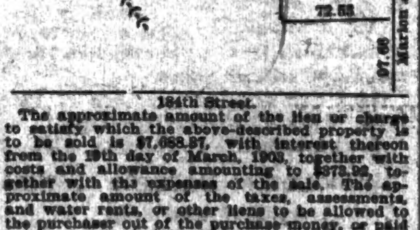
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the nineteenth day of March, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County of New York, on the 18th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All those certain lots, pieces, and parcels of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-fourth Ward (Borough of Bronx) of the City of New York, formerly in the town of West Farms, in the County of Westchester, and being the lots known and designated as lots numbers forty-seven (47) and forty-eight (48) upon a map filed in the Westchester County Register's office, entitled "Map of land belonging to and subdivided into lots by John B. Haskin and Abraham B. Tappan, situated at Fordham, in the town of West Farms, N. Y." Said two lots taken together being bounded and described from said map as follows: Easterly by Virginia Street one hundred feet, westerly by lands formerly of Peter Valentine, northerly by lot number forty-six on said map one hundred and ten feet eight inches, and southerly by lands formerly of Bassford one hundred and six feet. Being the same premises conveyed to the said Mary J. Marshall by John Barnes by deed dated May 17th, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Liber 2,141 of Conveyances, Page 289, May 17th, 1888. Excepting, however, out of said described premises so much and such portion thereof as has been taken by the municipal authorities of the City of New York in and for the opening and widening of Marion Avenue, formerly said Virginia Street.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1903.

ABRAHAM L. GUTMAN, Referee.

REUBEN MAPELSDEN, Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 287 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street No. is No. 2,351 Marion Avenue:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $7,688.37, with interest thereon from the 19th day of March, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $273.92, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rents, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $420.01 and interest.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1903.

ABRAHAM L. GUTMAN, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—JACOB SHIRE, plaintiff, against EVA SATTELKOW and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the third day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of April, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

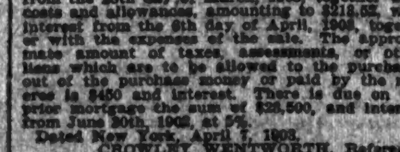
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street with the easterly side of Avenue A; thence southerly along the easterly side of Avenue A twenty-six feet and six inches (26 ft. 6 in.;) thence easterly parallel with Seventy-seventh Street and part of the way through a party wall ninety-eight (98) feet; thence northerly parallel with Avenue A twenty-six feet and six inches (26 ft. 6 in.) to the southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of Seventy-seventh Street ninety-eight (98) feet to the easterly side of Avenue A, the point or place of beginning. The aforesaid premises being also known as No. 1,449 Avenue A, in the City of New York. The said premises are subject to covenants against nuisances contained in deed made by the New York Protestant Episcopal School to Wallace C. Andrews, dated June 13, 1886, and recorded in the office of the Register of New York County, June 14, 1886, in Liber 1,977 of Conveyances, Page 43. The said premises are also subject to the lien of a prior mortgage made by the said Eva Sattelkow to Cordelia A. Ogden, Julia F. Baldwin and Susan M. Baldwin, to secure the sum of $22,500, bearing even date with said mortgage.

Dated New York, April 7, 1903.

CROWLEY WENTWORTH, Referee.

SULLIVAN & CROMWELL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 49 Wall Street, New York City.

East 77th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $2,069.22, with interest thereon from the 28th day of March, 1903, together with costs and allowances, amounting to $218.52, with interest from the 6th day of April, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $450 and interest. There is due on the prior mortgage the sum of $22,500, and interest from June 30th, 1902, at 5%.

Dated New York, April 7, 1903.

CROWLEY WENTWORTH, Referee.

ap8-3aw3wW&F&ap29

Surrogate Notices.

DAUSSA, PEDRO.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent.—To Martin Daussa, Casas de la Selva, Gerona, Spain; Luisa Daussa Calbo, Casas de la Selva, Gerona, Spain; José Daussa, Yabucoa, Porto Rico; Josefa Daussa de Sabater, Guayana, Porto Rico; Narciso Daussa, Casas de la Selva, Gerona, Spain; Luis Daussa, 100 Maiden Lane, N. Y. City, the heirs and next of kin of PEDRO DAUSSA, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Simon H. Stern of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date of July 15th, 1897, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Pedro Daussa, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office, in the County of New York, on the 22d day of May, one thousand nine hundred and three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 3d [L. S.] day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

ap8-law6wW&my20

For Sale.

HAVE A SUVIO ALWAYS ON HAND. Keep Away the Grip from Your Home. SUVIO, $1.25, $1.50, $2 Zee Nest Gas Heater, No. 2, 40c. Name and Patent Numbers on Top of Each Heater.

Beautify Your Home. SUVLIGHT. Patented Jan. 7, 1902. 150 CANDLE POWER. SAVES 50% on Gas Bills. Never blackens mantle. PRICES: 75c, $1.00, $1.50. Samples put up on request. SUVLIGHT BURNER, 30c. Mantles from 10c. up. Suvio Heat and Light Co. 1079 3D AVE., 58 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK CITY. Sent on receipt of price, exp. prepaid.

WHY NOT Buy a Good Trunk?

Crouch & Fitzgerald 161 BROADWAY (Below Cortlandt St.), 688 BROADWAY (Below 4th St.), 723 SIXTH AVE. (Below 42d St.).

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES SOLD, EXCHANGED, REPAIRED, RENTED. LOWEST PRICES. TELEPHONE 1573 CORT. GENERAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 239 BROADWAY OP. PARK PL.

WALL PAPER, 2,000,000 rolls, blanks 1½c., gilts 2c., embossed 3½c., ingrains 4½c., tiles, tapestries, &c.; silks, 12½c. upward. Becker, 166, 172, 180 2d St.

WILLIAMS, VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, SOLD AND RENTED, 310 B'WAY.

TYPEWRITERS SOLD $1 WEEKLY ALL MAKES, AT 248 B'way, N. Y.—1 flight up; 330 Fulton St., B'klyn.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 2240 Frank.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 5066 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 208 Broadway.

Typewriter Headquarters, 332 Broadway.—Call up 3105 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

GOOD TYPEWRITERS RENTED, SOLD. BEST Typewriter Exchange, 68 Park Place.

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—EDWARD M. SHEPARD, as trustee under the last will and testament of John R. Ackerman, deceased, plaintiff, against LOUIS F. WEISMANN et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of March, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

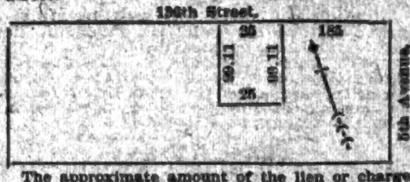
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly line or side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, distant one hundred and eighty-five (185) feet westerly from the point formed by the intersection of the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street with the westerly line or side of Fifth Avenue; and running thence southerly, and parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, and parallel with One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly, and parallel with Fifth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-nine (99) feet and eleven (11) inches to the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street; and thence easterly, and along the said southerly side of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.

LESLIE J. TOMPKINS, Referee.

SMITH & HARKNESS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 26 Liberty Street, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 12 West One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street:

136th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is fourteen thousand three hundred and three and 86-100 dollars, ($14,303.86,) with interest thereon from the 24th day of February, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to six hundred and forty-five and 93-100 dollars, ($645.93,) with interest from March 30th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is thirteen hundred and eighty-eight and 70-100 dollars, ($1,388.70,) and interest.—Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.

LESLIE J. TOMPKINS, Referee.

ap11-2aw3wW&S&my6

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE GERMAN SAVINGS BANK in the City of New York, plaintiff, against JOHN ROBERTSON and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 2d day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Sales Rooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 29th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Philip A. Smyth, Esq., auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

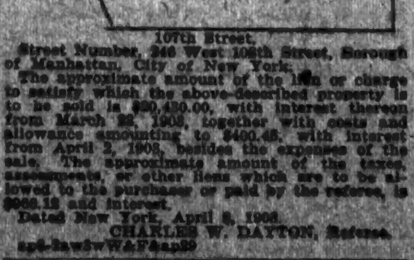
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of West One Hundred and Eighth Street, distant five hundred and seventy-five feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said southerly side of West One Hundred and Eighth Street with the westerly side of Amsterdam (formerly Tenth) Avenue; running thence southerly, parallel with the said westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue, one hundred feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block between West One Hundred and Seventh and West One Hundred and Eighth Streets; thence westerly along the said centre line, and parallel with the said southerly side of West One Hundred and Eighth Street, twenty-five feet; thence northerly again parallel with the said westerly side of Amsterdam Avenue, one hundred feet and eleven inches to the said southerly side of West One Hundred and Eighth Street, and thence easterly, along said southerly side of West One Hundred and Eighth Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, April 8, 1903.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Referee.

AMEND & AMEND, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 119 Nassau Street, New York City, Manhattan.

108th Street.



107th Street.

Street Number, 346 West 108th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $20,480.00, with interest thereon from March 28, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $400.48, with interest from April 2, 1903, besides the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser or paid by the referee, is $868.12 and interest.

Dated New York, April 8, 1903.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Referee.

ap8-3aw3wW&F&ap29

Surrogate Notices.

MYER, ISAAC.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ISAAC MYER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Theodore Fitch, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 12th day of September next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of March, 1903. WILLIAM FOILLON, ARTHUR FITCH, Executors. THEODORE FITCH, Attorney for Executors, 120 Broadway, New York City.

mh11-law6mW

Pianos and Organs.

SPECIAL SALE of Fifty GRAND and UPRIGHT

WEBER PIANOS

The instruments used by the artists of the Maurice Grau Opera Company during the past season (among the finest productions of the Weber factory and in all respects practically equal to new) will be sold this week and next at

VERY LARGE REDUCTIONS from regular prices.

An unusual opportunity for judges of musical quality to secure the BEST at much less than real value. Terms liberal. ONE PRICE ONLY. Other instruments taken in exchange. Further particulars on application.

WEBER WAREROOMS Fifth Ave. Cor. 16th St. New York.

WATERS PIANOS

Examine the new WATERS UPRIGHTS and you will discover that a thoroughly first-class piano of WONDERFUL TONE QUALITIES can be purchased at a very reasonable price, and, if desired, on small monthly payments.

Send postal for catalogue.

HORACE WATERS & CO. 134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St. Harlem Branch, (Open Evenings), 254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

"WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT A PIANO?"—Wise

WISE PIANO BUYERS will only buy a Piano made by a reputable manufacturer. The cost of a new high grade instrument is $500.00 and upward. There are a number of people who cannot afford to indulge in the luxury of so high a priced Piano. We deal exclusively in Pianos of the high grade class, which have been used, and certainly are far superior to new cheap instruments. Our stock at present consists of Pianos made by the following well known firms:

STEINWAY, WEBER, KNABE, SOHMER, HARDMAN, KRANICH & BACH, STECK, HAZELTON, FRANCIS BACON, CHICKERING AND OTHERS OF HIGH REPUTE.

AND CAN BE BOUGHT from $75.00 and up, AT THE Wise Piano Warerooms, 19 and 21 West 125th St. Open evenings until 9:30.

KRAKAUER PIANOS, THE CHOICE OF THE MUSIC LOVING PUBLIC. Special inducements on used pianos of other makes obtained by exchange. EASY TERMS. PIANOS TO RENT. 113 EAST 14TH ST.

WISSNER PIANOS Favored beyond precedent by musicians of the foremost rank. A Large Stock of Second-Hand Pianos, including Eminent Makers, at Very Low Prices. BROOKLYN, Cor. Fult'n&Fl'tb'shAv. NEWARK, 303 BROAD ST. NEW YORK, 25 EAST 14TH ST. JERSEY CITY, 138 NEWARK AV. BRIDGEPORT, CONN., 1019 MAIN ST.

PEASE PIANOS. 128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY. The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices ⅓ to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

JAMES & HOLMSTROM, 23 EAST 14TH ST. Beautiful, dainty Baby Grands of highest merit. Colonial, Renaissance, and Baby Uprights, with or without our wonderful transposing key-board. Several Steinway and Chickering pianos at bargain prices.

STURZ PIANOS. Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE. 134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS. A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO. EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1045—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

Alteration Sale—Good Uprights, used; $75, $85, $95; Weber, Chickering; bargains. Blade's, [illegible] West 125th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 108 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 467 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

Patents.

Advice free; patents promptly procured; inventors' guide free. Edgar Tate & Co., Patent Attorneys, 245 Broadway.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE Apply at 8 Park Pl. A, A la Carte; T, Table d'Hote; D, Dinner; L, Lunch.

Cafe Martin 26th St. and Broadway. Table d'hote Dinner, $1.50. Music. Restaurant a la Carte. Suppers.

Cafe des Beaux Arts 80 W. 40th St. Tdh. $1.50. Specialties alc. Suppers. Private Dining Rooms. Three Orchestras.

Cafe de Logerot, Fifth Av., 18th St. Parisian Dinner, $1.25. With Imported Wine, $1.50. Orchestra. Hours 6 to 8 P. M.

Hotel Lafayette, Old Hotel Martin, University Pl. & 9th St. Tdh Dinner, $1.25. Cuisine Française. Also Service a la Carte. Music 6-8 P.M. Streit's Orch.

Cafe Boulevard, 2d Av. & 10th St. Alc. Hungarian Orchestra.

Rector's, 44th St. and Broadway. Service a la carte.

Burns' World Renowned Restaurant. 45th St. & 6th Av. Fine Orchestra. Terrapin, Game, Shellfish.

Healy's B'way, Col. Av. & 66th St., offers to-night a good orchestra & fine ALC. Dinner.

Jack's 43d St. & 6th Av. 74th & Columbus. Noted for shell fish and game.

Harlem Casino, 124 St. & 7 Av. Alc. Tdh. 75c. Sat. & Sun., $1. Vienna Music.

RATHSKELLER MARLBOROUGH 36th & B'way. Music evenings. Table d'hote, $1.

[illegible] 6th Avenue & 18th Street. Lunch and Dinner. A la carte to 8 P. M.

Broadway Central 3d St. & B'way. Amer. Dinner, 75c., 5.30-8 P. M.

Hotel Martha Washington. 30 East 29th St., near Mad. Av. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tdh. Lunch, 35c. Dinner, 75c. Music 6 to 9.

Pabst's Grand Circle. 58th St. & 8th Av., opp. Central Park. Alc. Bus. Men's Lch. Tdh. dinner Sun., 12-8. Music by D. Bimberg.

Atlantic City Cafe & Grill. Standard of excellence. Rudolf

Boarders Wanted.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with or without board; references. Leland Board Directory, 2 West 33d St.

21st St., 17-19-23 West, between 5th and 6th Avs. —Desirable large suite of rooms; also double room for gentlemen or married couple; service and table first-class; references; telephone.

44th St., 221 West, Near Broadway.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; unexceptional board; refined home; references exchanged.

45th St., 10 East.—Sunny rooms, with board; parlor dining room.

70th St., 30 West.—Large, beautiful front room; dressing room attached; quiet and refined surroundings; excellent table and service; telephone.

87th St., 310 East.—Desirable rooms, newly furnished, suitable one or two; every convenience; excellent table; reasonable.

127th St., 264 West.—Large front room, newly furnished, with or without board; terms low; American family.

125th St., 242 West.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms to let with board.

Country Board.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 28 Brighton Av.

Good, plain, country board; fine shady lawn; boating and fishing. Address The Maples, Box 57, Salisbury Mills, Orange County, N. Y.

Board Wanted.

Young man desires room and board with private family; state full particulars. H. S., Box 119 Times.

Furnished Rooms.

46th St., 218 West.—Handsome room, second floor, conveniences; other choice rooms; terms reasonable; private family.

102d, 200 West.—Cosy parlor and bedroom, also small bedroom; steam; convenient all cars. "O'Brien."

Doctor or dentist's office, private family, newly furnished; use of reception room; reasonable. 59 West 97th St.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,183 Broadway.

Instruction.

PAMLICO School for Girls, Pompton, N. J. 11th year. Exceptional advantages in location and instruction. Large grounds. All outdoor sports. Illustrated catalogue. Mrs. H. C. DeMille, Principal.

Musical.

Pianist, experienced teacher, open for engagements; terms moderate. Address, Teacher, 1,014 Times, Harlem.

Dancing.

Adults guaranteed perfect glide waltz in six private lessons for $5 at Howe's private school, Harvard Building, 729 6th Av., between 41-42d Sts.

Loans.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNT advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character. Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c. Business Confidential. Lowest Possible Rate. John Mulholland, FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK. 38 PARK ROW, 5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., 125TH ST. & PARK AV., NEW YORK. 44 COURT ST., 94 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN. APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE, 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary. Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

Purchase and Exchange.

Herald Square Salesrooms, 150 West 34th St.—Antiques and modern furniture bought, sold, exchanged, restored, refinished.

Century Dictionary sets and other books bought for cash; call free at your residence. Malkan, 1 William St., city.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 367 6th Av.

Storage.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 490-492 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving, packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, &c. yard up. Telephone 887—Melrose.

THE CONTINENTAL STORAGE WAREhouses, 312 to 319 West 42d St., just off 8th Av.; telephone 2297—38th.

Security Storage Warehouses, 473 and 475 Clermont Av., Brooklyn; fine storage at lower rates than in Manhattan.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 549 Columbus. Est. 1875.

Machinery.

Electric motors—Bought, sold, and exchanged; repairing. Bell Electric Motor Co., 134 Wooster St., N. Y. City.

Dogs and Birds.

Fox terrier pups, part bull, for sale; males, $3; females, $2. 577 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Surrogate Notices.

ROWE, RUTH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RUTH ROWE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of A. H. Bancker, No. 708 Ninth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of May next. Dated New York, the 16th day of October, 1902. WILLIAM H. ROWE, Administrator. A. H. BANCKER, 708 9th Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. oc8-law6mW

Last year The New York Times carried 5,500,000 lines of advertising.

Auction Sales.

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, 333 FIFTH AVE., Near 33th St. WM. B. NORMAN, Auctioneer. FAR

THIS (WED.) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'Clock CONTINUATION of the Exceptional Sale of the Wonderful Collection of JOHN HENRY KEENE, ESQ., OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND, COMPRISING Genuine Antique Mahogany Furniture and old Meissen and other Porcelains from Notable Sales in Europe & America, including Two Rare Old Florentine Porcelain Plaques, Superb Works of Art Without Duplicates, in Antique Bronze Frames, from the Beroni Sale, 1885.

Mortgage Sale.—We, the undersigned, will cause to be sold at public auction to-day, at 10 A. M., at 32d St. and 3d Av., fixtures and furniture of saloon formerly at No. 2,164 Amsterdam Av., Manhattan. By order of Geo. Ringler & Co., Mortgagees.

Mortgage Sale.—We, the undersigned, will cause to be sold at public auction to-day, at 10.30 A. M., at 32d St. and 3d Av., fixture and furniture of saloon formerly at No. 32 Jefferson St., Manhattan. By order of Geo. Ringler & Co., Mortgagees.

Mortgage Sale.—Louis Levy, auctioneer, will sell to-day at 11 o'clock, at Number 512 Bergen Avenue, Borough of Bronx, the fixtures and chattels of a saloon, by order of mortgagee.

Auction Sale of the entire stock of watches, diamonds, jewelry, silver-plated ware, &c., at 514 Fulton St., Brooklyn, every day this week at 2 P. M. Wm. Shannon, Auctioneer.

Business Opportunities.

FOR SALE. Paint store and contracting business; established 25 years; located at Plainfield, N. J.; a rare opportunity for business man. C. A. Woolsey Paint and Color Co.; Henry W. Bishop, Receiver, Jersey City, N. J.

Large company forming; unusual opportunity; genuine; three men wanted who are up to date; $5,000 each as directors; don't miss this. John Joyce, care of Daniels & Co., 6 Wall St., New York.

Responsible builder wanted to finish building already started; very good opportunity for right party. For particulars address L. W. L., 587 Lenox Av.

Grist Mill for sale, doing a big business, for only $6,000, part cash, balance easy terms; also saw mill attached. H. L. Reed, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Grocery Store.—Big bargain; city of 25,000; business $70,000 yearly; inventory, $6,000; no extra bonus for business. H. L. Reed, Amsterdam, N. Y.

INVENTORS' UNDEVELOPED IDEAS made patentable without charge. Plain talk free. Chas. H. Davids, Pat. Att'y, 261 Broadway.

Milk route, including stock; will rent small farm to purchaser; good location; best trade. Box 119, Dongan Hills, Richmond Borough, N. Y.

Cash wanted to increase established business; enormous weekly profits; stand strictest investigation. Riggs, 41 University Place.

Active mining stock salesman can secure lucrative position by addressing Belgian-Frenchman Mining Co., Leadville, Colo.

Machine shop would like to make connections with reliable parties requiring building of machinery. Address Box 179 Times.

No more losses by fraudulent schemes! Advertiser collects on commission. Advertiser, P. O. Box 1291, City.

Printing, cheap, good, quick, handy; 1,000 billheads $1.50, with artistic engraving. Fulton Press, 22 Duane St.

Hotel must be sold at once, for less than half its cost. H. L. Reed, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Watches and Jewelry.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

Help Wanted—Females.

Cook, $25; laundress and chambermaid, $20; cook and laundress, $20; general houseworker, $20; chambermaid and waitress, $20. St. Bartholomew's Bureau, 211 East 42d St.

Wanted—Young lady to learn telephone operating; private switchboard; $3.50 to begin. L., Box 188 Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

Buyer wanted for stationery and novelty goods by a Philadelphia department store; a good opening for the right man. Address, giving particulars, Novelties, box W. 107, Times Office.

Men to England, $7; Germany, $10; also free transportation, return passage. Main Office, 118 1st St.

Wanted—In the office of an official of a large corporation in this city a competent young man stenographer and Remington typewriter; must be a man of excellent address, write a good hand, and have a knowledge of accounts. Address, stating expectations in regard to salary, and experience, W. R. H., Box 187 Times.

Wanted—Invoice clerk, wholesale house, Barclay St.; 16 years or older; must have had experience; salary $6. Apply in handwriting, and good reference. L. Box 118 Times.

Wanted — Competent railroad machinists and boilermakers for out of town; good wages. Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. to Geo. H. Thomas, 32 Coenties Slip, one flight up.

Wanted—Intelligent office boy. Box K 141 Times Office.

Young men to prepare for Government positions; good salaries. Box 570, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Dressmakers.

High-class dressmaker, fit and work guaranteed, finest of gowns; $10 up. Rowe, 172 West 99th St.

Laundresses.

Laundress.—Lady going abroad wishes to place excellent laundress. Call, Tuesday and Wednesday, at 11 East 68th St.

Nurses.

Nurse.—Lady wishes to place competent nurse for a child one year or over. Call Wednesday, between 9 and 2. Murphy, 31 West 12th St.

Seamstresses.

Seamstress.—A thoroughly good seamstress; takes work home or by day; curtains; all kinds of family sewing; repairing dresses, alterations. Huth, 186 West 101st St.

Miscellaneous.

All kinds fine lace mending; curtains a specialty; out or home. Mme. Reddean, 45 West 19th St.

Basketry—coiled and woven—taught; home or out; parlor talks, demonstrations. Mme. Reddee, 45 West 19th St.

Caretakers.

Caretakers.—Man and wife as caretakers; experience and reference. H. Blum, 416 East 78th St.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Bookkeepers.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT employed until 5 P. M., desires to attend to a small set of books during the afternoon. C. W., 29 Liberty St.

Coachmen.

Coachman.—Married, wishes permanent place; first-class city and country driver; thoroughly competent; nine years' references. D. H., 650 3d Av.

Coachman.—Married; no family; nine years last situation; employer can be seen. Johnston, Mason's Stable, 78th St., Park Av.

Coachman.—Experienced; no family; height, 5 feet 7 inches; weight, 147 pounds. F. G., Herbert's Stable, 15 East 80th St.

Coachman.—By Englishman; ten years' reference from last employer. F. J., 178 South 8th St., Brooklyn.

Miscellaneous.

Cook, &c.—By a young man, Japanese, as first-class cook and butler; in private family; city or country; good references. L., Box 126 Times Office.

Painter, paperhanger; reliable man; paints rooms first-class; $1; city, country. Painter, [illegible] East 99th St.

SECRETARY OF TWO SUCCESSFUL COMPANIES WILL FURNISH OFFICE IN HIGH-CLASS BUILDING FREE AND WILL GIVE SERVICES FOR REASONABLE REMUNERATION. TELSTENO, BOX 120 TIMES OFFICE.

SUBSTITUTE PLAN FOR THE RAILWAY MERGER

Two Trusteeships to Control the Northwest Roads.

Northern Pacific and Great Northern Boards to be Separate and Distinct, with No Actual Mutual Holdings.

While the financiers most closely identified with the Northern Securities Company declined yesterday to divulge their plans for the future, information was obtained from sources closely associated with the men in control of the Northwestern railroad situation that during the continued conferences of the last two days, following the decision for the Government in the case against the Northern Securities Company, three plans have been considered for the purpose of evading the decision and the law which the decision sustains, and that of the three plans the following has been decided upon as the most satisfactory.

It is nothing more or less than a proposition of maintaining control of the two properties in the same hand by sentiment rather than by actual holdings of stock. The plan provides for the creation of two separate and district trusteeships, one for each of the two railroads concerned, namely the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern. Each of these trusteeships is to consist of three or five men, in whom will be vested the ownership in trust of a sufficient amount of the stock of one of the railroads to assure the control of that road. The trustees who will hold the Northern Pacific shares will have no interest whatsoever in the Great Northern, and the trustees who will hold the Great Northern stock will have no share in the Northern Pacific management. Both sets of trustees will, however, be made up in such a way that they will faithfully represent the theories and ideas of the ultimate and present owners of the two roads.

In order to secure such faithful representation for their interests, the financiers now in control will arrange for a provision under which the surviving trustees may elect successors to deceased or resigned members. By this method it is said that the same objects of a community of interest could be obtained as under the present plan of a holding company without violating the law prohibiting a conspiracy and combination in restraint of inter-State commerce.

It would be of course necessary that the Morgan and Hill interests, as well as the Harriman interests, have an interest in the Northern Securities Company of a sufficient size to enable them to secure in the exchange of this stock for the old Northern Pacific and Great Northern stock at least a majority of each of these issues.

Wall Street yesterday was inclined to doubt that control of the Northern Securities Company was held absolutely by these interests. It was pointed out that Mr. Hill was understood to have placed a large amount abroad, and it was believed that other large amounts had been distributed in the market. If this were the case, so it was said, the Hill-Morgan-Harriman interests would have to buy back a good deal of the stock, and, of course, they would want to buy it as cheaply as possible.

During the closing hours of the market a report was circulated that the Northern Securities Company had decided not to appeal its case to the United States Supreme Court. A representative of the company stated that this report was absolutely false. J. Pierpont Morgan said that as yet nothing had been decided. It was uncertain what would be done. George W. Perkins and James J. Hill, before they left the former's office in his automobile, declined to discuss the report. Representatives of the Harriman interests claimed utter ignorance of the steps to be taken.

In the stock market, where total dealings approximated 875,000 shares, there was general improvement almost from the start yesterday, with a complete cessation of urgent liquidating sales after the first half hour and with a gradual recovery in prices thereafter until at the close of the day quotations in active stocks were up from one to two points all through the list. Northern Securities on the curb was dealt in to the extent of 13,000 shares, and shared in the general improvement, at one time selling up nearly 3 points, and closing the day for a net gain of 2¼ points.

There was little news incident to the advance, but it was common gossip that the Keene and Gates interests had "turned" on the market, and, covering their short contracts, had gone heavily long of stocks at the low levels reached on Monday and yesterday morning. In addition a very favorable development was heavy buying in this market for foreign account, London alone taking fully 60,000 shares here. There was, too, buying by large local individual and corporate interests, while commission houses reported a fair amount of buying by bargain hunters. The biggest gain for the day was reported in Anaconda, which rose 5 points, while in more active stocks Union Pacific rose 2⅛, St. Paul 2, Missouri Pacific 1, Southern Pacific 1¾, New York Central 1¼, Pennsylvania 1¼, Copper 2, Sugar 1¾, Atchison 1¾, Rock Island 1, Consolidated Gas 2⅞, General Electric 2, and Lackawanna 4.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Department of Justice has no information to indicate that the Northern Securities Company will abandon its case. On the contrary, all the information in the possession of the department is to the effect that the company will appeal to the United States Supreme Court and contest the case to the end.

WANTS SERVANTS DISCHARGED.

Ex-Sheriff O'Brien's Wife Also Makes Other Requests to the Court.

The O'Brien divorce case came before Justice Davis in the Supreme Court again yesterday, on three motions made by R. L. Turk, as attorney for Mrs. Abbie Ella O'Brien, who is cross-suing ex-Sheriff James O'Brien in his action for an absolute divorce.

The applications were for $2,000 counsel fees, for the award of a substantial sum to enable Mrs. O'Brien to purchase a Spring outfit, and for an order of the court discharging the servants in the O'Brien household, at 11 West Eighty-sixth Street. These servants are paid by Mr. O'Brien and were among his witnesses in the trial of the divorce action. Mrs. O'Brien declares they insult her and constantly show her indignities before others, and she wants them out of the house. It developed that Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien still continue to live under the one roof with the children.

Nathaniel Cohen, attorney for Mr. O'Brien, said that his client used to have money, but now it all is gone. He opposed the motions. Justice Davis took the papers and reserved his decision.

Nassau Supervisors Seat Willets.

MINEOLA, L. I., April 14.—The Nassau County Board of Supervisors to-day recognized Edwin C. Willets, Republican, as Supervisor of the town of North Hempstead. There were two candidates for the Supervisorship, Mr. Willets and Eugene V. Willis, Democrat. Mr. Willis defeated Mr. Willets at last week's election, but a protest was filed with Town Clerk Wood against Mr. Willis taking his seat, it being claimed that he was a School Trustee when elected, and was, therefore, ineligible to run for Supervisor. It is understood that application will at once be made for a writ of mandamus to compel Clerk Wood to file with the board a certificate showing that Mr. Willis was elected.

Catholic Church for West New York.

WEST NEW YORK, N. J., April 14.—The Catholic authorities have decided to build a new church in West New York, between the two North Hudson electric lines, opposite West Sixty-ninth Street, Manhattan. The church is to be called St. Joseph's of the Palisades, and will be at Palisade Avenue and Twenty-first Street. The Rev. A. M. Kammer, rector of St. Joseph's Parish, has let the contract for the basement.

Spalding Literary Union Reception.

A charity entertainment and reception will be given at the Lexington Avenue Opera House on Friday evening by the Spalding Literary Union, the proceeds of which will be donated to the poor of the Paulist Fathers' parish. The entertainment will be a reproduction of the opera given by the boys of this club, assisted by the young ladies of the parish, in the early part of last Fall. It will be produced under the supervision and management of Profs. Hurley and Carl Marwig.

SONGS OF BARNARD COLLEGE.

Three Ditties That Promptly Became Popular Not Only with the Girls but Also with Columbia Men.

Barnard College girls are jubilant over the possession of three new songs that they are singing about the campus and in the dormitories. The three compositions were published yesterday in The Barnard Bulletin, the undergraduate paper. Popular as the songs are at Barnard, they bid fair to become more so at Columbia. The Columbia men have bought out the entire edition of The Bulletin offered for sale at the university, and large numbers of them might have been heard singing the songs with great gusto yesterday afternoon.

One of the songs, it is understood, is frowned upon by Dean Gill and some members of the Faculty because it is written to the rollicking tune of "There Is a Tavern in the Town." It runs as follows:

There is a college on Broadway, on Broadway,
And there we go 'most every day, every day,
To study hard and to frolic fast
Until our college days are past.
Chorus.
Oh, be merry and be jolly,
Do not shun a bit of folly,
For professors can devise enough of woe, of woe,
So don't attempt to be a set of greasy grinds
And cultivate your wayward minds, wayward minds.
But sing and cheer with all your might
For Barnard and the blue and white.

Oh, Barnard College is the best, is the best.
It goes ahead of all the rest, all the rest.
For the hardest work and the greatest play
For students who are bright and gay.

The chorus and concluding verse to another song, written to the tune of "Tommy Atkins," are as follows:

Oh, take us altogther, we're a bright and shining light,
We're the pride of all who know us, and we love the blue and white.
And from seniors down to freshmen, each and every one is glad
To sing to Barnard College and to cheer the undergrad.

Oh, the junior class responds to every call;
They're the careless and the merry and the gay;
The seniors think that they have learned it all,
On everything they have a word to say;
But it doesn't matter what their classes are,
For when they get together in a crowd,
If they get within your hearing
You will find they all are cheering
For Barnard, and they do it long and loud.

The third burst of inspiration has a decidedly lyric note. The old familiar song of "Clementine" is responsible for the air. The words follow:

On a hilltop,
On a hilltop,
With the city far below,
By Hudson's waters,
Barnard's daughters
Ever come and ever go.
Chorus.
Sing her praises, Alma Mater,
Barnard College, great in name,
Here's to glory, here's to honor,
Wealth, prosperity, and fame.

First as freshmen,
Then as sophomores,
Then as juniors bright and gay,
Then as seniors,
Staid and sober,
Then as old Alumnae they.

GROUT DENIES RUMORS.

The Controller Says He Wishes Gossip About His Political Future to Stop.

Controller Grout issued a denial yesterday that he had at Atlantic City conferences with Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, about politics. Mr. Grout was incensed at the publication of such statements in several newspapers, and the result is an appeal that gossip about his political intentions in the future should cease. The following is the statement:

"In view of the random, and sometimes fictitious, statements which have appeared during the last few days, I desire to say that I have had no political conferences whatever, no negotiations or discussions with any political leader as to any nomination, and no quarrel or break that I know of with the Mayor, even though we have not always agreed as to some matters. I was in Atlantic City solely because of ill-health.

"I am a Democrat, and ran as such for Controller, a fact which I thought was made pretty plain in the campaign of 1901, and, like other fusion Democrats and fusion Republicans, naturally and properly, I think, supported my party ticket in the State campaign. As for next Fall, while I do not wish to appear so conceited as to decline or accept what has not been offered, I may say that I am neither seeking nor desiring any nomination or renomination, and, except for the anonymous statements printed, I have no information that my name has had any consideration for any nomination. I should be pleased if the gossip would stop. It is an impediment in the performance of the duties of my office."

FOUR BISHOPS LOSE LAWSUIT.

$25,000 Bequeathed by Maria B. Mount to Build a Church Goes to Her Heirs.

All four of the Episcopal Bishops who made a contest for bequests amounting to $25,000 under the will of Maria B. Mount, who provided for the erection of a church edifice and a rectory in the "diocese under the jurisdiction of her friend, the Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle, Bishop of Utah and Idaho," lost the money, which goes into the residuary estate under a ruling made by Justice Blanchard of the Supreme Court yesterday. Now the amount will go to relatives and other heirs named in the will.

The action was begun some weeks ago by Charlotte A. Mount, as administratrix of the estate of Maria B. Mount, in order to have the section of the will in question construed. The Mount estate is a large one and the trouble was caused because the diocese under the charge of Bishop Tuttle was, subsequent to the making of the will and prior to its probate, divided and so cut up that three dioceses were created. One is presided over by Bishop Abiel Leonard of the Diocese of Salt Lake, one by Bishop James D. Funsten of the Diocese of Boise, and the third by Lemuel H. Wells of the Diocese of Spokane. Bishop Tuttle now is a missionary Bishop, and in view of these facts each of the four Bishops claimed the bequests for their individual territories.

Justice Blanchard holds that, while the bequest undoubtedly was intended to go to Bishop Tuttle for his diocese, the jurisdictions had ceased at the time the will went into effect.

ASPELL & CO. MUST PAY.

Col. C. N. Swift Wins Suit to Recover $8,000 on a Contract.

Decision was rendered yesterday by Justice Bischoff in the Supreme Court in the action brought by Col. Charles N. Swift against Aspell & Co. to recover an interest declared to be due him for obtaining contracts, in 1898, for furnishing commissary and Quartermasters' supplies for the Government transports during the war. Justice Bischoff, who tried the case without a jury, holds that the contract between Swift and the firm is binding and that Swift is entitled to receive a balance due him amounting to $6,500, together with $1,500 interest.

Col. Swift declared in his action that he made an agreement with John W. Aspell, the manager of the firm, to get orders, and said he actually did get orders amounting to more than $96,000. The defense was that the agreement was made by Mr. Aspell without authority, that the agreement was void as being against public policy, and also that a compromise had been effected and the money paid actually was in settlement.

Justice Bischoff holds that such a contract is enforcible unless it be shown that there was corruption in securing the contracts.

Democrats Carry New Jersey Towns.

The Democrats carried everything yesterday in the North Hudson towns, and there was very little opposition to the ticket. In West Hoboken Thomas Nolan was elected Mayor, and there were three Councilmen also elected. In West New York the Democrats elected Edward Murphy as Mayor and three Councilmen.

In Union Hill three Democratic Councilmen were elected. Guttenberg also elected the same number of Councilmen who were Democrats.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

"AL" ADAMS FACES JURY

Most Important Witness Against "Policy King" Missing.

Justice Scott Denies Prisoner's Plea for Adjournment on Account of Ill-Health.

The failure of one of the most important witnesses for the prosecution to appear at the trial of "Al" Adams, the "policy king," who yesterday faced a jury for the second time on charges of having violated the anti-policy law, is causing serious concern in the District Attorney's office.

Adams, after more than a year's respite, was called to trial yesterday in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, before Justice Scott, who presided at the first trial. The witness who failed to respond is William E. Nolan, who, when Adams was tried before, testified that as a sheet writer at the headquarters of the policy combination, he had seen Adams make daily visits there, and had done some work under his personal direction.

Nolan at that time was considered by far the most important witness of the prosecution. Until he had given his testimony he was kept under constant surveillance by county detectives. During recent weeks the man has spent considerable time in the District Attorney's office, where he was seen as late as Monday. On that day he was subpoenaed for yesterday, but when his name was called he failed to respond.

Adams, who has been recuperating in Europe and at Palm Beach, Fla., was late in appearing in court. He was preceded there by his counsel, ex-District Attorney James W. Ridgway of Brooklyn, who told the court his client was ill and not in condition to stand trial. Justice Scott ordered that the trial proceed, despite the fact that Mr. Ridgway was armed with a certificate from a physician to bear out his statement. Adams looked to be in good health. The jury, completed by the first hour of the afternoon session, is as follows:

1. Ashton N. Boney, broker, of 210 West Eighty-fifth Street, foreman.
2. Noah W. Taussig, molasses, of 36 West Eighty-fifth Street.
3. John E. Ingersoll, broker, the Chelsea, West Twenty-third Street.
4. Thomas Moore, Jr., Secretary, 1 Broadway.
5. Bradford Wiley, Superintendent at 896 Broadway; home, 460 West One Hundred and Fifty-third Street.
6. Edson H. Andrews, mantles, living at 212 East Fifteenth Street.
7. John C. Harkinson, builder, living at 2,011 Seventh Avenue.
8. John Campbell, colors, 24 West Eighty-eighth Street.
9. Joseph E. Kehoe, notary, 852 East One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Street.
10. Joseph M. Tobias, cloaks, 62 East Ninety-second Street.
11. Rudolph Sonimers, woolens, 1,350 Madison Avenue.
12. Henry Duckness, manufacturer, 182 St. Nicholas Avenue.

In examining prospective jurors, Assistant District Attorney Schurman invariably asked and laid stress upon the following question:

"Would you, if accepted as a juror in this case and approached, report the matter to the court?"

The talesmen replied that they would. Mr. Schurman did not explain his reason for interrogating them on this particular point.

The first witness called was Dayton F. Searle, seventeen years old, of 171 West One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street. He was employed by Pocher & Co., the real estate firm with which Adams had an office at 49 West Thirty-fourth Street, with special instructions to look after the office of Adams. He is now employed by the National Shoe and Leather Bank.

The boy identified the trunk, the tin boxes, and a book seized in the raid, which he swore were the property of Mr. Adams.

"Did Mr. Adams have any callers?" asked Mr. Schurman.

"Yes," the boy replied. "Dolph Jantzen was an almost daily caller at the office. He saw Mr. Adams at 1 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon every day."

There was a vigorous objection from Mr. Ridgway, which was overruled by Justice Scott. Dolph Jantzen was known as Adams's right-hand man. He was captured in the raid and later indicted.

George E. Hammond, Jr., Chief County Detective, was the next witness. He took part in the raid and told what occurred then.

Hammond's testimony had not been completed when the final adjournment for the day was taken.

ADMITS SECRET WEDDING.

Alderman Marks Says He Married W. S. Loizeaux and Florence S. Williams.

Alderman Isaac Marks admitted yesterday that he officiated at the secret wedding of William S. Loizeaux of Plainfield, N. J., and Miss Florence S. Williams at the Hotel Manhattan on April 5. Arrangements had been made with the Alderman on the preceding day, and it was also agreed at the time that all the participants should observe strict secrecy for at least three months.

The young couple had been engaged for two years. Each is twenty-four years old. The witnesses were John Murray, an engineer at the hotel, and Miss Josephine Worthington Sadler.

The bridegroom is a son of Paul J. Loizeaux, a publisher at 63 Fourth Avenue, who makes his home at Plainfield. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Potts Williams. Mr. Williams is an iron and steel merchant, with offices at 257 Broadway, this city.

MRS. DODGE LOSES AGAIN.

Court Decides Her Confiscated Jewels Were Dutiable.

United States District Judge Holt, before whom Mrs. Phyllis E. Dodge appeared yesterday morning to continue her legal fight for the recovery of the jewels seized by the Government when she arrived here from Europe nearly four years ago on the steamship St. Paul, decided that the confiscated property was dutiable, and therefore should remain in the possession of the Treasury Department.

The jewels are valued at $30,000 exclusive of duties, or $50,000 when the duties are considered. W. Wickham Smith, Mrs. Dodge's lawyer, has announced that he will appeal the case again. If he is unsuccessful the jewels will be sold at auction by the Government.

PERSIST DESPITE MR. LOW

Aldermen Again Adopt Ordinance That Benefits New Theatre.

Mayor Has Vetoed It Twice—Board Favors City Hospital for Tuberculosis Patients.

The Board of Aldermen for the third time yesterday adopted an ordinance to allow ornamental projections to extend beyond the building line. The first resolution was introduced by Alderman T. P. Sullivan, and through his efforts and those of the Tammany members it was adopted. Mayor Low gave a hearing, and the matter subsequently was complicated by court proceedings, in which charges were made that the resolution was passed solely for the purpose of allowing Klaw & Erlanger to continue building four feet beyond the line in constructing their theatre, in Forty-second Street. Mayor Low vetoed the ordinance, and another was drawn and passed, which also was vetoed. The third ordinance was considered yesterday on a special report from the Building Committee of the board.

During the discussion it was brought out that property owners would be able to construct ornamental projections and porticos five feet beyond the building line. Alderman Sullivan admitted that the New Amsterdam Theatre would be benefited, but argued that all property owners would have the same privilege. Alderman Walkley concluded the discussion by saying:

"If all the property owners can build ornamental porticos and stoops extending five feet from the house line, the only thing we are doing is chopping a foot off of each side of the street, and the streets are narrow enough now."

The ordinance was adopted by a vote of 51 yeas to 1 nay.

Borough President Cantor called up his resolution authorizing Mayor Low to appoint a commission for the purpose of devising a comprehensive plan for beautifying the city. The Commissioners are to serve without pay. The resolution carries with it an appropriation of $10,000 for the expenses of the commission, which is to report by May 1, 1904. Its report will not become operative until it is passed upon by the various city boards, and then finally by the Board of Aldermen. Action on the matter was deferred.

A resolution was introduced by Alderman Whitaker declaring in favor of the city establishing a hospital for the treatment of tuberculosis patients. It requested information from President Lederle of the Health Board as to the eradication as far as possible of tuberculosis in New York. The resolution was adopted.

LEGAL NOTES.

RIGHT TO SERVE INMATES OF THE WORKHOUSE.—Justice Gildersleeve, in an opinion rendered lately, passed upon the right of an attorney to a pass from the Department of Corrections permitting him to go to Hart's Island and there serve a summons and complaint in a suit for an absolute divorce brought against an inmate of the workhouse. Wilhelmina Henrietta Louisa Luhrs is the proposed defendant in the action. She is in the workhouse serving a sentence of six months for disorderly behavior. Justice Gildersleeve upheld the Corporation Counsel's contention that by reason of her incarceration, Mrs. Luhrs would be put to a great disadvantage in defending her husband's suit, which might go against her by default. "There is," said Justice Gildersleeve, "much force in this contention. The attorney for the relator, however, says that the proposed defendant will be given every opportunity to defend the action. He does not, however, suggest by what means her rights will be protected. I think the motion may be granted only on condition that the order shall provide for the designation of an attorney by the court, who shall appear for the proposed defendant. The said attorney will, of course, be at liberty to apply for counsel fee and alimony."

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE OF CONTRACT.—The defendants in the case of Cook vs. Todd, while conducting a manufacturing business in Kentucky, contracted to employ the plaintiff as Superintendent for two years at a stated monthly salary, no place being mentioned. During such period the defendants moved their factory to another State, and, plaintiff refusing to superintend the business there, they refused to pay his salary, and he sued to recover it. The court left the question whether the parties intended, in making the contract, that the services should be performed in Kentucky, to the jury, and cast the burden of proving that fact on the plaintiff. The Court of Appeals of Kentucky has held on appeal that such ruling was an error, since, in the absence of proof to the contrary, it is presumed that a contract is to be performed in the State where it is executed. It was further held that where a contract for services is silent as to where the services are to be performed oral evidence is admissible to show the intent of the parties as to the locality where the services were to be rendered.

JUROR'S ACQUAINTANCE WITH COUNSEL.—A case on trial before Justice Dugro, in Part V. of the Supreme Court, yesterday, that of Markolus against the Metropolitan Railway Company, was almost finished, as far as the plaintiff's side was concerned, when a young man entered the courtroom and, taking a seat beside the plaintiff's counsel, Mr. Marks, began taking notes. At that Juror No. 4 spoke to the counsel and said he was acquainted with the newcomer. Ex-Judge Coyne, counsel for the railroad company, then made a motion to discontinue the trial, quoting a case where the presiding Magistrate had dismissed the jury when additional counsel had entered the case after the jury had sworn that they were not acquainted with any of the opposing counsel. In this case one knew new counsel. Justice Dugro, in denying the motion, said that the Judge in question had not been affirmed in his decision. He further said that the mere fact that a juror was acquainted with counsel did not necessarily create a presumption that he would be biased on that account. He gave permission, however, to Mr. Coyne to examine the juror, and the result was satisfactory. Mr. Marks then acknowledged that the man was connected with his office, and consented to go on with eleven men. Mr. Coyne was contented, however, and the trial proceeded. A sealed verdict was ordered.

Uncertainty is the only thing certain about Spring weather.

Cravenette rain coats are splendid Spring overcoats, particularly for wear over evening clothes.

$18 to $35.

Dry Foot shoes are stylish shoes for all round wear, and waterproof beside.

$5.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

HORNER'S FURNITURE.

Whether wanted for Town or Country Homes our stock affords best selection and best values.

Bedroom Suites in bird's-eye maple, birch, oak and mahogany.
Enameled Bedroom Suites—plain and decorated.
Brass Bedsteads in over two hundred patterns.
Enameled Iron Bedsteads, brass trimmings.
Dining Room Suites in the Colonial and other fashionable styles.
Exclusive designs in Parlor Furniture.
Largest display in America of Flemish and Venetian Furniture for libraries, halls and dens.
Mission Furniture in Settees, Arm Chairs, Rockers, Tables, &c.
Couches, Settees, Easy Chairs, Rockers, Dressing Tables, Cheval Glasses, Writing Desks, &c., in unequalled assortment.

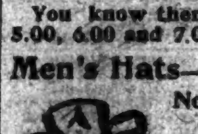
EVERYTHING MARKED AT CONVINCINGLY MODERATE PRICES.

Hundreds of articles adapted for WEDDING PRESENTS.

R. J. HORNER & CO.,
Furniture Makers and Importers,
61, 63, 65 West 23d Street.

KENNEDY'S STORE
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Button and Oxford Shoes, 4.98 & 5.98



With Herring Bone Shanks. Made in flat lasts. Scalloped heels, like 10.00 and 12.00 custom shoes.

Odds and ends of our own regular lines—a great opportunity—1.65.

Last season's 4.00 Oxfords, 1.98.

Nettleton's Sample Shoes At 2.97 and 3.49.

You know them. They are worth 5.00, 6.00 and 7.00.

Men's Hats—Something Doing. Novelties in Alpines. Toppy Derbys. Swagger Silk Hats. No Middlemen's Profits.

3.00 Hats, 1.90
4.00 " 2.75

Spring Underwear.
Gray Merino, 75c., worth 1.25.
Light weight wool, 98c.; worth 1.50.
Fancy Colored Balbriggan, 49c.
Imported Sox 25c. and 49c.
The new English Gray.
Madras Pajamas, 98c.; worth 1.50.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

FOR SUMMER GUEST ROOMS.

Hangings, Draperies, Curtains, Carpets, Mattings, Rugs—everything to work the transformation is here.

Is the room without sun? Suppose you let yellow be the color key—flowered Wall Papers from 25 cts. per roll; Cretonnes, 25 cts. per yd.; Birch Furniture, a perfect revel of simple and beautiful designs, 3 Pc. Suites, $34.00.

Is the room cold? Warm it with a combination of mahogany and pink or old gold hangings.

Is the room sunny? Try mahogany and blue. Is it dark? Make it sunshiny with maple or white enamel decorated to match the wall paper and cretonnes.

Most guest rooms, lacking individuality, are cold and uninteresting. Wonderful artistic possibilities await you here at factory prices, as you

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

GEO. C. FLINT CO.
43, 45 and 47 WEST 23RD ST.
NEAR BROADWAY.
FACTORY: 505 TO 515 WEST 32D ST.

Eddy Refrigerators
Our standard for quarter of a century.
THE "WILKE"
Glass lined Refrigerators
The perfection of cleanliness and economy.
LEWIS & CONGER,
130 and 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West Forty-first St., New York.
Between 6th Avenue & Broadway.

CAREFUL CARPET CLEANING CO.
1558 B'WAY

KRANICH & BACH PIANOS

THE SINGING QUALITY

THE chief feature that makes the Kranich & Bach One of the Seven Highest Standard Pianos of the World is its unparalleled tone—that sympathetic "singing" quality which appeals to the emotions like the human voice.

A Musical History, gratis, with our compliments, sent on request.

NOTE:—Ask for our special terms to those who prefer making partial payments.

WAREROOMS
233-45 E 23d ST.
16 W 125th ST.
NEW YORK

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.

Vassar Corsets

25% Discount.

To further popularize the Vassar Corset we will place them on sale at this marked reduction until further notice.

They are made of the finest materials, wrought entirely by hand and filled with pure whalebone, fitting figures of any proportion.

Fitted in less time, at less expense, and, as a rule, far more satisfactorily than in corsets made to order.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY HERE.

Broadway and 21st Street.

A RANGE OF PRICES.

B & K TRADE MARK

We've long-trouser Suits for Boys of 12 years and up from $16 down to $8.00.

Short-trouser Suits for Boys of 16 years and down at $2.50 up to $12.

Extremes to show the range of Sizes and Prices in our Boys' Department.

$1.25 Knee Pants for 50c.

Browning, King & Co

COOPER SQUARE WEST (OPPOSITE COOPER UNION).
BROOKLYN: FULTON STREET AT DE KALB AVENUE.
Open Saturday Evenings Until 10 P. M.

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG

Present THE TOWN MADE

"FISK" GLOVE,

FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

This Glove enjoys the unique distinction of being not only the product of an American house, but the unchallenged superior to all others, wherever made.

OBSERVE THE NAME ON BUTTON.

At all leading stores.

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG, Makers, New York.

Sun Dials

Owners of country places and old-fashioned gardens are invited to see us or write us concerning the making and setting up of antique or modern Sun Dials.

BAROMETERS

Reliable, handsomely finished instruments in great variety, for $6 upward.

E. B. Meyrowitz
OPTICIAN.
THREE STORES: 104 East 23d St., near 4th Av. / 125 W. 42d St., B'y & 6th Av. / 650 Madison Av., cor. 60th St.
PARIS, 3 RUE SCRIBE.

Jewelry Credit.

For those who do not feel inclined to pay down a large sum of money at one time for a Diamond, Watch or other piece of Jewelry we allow to open a charge account. You can arrange to pay us weekly or monthly. Our business is confidential. Visit our store or request our representative to call. 'Phone, 5211—18th St.

Meyer & Postley Jewelry Co.
50 West 22d Street.
Your Credit is as Good as Your Cash.

CARPET CLEANSING

FOR 40 YEARS
Methods up-to-date. Compressed Air Used. Work done promptly and when promised. Will send representative on request.
Est. 1863. Telephone 1132-38th.
326 7TH AVE. NEAR 28th ST.
T. M. STEWART.

Billiards.

Billiard and Pool Tables, made; high-grade goods; accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850.